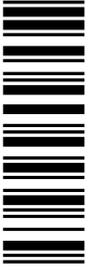
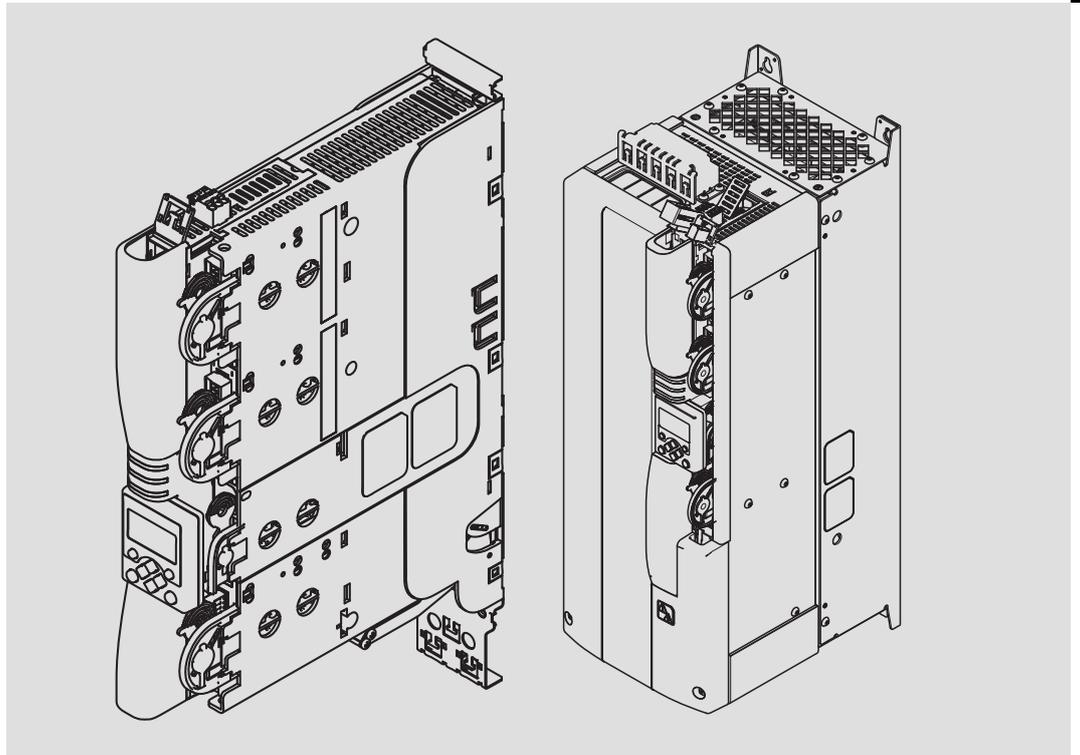


# L-force *Drives*



Hardware Manual

## 9400



E94A...

Servo Drives 9400



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## **1 Preface**

### **1.1 The 9400 Servo Drives product range**

#### **1.1.1 The system**

9400 Servo Drives range is the product family with the components required for an intelligent servo drive system in automation. The product range comprises

- ▶ servo drive controllers
- ▶ I/O components
- ▶ software
- ▶ accessories
- ▶ motors
- ▶ gearboxes
- ▶ DC-supply modules

#### **1.1.2 Features**

The Servo Drives 9400 feature:

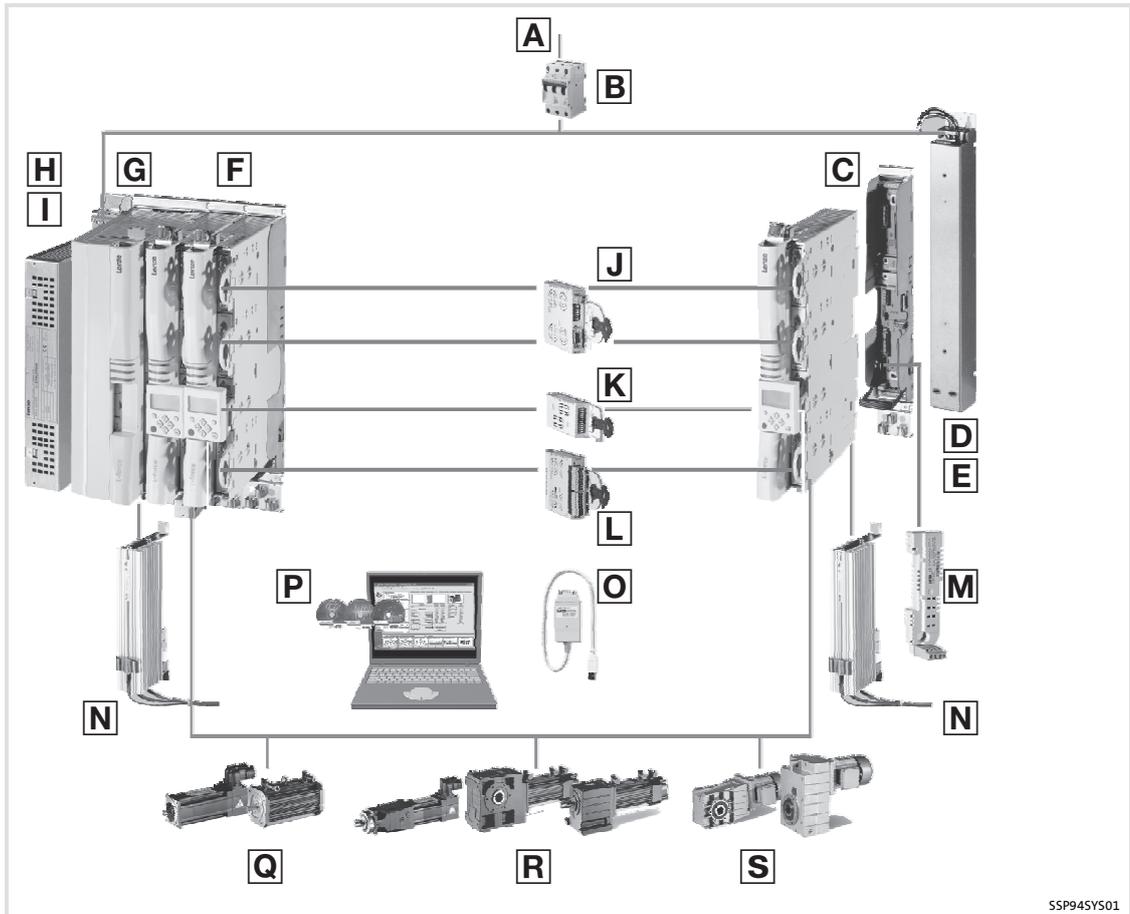
- ▶ compact design
- ▶ wide power range
- ▶ innovative installation concept
- ▶ intelligent technology functions
- ▶ high control precision
- ▶ scalable safety technology

#### **1.1.3 System overview**

The following figure shows the most important components for the implementation of a drive system with the Servo Drives 9400 product range.

On the way from the mains connection to the motor, you can see the basic principle of a drive system on the left path. On the right path, the basic principle of a single-axis drive is described.

In accordance with the requirements of your drive solution, your drive system can be equipped or extended with specially adapted components.



SSP945YS01

- A** Mains voltage 3/PE AC 180 ... 550 V ±0 % or 3/PE AC 380 ... 550 V ±0 %  
(depending on the device size/device power)
- B** Mains fusing (not contained in the delivery programme)
- C** Single Drives 9400 📖 30  
and corresponding installation backplanes
- D** Mains filter for Single Drives 9400 📖 529
- E** RFI filter for Single Drives 9400 📖 553
- F** Multi Drives 9400 📖 159  
and corresponding installation backplanes
- G** Power supply modules 9400 📖 222, 📖 276  
(for DC bus installations with Multi Drives 9400)
- H** Mains filter for power supply modules 9400 📖 238
- I** RFI filter for power supply modules 9400 📖 563

**Equipment for all axis modules (device-dependent options):**

- J** Communication modules and extension modules 📖 360
- K** Memory modules 📖 413
- L** Safety modules 📖 422
- M** Motor holding brake control modules 📖 441
- N** Brake resistors 📖 597
- O** Diagnostic adapters 📖 496
- P** L-force Engineer (software)
- Q** Servo motors (motor catalogue)
- R** Geared servo motors (")
- S** Standard geared motors (")
- Motor cables/system cables  
(manual "System cables")

## 1.2 About this Hardware Manual

### 1.2.1 Information provided by the Hardware Manual

#### Target group

This Hardware Manual is intended for all persons who install, commission, and adjust 9400 servo controllers.

Together with the catalog it forms the basis of project planning for the manufacturers of machines and plants.

#### Contents

This Hardware Manual is meant as an addition to the Mounting Instructions included in the scope of supply:

- ▶ The features and functions are described in detail.
- ▶ It provides detailed information on additional ranges of application.

#### How to find information

Each chapter forms a complete unit and informs you about an individual subject:

- ▶ You therefore only have to read the chapter containing the information you need.
- ▶ The Table of Contents and Index help you to find all information about a certain topic.
- ▶ Descriptions and data of other Lenze products (drive PLC, Lenze geared motors, Lenze motors, ...) can be found in the corresponding catalogs, Operating Instructions and Manuals. The required documentation can be ordered at your Lenze sales partner or downloaded as PDF file from the Internet.



#### Tip!

Information and tools concerning the Lenze products can be found in the download area at

**[www.lenze.com](http://www.lenze.com)**

# 1

## Preface

About this Hardware Manual

Products to which the Hardware Manual applies

### 1.2.2

## Products to which the Hardware Manual applies

### Power modules

	1 2 3	4	5	6	7	8 9 10	11	12	13 14	15 16	17 18	19
	E94	x	x	x	E	xxx	x	x	xx	xx	xx	-
<b>Type / product range</b>	9400 Servo Drives											
<b>Version</b>	A = 1. N = not relevant											
<b>Design</b>	S = single-axis controller (Single Drive) M = multi-axis controller (Multi Drive) P = power supply module R = regenerative power supply module											
<b>Variant</b>	H = HighLine N = not relevant P = PLC											
<b>Mechanical version</b>	E = Installation											
<b>Rated current (rounded)</b>	e.g. 007 = 7 A 024 = 23.5 A ...											
<b>Voltage class</b>	2 = 230 V ~ / 300 V = 4 = 400 V ~ / 540 V =											
<b>Safety module</b> (place 7 of the extension modules)	A ... E											
<b>Memory module</b> (places 7 and 8 of the extension modules)	22 ... 44											
<b>Extension module 2</b> (places 7 and 8 of the extension modules)	xx											
<b>Extension module 1</b> (places 7 and 8 of the extension modules)	xx											

In the case of complete devices, the type code can contain a 5-place item of information regarding the configured installation backplane, whereby this information appears at place 19 after the separator (see places 7 to 14, power-related accessories).

In addition, a 6-place item of information regarding an integrated motor holding brake control module can be contained (see places 6 to 14, performance-related accessories. "N" means "Not relevant").

With the help of the type code, you can identify supplied products on the basis of the information on the nameplate.

In the product catalogue, you can find the possible configuration in order to order the product.

## Extension modules

	1 2 3	4	5	6	7 8
	E94	x	Y	x	xx

### Type / product range

9400 Servo Drives

### Version

A = 1.

N = not relevant

### Identification

Y = module

### Module group

C = communication

F = feedback

M = memory

A = safety

### Module identification

#### communication

CA = CANopen®

DN = DeviceNet™

EN = Ethernet 2 port

EO = EtherNet/IP™

EP = POWERLINK

EC = POWERLINK CN

ET = EtherCAT®

PM = PROFIBUS®

ER = PROFINET®

IB = INTERBUS

#### Feedback

LF = digital frequency

#### Memory

22 = Memory module MM220 with MC HighLevel licence

33 = Memory module MM330 with MC TopLevel licence

34 = Memory module MM340 with PLC licence

43 = Memory module MMx20 with MC TopLevel licence

44 = Memory module MMx40 with PLC licence

#### Safety

A = SM0 safety module

B = SM100 safety module

E = SM301safety module

## Power-related accessories

	1 2 3	4	5	6	7	9 10 11	14
	E94	A	Z	x	x	xxx	x
<b>Type / product range</b>	9400 Servo Drives						
<b>Version</b>							
<b>Identification</b>	Z = accessories						
<b>Component class 1</b>	H = brake control P = mounting backplane M = mains filter R = RFI filter						
<b>Component class 2</b>	M = multiple axes P = power supply module R = regenerative module S = single axis X,Y = type N = not specified						
<b>Rated current</b> (rounded)	e.g. 008 = 8 A 024 = 23.5 A ...						
<b>Voltage class</b>	1 = 24 V = 2 = 230 V ~ / 300 V = 4 = 400 V ~ / 540 V =						

**Power-independent accessories**

	1 2 3	4	5	6	7 8 9
	E94	A	Z	x	xxx

**Type / product range**

9400 Servo Drives

**Version**

**Identification**

Z = accessories

**Accessory group**

J = mechanical components, other

S = software

K = keypad

N = not specified

**Module identification**

# 1 Preface

## Document history

### 1.3 Document history

Material number	Version			Description
13480645	8.0	10/2015	TD15	Additions: Conformity with EAC Corrections Document structure updated
13335141	7.1	07/2010	TD29	Additions, corrections
13335141	7.0	07/2010	TD29	Additions, corrections
13325650	6.0	12/2009	TD15	Additions, corrections
13294726	5.0	05/2009	TD15	Additions, corrections
13261289	4.2	07/2008	TD15	Additions, corrections
13260573	4.1	06/2008	TD15	Additions, corrections
13236065	4.0	12/2007	TD15	Additions, corrections
13200339	3.1	06/2007	TD15	Additions, corrections
13200339	3.0	03/2007	TD15	Additions, corrections
13095102	2.0	09/2006	TD15	Additions, corrections (field test)
13125683	1.0	12/2005	TD15	First edition (field test)

## 1.4 Conventions used

This documentation uses the following conventions to distinguish between different types of information:

### Spelling of numbers

Decimal separator	Point	In general, the decimal point is used. For instance: 1234.56
-------------------	-------	---

### Warnings

UL warnings		Given in English and French
UR warnings		

### Text

Program name	» «	PC software For example: »Engineer«, »Global Drive Control« (GDC)
--------------	-----	--

### Icons

Page reference		Reference to another page with additional information For instance:  16 = see page 16
Documentation reference		Reference to another documentation with additional information For example:  EDKxxx = see documentation EDKxxx

# 1 Preface

Notes used

## 1.5 Notes used

The following pictographs and signal words are used in this documentation to indicate dangers and important information:

### Safety instructions

Structure of safety instructions:



#### **Danger!**

(characterises the type and severity of danger)

#### **Note**

(describes the danger and gives information about how to prevent dangerous situations)

Pictograph and signal word	Meaning
<b>Danger!</b>	<b>Danger of personal injury through dangerous electrical voltage.</b> Reference to an imminent danger that may result in death or serious personal injury if the corresponding measures are not taken.
<b>Danger!</b>	<b>Danger of personal injury through a general source of danger.</b> Reference to an imminent danger that may result in death or serious personal injury if the corresponding measures are not taken.
<b>Stop!</b>	<b>Danger of property damage.</b> Reference to a possible danger that may result in property damage if the corresponding measures are not taken.

### Application notes

Pictograph and signal word	Meaning
<b>Note!</b>	Important note to ensure troublefree operation
<b>Tip!</b>	Useful tip for simple handling
<b>Reference!</b>	Reference to another documentation

### Special safety instructions and application notes

Pictograph and signal word	Meaning
<b>Warnings!</b>	<b>Safety note or application note for the operation according to UL or CSA requirements.</b>
<b>Warnings!</b>	The measures are required to meet the requirements according to UL or CSA.

## 1.6 Legal regulations

### Labelling

Lenze drive controllers are clearly labelled and defined by the contents of the nameplate.

### Manufacturer

Lenze Automation GmbH, Postfach 10 13 52, 31763 Hameln, Hans-Lenze-Str. 1, 31855 Aerzen

### CE conformity

Complies with the "Low voltage" EC Directive

### Application as directed

The following applies to 9400 servo controllers and the accessories:

- ▶ They must only be operated under the operating conditions described in this Hardware Manual.
- ▶ They are components for open and closed loop control of control variable speed drives with asynchronous standard motors, asynchronous servo motors, PM synchronous servo motors.
- ▶ They are components for installation into a machine.
- ▶ They are components used for assembly together with other components to form a machine.
- ▶ They comply with the protection requirements of the "Low Voltage" EC Directive.
- ▶ They are not machines for the purposes of the "EC "Machinery" Directive.
- ▶ They are not to be used as household appliances but for industrial purposes only.

The following applies to drives with 9400 servo controllers:

- ▶ They comply with the EC "Electromagnetic Compatibility" Directive if they are installed according to the guidelines of CE-typical drive systems.
- ▶ They can be used for operation at public and non-public mains.
- ▶ They can be used in industrial premises as well as residential and commercial premises.
- ▶ The user is responsible for the compliance of his application with the EC Directives.

**Any other use shall be deemed inappropriate!**

**Liability**

The information, data, and notes in this Hardware Manual met the state of the art at the time of printing. Claims referring to drive systems which have already been supplied cannot be derived from the information, illustrations, and descriptions given in this Manual.

The specifications, processes, and circuitry described in this Hardware Manual are for guidance only and must be adapted to your own application. Lenze does not take any responsibility for the suitability of the process and circuit proposals.

The specifications in this Hardware Manual describe the product features without guaranteeing them.

Lenze does not accept any liability for damage and failures caused by:

- ▶ Disregarding the Hardware Manual
- ▶ Unauthorised modifications to the controller
- ▶ Operating errors
- ▶ Improper working on and with the controller

**Warranty**

See Terms of sale and delivery.

Warranty claims must be made to your Lenze representative immediately after detecting the deficiency or fault.

The warranty is void in all cases where liability claims cannot be made.

**1.7 Terms and abbreviations used**

<b>Controller</b>	Any frequency inverter, servo inverter, or DC speed controller
<b>Axis, drive</b>	Lenze controller combined with a motor or geared motor and other Lenze drive components
<b>Basic insulation</b>	Insulation for the basic protection against dangerous shock currents
<b>Functional insulation</b>	Insulation for perfect operation
<b>Double insulation</b>	Basic insulation and additional insulation
<b>Reinforced insulation</b>	Standardised insulating system, equivalent protection to double insulation
<b>Cxxxxx/y</b>	Subcode y of code Cxxxx (e.g. C0410/3 = subcode 3 of code C0410)
<b>Xk/y</b>	Terminal y on terminal strip Xk (e.g. X3/28 = terminal 28 on terminal strip X3)
	Cross-reference to a chapter with the corresponding page number
<b>AC</b>	AC current or AC voltage
<b>DC</b>	DC current or DC voltage
<b><math>U_{LN}</math> [V]</b>	Rated mains voltage
<b><math>U_{DC}</math> [V]</b>	DC voltage
<b><math>U_M</math> [V]</b>	Output voltage/voltage across the motor terminals
<b><math>I_{LN}</math> [A]</b>	Rated mains current
<b><math>I_{aN}</math> [A]</b>	Rated output current
<b><math>I_{aM}</math> [A]</b>	Maximum output current
<b><math>I_{pE}</math> [mA]</b>	Discharge current
<b><math>I_{DC}</math> [A]</b>	Direct current, r.m.s. value from direct current and harmonic currents, for the dimensioning of DC-bus cables and DC-bus fuses
<b><math>P_N</math> [kW]</b>	Rated motor power
<b><math>P_V</math> [W]</b>	Inverter power loss
<b><math>P_{DC}</math> [kW]</b>	Power on the DC voltage side
<b><math>S_N</math> [kVA]</b>	Apparent output power of controller
<b><math>M_N</math> [Nm]</b>	Rated torque
<b><math>f_{max}</math> [Hz]</b>	Maximum frequency
<b>L [mH]</b>	Inductance
<b>R [<math>\Omega</math>]</b>	Resistance
<b>DIN</b>	Deutsches Institut für Normung

<b>EMC</b>	Electromagnetic compatibility
<b>EN</b>	European standard
<b>IEC</b>	International Electrotechnical Commission
<b>IP</b>	International Protection Code
<b>NEMA</b>	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
<b>VDE</b>	Verband deutscher Elektrotechniker
<b>CE</b>	Communauté Européene
<b>UL</b>	Underwriters Laboratories

## 2 Safety instructions

### 2.1 General safety and application notes for Lenze controllers

(in accordance with Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC)

#### For your personal safety

Disregarding the following safety measures can lead to severe injury to persons and damage to material assets:

- ▶ Only use the product as directed.
- ▶ Never commission the product in the event of visible damage.
- ▶ Never commission the product before assembly has been completed.
- ▶ Do not carry out any technical changes on the product.
- ▶ Only use the accessories approved for the product.
- ▶ Only use original spare parts from Lenze.
- ▶ Observe all regulations for the prevention of accidents, directives and laws applicable on site.
- ▶ Transport, installation, commissioning and maintenance work must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
  - Observe IEC 364 and CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100 and IEC report 664 or DIN VDE 0110 and all national regulations for the prevention of accidents.
  - According to this basic safety information, qualified, skilled personnel are persons who are familiar with the assembly, installation, commissioning, and operation of the product and who have the qualifications necessary for their occupation.
- ▶ Observe all specifications in this documentation.
  - This is the condition for safe and trouble-free operation and the achievement of the specified product features.
  - The procedural notes and circuit details described in this documentation are only proposals. It is up to the user to check whether they can be transferred to the particular applications. Lenze Automation GmbH does not accept any liability for the suitability of the procedures and circuit proposals described.
- ▶ Depending on their degree of protection, some parts of the Lenze controllers (frequency inverters, servo inverters, DC speed controllers) and their accessory components can be live, moving and rotating during operation. Surfaces can be hot.
  - Non-authorized removal of the required cover, inappropriate use, incorrect installation or operation, creates the risk of severe injury to persons or damage to material assets.
  - For more information, please see the documentation.
- ▶ High amounts of energy are produced in the controller. Therefore it is required to wear personal protective equipment (body protection, headgear, eye protection, ear protection, hand guard).

**Application as directed**

Controllers are components which are designed for installation in electrical systems or machines. They are not to be used as domestic appliances, but only for industrial purposes according to EN 61000-3-2.

When controllers are installed into machines, commissioning (i.e. starting of the operation as directed) is prohibited until it is proven that the machine complies with the regulations of the EC Directive 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive); EN 60204 must be observed.

Commissioning (i.e. starting of the operation as directed) is only allowed when there is compliance with the EMC Directive (2004/108/EC).

The controllers meet the requirements of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC. The harmonised standard EN 61800-5-1 applies to the controllers.

The technical data and supply conditions can be obtained from the nameplate and the documentation. They must be strictly observed.

**Warning:** Controllers are products which can be installed in drive systems of category C2 according to EN 61800-3. These products can cause radio interferences in residential areas. In this case, special measures can be necessary.

**Transport, storage**

Please observe the notes on transport, storage, and appropriate handling.

Observe the climatic conditions according to the technical data.

**Installation**

The controllers must be installed and cooled according to the instructions given in the corresponding documentation.

The ambient air must not exceed degree of pollution 2 according to EN 61800-5-1.

Ensure proper handling and avoid excessive mechanical stress. Do not bend any components and do not change any insulation distances during transport or handling. Do not touch any electronic components and contacts.

Controllers contain electrostatic sensitive devices which can easily be damaged by inappropriate handling. Do not damage or destroy any electrical components since this might endanger your health!

### Electrical connection

When working on live controllers, observe the applicable national regulations for the prevention of accidents (e.g. VBG 4).

The electrical installation must be carried out according to the appropriate regulations (e.g. cable cross-sections, fuses, PE connection). Additional information can be obtained from the documentation.

This documentation contains information on installation in compliance with EMC (shielding, earthing, filter, and cables). These notes must also be observed for CE-marked controllers. The manufacturer of the system is responsible for compliance with the limit values demanded by EMC legislation. The controllers must be installed in housings (e.g. control cabinets) to meet the limit values for radio interferences valid at the site of installation. The housings must enable an EMC-compliant installation. Observe in particular that e.g. the control cabinet doors have a circumferential metal connection to the housing. Reduce housing openings and cutouts to a minimum.

Lenze controllers may cause a DC current in the PE conductor. If a residual current device (RCD) is used for protection against direct or indirect contact for a controller with three-phase supply, only a residual current device (RCD) of type B is permissible on the supply side of the controller. If the controller has a single-phase supply, a residual current device (RCD) of type A is also permissible. Apart from using a residual current device (RCD), other protective measures can be taken as well, e.g. electrical isolation by double or reinforced insulation or isolation from the supply system by means of a transformer.

### Operation

If necessary, systems including controllers must be equipped with additional monitoring and protection devices according to the valid safety regulations (e.g. law on technical equipment, regulations for the prevention of accidents). The controllers can be adapted to your application. Please observe the corresponding information given in the documentation.

After the controller has been disconnected from the supply voltage, all live components and power terminals must not be touched immediately because capacitors can still be charged. Please observe the corresponding stickers on the controller.

All protection covers and doors must be shut during operation.

### Safety functions

Certain controller versions support safety functions (e.g. "Safe torque off", formerly "Safe standstill") according to the requirements of the EC Directive 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive). The notes on the integrated safety system provided in this documentation must be observed.

### Maintenance and servicing

The controllers do not require any maintenance if the prescribed operating conditions are observed.

### Disposal

Recycle metal and plastic materials. Ensure professional disposal of assembled PCBs.

**The product-specific safety and application notes given in these instructions must be observed!**

**2.2 General safety and application instructions for Lenze motors**

(According to: Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC)

**General**

Low-voltage machines have dangerous, live and rotating parts as well as possibly hot surfaces.

Synchronous machines induce voltages at open terminals during operation.

All operations serving transport, connection, commissioning and maintenance are to be carried out by skilled, responsible technical personnel (observe EN 50110-1 (VDE 0105-1) and IEC 60364). Improper handling can cause severe injuries or damages.

Lowvoltage machines may only be operated under the conditions that are indicated in the section "Application as directed".

The conditions at the place of installation must comply with the data given on the nameplate and in the documentation.

**Application as directed**

Lowvoltage machines are intended for commercial installations. They comply with the harmonised standards of the series IEC/EN 60034 (VDE 0530). Their use in potentially explosive atmospheres is prohibited unless they are expressly intended for such use (follow additional instructions).

Lowvoltage machines are components for installation into machines as defined in the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC. Commissioning is prohibited until the conformity of the end product with this directive has been established (follow i. a. EN 60204-1).

Lowvoltage machines with IP23 protection or less are only intended for outdoor use when applying special protective features.

The integrated brakes must not be used as safety brakes. It cannot be ruled out that factors which cannot be influenced, such as oil ingress due to a defective Aside shaft seal, cause a brake torque reduction.

**Transport, storage**

Damages must be reported immediately upon receipt to the forwarder; if required, commissioning must be excluded. Tighten screwed in ring bolts before transport. They are designed for the weight of the lowvoltage machines, do not apply extra loads. If necessary, use suitable and adequately dimensioned means of transport (e. g. rope guides).

Remove transport locking devices before commissioning. Reuse them for further transport. When storing lowvoltage machines, ensure a dry, dustfree and lowvibration ( $v_{\text{eff}} \leq 0.2 \text{ mm/s}$ ) environment (bearing damage while being stored).

### Installation

Ensure an even surface, solid foot/flange mounting and exact alignment if a direct clutch is connected. Avoid resonances with the rotational frequency and double mains frequency which may be caused by the assembly. Turn rotor by hand, listen for unusual slipping noises. Check the direction of rotation when the clutch is not active (observe section "Electrical connection").

Use appropriate means to mount or remove belt pulleys and clutches (heating) and cover them with a touch guard. Avoid impermissible belt tensions.

The machines are halfkey balanced. The clutch must be halfkey balanced, too. The visible jutting out part of the key must be removed.

If required, provide pipe connections. Designs with shaft end at bottom must be protected with a cover which prevents the ingress of foreign particles into the fan. Free circulation of the cooling air must be ensured. The exhaust air also the exhaust air of other machines next to the drive system must not be taken in immediately.

### Electrical connection

All operations must only be carried out by qualified and skilled personnel on the lowvoltage machine at standstill and deenergised and provided with a safe guard to prevent an unintentional restart. This also applies to auxiliary circuits (e. g. brake, encoder, blower).

Check safe isolation from supply!

If the tolerances specified in EN 600341; IEC 34 (VDE 05301) voltage  $\pm 5\%$ , frequency  $\pm 2\%$ , waveform, symmetry are exceeded, more heat will be generated and the electromagnetic compatibility will be affected.

Observe the data on the nameplate, operating notes, and the connection diagram in the terminal box.

The connection must ensure a continuous and safe electrical supply (no loose wire ends); use appropriate cable terminals. The connection to the PE conductor must be safe. The plug-in connectors must be bolted tightly (tostop).

The clearances between blank, live parts and to earth must not fall below 8 mm at  $V_{\text{rated}} \leq 550 \text{ V}$ , 10 mm at  $V_{\text{rated}} \leq 725 \text{ V}$ , 14 mm at  $V_{\text{rated}} \leq 1000 \text{ V}$ .

The terminal box must be free of foreign particles, dirt and moisture. All unused cable entries and the box itself must be sealed against dust and water.

**Commissioning and operation**

Before commissioning after longer storage periods, measure insulation resistance. In case of values  $\leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$  per volt of rated voltage, dry winding.

For trial run without output elements, lock the featherkey. Do not deactivate the protective devices, not even in a trial run.

Check the correct operation of the brake before commissioning lowvoltage machines with brakes.

Integrated thermal detectors do not provide full protection for the machine. If necessary, limit the maximum current. Parameterise the controller so that the motor will be switched off with  $I > I_{\text{rated}}$  after a few seconds of operation, especially at the risk of blocking.

Vibrational severities  $v_{\text{eff}} \leq 3.5 \text{ mm/s}$  ( $P_{\text{rated}} \leq 15 \text{ kW}$ ) or  $4.5 \text{ mm/s}$  ( $P_{\text{rated}} > 15 \text{ kW}$ ) are acceptable if the clutch is activated.

If deviations from normal operation occur, e.g. increased temperatures, noises, vibrations, find the cause and, if required, contact the manufacturer. In case of doubt, switch off the lowvoltage machine.

If the machine is exposed to dirt, clean the air paths regularly.

Shaft sealing rings and roller bearings have a limited service life.

Regrease bearings with relubricating devices while the lowvoltage machine is running. Only use the grease recommended by the manufacturer. If the grease drain holes are sealed with a plug, (IP54 drive end; IP23 drive and nondrive end), remove plug before commissioning. Seal bore holes with grease. Replace prelubricated bearings (2Z bearing) after approx. 10,000 h 20,000 h, at the latest however after 3 4 years.

**The productspecific safety and application notes given in these instructions must be observed!!**

## 2.3 Residual hazards

### Protection of persons

- ▶ Before working on the controller, check that no voltage is applied to the power terminals, because
  - depending on the controller - the power terminals U, V, W, +UG, -UG, Rb1 and Rb2 carry hazardous voltages for up to 3 to 20 minutes after mains disconnection.
  - the power terminals L1, L2, L3; U, V, W, +UG, -UG, Rb1 and Rb2 carry hazardous voltages when the motor is stopped.

### Device protection

- ▶ Plug on or pull off all pluggable terminals only in deenergised condition!
- ▶ Detach the controllers only in deenergised conditions from their installation backplanes or the back panel of the control cabinet!
- ▶ **Cyclic** switching on and off of the mains voltage can overload and destroy the input current limitation of the controller:
  - Cyclic mains switching of 5-times in 5 minutes is permissible without restrictions.

### Motor protection

- ▶ Depending on the controller settings, the connected motor can be overheated by:
  - For instance, longer DC-braking operations.
  - Longer operation of self-ventilated motors at low speed.

### Protection of the machine/system

- ▶ Drives can reach dangerous overspeeds (e.g. setting of high output frequencies in connection with motors and machines unsuitable for such conditions):
  - The controllers do not offer any protection against such operating conditions. Use additional components for this purpose.

### 3 Single-axis controllers

#### 3.1 Device features

- ▶ Space-saving installation by compact design
- ▶ Innovative installation concept
- ▶ Power range: 370 W to 400 kW
- ▶ Pluggable and same connection system for the control cables in the entire power range
- ▶ Direct AC mains connection for "Single Drive" design
- ▶ DC link busbar (DC-bus) integrated or can be retrofitted (devices up to 24 A/11 kW)
- ▶ Integrated brake chopper
- ▶ Direct connection of resolver or encoder feedback
  - Easy connection via predesigned system cable (accessories)
- ▶ Integrated phase controller for drift-free standstill
- ▶ Field-oriented control for asynchronous and synchronous motors
- ▶ Digital synchronisation system via bus system or digital frequency (extension module required)
- ▶ User configuration for control functions and input/output signals
  - Comprehensive library with function blocks
  - High flexibility with regard to the adaptation of the internal control structure to the drive task
- ▶ Extension interfaces for
  - communication
  - Controller functionality
  - Safety system
- ▶ System bus (CANopen) for
  - servo inverter connection
  - input and output terminal extensions
  - connecting keypad and display units (HMI)

## 3.2 General data and operating conditions

### General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUL <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada	
E94ASxE1454 (75 kW) ... E94ASxE6954 (370 kW), Device sizes 8S ... 10:			
UL	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) für USA	

Protection of persons and devices			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP 20	Not in the wire range of the terminals on the motor side
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact in accordance with type 1	
Insulation resistance	EN 61800-5-1	Overvoltage category III Reduction from 2000 m amsl onwards: Overvoltage category II	
Insulation of control circuits	EN 61800-5-1	Safe mains isolation by double/reinforced insulation for mains with neutral earthing with a rated voltage for the external conductor/star point up to 300 V.	
Short-circuit strength	EN 61800-5-1	Motor connection: with restrictions, error acknowledgement required Control connections: without restrictions	
Motor - protective measures against		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Short circuit</li> <li>● Earth fault</li> <li>● Overvoltage</li> <li>● Motor stalling</li> <li>● Motor overtemperature (PTC or thermal contact, I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring)</li> </ul>	
Discharge current	EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC, > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Cyclic mains switching		Cyclic mains switching of 5 times in 5 minutes is permissible without restrictions.	

Design		
Housing		
Carrier housing	Device sizes 1, 2 and 3	Glass-fiber reinforced plastic
Carrier housing	Device sizes as of 6	Metal
Dimensions	see "Mechanical installation"	
Weight	see "Mechanical installation"	

## Single-axis controllers

### General data and operating conditions

Mounting conditions			
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertical	
Free space			
At the top/at the bottom		$\geq 80 \text{ mm} / \geq 120 \text{ mm}$	Observe the device-related notes on mounting.
On the sides		Side-by-side mounting without any clearance	

"Single Drive" power supply conditions			
AC-mains operation		Direct connection	
DC-bus operation		Direct connection via terminals or busbars (can be retrofitted) For more information, please see the chapter DC-bus operation.	
Power systems			
TT		Operation allowed without restriction.	
TN			
With grounded phase	EN 61800-5-1	Operation with additional measures permitted: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduction of the overvoltage to overvoltage category II necessary. If protection against accidental contact is required for the control terminals, external measures are necessary.</li> <li>Measures described for IT systems must be applied.</li> </ul> Operation <b>not</b> permissible: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>with integrated safety system, e.g. SM100, SM301</li> </ul>	
IT		Additional device-internal measure required (see "Earthing of internal EMC filters", □ 101)	
Motors	EN 60034	Only use motors suitable for inverter operation. Insulation resistance: max. $\dot{u} \geq 1.5 \text{ kV}$ , max. $du/dt \geq 5 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$	

## Operating conditions

Environmental conditions			
Climate			
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)	
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)	
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C	
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5%/1000 m	
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2	
Vibration resistance ( $9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 1 \text{ g}$ )			
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2	
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm	
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to $10 \text{ m/s}^2$ 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to $15 \text{ m/s}^2$	
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude $\pm 1 \text{ mm}$	
		13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g	
	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g	

### General electrical data

Assignment		Device size	Accessories: busbar mounting set/spare fuse
Axis module	Installation backplane		
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034	E94AZPS0034	GG1	E94AZJA003: 16 A, 700 V DC / Siba 50 201 06
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074	E94AZPS0074	GG2	E94AZJA007: 40 A, 700 V DC / Siba 50 201 06
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174 E94ASxE0244	E94AZPS0244	GG3	E94AZJA024: 100 A, 700 V DC / Siba 20 292 21

#### Requirements on the motor cable

##### Capacitance per unit length

$\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}^2/\text{AWG 14}$	$C_{\text{Core/core}}/C_{\text{Core/shield}} < 75/150 \text{ pF/m}$
$\geq 4 \text{ mm}^2/\text{AWG 12}$	$C_{\text{Core/core}}/C_{\text{Core/shield}} < 150/300 \text{ pF/m}$

##### Electric strength

VDE 0250-1	$U_0/U = 0.6/1.0 \text{ kV}$ ( $U_0$ = r.m.s. value external - conductor/PE, $U$ = r.m.s. value - external conductor/external conductor)
UL	$U \geq 600 \text{ V}$ ( $U$ = r.m.s. value external conductor/external conductor)

## Single-axis controllers

### General data and operating conditions

Maximum motor and feedback cable lengths (for shielded motor cable with rated mains voltage)		
Type	Device size	[m]
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	1	50
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034		
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	2	100
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074		
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174 E94AMxE0244	3	100
E94AMxE0324	3	100
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174 E94ASxE0244	3	100
E94ASxE0324 E94ASxE0474 E94ASxE0594	6	100
E94ASxE0864 E94ASxE1044	7	100
E94ASxE1454	8S	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )
E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	8	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )
E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664	9	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )
E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	10	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )

If EMC conditions must be met, the permissible cable lengths can be reduced.

<sup>1)</sup> If safety functions with SM301, which require reliable speed and position detection, are used.

Tab. 3-1

Type	Max. shielded motor cable lengths for compliance with EMC protection requirement C1/C2		
	with RFI filter	with mains filter	without filter
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034	E94AZRS0044 <sup>1)</sup> -/50 m	E94AZMS0034 <sup>3)</sup> 25 m/50 m	-/10 m <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074	E94AZRS0104 <sup>1)</sup> -/50 m	E94AZMS0094 <sup>3)</sup> 25 m/100 m	-/10 m <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174	E94AZRS0294 <sup>1)</sup> -/50 m	E94AZMS0184 <sup>3)</sup> 25 m/100 m	-/10 m <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE0244		E94AZMS0314 <sup>3)</sup> 25 m/100 m	-/10 m <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE0324 E94ASxE0474 E94ASxE0594	E94AZRS0544 <sup>2)</sup> 50 m/100 m	-	-/50 m <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE0864 E94ASxE1044	E94AZRS0954 <sup>2)</sup> 50 m/100 m	-	-/50 m <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE1454 E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024 E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664 E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	-	-	-/150 m <sup>4)</sup>

Tab. 3-2

EMC limit value class for conducted noise emission in TN/TT systems:

C2 to EN 61800-3 corresponds to class A to EN 55011

C1 to EN 61800-3 corresponds to class B to EN 55011

<sup>1)</sup> Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker 30 mA

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

<sup>2)</sup> Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker 300 mA

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

<sup>3)</sup> Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker, cable length ≤ 25 m: 30 mA, cable length > 25 m: 300 mA,

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

<sup>4)</sup> See chapter "Fuses and cable cross-sections", (📖 59)

Longer motor cables can be achieved when line filters are used in combination with sinusoidal filters. Further conditions to be observed:

- ▶ V/f control mode
- ▶ Switching frequency is permanently set (C00018)

Motor cable lengths when sinusoidal filters and line filters are used					
Type	Compliance with the EMC protection requirement C2				
	RFI filter	Mains filter	Sinusoidal filter	shielded unshielded	Switching frequency
E94ASxE0024	-	E94AZMS0034	EZS3-004A200	100 m 300 m	4 kHz or 8 kHz
E94ASxE0034					
E94ASxE0044	-	E94AZMS0094	EZS3-010A200		
E94ASxE0074					
E94ASxE0134	-	E94AZMS0184	EZS3-024A200		
E94ASxE0174					
E94ASxE0244	-	E94AZMS0314	EZS3-037A200		
E94ASxE0324	E94AZRS0544	-	EZS3-048A200	150 m 300 m	4 kHz or 8 kHz
E94ASxE0474			EZS3-061A200		
E94ASxE0594			EZS3-072A200		
E94ASxE0864	E94AZRS0954	-	EZS3-115A200	150 m 300 m	2 kHz or 4 kHz
E94ASxE1044			EZS3-150A200		
E94ASxE1454	-	-	EZS3-180A200	150 m - m	2 kHz or 4 kHz
E94ASxE1724	-	-	EZS3-250A200		
E94ASxE2024	-	-	EZS3-250A200		
E94ASxE2454	-	-	EZS3-350A200		
E94ASxE2924	-	-	EZS3-350A200		
E94ASxE3664	-	-	EZS3-480A200		
E94ASxE4604	-	-	EZS3-350A200 (2 in parallel)		
E94ASxE5724	-	-	EZS3-480A200 (2 in parallel)		
E94ASxE6354	-	-	EZS3-480A200 (2 in parallel)		
E94ASxE6954	-	-	EZS3-350A200 (3 in parallel)		

Tab. 3-3

EMC limit value class for conducted noise emission in TN/TT systems:

C2 to EN 61800-3 corresponds to class A to EN 55011

EMC		
Operation on public supply systems	EN 61800-3	The controllers are designed for use in an industrial environment. Operation on public networks requires measures to be taken for limiting the expected emission of radio interferences.
Noise emission, in cables		
Design "Single Drive"	EN 61800-3	see Tab. 3-2 EMC protection requirements
Design "Multi Drive"		Depending on the filter at the central DC supply module.
Noise immunity (to EN 61800-3)		
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	8 kV with air discharge, 4 kV with contact discharge against housing
Radio frequency		
Cable-guided	EN 61000-4-6	150 kHz ... 80 MHz, 10 V 80 % AM (1 kHz)
Interference (housing)	EN 61000-4-3	80 MHz ... 1000 MHz, 10 V/m 80 % AM (1 kHz)
Burst		
Power terminals and interfaces	EN 61000-4-4	2 kV/5 kHz
Signal interfaces	EN 61000-4-4	1 kV/5 kHz
Control connections	EN 61000-4-4	2 kV/5 kHz
Surge (surge voltage)		
Power terminals	EN 61000-4-5	1.2/50 $\mu$ s, 1 kV phase/phase, 2 kV phase/PE

**Protective insulation****Danger!**

Operation of the controller on a phase earthed mains with a rated mains voltage of  $\geq 400$  V:

- ▶ The protection against accidental contact is not ensured without external measures.
- ▶ If protection against accidental contact acc. to EN 61800-5-1 is required for the control terminals of the controller and the terminals for the plugged-in device modules,
  - an additional basic insulation must be available.
  - the components to be connected must have the second basic insulation.

**Danger!****Dangerous electrical voltage**

When one common voltage source is used for control voltages in separate potential areas, the protective insulation between the separate potential areas is deactivated.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ The specified protective insulations are not complied with.

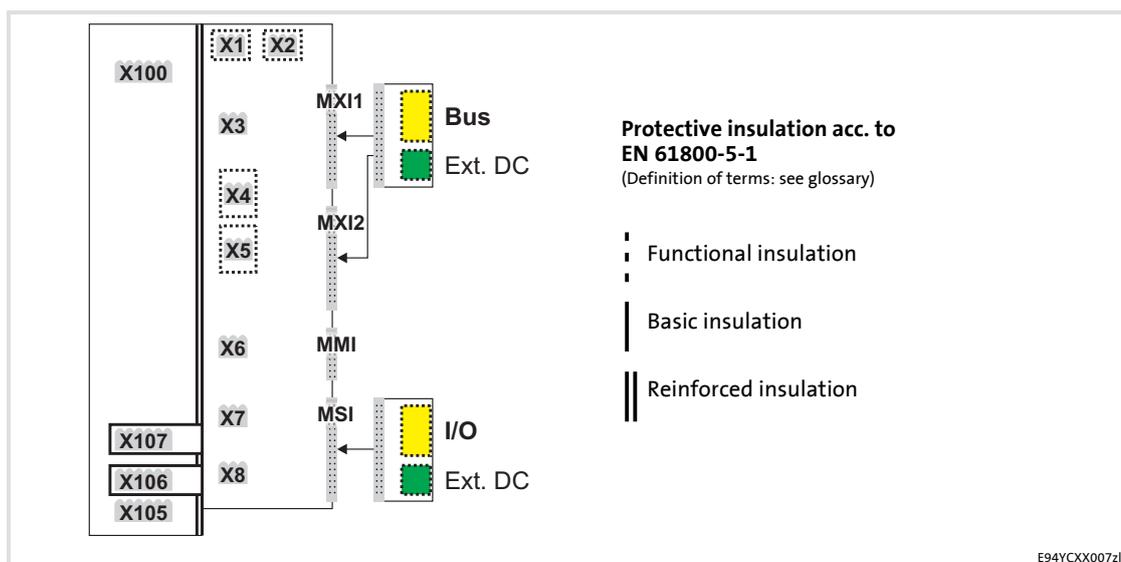
**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Use independent voltage sources.

The available protective insulation within the controller of the "9400 Servo Drives" series in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 is implemented with a rated voltage for the external conductor/star point of up to 300 V for mains with neutral earthing.

The following graphic representation

- ▶ shows the arrangement of the terminal strips and the separate potential areas of the controller.
- ▶ serves to determine the relevant protective insulation between two terminals in differently insulated separate potential areas.



Terminal strip	Terminal	Terminal strip	Terminal
X100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● L1, L2, L3 (only single drive)</li> <li>● +UG, -UG</li> </ul>	X1	CAN on board 9400
X105	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● U, V, W</li> <li>● Rb1, Rb2 (only single drive)</li> </ul>	X2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● State bus</li> <li>● 24 V (ext.)</li> </ul>
X106	Motor PTC	X3	Analog input/output
X107	Control of motor holding brake	X4	Digital outputs
		X5	Digital inputs
		X6	Diagnostics
		X7	Resolver
		X8	Encoder
		MXI1, MXI2	Extension module
		MMI	Memory module
		MSI	Safety module

### Example

Which type of protective insulation is used between the bus terminal of the device module in slot MXI1 or MXI2 and the mains terminal X100?

The separate potential area with the better protective insulation is decisive.

- ▶ The separate potential area of the device module bus terminal is "functionally insulated".
- ▶ The separate potential area of the mains terminal has a "reinforced insulation".

Result: The insulation between the mains terminal X100 and the bus terminal is of the "reinforced insulation" type.

### 3

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Overview

### 3.3 Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

The E94ASxxxx4 devices can be used in the voltage range of 180 V ... 550 V AC.



#### Note!

To ensure a faultless operation of the devices the code C00173 must be set according to the mains voltage connected.

#### Emergency operation

Operation of the E94ASxxxx4 devices with an emergency voltage supply at +UG, -UG, is possible from  $U_{DC} \geq 260$  V. The settings in C00173 and C00174 are to be adapted accordingly.

Operation of the E94AMxxxx4 devices with an emergency voltage supply at +UG, -UG, is possible with  $U_{DC} \leq 260$  V. The settings in C00173 and C00174 are to be adapted accordingly. A 24-V supply at X2 is required.

#### 3.3.1 Overview

##### Input data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94ASxE0024	230/400/500	50/60	2.1/2.1/1.8	1.6/1.6/1.4	3
E94ASxE0034	230/400/500	50/60	3.5/3.5/3.1	2.6/2.6/2.3	3
E94ASxE0044	230/400/500	50/60	5.5/5.5/4.8	4.1/4.1/3.6	3
E94ASxE0074	230/400/500	50/60	9.9/9.9/8.6	7.4/7.4/6.5	3
E94ASxE0134	230/400/500	50/60	16.8/16.8/14.7	12.6/12.6/11.0	3
E94ASxE0174	230/400/500	50/60	21.0/21.0/18.3	15.8/15.8/13.8	3
E94ASxE0244	230/400/500	50/60	29.0/29.0/25.4	21.8/21.8/19.1	3
E94ASxE0324	230/400/500	50/60	29.0/29.0/26.0	22.0/22.0/20.0	3
E94ASxE0474	230/400/500	50/60	43.0/43.0/39.0	32.0/32.0/29.0	3
E94ASxE0594	230/400/500	50/60	54.0/54.0/47.0	40.5/40.5/35.3	3
E94ASxE0864	230/400/500	50/60	79.0/79.0/70.0	59.0/59.0/52.0	3
E94ASxE1044	230/400/500	50/60	95.0/95.0/84.0	71.0/71.0/63.0	3
E94ASxE1454	400/500	50/60	140/140	126/126	3
E94ASxE1724	400/500	50/60	166/166	149/149	3
E94ASxE2024	400/500	50/60	195/195	176/176	3
E94ASxE2454	400/500	50/60	237/237	213/213	3
E94ASxE2924	400/500	50/60	280/280	252/252	3
E94ASxE3664	400/500	50/60	354/354	319/319	3
E94ASxE4604	400/500	50/60	444/444	400/400	3
E94ASxE5724	400/500	50/60	553/553	498/498	3
E94ASxE6354	400/500	50/60	614/614	553/553	3
E94ASxE6954	400/500	50/60	672/672	605/605	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

**Output data**

Type	Voltage [V]	Frequency <sup>1)</sup> [Hz]	Current [A]		Number of phases
			max. +45 °C <sup>①</sup>	max. +55 °C <sup>①</sup>	
E94ASxE0024	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	1.5/1.5/1.3	1.1/1.1/1.0	3
E94ASxE0034	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	2.5/2.5/2.2	1.9/1.9/1.7	3
E94ASxE0044	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	4.0/4.0/3.5	3.0/3.0/2.6	3
E94ASxE0074	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	7.0/7.0/6.1	5.3/5.3/4.6	3
E94ASxE0134	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	13.0/13.0/11.4	9.8/9.8/8.6	3
E94ASxE0174	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	16.5/16.5/14.4	12.4/12.4/10.8	3
E94ASxE0244	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	23.5/23.5/20.6	17.6/17.6/15.5	3
E94ASxE0324	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	32.0/32.0/28.0	24.0/24.0/21.0	3
E94ASxE0474	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	47.0/47.0/41.0	35.3/35.3/30.8	3
E94ASxE0594	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	59.0/59.0/51.6	44.3/44.3/38.7	3
E94ASxE0864	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	86.0/86.0/75.3	64.5/64.5/56.4	3
E94ASxE1044	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	104/104/91.0	78.0/78.0/68.3	3
E94ASxE1454	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	145/145	131/131	3
E94ASxE1724	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	172/172	155/155	3
E94ASxE2024	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	202/202	182/182	3
E94ASxE2454	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	245/245	221/221	3
E94ASxE2924	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	292/292	263/263	3
E94ASxE3664	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	366/366	329/329	3
E94ASxE4604	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	460/460	414/414	3
E94ASxE5724	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	572/572	515/515	3
E94ASxE6354	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	635/635	572/572	3
E94ASxE6954	0 - 400/500	0 - 599	695/695	626/626	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

<sup>1)</sup> The limitation to 599 Hz does not apply to the "servo control" modes (see C00006 = 1 or 2). Generally applies: the output frequency is limited to 1/8 of the selected chopper frequency (see C00018).



**Note!**

The indicated output voltage will not be reached under certain operating conditions.

- ▶ Output power in the maximum range
- ▶ High switching frequencies
- ▶ Use of mains filters or mains chokes
- ▶ Mains supply with high impedance ( $U_k > 5\%$ )

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Overview

### Power losses

Type	Power loss $P_V$ [W]			when controller is inhibited
	$U_{Lr} = 230 \text{ V}$	$U_{Lr} = 400 \text{ V}$	$U_{Lr} = 500 \text{ V}$	
E94ASxE0024	70	90	105	40
E94ASxE0034	85	105	125	
E94ASxE0044	100	130	150	
E94ASxE0074	125	160	190	
E94ASxE0134	200	260	300	
E94ASxE0174	240	300	350	
E94ASxE0244	310	400	460	
E94ASxE0324	750	750	750	
E94ASxE0474	1050	1050	1050	75
E94ASxE0594	1100	1100	1100	
E94ASxE0864	1500	1500	1500	100
E94ASxE1044	1800	1800	1800	
E94ASxE1454	-	2100	2100	50
E94ASxE1724	-	2200	2200	50
E94ASxE2024	-	2600	2600	
E94ASxE2454	-	3300	3300	50
E94ASxE2924	-	4100	4100	
E94ASxE3664	-	4900	4900	
E94ASxE4604	-	6200	6200	
E94ASxE5724	-	7200	7200	100
E94ASxE6354	-	7700	7700	
E94ASxE6954	-	8700	8700	

## 3.3.2 Operation at rated mains voltage 230 V

## Device size 1 ... 6

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
2/PE DC	325	260 - 0 % ... 370 + 0 %	-

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power  U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical) 4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE0024	1.5	2.1	0.5	0.18	0.25
E94ASxE0034	2.5	3.5	0.9	0.37	0.5
E94ASxE0044	3.9	5.5	1.4	0.75	1
E94ASxE0074	7.0	9.9	2.5	1.5	2
E94ASxE0134	12.0	16.8	4.7	3	4
E94ASxE0174	15.0	21.0	5.9	4	5.5
E94ASxE0244	20.5	29.0	8.4	5.5	7.5
E94ASxE0324	-	29.0	11.5	7.5	10
E94ASxE0474	-	43.0	16.9	11	15
E94ASxE0594	-	54.0	21.2	15	20

## Device size 7

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power  U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical) 4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE0864	-	79.0	30.8	22	29
E94ASxE1044	-	95.0	37.3	30	40

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 230 V

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency						
	2 kHz		4 kHz		8 kHz		16 kHz <sup>4)</sup>
	$I_{aN2}$	$I_{aM2}$	$I_{aN4}$	$I_{aM4}$	$I_{aN8}$	$I_{aM8}$	$I_{aN16}$
E94ASxE0024	1.9 <sup>3)</sup>	6.0	1.9 <sup>3)</sup>	6.0	<b>1.5</b>	4.8	1.1
E94ASxE0034	3.1 <sup>3)</sup>	10.0	3.1 <sup>3)</sup>	10.0	<b>2.5</b>	8.0	1.9
E94ASxE0044	5.0 <sup>3)</sup>	16.0	5.0 <sup>3)</sup>	16.0	<b>4.0</b>	12.8	3.0
E94ASxE0074	8.8 <sup>3)</sup>	21.0	8.8 <sup>3)</sup>	21.0	<b>7.0</b>	16.8	5.3
E94ASxE0134	16.3 <sup>3)</sup>	39.0	16.3 <sup>3)</sup>	39.0	<b>13.0</b>	31.2	9.8
E94ASxE0174	20.6 <sup>3)</sup>	49.5	20.6 <sup>3)</sup>	49.5	<b>16.5</b>	39.6	12.4
E94ASxE0244	29.4 <sup>3)</sup>	58.8	29.4 <sup>3)</sup>	58.8	<b>23.5</b>	47.0	17.6
E94ASxE0324	38.4	76.8	38.4	76.8	<b>32.0</b>	64.0	16.8
E94ASxE0474	47.0	94.0	<b>47.0</b>	94.0	41.0	82.0	21.5
E94ASxE0594	59.0	118	<b>59.0</b>	118	41.0	82.0	21.5
E94ASxE0864	86.0	172	<b>86.0</b>	172	73.0	146	38.3
E94ASxE1044	104	208	<b>104</b>	208	78.0	156	40.9

$I_{aN2}$   
 $I_{aM2}$  Rated value of permanent output current at a frequency of  $\geq 0$  Hz  
Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency  $\geq 0$  Hz  

- Periodic load change of 0.5 s with  $I_{aM2}$  and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 %  $I_{aN2}$

$I_{aN4}$ ,  $I_{aN8}$ ,  $I_{aN16}$  Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of  $\geq 5$  Hz  
(reduce to  $0.66 \cdot I_{aNx}$  for 0 ... 5 Hz)

$I_{aM4}$ ,  $I_{aM8}$  Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency  $\geq 5$  Hz  
(reduce to  $0.66 \cdot I_{aMx}$  for 0 ... 5 Hz)  

- Periodic load change of 0.5 s with  $I_{aMx}$  and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 %  $I_{aNx}$
- Can be achieved using the setting "x kHz fixed" in C00018

**bold**

<sup>3)</sup> Nominal value  $I_{aN}$   
Operation with permanent currents  $> I_{aN8}$  requires an external mains choke.

<sup>4)</sup> From firmware 5.0 upwards: Depending on the heatsink temperature, the mains voltage and the motor cable length, the switching frequency can be changed even at smaller currents.

## Rated data for internal brake chopper

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
E94ASxE0024	47	8.3	3.2	3.7	0.64	150	15	15
E94ASxE0034	47	8.3	3.2	3.7	0.64	150	15	15
E94ASxE0044	27	14.4	5.6	5.9	0.95	150	15	15
E94ASxE0074	27	14.4	5.6	6.9	1.3	150	15	15
E94ASxE0134	18	21.7	8.5	10.6	2.0	150	15	15
E94ASxE0174	9	43.3	16.9	20.3	3.7	150	15	15
E94ASxE0244	9	43.3	16.9	24.5	5.4	150	15	15
E94ASxE0324	9	43.3	16.9	28.5	7.3	600	260	600
E94ASxE0474	7.5	52.0	20.3	37.9	10.8	600	320	600
E94ASxE0594	7.5	52.0	20.3	44.2	14.7	600	430	600
E94ASxE0864	3.8	102.6	40.0	75.5	21.6	600	320	600
E94ASxE1044	3.8	102.6	40.0	83.5	26.4	600	400	600

$R_{Bmin}$	Minimum brake resistance, nominal value $\pm 10\%$
$I_{BRmax}$	Peak current
$P_{BRmax}$	Peak braking power
$I_{BRd}$	Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables
$P_{Bd}$	Continuous braking power
$t_z$	Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time
$t_{on}$	Running time
$t_z - t_{on}$	Recovery time
$t_{fp}$	Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## Note on the brake chopper data

Due to thermal load, the resistance value changes and therefore the dependent rated data as well.

The brake chopper can output the peak braking power maximally for the specified time  $t_{on}$  within a cycle time  $t_z$ .

The brake chopper can output the peak braking power from unloaded states once for the time  $t_{fp}$ , e. g. after mains connection or after a recovery time of  $> 5 \times t_z$ .

If the times are exceeded, the brake chopper is clocked so that only the continuous braking power is output. This serves to the protection of the brake chopper, however, it does not protect the brake resistor. The brake resistor connected can be protected separately by parameterisation (C00129 ... C00133) or a thermal contact.

Further information can be found in the software manual.

### 3

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

### 3.3.3 Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

#### Device size 1 ... 6

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
2/PE DC	565	455 - 0 % ... 620 + 0 %	-

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical) 4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE0024	1.5	2.1	0.9	0.37	0.5
E94ASxE0034	2.5	3.5	1.6	0.75	1
E94ASxE0044	3.9	5.5	2.5	1.5	2
E94ASxE0074	7.0	9.9	4.4	3	4
E94ASxE0134	12.0	16.8	8.1	5.5	7.5
E94ASxE0174	15.0	21.0	10.3	7.5	11
E94ASxE0244	20.5	29.0	14.7	11	15
E94ASxE0324	-	29.0	20.0	15	20
E94ASxE0474	-	43.0	29.3	22	29
E94ASxE0594	-	54.0	36.8	30	40

#### Device size 7

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical) 4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE0864	-	79.0	53.6	45	60
E94ASxE1044	-	95.0	64.8	55	73

## Device size 8S ... 10

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	400	340 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	48 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power  U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical)  4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke  $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke  $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE1454	-	140	90	75	100
E94ASxE1724	-	166	107	90	125
E94ASxE2024	-	195	126	105	140
E94ASxE2454	-	237	153	130	170
E94ASxE2924	-	280	182	150	205
E94ASxE3664	-	354	228	190	255
E94ASxE4604	-	444	287	240	320
E94ASxE5724	-	553	357	300	400
E94ASxE6354	-	614	396	335	445
E94ASxE6954	-	672	433	370	495

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency						
	2 kHz		4 kHz		8 kHz		16 kHz <sup>4)</sup>
	$I_{aN2}$	$I_{aM2}$	$I_{aN4}$	$I_{aM4}$	$I_{aN8}$	$I_{aM8}$	$I_{aN16}$
E94ASxE0024	1.9 <sup>3)</sup>	6.0	1.9 <sup>3)</sup>	6.0	<b>1.5</b>	4.8	1.1
E94ASxE0034	3.1 <sup>3)</sup>	10.0	3.1 <sup>3)</sup>	10.0	<b>2.5</b>	8.0	1.9
E94ASxE0044	5.0 <sup>3)</sup>	16.0	5.0 <sup>3)</sup>	16.0	<b>4.0</b>	12.8	3.0
E94ASxE0074	8.8 <sup>3)</sup>	21.0	8.8 <sup>3)</sup>	21.0	<b>7.0</b>	16.8	5.3
E94ASxE0134	16.3 <sup>3)</sup>	39.0	16.3 <sup>3)</sup>	39.0	<b>13.0</b>	31.2	9.8
E94ASxE0174	20.6 <sup>3)</sup>	49.5	20.6 <sup>3)</sup>	49.5	<b>16.5</b>	39.6	12.4
E94ASxE0244	29.4 <sup>3)</sup>	58.8	29.4 <sup>3)</sup>	58.8	<b>23.5</b>	47.0	17.6
E94ASxE0324	38.4	76.8	38.4	76.8	<b>32.0</b>	56.0	16.8
E94ASxE0474	47.0	94.0	<b>47.0</b>	94.0	41.0	82.0	21.5
E94ASxE0594	59.0	118	<b>59.0</b>	118	41.0	82.0	21.5
E94ASxE0864	86.0	172	<b>86.0</b>	172	73.0	146	38.3
E94ASxE1044	104	208	<b>104</b>	208	78.0	156	40.9
E94ASxE1454	145	261	<b>145</b>	261	102	184	-
E94ASxE1724	172	310	<b>172</b>	310	120	216	-
E94ASxE2024	202	364	<b>202</b>	364	131	236	-
E94ASxE2454	<b>245</b>	441	209	376	160	288	-
E94ASxE2924	<b>292</b>	526	250	450	191	344	-
E94ASxE3664	<b>366</b>	659	313	563	240	432	-
E94ASxE4604	<b>460</b>	828	368	662	260	468	-
E94ASxE5724	<b>572</b>	1030	458	824	286	515	-
E94ASxE6354	<b>635</b>	1143	508	914	318	572	-
E94ASxE6954	<b>695</b>	1251	556	1001	348	626	-

$I_{aN2}$	Rated value of permanent output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz
$I_{aM2}$	Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency $\geq 0$ Hz
	E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE1044:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 0.5 s with <math>I_{aM2}</math> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % <math>I_{aN2}</math></li> </ul>
	E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 10 s with <math>I_{aM2}</math> and recovery time of 50 s with 75 % <math>I_{aN2}</math></li> </ul>
$I_{aN4}, I_{aN8}, I_{aN16}$	Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 5$ Hz (reduce to $0.66 \cdot I_{aNx}$ for 0 ... 5 Hz)
$I_{aM4}, I_{aM8}$	Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency $\geq 5$ Hz (reduce to $0.66 \cdot I_{aMx}$ for 0 ... 5 Hz)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Can be achieved using the setting "x kHz fixed" in C00018</li> </ul>
	E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE1044:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 0.5 s with <math>I_{aMx}</math> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % <math>I_{aNx}</math></li> </ul>
	E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 10 s with <math>I_{aM2}</math> and recovery time of 50 s with 75 % <math>I_{aN2}</math></li> </ul>
<b>bold</b>	Nominal value $I_{aN}$
<sup>3)</sup>	Operation with permanent currents $> I_{aN8}$ requires an external mains choke.
<sup>4)</sup>	From firmware 5.0 upwards: Depending on the heatsink temperature, the mains voltage and the motor cable length, the switching frequency can be changed even at smaller currents.

### Operation with increased continuous power

If required, operation with increased continuous power can be activated for specific controllers at the switching frequency 2 kHz. This operating mode can only be performed under the following conditions:

- ▶ Controllers of the types E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954, (device size 8S ... 10).
- ▶ The controllers require the versions SW: 04.00 and HW: 1C.
  - "Mode 1" is possible from SW: 03.00 and HW: 1C.
- ▶ For "Mode 2" the mains voltage is  $\leq 440$  V.
- ▶ The maximum permissible ambient temperature inside the control cabinet is  $\leq 40$  °C.
- ▶ The maximum output current in C00022 is to be reduced according to the following data for  $I_{aMhc}$ .
- ▶ Operation with increased continuous power has to be activated in C01199 with "Mode 1" or "Mode 2".
  - For activation controller inhibit has to be set.

The currents deviating from the standard can be gathered from the following tables.



#### Note!

The "activated" setting in C01199 is reset to "deactivated" automatically (without error message) if the above-mentioned conditions are not (no longer) met.

- ▶ This, for instance, is also the case if the memory module is plugged into a controller of device size 1 ... 6 (device replacement).

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

For the selection "Mode 1":

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency			
	2 kHz			
	$I_{aN2}$	$I_{aNhc}$	$I_{aMhc}$	$I_{aMre}$
E94ASxE1454	145	160	218	145
E94ASxE1724	172	195	258	180
E94ASxE2024	202	240	303	226
E94ASxE2454	245	302	368	275
E94ASxE2924	292	361	438	330
E94ASxE3664	366	443	549	415
E94ASxE4604	460	550	690	522
E94ASxE5724	572	610	858	550
E94ASxE6354	635	678	953	610
E94ASxE6954	695	730	1043	653

$I_{aN2}$	Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz (standard operation)
$I_{aNhc}$	Increased continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz
$I_{aMhc}$	Maximum output current (overload current)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Periodic load change of 10 s with <math>I_{aMhc}</math> and recovery time of 50 s with <math>I_{aMre}</math></li> </ul>
$I_{aMre}$	Maximum output current during the recovery time of 50 s

Sinusoidal filter assignments changed for this operating mode:

Motor cable lengths when sinusoidal filters and line filters are used				
Type	Compliance with the EMC protection requirement C2			
	Setting C01199	Sinusoidal filter	shielded unshielded	Switching frequency
E94ASxE2924	"Mode 1"	<b>EZS3-480A200</b>	150 m - m	2 kHz or 4 kHz

For the selection "Mode 2":

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency			
	2 kHz			
	$I_{aN2}$	$I_{aNhc}$	$I_{aMhc}$	$I_{aMre}$
E94ASxE1454	145	177	195	168
E94ASxE1724	172	212	233	201
E94ASxE2024	202	260	286	247
E94ASxE2454	245	315	347	299
E94ASxE2924	292	395	434	375
E94ASxE3664	366	480	528	456
E94ASxE4604	460	600	660	570
E94ASxE5724	572	658	724	625
E94ASxE6354	635	745	820	708
E94ASxE6954	695	800	880	760

$I_{aN2}$	Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz (standard operation)
$I_{aNhc}$	Increased continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz
$I_{aMhc}$	Maximum output current (overload current)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 60 s with <math>I_{aMhc}</math> and recovery time of 120 s with <math>I_{aMre}</math></li> </ul>
$I_{aMre}$	Maximum output current during the recovery time

Sinusoidal filter assignments changed for this operating mode:

Motor cable lengths when sinusoidal filters and line filters are used				
Type	Compliance with the EMC protection requirement C2			
	Setting C01199	Sinusoidal filter	shielded unshielded	Switching frequency
E94ASxE2024	"Mode 2"	EZS3-350A200	150 m - m	2 kHz or 4 kHz
E94ASxE2924		EZS3-480A200		
E94ASxE4604		EZS3-480A200 (2 in parallel)		

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

### Rated data for internal brake chopper

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
E94ASxE0024	82	8.8	6.4	3.9	1.3	150	15	15
E94ASxE0034	82	8.8	6.4	3.9	1.3	150	15	15
E94ASxE0044	47	15.4	11.2	6.3	1.9	150	15	15
E94ASxE0074	47	15.4	11.2	7.4	2.6	150	15	15
E94ASxE0134	27	26.9	19.5	13.2	4.7	150	15	15
E94ASxE0174	18	40.3	29.2	18.9	6.4	150	15	15
E94ASxE0244	18	40.3	29.2	22.8	9.3	150	15	15
E94ASxE0324	18	40.3	29.2	26.5	12.6	600	260	600
E94ASxE0474	15	48.3	35.0	35.2	18.6	600	320	600
E94ASxE0594	15	48.3	35.0	41.0	25.3	600	430	600
E94ASxE0864	7.5	96.7	70.1	71.1	37.9	600	320	600
E94ASxE1044	7.5	96.7	70.1	78.7	46.3	600	400	600
E94ASxE1454	5.0	145	105	79	31.5	600	60	62
E94ASxE1724	4.3	169	122	93	36.7	600	60	62
E94ASxE2024	3.5	207	150	113	45.1	600	60	62
E94ASxE2454	2.8	259	188	142	56.3	600	60	62
E94ASxE2924	2.3	315	229	173	68.6	600	60	62
E94ASxE3664	1.8	414	300	227	90.1	600	60	62
E94ASxE4604	1.4	518	375	266	99	300	30	33
E94ASxE5724	1.2	604	438	287	99	300	28	32
E94ASxE6354	1.1	659	478	300	99	300	25	29
E94ASxE6954	1.1	659	478	300	99	300	25	29

$R_{Bmin}$	Minimum brake resistance, nominal value $\pm 10\%$
$I_{BRmax}$	Peak current
$P_{BRmax}$	Peak braking power
$I_{BRd}$	Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables
$P_{Bd}$	Continuous braking power
$t_z$	Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time
$t_{on}$	Running time
$t_z - t_{on}$	Recovery time
$t_{fp}$	Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

### Note on the brake chopper data

Due to thermal load, the resistance value changes and therefore the dependent rated data as well.

The brake chopper can output the peak braking power maximally for the specified time  $t_{on}$  within a cycle time  $t_z$ .

The brake chopper can output the peak braking power from unloaded states once for the time  $t_{fp}$ , e. g. after mains connection or after a recovery time of  $> 5 \times t_z$ .

If the times are exceeded, the brake chopper is clocked so that only the continuous braking power is output. This serves to the protection of the brake chopper, however, it does not protect the brake resistor. The brake resistor connected can be protected separately by parameterisation (C00129 ... C00133) or a thermal contact.

Further information can be found in the software manual.

## 3.3.4 Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

## Device size 1 ... 6

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
2/PE DC	705	565 - 0 % ... 775 + 0 %	-

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical) 4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE0024	1.3	1.8	1.0	0.37	0.5
E94ASxE0034	2.2	3.1	1.7	0.75	1
E94ASxE0044	3.4	4.8	2.7	1.5	2
E94ASxE0074	6.1	8.7	4.8	3	4
E94ASxE0134	10.5	14.7	8.9	5.5	7.5
E94ASxE0174	13.1	18.4	11.3	7.5	10
E94ASxE0244	17.9	25.4	16.0	11	15
E94ASxE0324	-	26.0	21.8	15	20
E94ASxE0474	-	37.6	32.1	22	29
E94ASxE0594	-	47.0	40.2	30	40

## Device size 7

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical) 4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE0864	-	70.0	58.6	45	60
E94ASxE1044	-	84.0	70.9	55	73

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

### Device size 8S ... 10

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	48 ... 65

Type	Mains current at $I_{aN}$		Output power  U, V, W $S_{aN}$ [kVA]	Motor power (typical)  4 pol. ASM	
	with external mains choke  $I_{LN}$ [A]	without external mains choke  $I_{LN}$ [A]		$P_{aN}$ [kW]	$P_{aN}$ [hp]
E94ASxE1454	-	140	113	95	130
E94ASxE1724	-	166	134	110	150
E94ASxE2024	-	195	157	130	180
E94ASxE2454	-	237	191	160	215
E94ASxE2924	-	280	228	190	255
E94ASxE3664	-	354	285	235	320
E94ASxE4604	-	444	359	300	405
E94ASxE5724	-	553	446	375	510
E94ASxE6354	-	614	495	420	570
E94ASxE6954	-	672	542	460	625

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency						
	2 kHz		4 kHz		8 kHz		16 kHz <sup>4)</sup>
	$I_{aN2}$	$I_{aM2}$	$I_{aN4}$	$I_{aM4}$	$I_{aN8}$	$I_{aM8}$	$I_{aN16}$
E94ASxE0024	1.9 <sup>3)</sup>	6.0	1.9 <sup>3)</sup>	6.0	1.3	4.2	1.0
E94ASxE0034	3.1 <sup>3)</sup>	10.0	3.1 <sup>3)</sup>	10.0	2.2	7.0	1.6
E94ASxE0044	5.0 <sup>3)</sup>	16.0	5.0 <sup>3)</sup>	16.0	3.5	11.2	2.6
E94ASxE0074	8.8 <sup>3)</sup>	21.0	8.8 <sup>3)</sup>	21.0	6.1	14.7	4.6
E94ASxE0134	16.3 <sup>3)</sup>	39.0	16.3 <sup>3)</sup>	39.0	11.4	27.3	8.5
E94ASxE0174	20.6 <sup>3)</sup>	49.5	20.6 <sup>3)</sup>	49.5	14.4	34.7	10.8
E94ASxE0244	29.4 <sup>3)</sup>	58.8	29.4 <sup>3)</sup>	58.8	20.6	41.1	15.4 <sup>4)</sup>
E94ASxE0324	38.4	76.8	33.6	67.2	28.0	64.0	16.8
E94ASxE0474	47.0	94.0	41.1	82.2	35.8	71.6	21.5
E94ASxE0594	59.0	118	51.6	103	35.9	71.8	21.5
E94ASxE0864	86.0	172	75.3	150	63.9	127	38.3
E94ASxE1044	104	208	91.0	182	68.3	136	40.9
E94ASxE1454	145	261	<b>145</b>	261	89	161	-
E94ASxE1724	172	310	<b>172</b>	310	105	189	-
E94ASxE2024	202	364	<b>202</b>	364	115	206	-
E94ASxE2454	<b>245</b>	441	209	376	140	252	-
E94ASxE2924	<b>292</b>	526	250	450	167	301	-
E94ASxE3664	<b>366</b>	659	313	563	210	378	-
E94ASxE4604	<b>460</b>	828	368	662	228	410	-
E94ASxE5724	<b>572</b>	1030	458	824	250	450	-
E94ASxE6354	<b>635</b>	1143	508	914	278	500	-
E94ASxE6954	<b>695</b>	1251	556	1001	305	549	-

$I_{aN2}$	Rated value of permanent output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz
$I_{aM2}$	Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency $\geq 0$ Hz E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE1044: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 0.5 s with <math>I_{aM2}</math> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % <math>I_{aN2}</math></li> </ul> E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 10 s with <math>I_{aM2}</math> and recovery time of 50 s with 75 % <math>I_{aN2}</math></li> </ul>
$I_{aN4}$ , $I_{aN8}$ , $I_{aN16}$	Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 5$ Hz (reduce to $0.66 \cdot I_{aNx}$ for 0 ... 5 Hz)
$I_{aM4}$ , $I_{aM8}$	Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency $\geq 5$ Hz (reduce to $0.66 \cdot I_{aMx}$ for 0 ... 5 Hz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Can be achieved using the setting "x kHz fixed" in C00018</li> </ul> E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE1044: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 0.5 s with <math>I_{aMx}</math> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % <math>I_{aNx}</math></li> </ul> E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Periodic load change of 10 s with <math>I_{aM2}</math> and recovery time of 50 s with 75 % <math>I_{aN2}</math></li> </ul>
<b>bold</b>	Nominal value $I_{aN}$
<sup>3)</sup>	Operation with permanent currents $> I_{aN8}$ requires an external mains choke.
<sup>4)</sup>	Temperature inside the control cabinet = +35 ... +55 °C: 2.5 %/K current derating

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

### Operation with increased continuous power

If required, operation with increased continuous power can be activated for specific controllers at the switching frequency 2 kHz. This operating mode can only be performed under the following conditions:

- ▶ Controllers of the types E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954, (device size 8S ... 10).
- ▶ The controllers require the versions SW: 04.00 and HW: 1C.
  - "Mode 1" is possible from SW: 03.00 and HW: 1C.
- ▶ The maximum permissible ambient temperature inside the control cabinet is  $\leq 40$  °C.
- ▶ The maximum output current in C00022 is to be reduced according to the following data for  $I_{aMhc}$ .
- ▶ Operation with increased continuous power has to be activated in C01199 with "Mode 1".
  - For activation controller inhibit has to be set.

The currents deviating from the standard can be gathered from the following tables.



#### Note!

The "activated" setting in C01199 is reset to "deactivated" automatically (without error message) if the above-mentioned conditions are not (no longer) met.

- ▶ This, for instance, is also the case if the memory module is plugged into a controller of device size 1 ... 6 (device replacement).

For the selection "Mode 1":

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency			
	2 kHz			
	$I_{aN2}$	$I_{aNhc}$	$I_{aMhc}$	$I_{aMre}$
E94ASxE1454	145	160	218	145
E94ASxE1724	172	195	258	180
E94ASxE2024	202	240	303	226
E94ASxE2454	245	302	368	275
E94ASxE2924	292	361	438	330
E94ASxE3664	366	443	549	415
E94ASxE4604	460	550	690	522
E94ASxE5724	572	610	858	550
E94ASxE6354	635	678	953	610
E94ASxE6954	695	730	1043	653

$I_{aN2}$	Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz (standard operation)
$I_{aNhc}$	Increased continuous output current at a frequency of $\geq 0$ Hz
$I_{aMhc}$	Maximum output current (overload current) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Periodic load change of 10 s with <math>I_{aMhc}</math> and recovery time of 50 s with <math>I_{aMre}</math></li> </ul>
$I_{aMre}$	Maximum output current during the recovery time of 50 s

Sinusoidal filter assignments changed for this operating mode:

Motor cable lengths when sinusoidal filters and line filters are used				
Type	Compliance with the EMC protection requirement C2			
	Setting C01199	Sinusoidal filter	shielded unshielded	Switching frequency
E94ASxE2924	"Mode 1"	<b>EZS3-480A200</b>	150 m - m	2 kHz or 4 kHz

The selection "Mode 2" is only permissible for mains voltages  $\leq 440$  V.

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

### Rated data for internal brake chopper

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
E94ASxE0024	82	9.6	7.6	4.3	1.5	150	15	15
E94ASxE0034	82	9.6	7.6	4.3	1.5	150	15	15
E94ASxE0044	47	16.8	13.3	6.9	2.3	150	15	15
E94ASxE0074	47	16.8	13.3	8.1	3.1	150	15	15
E94ASxE0134	27	29.3	23.1	14.4	5.5	150	15	15
E94ASxE0174	18	43.9	34.7	20.6	7.6	150	15	15
E94ASxE0244	18	43.9	34.7	24.8	11.1	150	15	15
E94ASxE0324	18.0	43.9	34.7	28.9	15.0	600	260	600
E94ASxE0474	15.0	52.7	41.6	38.4	22.0	600	320	600
E94ASxE0594	15.0	52.7	41.6	44.8	30.0	600	430	600
E94ASxE0864	7.5	105.3	83.2	77.5	45.0	600	320	600
E94ASxE1044	7.5	105.3	83.2	85.7	55.0	600	400	600
E94ASxE1454	5.0	158	125	87	37.4	600	60	62
E94ASxE1724	4.3	184	145	101	43.5	600	60	62
E94ASxE2024	3.5	226	178	124	53.5	600	60	62
E94ASxE2454	2.8	282	223	154	66.9	600	60	62
E94ASxE2924	2.3	343	271	188	81.4	600	60	62
E94ASxE3664	1.8	451	357	247	107	600	60	62
E94ASxE4604	1.4	564	446	289	117	300	30	33
E94ASxE5724	1.2	658	520	312	117	300	28	32
E94ASxE6354	1.1	718	567	327	117	300	25	29
E94ASxE6954	1.1	718	567	327	117	300	25	29

$R_{Bmin}$	Minimum brake resistance, nominal value $\pm 10\%$
$I_{BRmax}$	Peak current
$P_{BRmax}$	Peak braking power
$I_{BRd}$	Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables
$P_{Bd}$	Continuous braking power
$t_z$	Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time
$t_{on}$	Running time
$t_z - t_{on}$	Recovery time
$t_{fp}$	Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

### Note on the brake chopper data

Due to thermal load, the resistance value changes and therefore the dependent rated data as well.

The brake chopper can output the peak braking power maximally for the specified time  $t_{on}$  within a cycle time  $t_z$ .

The brake chopper can output the peak braking power from unloaded states once for the time  $t_{fp}$ , e. g. after mains connection or after a recovery time of  $> 5 \times t_z$ .

If the times are exceeded, the brake chopper is clocked so that only the continuous braking power is output. This serves to the protection of the brake chopper, however, it does not protect the brake resistor. The brake resistor connected can be protected separately by parameterisation (C00129 ... C00133) or a thermal contact.

Further information can be found in the software manual.

### 3.3.5 Fuses and cable cross-sections

The recommendations for the dimensioning of fuses and cable cross-sections apply to the operation of devices with the assigned typical motor ratings and indicated installation conditions.

In the case of other permissible operating modes, e.g. additional use of reserve power in the interconnected system, the dimensioning of fuses and cables must be adapted to the ratings and currents in accordance with the relevant technical standards.

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	230 ... 500	180 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 ... 65

#### Operation with external mains choke/mains filter

Type	Installation according to EN 60204-1 <sup>1)</sup>					Installation according to UL <sup>2)</sup>		FI <sup>3)</sup> [mA]
	① [A]	② [A]	L1, L2, L3 - Laying system			③ [A]	L1, L2, L3 [AWG]	
			B2 [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	C [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	F [mm <sup>2</sup> ]			
E94ASxE0024	C10	-	1,5	1,5	-	10	16	≥ 300
E94ASxE0034	C10	-	1,5	1,5	-	10	16	≥ 300
E94ASxE0044	C10	-	1,5	1,5	-	10	16	≥ 300
E94ASxE0074	C16	-	2,5	2,5	-	15	14	≥ 300
E94ASxE0134	C20	-	6	2,5	-	20	12	≥ 300
E94ASxE0174	C25	-	6	4	-	25	10	≥ 300
E94ASxE0244	C40	-	10	10	-	40	8	≥ 300

1) The data are recommendations. Other dimensioning/laying systems are possible (e.g. according to VDE 0298-4). The cable cross-sections apply under the following conditions: Use of PVC-insulated copper leads, conductor temperature < 70 °C, ambient temperature < 45 °C, no bundling of cables or cores, three loaded cores.

2) Only use UL-approved cables, fuses and fuse holders.

UL fuse: voltage 500 ... 600 V, observe specifications according to UL information

3) Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker, RCD type B

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

① Circuit breaker

② Fuse of gG/gL utilisation category or semiconductor fuses of gRL utilisation category

③ Fuse

Observe national and regional regulations

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Fuses and cable cross-sections

Operation without external mains choke/mains filter								
Type	Installation according to EN 60204-1 <sup>1)</sup>					Installation according to UL <sup>2)</sup>		FI <sup>3)</sup> [mA]
	①	②	L1, L2, L3 - Laying system			③	L1, L2, L3	
			B2 [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	C [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	F [mm <sup>2</sup> ]			
[A]	[A]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[A]	[AWG]	[mA]	
E94ASxE0024	C10	-	1,5	1,5	-	10	16	≥ 300
E94ASxE0034	C10	-	1.5	1.5	-	10	16	≥ 300
E94ASxE0044	C10	-	1.5	1.5	-	10	16	≥ 300
E94ASxE0074	C16	-	2.5	2.5	-	15	14	≥ 300
E94ASxE0134	C20	-	6	2.5	-	20	12	≥ 300
E94ASxE0174	C32	-	10	6	-	30	10	≥ 300
E94ASxE0244	C40	-	10	10	-	40	8	≥ 300
E94ASxE0324 <sup>4)</sup>	-	50	16	10	-	50	6	≥ 300
E94ASxE0474 <sup>4)</sup>	-	63	25	16	-	60	4	≥ 300
E94ASxE0594 <sup>4)</sup>	-	80	25	25	-	60	4	≥ 300
E94ASxE0864 <sup>4)</sup>	-	100	-	35	-	100	1	≥ 300
E94ASxE1044 <sup>4)</sup>	-	125	-	50	-	125	0	≥ 300
E94ASxE1454 <sup>4)</sup>	-	200	-	-	70	250	000	≥ 300
E94ASxE1724 <sup>4)</sup>	-	250	-	-	95	300	350 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE2024 <sup>4)</sup>	-	315	-	-	150	350	500 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE2454 <sup>4)</sup>	-	350	-	-	150	400	2 x 0000	≥ 300
E94ASxE2924 <sup>4)</sup>	-	400	-	-	185	500	2 x 250 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE3664 <sup>4)</sup>	-	500	-	-	240	630	2 x 350 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE4604 <sup>4)</sup>	-	2 x 350	-	-	2 x 150	700	2 x 500 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE5724 <sup>4)</sup>	-	2 x 400	-	-	2 x 185	900	2 x 600 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE6354 <sup>4)</sup>	-	2 x 450	-	-	2 x 240	900	2 x 600 mcm	≥ 300
E94ASxE6954 <sup>4)</sup>	-	2 x 500	-	-	2 x 240	900	2 x 600 mcm	≥ 300

1) The data are recommendations. Other dimensioning/laying systems are possible (e.g. according to VDE 0298-4). The cable cross-sections apply under the following conditions: Use of PVC-insulated copper leads, conductor temperature < 70 °C, ambient temperature < 45°C, no bundling of cables or cores, three loaded cores.

2) Only use UL-approved cables, fuses and fuse holders.

UL fuse: voltage 500 ... 600 V, observe specifications according to UL information

3) Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker, RCD type B

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

4) Device with integrated mains choke

① Circuit breaker

② Fuse of gG/gL utilisation category or semiconductor fuses of gRL utilisation category

③ Fuse

Observe national and regional regulations

### 3.3.6 Overcurrent operation

The controllers are designed for two overcurrent modes:

► 5 s cycle ①

- 0.5 s load time with peak current **A**
- 4.5 s recovery time with limited current **B**

For E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954 devices, the cycle time has been increased to 60 s:

- 10 s load time with peak current **A**
- 50 s recovery time with limited current **B**

► 3-min cycle ②

- 1 min load time with peak current **C**
- 2 min recovery time with limited current **D**

A load period must be followed by a recovery time. During the recovery time the current must not exceed the value given.

The values given refer to the rated output current  $I_{aN8}$ .

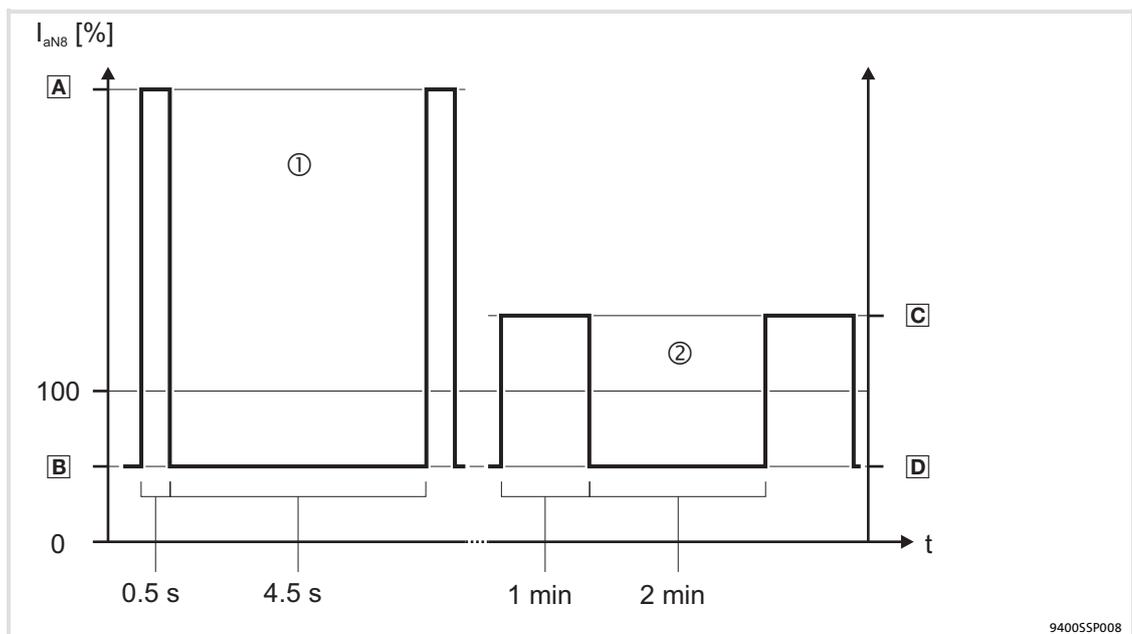


Fig. 3-1 Overcurrent capacity at 45° C

- |          |   |               |
|----------|---|---------------|
| <b>A</b> | Peak current for 0.5 s                      | ① 5-s cycle   |
| <b>B</b> | Max. current in the recovery time for 4.5 s |               |
| <b>C</b> | Peak current for 1 min                      | ② 3-min cycle |
| <b>D</b> | Max. current in the recovery time for 2 min |               |

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Overcurrent operation

### 230 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 5 seconds ①							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
E94ASxE0024	6.0	1.4	6.0	1.4	4.8	1.1	-	-
E94ASxE0034	10.0	2.3	10.0	2.3	8.0	1.9	-	-
E94ASxE0044	16.0	3.8	16.0	3.8	12.8	3.0	-	-
E94ASxE0074	21.0	6.6	21.0	6.6	16.8	5.3	-	-
E94ASxE0134	39.0	12.2	39.0	12.2	31.2	9.8	-	-
E94ASxE0174	49.5	15.5	49.5	15.5	39.6	12.4	-	-
E94ASxE0244	58.8	22.0	58.8	22.0	47.0	17.6	-	-
E94ASxE0324	76.8	28.8	76.8	28.8	64.0	24.0	-	-
E94ASxE0474	94.0	35.3	94.0	35.3	81.8	30.6	-	-
E94ASxE0594	118	44.3	118	44.3	82.0	30.7	-	-
E94ASxE0864	172	64.5	172	64.5	146	55.0	-	-
E94ASxE1044	208	78.0	208	78.0	156	58.2	-	-
E94ASxE1454	261	109	261	109	196	81.2	-	-
E94ASxE1724	310	129	310	129	232	96.3	-	-
E94ASxE2024	364	152	364	152	273	113	-	-
E94ASxE2454	441	184	377	157	289	120	-	-
E94ASxE2924	526	219	450	187	345	143	-	-
E94ASxE3664	659	275	564	234	432	179	-	-
E94ASxE4604	828	345	662	276	469	193	-	-
E94ASxE5724	1030	429	824	343	515	217	-	-
E94ASxE6354	1143	476	914	381	572	241	-	-
E94ASxE6954	1251	521	1001	417	626	264	-	-

**230 V**

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 3 minutes ②							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
E94ASxE0024	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4	2.3	1.1	-	-
E94ASxE0034	4.7	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.8	1.9	-	-
E94ASxE0044	7.5	3.8	7.5	3.8	6.0	3.0	-	-
E94ASxE0074	13.2	6.6	13.2	6.6	10.5	5.3	-	-
E94ASxE0134	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	19.5	9.8	-	-
E94ASxE0174	31.0	15.5	31.0	15.5	24.8	12.4	-	-
E94ASxE0244	44.2	22.1	44.2	22.1	35.3	17.6	-	-
E94ASxE0324	57.6	28.8	57.6	28.8	48.0	24.0	-	-
E94ASxE0474	70.5	35.3	70.5	35.3	61.6	30.6	-	-
E94ASxE0594	88.5	44.3	88.5	44.3	61.4	30.7	-	-
E94ASxE0864	129	64.5	129	64.5	109	55.0	-	-
E94ASxE1044	156	78.0	156	78.0	118	58.2	-	-
E94ASxE1454	218	109	218	109	164	81.2	-	-
E94ASxE1724	258	129	258	129	194	96.3	-	-
E94ASxE2024	303	152	303	152	228	113	-	-
E94ASxE2454	368	184	314	157	240	120	-	-
E94ASxE2924	438	219	374	187	286	143	-	-
E94ASxE3664	549	275	468	234	359	179	-	-
E94ASxE4604	690	345	552	276	391	193	-	-
E94ASxE5724	858	429	686	343	429	217	-	-
E94ASxE6354	953	476	762	381	476	241	-	-
E94ASxE6954	1043	521	834	417	521	264	-	-

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Overcurrent operation

### 400 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 5 seconds ①							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
E94ASxE0024	6.0	1.4	6.0	1.4	4.8	1.1	-	-
E94ASxE0034	10.0	2.3	10.0	2.3	8.0	1.9	-	-
E94ASxE0044	16.0	3.8	16.0	3.8	12.8	3.0	-	-
E94ASxE0074	21.0	6.6	21.0	6.6	16.8	5.3	-	-
E94ASxE0134	39.0	12.2	39.0	12.2	31.2	9.8	-	-
E94ASxE0174	49.5	15.5	49.5	15.5	39.6	12.4	-	-
E94ASxE0244	58.8	22.0	58.8	22.0	47.0	17.6	-	-
E94ASxE0324	76.8	28.8	76.8	28.8	64.0	24.0	-	-
E94ASxE0474	94.0	35.3	94.0	35.3	81.8	30.6	-	-
E94ASxE0594	118	44.3	118	44.3	82.0	30.7	-	-
E94ASxE0864	172	64.5	172	64.5	146	55.0	-	-
E94ASxE1044	208	78.0	208	78.0	156	58.2	-	-
E94ASxE1454	261	109	261	109	196	81.2	-	-
E94ASxE1724	310	129	310	129	232	96.3	-	-
E94ASxE2024	364	152	364	152	273	113	-	-
E94ASxE2454	441	184	377	157	289	120	-	-
E94ASxE2924	526	219	450	187	345	143	-	-
E94ASxE3664	659	275	564	234	432	179	-	-
E94ASxE4604	828	345	662	276	469	193	-	-
E94ASxE5724	1030	429	824	343	515	217	-	-
E94ASxE6354	1143	476	914	381	572	241	-	-
E94ASxE6954	1251	521	1001	417	626	264	-	-

**400 V**

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 3 minutes ②							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
E94ASxE0024	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4	2.3	1.1	-	-
E94ASxE0034	4.7	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.8	1.9	-	-
E94ASxE0044	7.5	3.8	7.5	3.8	6.0	3.0	-	-
E94ASxE0074	13.2	6.6	13.2	6.6	10.5	5.3	-	-
E94ASxE0134	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	19.5	9.8	-	-
E94ASxE0174	31.0	15.5	31.0	15.5	24.8	12.4	-	-
E94ASxE0244	44.2	22.1	44.2	22.1	35.3	17.6	-	-
E94ASxE0324	57.6	28.8	57.6	28.8	48.0	24.0	-	-
E94ASxE0474	70.5	35.3	70.5	35.3	61.6	30.6	-	-
E94ASxE0594	88.5	44.3	88.5	44.3	61.4	30.7	-	-
E94ASxE0864	129	64.5	129	64.5	109	55.0	-	-
E94ASxE1044	156	78.0	156	78.0	118	58.2	-	-
E94ASxE1454	218	109	218	109	164	81.2	-	-
E94ASxE1724	258	129	258	129	194	96.3	-	-
E94ASxE2024	303	152	303	152	228	113	-	-
E94ASxE2454	368	184	314	157	240	120	-	-
E94ASxE2924	438	219	374	187	286	143	-	-
E94ASxE3664	549	275	468	234	359	179	-	-
E94ASxE4604	690	345	552	276	391	193	-	-
E94ASxE5724	858	429	686	343	429	217	-	-
E94ASxE6354	953	476	762	381	476	241	-	-
E94ASxE6954	1043	521	834	417	521	264	-	-

## Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Overcurrent operation

### 500 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 5 seconds ①							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
E94ASxE0024	6.0	1.4	6.0	1.4	4.2	1.0	-	-
E94ASxE0034	10.0	2.3	10.0	2.3	7.0	1.6	-	-
E94ASxE0044	16.0	3.8	16.0	3.8	11.2	2.6	-	-
E94ASxE0074	21.0	6.6	21.0	6.6	14.7	4.6	-	-
E94ASxE0134	39.0	12.2	39.0	12.2	27.3	8.5	-	-
E94ASxE0174	49.5	15.5	49.5	15.5	34.7	10.8	-	-
E94ASxE0244	58.8	22.0	58.8	22.0	41.1	15.4	-	-
E94ASxE0324	76.8	28.8	76.8	28.8	56.0	21.0	-	-
E94ASxE0474	94.0	35.3	94.0	35.3	71.6	26.7	-	-
E94ASxE0594	118	44.3	118	44.3	71.8	26.8	-	-
E94ASxE0864	172	64.5	172	64.5	128	48.2	-	-
E94ASxE1044	208	78.0	208	78.0	137	51.0	-	-
E94ASxE1454	261	109	261	109	196	81.2	-	-
E94ASxE1724	310	129	310	129	232	96.3	-	-
E94ASxE2024	364	152	364	152	273	113	-	-
E94ASxE2454	441	184	377	157	289	120	-	-
E94ASxE2924	526	219	450	187	345	143	-	-
E94ASxE3664	659	275	564	234	432	179	-	-
E94ASxE4604	828	345	662	276	469	193	-	-
E94ASxE5724	1030	429	824	343	515	217	-	-
E94ASxE6354	1143	476	914	381	572	241	-	-
E94ASxE6954	1251	521	1001	417	626	264	-	-

**500 V**

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 3 minutes ②							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
E94ASxE0024	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4	2.0	1.0	-	-
E94ASxE0034	4.7	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.3	1.6	-	-
E94ASxE0044	7.5	3.8	7.5	3.8	5.3	2.6	-	-
E94ASxE0074	13.2	6.6	13.2	6.6	9.2	4.6	-	-
E94ASxE0134	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	17.1	8.5	-	-
E94ASxE0174	31.0	15.5	31.0	15.5	21.7	10.8	-	-
E94ASxE0244	44.2	22.1	44.2	22.1	30.8	15.4	-	-
E94ASxE0324	57.6	28.8	57.6	28.8	42.0	21.0	-	-
E94ASxE0474	70.5	35.3	70.5	35.3	53.9	26.7	-	-
E94ASxE0594	88.5	44.3	88.5	44.3	53.7	26.8	-	-
E94ASxE0864	129	64.5	129	64.5	96	48.2	-	-
E94ASxE1044	156	78.0	156	78.0	103	51.0	-	-
E94ASxE1454	218	109	218	109	164	81.2	-	-
E94ASxE1724	258	129	258	129	194	96.3	-	-
E94ASxE2024	303	152	303	152	228	113	-	-
E94ASxE2454	368	184	314	157	240	120	-	-
E94ASxE2924	438	219	374	187	286	143	-	-
E94ASxE3664	549	275	468	234	359	179	-	-
E94ASxE4604	690	345	552	276	391	193	-	-
E94ASxE5724	858	429	686	343	429	217	-	-
E94ASxE6354	953	476	762	381	476	241	-	-
E94ASxE6954	1043	521	834	417	521	264	-	-

**3.3.7 Current-time diagrams**

In addition to the data for overcurrent operation within the 5-s cycle or 3-min cycle, here you are provided with information on the dimensioning of application-oriented cycles.

By means of the following information you determine permissible load periods with overcurrents and required recovery times with limited currents. If the currents and times determined are observed, the Ixt monitoring function for the protection of the devices will not respond.

**Characteristics**

The following characteristics ("Current-time diagrams") describe the device utilisation via amperage and the duration of current flow.

The left part of the diagram (negative time data) represents the overload phase, while the right part of the diagram (positive time data) shows the relieving phase.

Devices with an identical Ixt behaviour are combined within a diagram. A second diagram enlarges a cutout area to improve the clearness of display.

**Requirements**▶ **Switching frequency**

The curves shown always refer to the variable rated switching frequency ( $f_{\text{chopp}}$ ) at which the rated device current is permissible permanently. As this rated switching frequencies are different for the individual devices, they are specified with the diagrams. This means that the switching frequency is reduced automatically during the overload phase. During the recovery phase the switching frequency set is maintained.

▶ **Mains voltage**

In the diagrams a mains voltage of  $U_N = 400 \text{ V}$  was assumed. Where applicable, a current derating depending on the mains voltage may be necessary for the devices, depending on the switching frequency that is reached. This means that the currents are weighted differently in the Ixt monitoring. The devices for which a derating is required can be gathered from the "Rated values" section. The continuous currents specified there then are the 100% values which are required for working with the diagrams.

▶ **Ambient temperature**

The ambient temperature may be maximally  $T_{\text{Amb}} < 45 \text{ °C}$ . In the case of higher ambient temperatures the reduced continuous currents have to be taken into consideration.

▶ **Output frequency**

In the diagrams an output frequency (= field frequency)  $f_{\text{out}} > 5 \text{ Hz}$  has been assumed. In the case of smaller output frequencies ( $f_{\text{out}} = 0 \dots 5 \text{ Hz}$ ), a different switching frequency results in a different device utilisation due to a different continuous current. When the diagrams were created, this device behaviour was not taken into consideration.

If a fixed switching frequency  $f > 4 \text{ kHz}$  is selected, the reduction of the permissible continuous current has to be considered (100 % = reduced continuous current) for smaller output frequencies ( $f_{\text{out}} = 0 \dots 5 \text{ Hz}$ ).

**Application example**

## ► Drive task

- A current  $I_{ol} = 4.0 \text{ A}$  is required for a time  $t_{ol} = 3 \text{ s}$ .
- During the recovery phase there is a current  $I_{re} = 1.0 \text{ A}$ .
- During the overload phase a switching frequency of 4 kHz is accepted.
- The switching frequency during the recovery phase is to be 8 kHz.
- The mains voltage is 400 V.
- The times with output frequencies under 5 Hz are insignificant.

## ► Problem

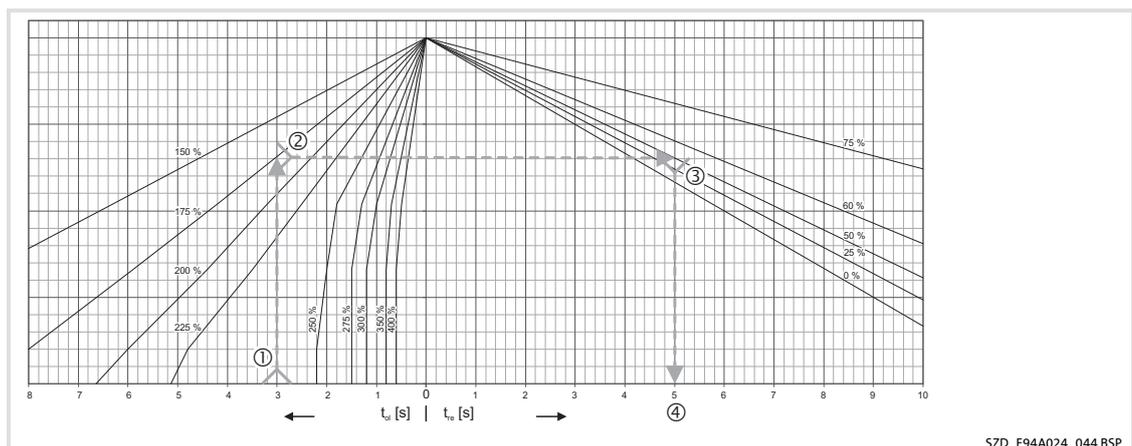
- How long does the recovery phase  $t_{re}$  have to be when the E94AxxE0034 controller is used?

## ► The currents required are based on the rated device current:

- $I_{ol} = 4.0 \text{ A} / 2.5 \text{ A} = 160 \%$  - selected characteristic: 175 %
- $I_{re} = 1.0 \text{ A} / 2.5 \text{ A} = 40 \%$  - selected characteristic: 50 %
- Because of the short overcurrent time  $t_{ol} = 3 \text{ s}$ , the cutout diagram of the E94AxxE0034 device is taken into consideration.
- The switching frequency  $f_{chopp} = 8 \text{ kHz}$ , var does not have to be considered separately.

## ► Procedure within the diagram

- ① Starting from the time axis at  $t_{ol} = 3 \text{ s}$ , a perpendicular line is drawn to the selected characteristic at 175 % (corresponds to the minimum required current  $I_{ol}$ ).
- ② Draw a straight line from the point of intersection horizontally to the right to the selected characteristic, the recovery phase, at 50 %.
- ③ Draw a perpendicular line from the point of intersection back to the time axis.
- ④ Read the minimum required duration of recovery on the time axis.



## ► Result in the example

- The duration of recovery has to be at least  $t_{re} = 5 \text{ s}$ !

## Guide

Type	Diagram
E94AxxE0024	Page  71  Fig. 3-2/  Fig. 3-3
E94AxxE0034	
E94AxxE0044	
E94AxxE0074	Page  72  Fig. 3-4/  Fig. 3-5
E94AxxE0134	
E94AxxE0174	
E94AxxE0244	
E94AMxE0324	
E94ASxE0324	Page  73  Fig. 3-6/  Fig. 3-7
E94AxxE0474	Page  74  Fig. 3-8/  Fig. 3-9
E94AxxE0594	
E94AxxE0864	Page  75  Fig. 3-10/  Fig. 3-11
E94AxxE1044	
E94AxxE1454	
E94AxxE1724	Page  76  Fig. 3-12/  Fig. 3-13
E94AxxE2024	
E94AxxE2454	
E94AxxE2924	
E94AxxE3664	
E94AxxE4604	
E94AxxE5724	
E94AxxE6354	
E94AxxE6954	

E94AxxE0024 ... E94AxxE0044

Type	$U_r$ [V]	100 % [A]	$f_{chopp}$ [Setting]
E94AxxE0024	400	1.5	8 kHz var
E94AxxE0034		2.5	
E94AxxE0044		4.0	

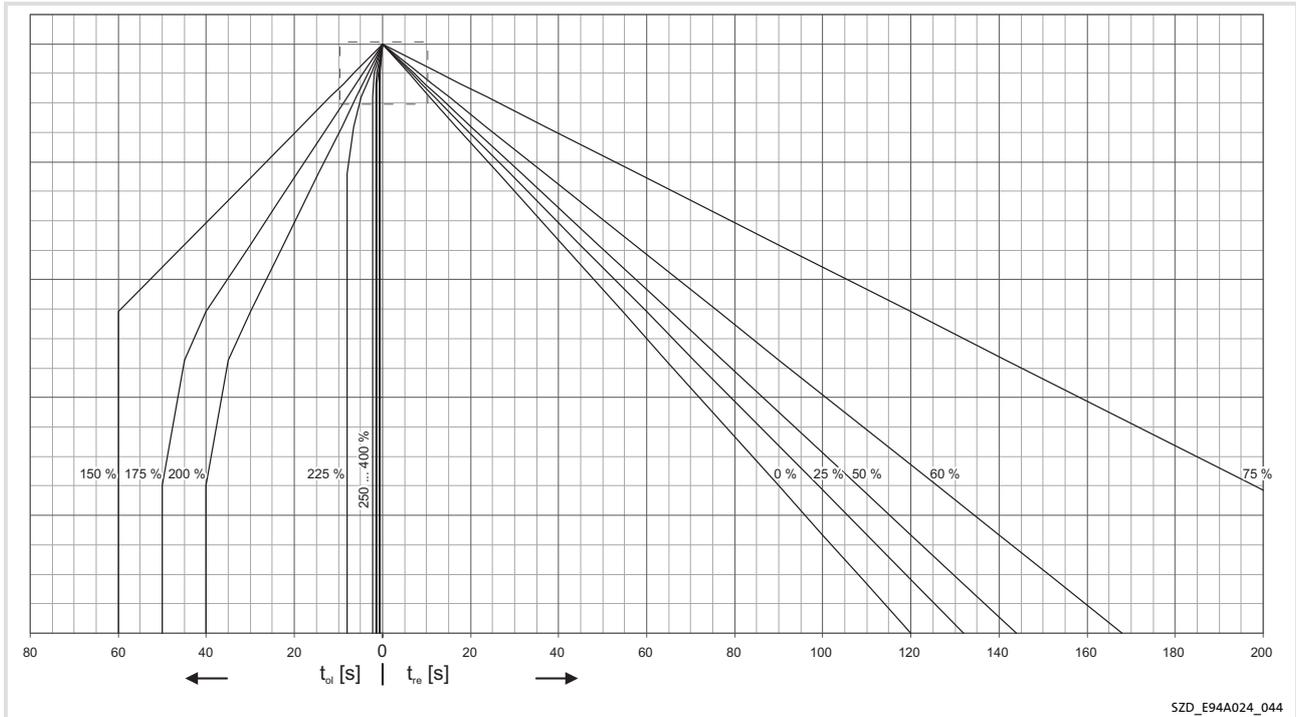


Fig. 3-2 Diagram for E94AxxE0024 and E94AxxE0044

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase

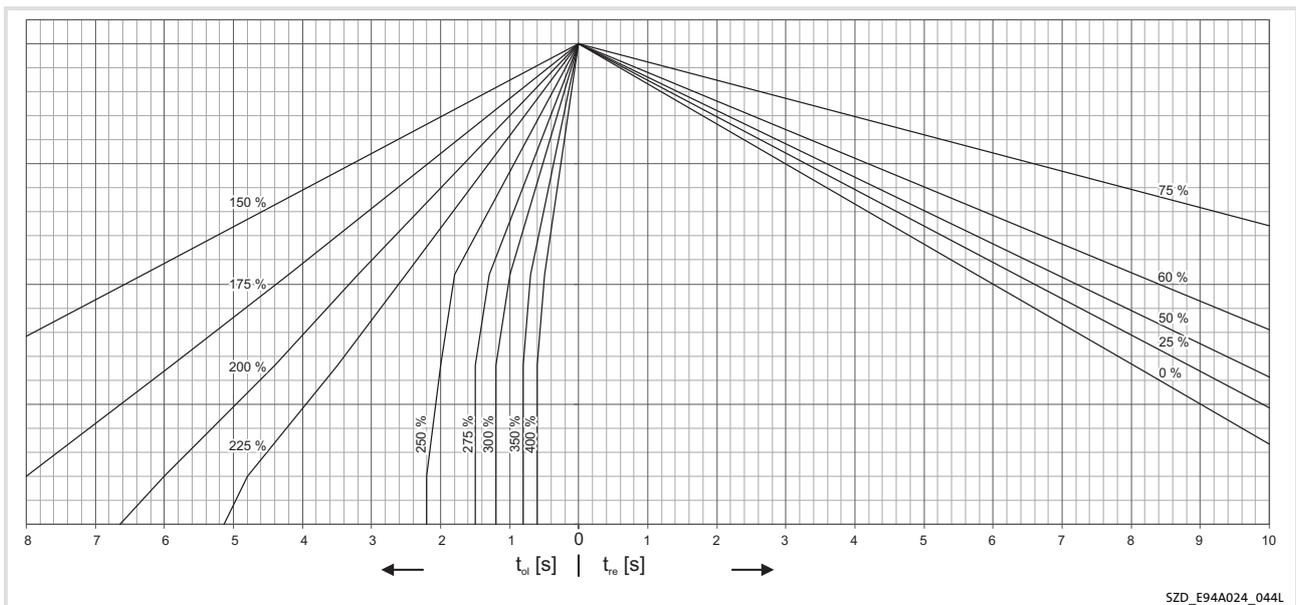


Fig. 3-3 Area cutout for E94AxxE0024 and E94AxxE0044

### Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Current-time diagrams

#### E94AxxE0074 ... E94AxxE0244 E94AMxE0324

Type	$U_r$ [V]	100 % [A]	$f_{chopp}$ [Setting]
E94AxxE0074	400	7.0	8 kHz var
E94AMxE0094		9.3	8 kHz var
E94AxxE0134		13.0	8 kHz var
E94AxxE0174		16.5	
E94AxxE0244		23.5	8 kHz var
E94AMxE0324		32.0	

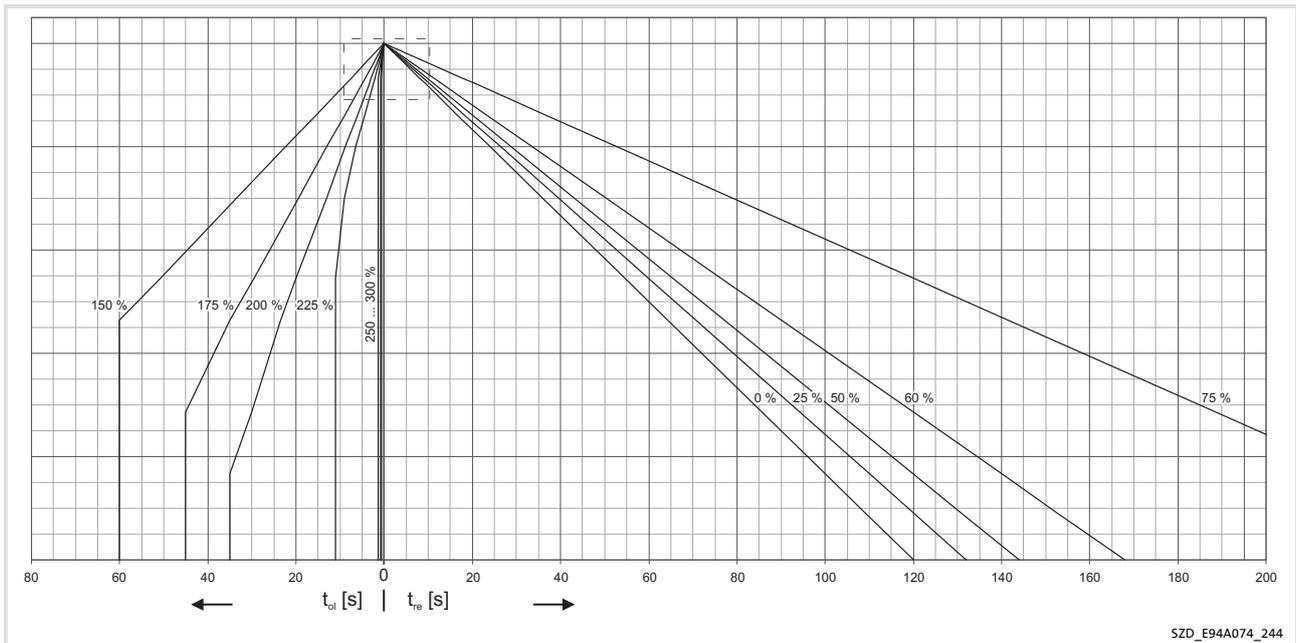
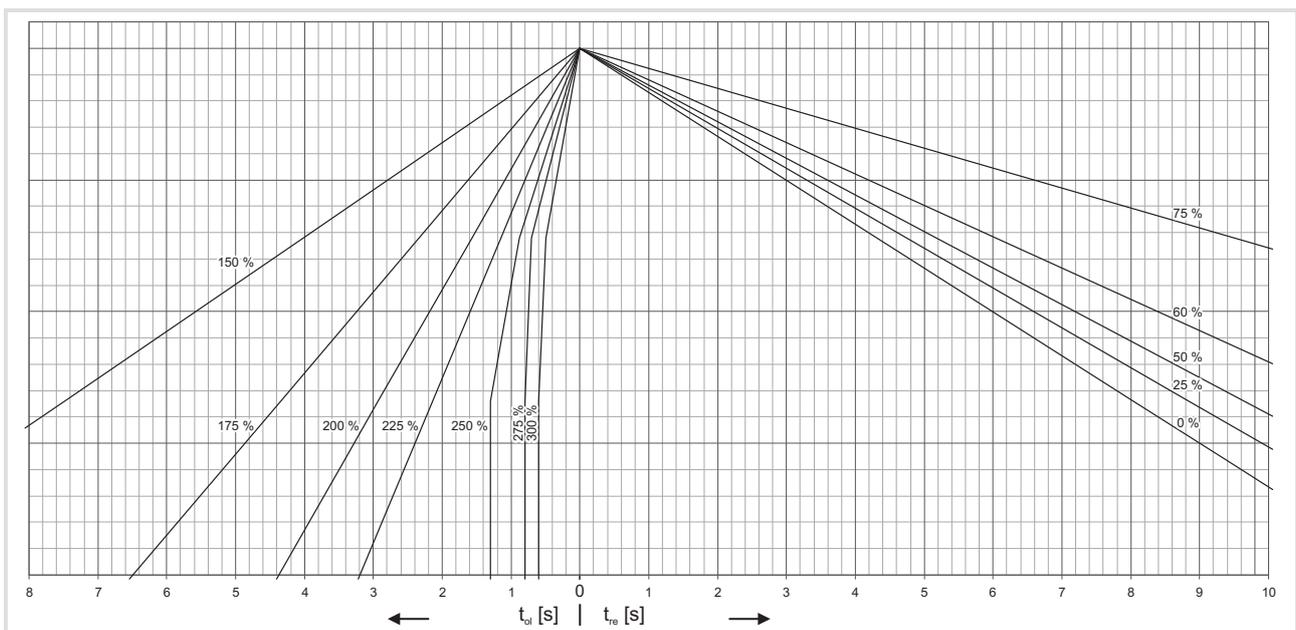


Fig. 3-4 Diagram for E94AxxE0074 ... E94AxxE0244, E94AMxE0324

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase

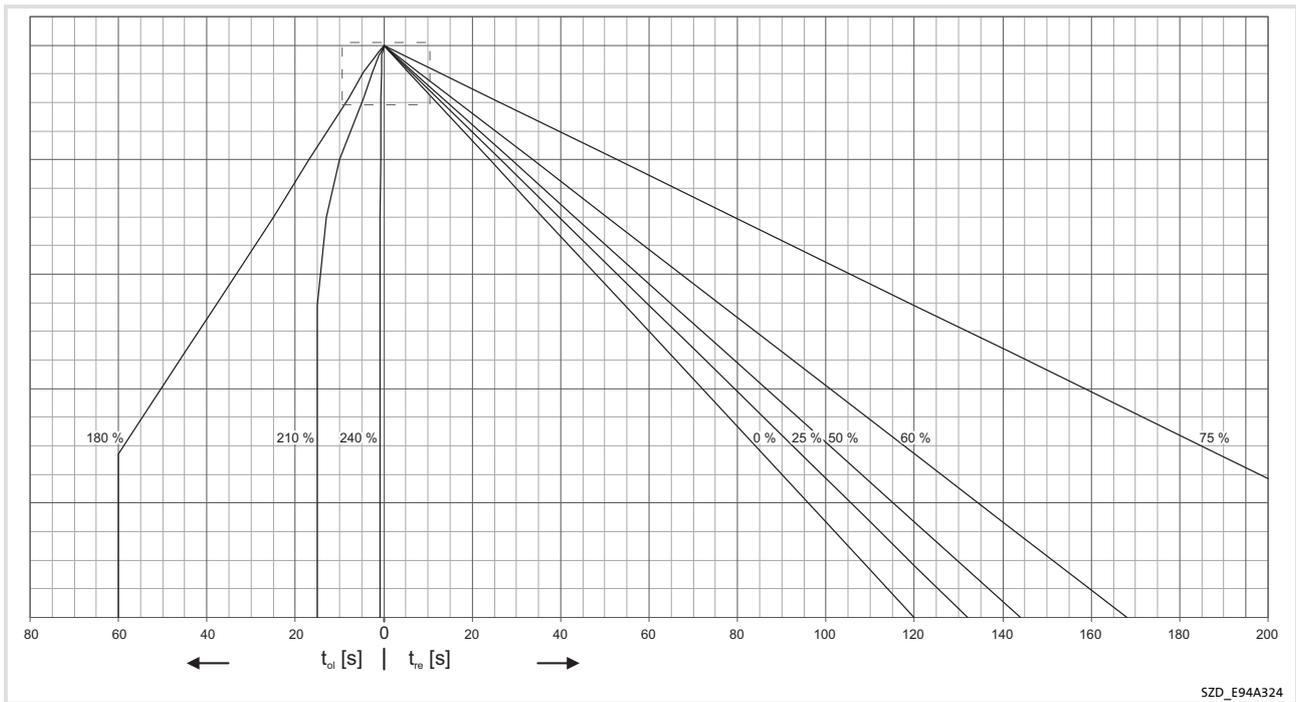


SZD\_E94A074\_244L

Fig. 3-5 Area cutout for E94AxxE0074 ... E94AxxE0244, E94AMxE0324

**E94AxxE0324**

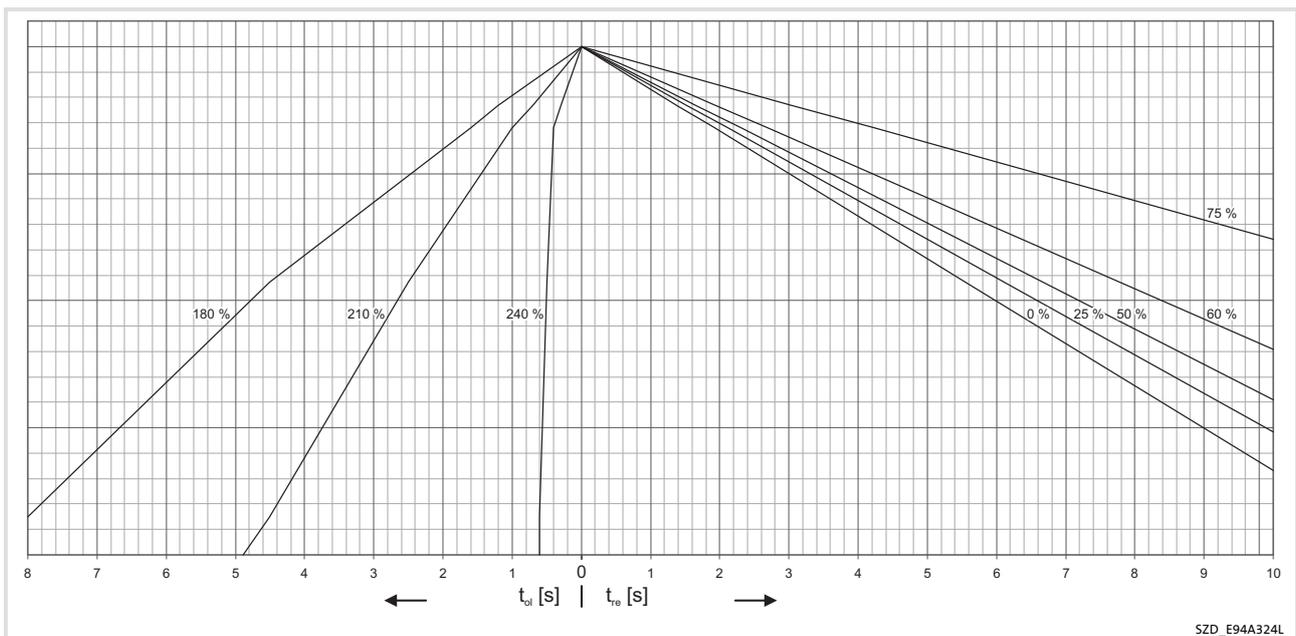
Type	$U_r$ [V]	100 % [A]	$f_{chopp}$ [Setting]
E94AxxE0324	400	32.0	4 kHz var



SZD\_E94A324

Fig. 3-6 Diagram for E94AxxE0324

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase



SZD\_E94A324L

Fig. 3-7 Area cutout for E94AxxE0324

### Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Current-time diagrams

#### E94AxxE0474 and E94AxxE0594

Type	$U_r$	100 %	$f_{chopp}$
	[V]	[A]	[Setting]
E94AxxE0474	400	47.0	4 kHz var
E94AxxE0594		59.0	

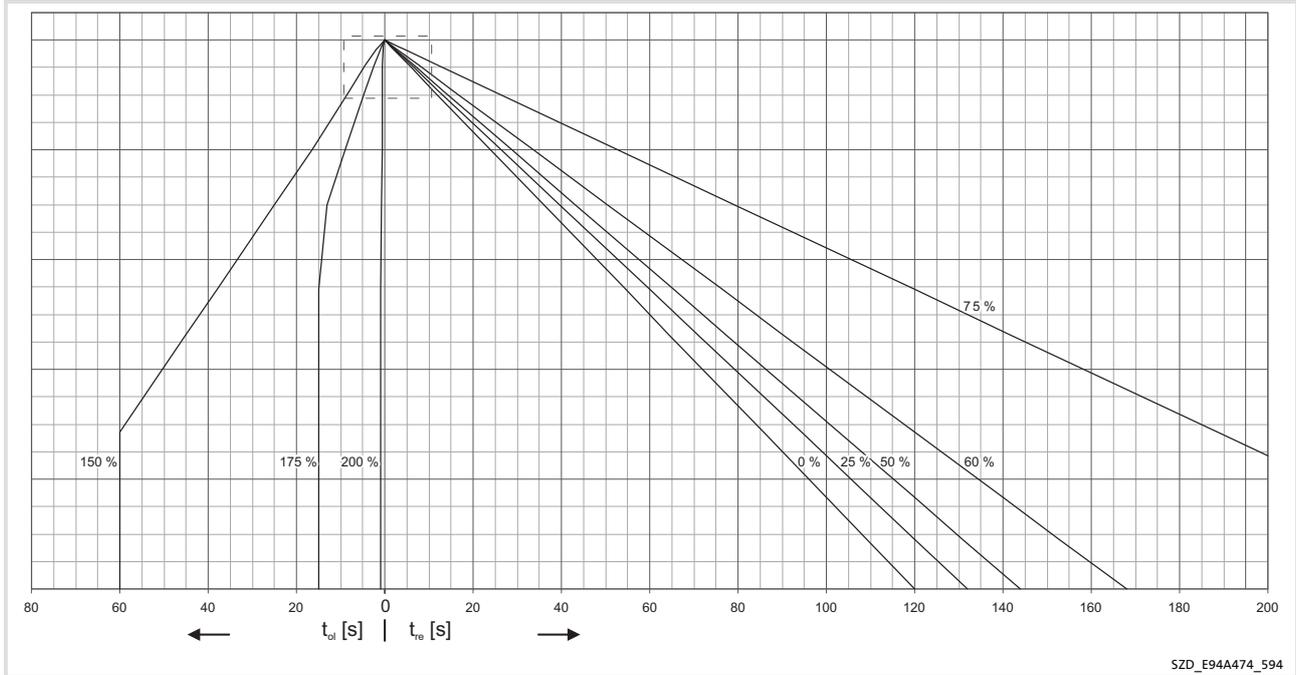


Fig. 3-8 Diagram for E94AxxE0474 and E94AxxE0594

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase

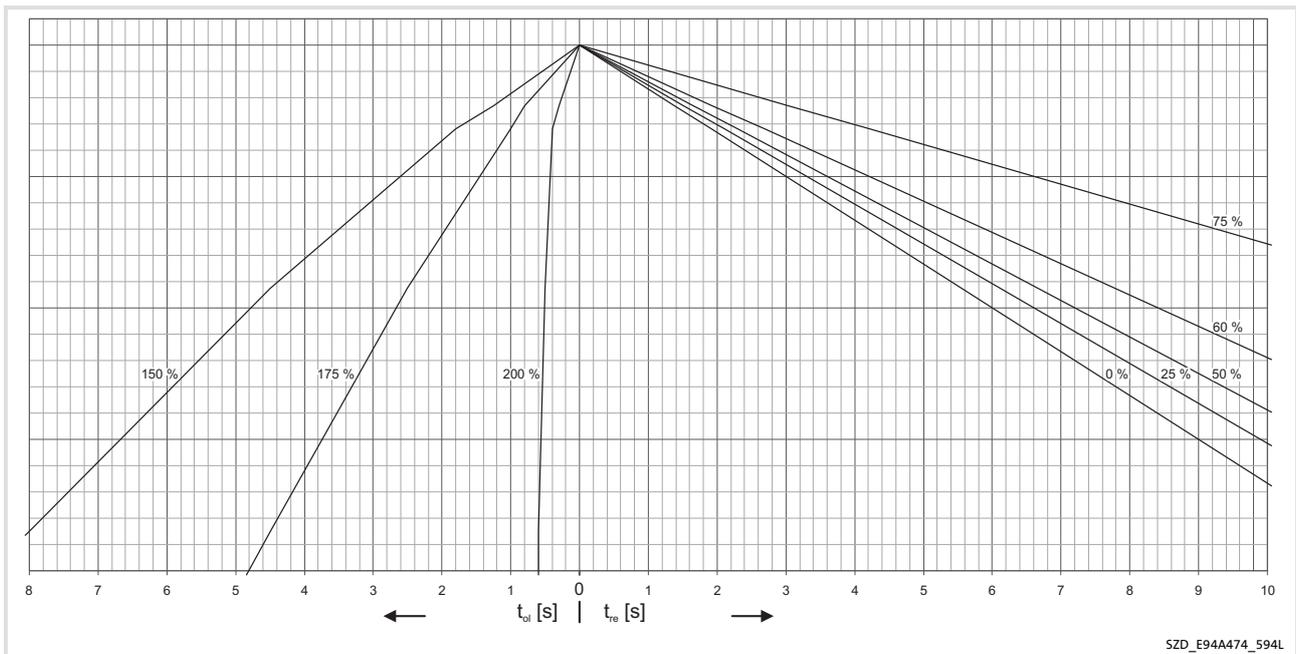
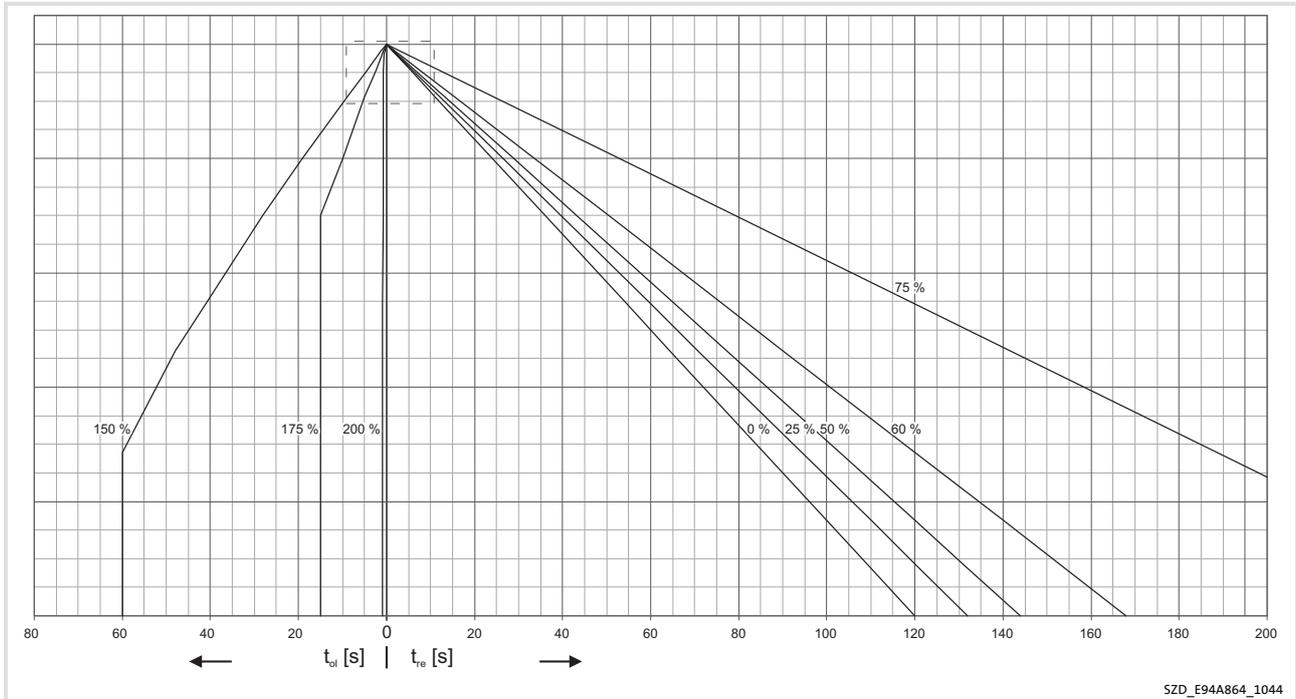


Fig. 3-9 Area cutout for E94AxxE0474 and E94AxxE0594

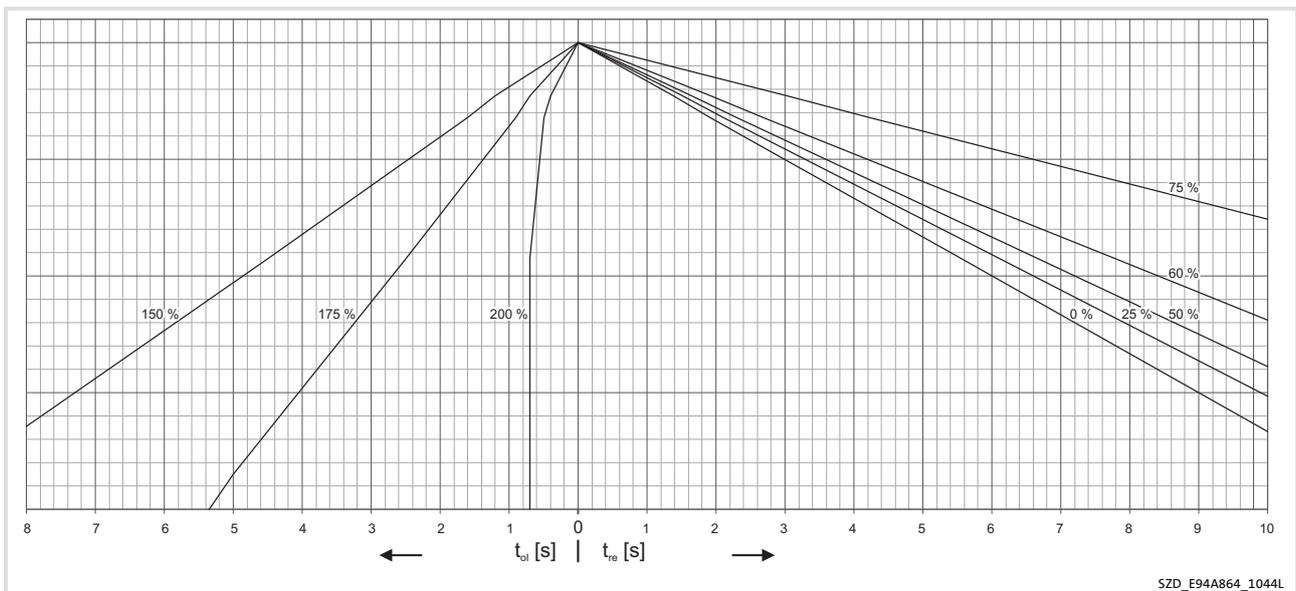
**E94AxxE0864 and E94AxxE1044**

Type	$U_r$	100 %	$f_{chopp}$
	[V]	[A]	[Setting]
E94AxxE0864	400	86.0	4 kHz var
E94AxxE1044		104	



**Fig. 3-10** Diagram for E94AxxE0864 and E94AxxE1044

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase



**Fig. 3-11** Area cutout for E94AxxE0864 and E94AxxE1044

### Single-axis controllers

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Current-time diagrams

#### E94AxxE1454 ... E94AxxE6954

Type	$U_r$	100 %	$f_{chopp}$
	[V]	[A]	[Setting]
E94AxxE1454	400	145	4 kHz var
E94AxxE1724		172	
E94AxxE2024		202	
E94AxxE2454	400	245	2 kHz var
E94AxxE2924		292	
E94AxxE3664		366	
E94AxxE4604		460	
E94AxxE5724		572	
E94AxxE6354		635	
E94AxxE6954		695	

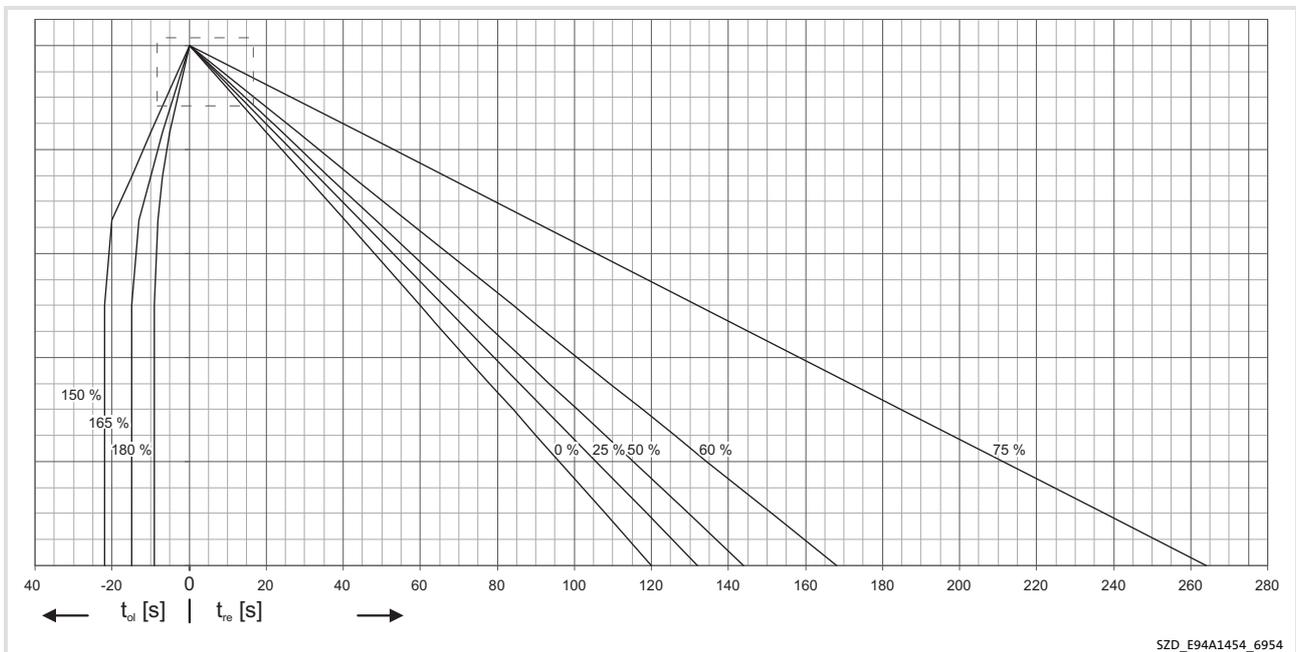


Fig. 3-12 Diagram for E94AxxE1454 ... E94AxxE6954

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase

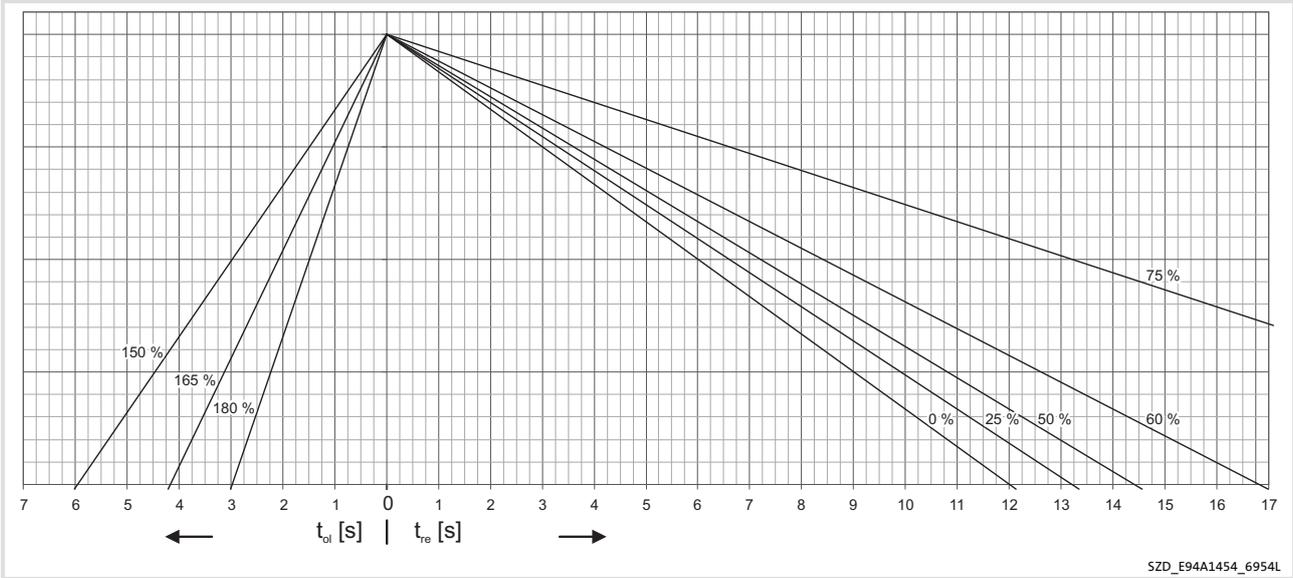


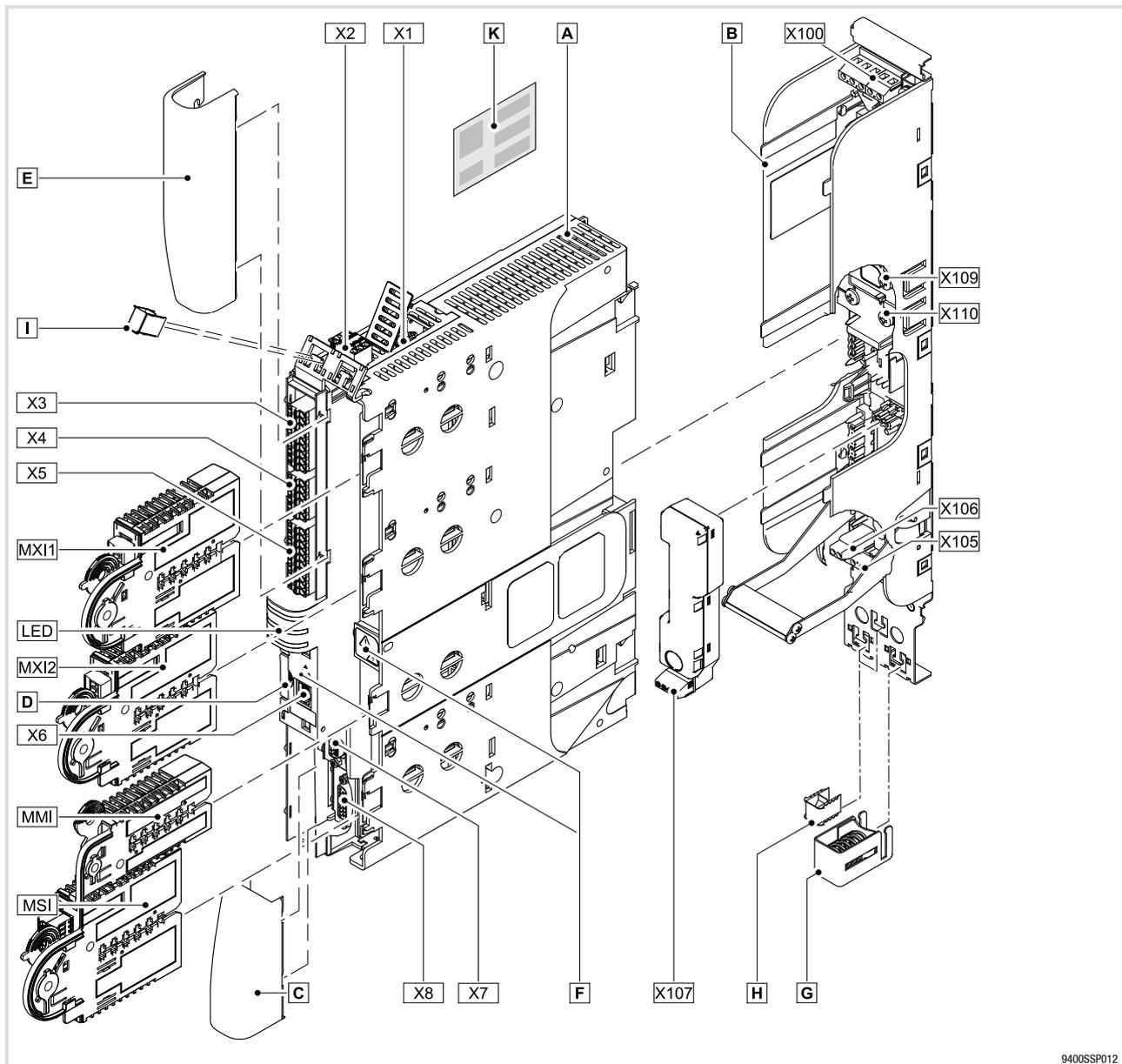
Fig. 3-13 Area cutout for E94AxxE1454 ... E94AxxE6954

## **3**      **Single-axis controllers** Device description

### **3.4**      **Device description**

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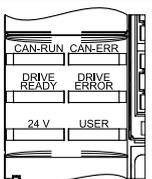
## 3.4.1 Devices in the range 2 ... 24 A (0.37 ... 11 kW)



9400SP012

Standard device <sup>A</sup>	
Pos.	Description
MXI1	Module receptacle for extension 1, e.g. communication
MXI2	Module receptacle for extension 2, e.g. communication
MMI	Module receptacle for memory modules
MSI	Module receptacle for safety equipment
X1	System bus (CAN), under the cover
X2	24 V supply and statebus
X3	Analog inputs and analog outputs
X4	Digital outputs
X5	Digital inputs
X6	Diagnostics
X7	Resolver
X8	Encoder
<sup>C</sup>	Lower cover
<sup>D</sup>	Retractable nameplate
<sup>E</sup>	Upper cover
<sup>I</sup>	EMC clip
<sup>K</sup>	Prominent warning label close to the device!

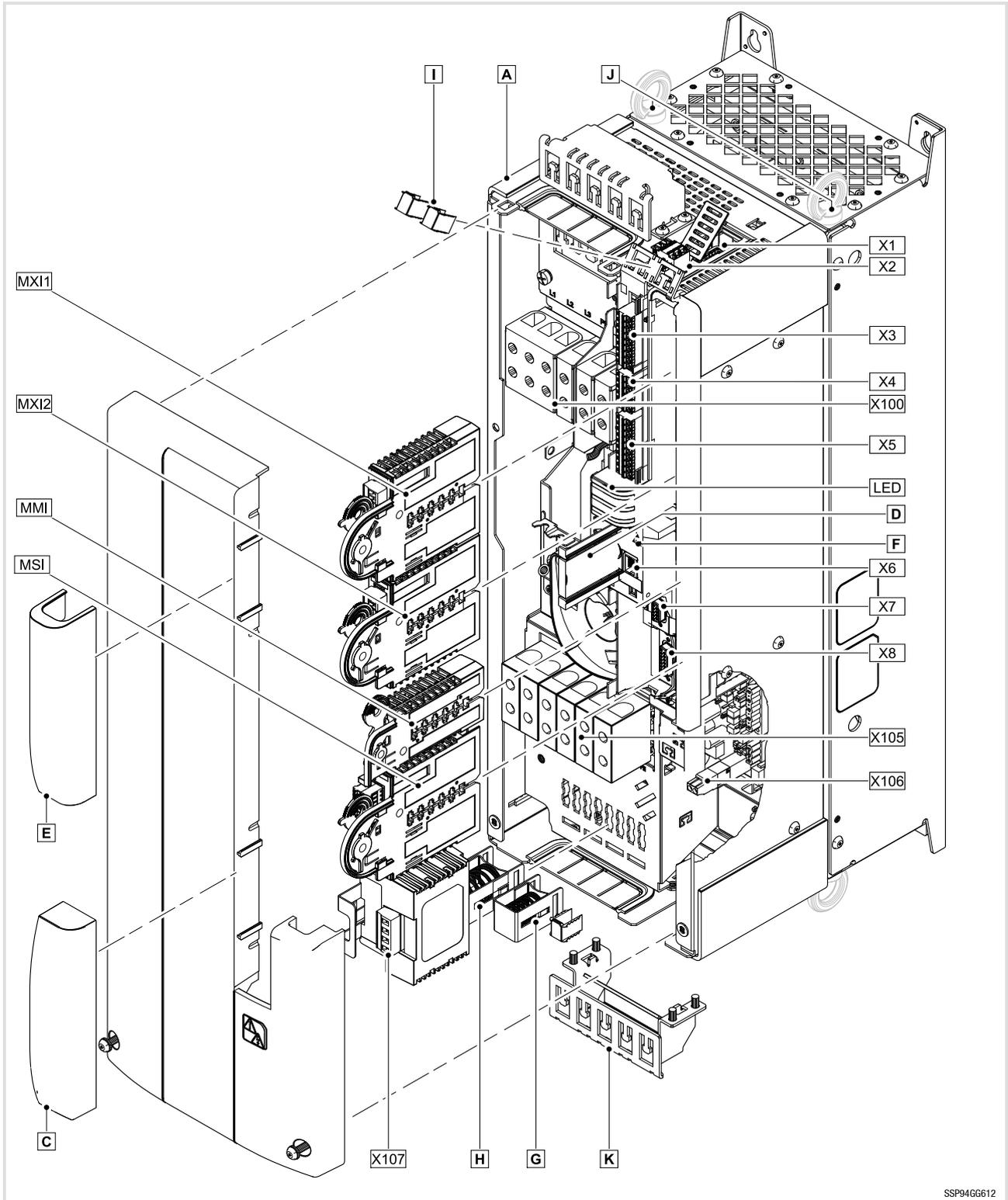
The LED display enables fast indication of several operating states.

LED	Labelling	Colour	Description
 SSP94LED01	CAN-RUN	green	CAN bus ok
	CAN-ERR	red	CAN bus error
	DRIVE READY	green	Standard device is ready for operation
	DRIVE ERROR	red	Error in the standard device or application-induced
	24 V	green	24 V supply voltage ok
	USER	yellow	Message parameterised by the application

Pos.	Symbol	Description
<sup>F</sup>		<b>Long discharge time:</b> All power terminals carry hazardous voltages for at least 3 minutes after mains disconnection!
		<b>High discharge current:</b> Fixed installation and PE connection to EN 61800-5-1 required!
		<b>Electrostatic sensitive devices:</b> Before working on the device, personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge!

Installation backplane <sup>B</sup>	
Pos.	Description
X100	Mains / DC-bus voltage
X105	Motor / external brake resistor
X106	Motor temperature monitoring
X107	Control of motor holding brake
X109	DC busbar +
X110	DC busbar -
<sup>G</sup>	EMC wire clamp (for device sizes 2 + 3), replaces 1 x <sup>H</sup>
<sup>H</sup>	EMC shield clamp

3.4.2 Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)



### 3

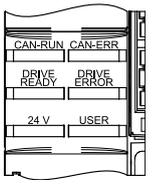
## Single-axis controllers

### Device description

Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)

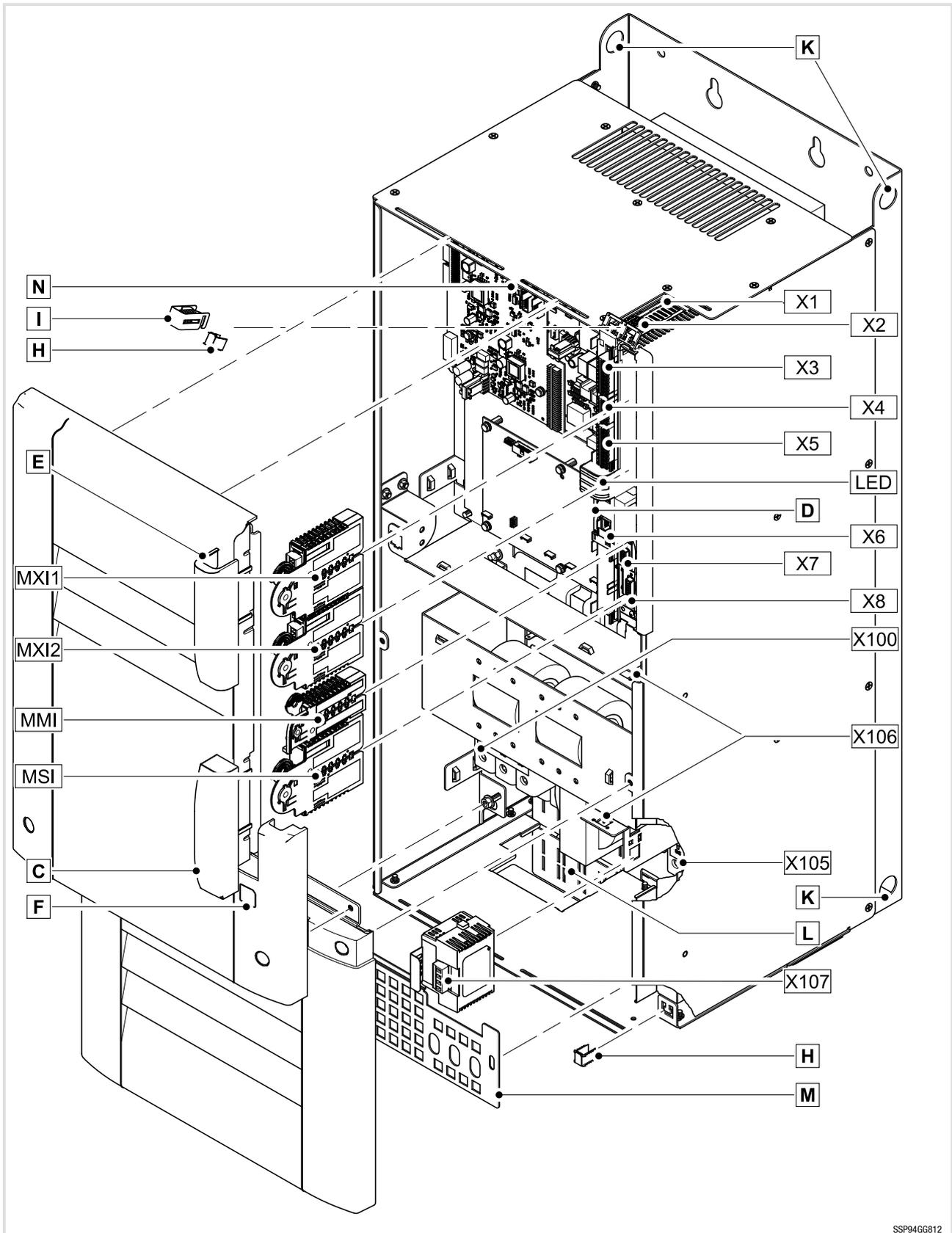
Standard device <sup>A</sup>	
Pos.	Description
MXI1	Module receptacle for extension 1, e.g. communication
MXI2	Module receptacle for extension 2, e.g. communication
MMI	Module receptacle for memory modules
MSI	Module receptacle for safety equipment
X1	System bus (CAN), under the cover
X2	24 V supply and statebus
X3	Analog inputs and analog outputs
X4	Digital outputs
X5	Digital inputs
X6	Diagnostics
X7	Resolver
X8	Encoder
<sup>C</sup>	Lower cover
<sup>D</sup>	Retractable nameplate
<sup>E</sup>	Upper cover
<sup>I</sup>	EMC clip
<sup>K</sup>	Prominent warning label close to the device!
X100	Mains / DC-bus voltage
X105	Motor / external brake resistor
X106	Motor temperature monitoring
X107	Control of motor holding brake
<sup>G</sup> <sup>H</sup>	EMC wire clamp Device size 6: $\varnothing$ 10 ... 20 mm and $\varnothing$ 15 ... 28 mm Device size 7: $\varnothing$ 15 ... 28 mm and $\varnothing$ 20 ... 37 mm
<sup>J</sup>	Internal thread for M6 eye bolt (not included in the scope of supply)
<sup>K</sup>	Strain relief and lifting aid, removable

The LED display enables fast indication of several operating states.

LED	Labelling	Colour	Description
 SSP94LED01	CAN-RUN	green	CAN bus ok
	CAN-ERR	red	CAN bus error
	DRIVE READY	green	Standard device is ready for operation
	DRIVE ERROR	red	Error in the standard device or application-induced
	24 V	green	24 V supply voltage ok
	USER	yellow	Message parameterised by the application

Pos.	Symbol	Description
<sup>F</sup>		<b>Long discharge time:</b> All power terminals carry hazardous voltages for at least 3 minutes after mains disconnection!
		<b>High discharge current:</b> Fixed installation and PE connection to EN 61800-5-1 required!
		<b>Electrostatic sensitive devices:</b> Before working on the device, personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge!

3.4.3 Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)



SSP94GG812

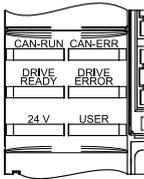
## Single-axis controllers

Device description

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

Pos.	Description
MXI1	Module receptacle for extension 1, e.g. communication
MXI2	Module receptacle for extension 2, e.g. communication
MMI	Module receptacle for memory modules
MSI	Module receptacle for safety equipment
X1	System bus (CAN), under the cover
X2	24-V supply / Statebus
X3	Analog inputs / analog outputs
X4	Digital outputs
X5	Digital inputs
X6	Diagnostics (with diagnostic adapter or keypad)
X7	Resolver
X8	Encoder
C	Lower cover
D	Retractable nameplate
E	Upper cover
I	EMC wire clamp
X100	Mains / DC-bus voltage
X105	Motor / external brake resistor
X106	Motor temperature monitoring (position depends on the device size)
X107	Control of motor holding brake
H	EMC shield clamp
K	Holes for transport and assembly guides
L	Shield connection/strain relief (device sizes: 8S, 8 and 9)
M	Barrier between mains input and other power terminals (device sizes: 8S, 8 and 9)
N	Switch for operation in IT systems

The LED display enables fast indication of several operating states.

LED	Labelling	Colour	Description
	CAN-RUN	green	CAN bus ok
	CAN-ERR	red	CAN bus error
	DRIVE READY	green	Standard device is ready for operation
	DRIVE ERROR	red	Error in the standard device or application-induced
	24 V	green	24 V supply voltage ok
	USER	yellow	Message parameterised by the application
	SSP94LED01		

Pos.	Symbol	Description
F		<b>Long discharge time:</b> All power terminals carry hazardous voltages for at least 20 minutes after mains disconnection!
		<b>High discharge current:</b> Fixed installation and PE connection to EN 61800-5-1 required!
		<b>Electrostatic sensitive devices:</b> Before working on the device, the personnel must remove any electrostatic charges using suitable measures!

## 3.5 Mechanical installation

### 3.5.1 Important notes



#### Note!

The devices must be installed in housings (e.g. control cabinets) to meet applicable regulations.

- ▶ The mounting location must always comply with the operating conditions specified in the technical data (📖 31). Take additional measures if necessary.
- ▶ The mounting plate of the control cabinet must have the following properties:
  - electrically conductive
  - free of lacquer
- ▶ The mechanical connections must always be ensured.
- ▶ A free air circulation must be ensured for dissipating the heat.
- ▶ The described EMC properties are provided if the following conditions are complied with:
  - The devices are mounted according to the arrangement concept described.
  - The prepared cables are used and remain unchanged.

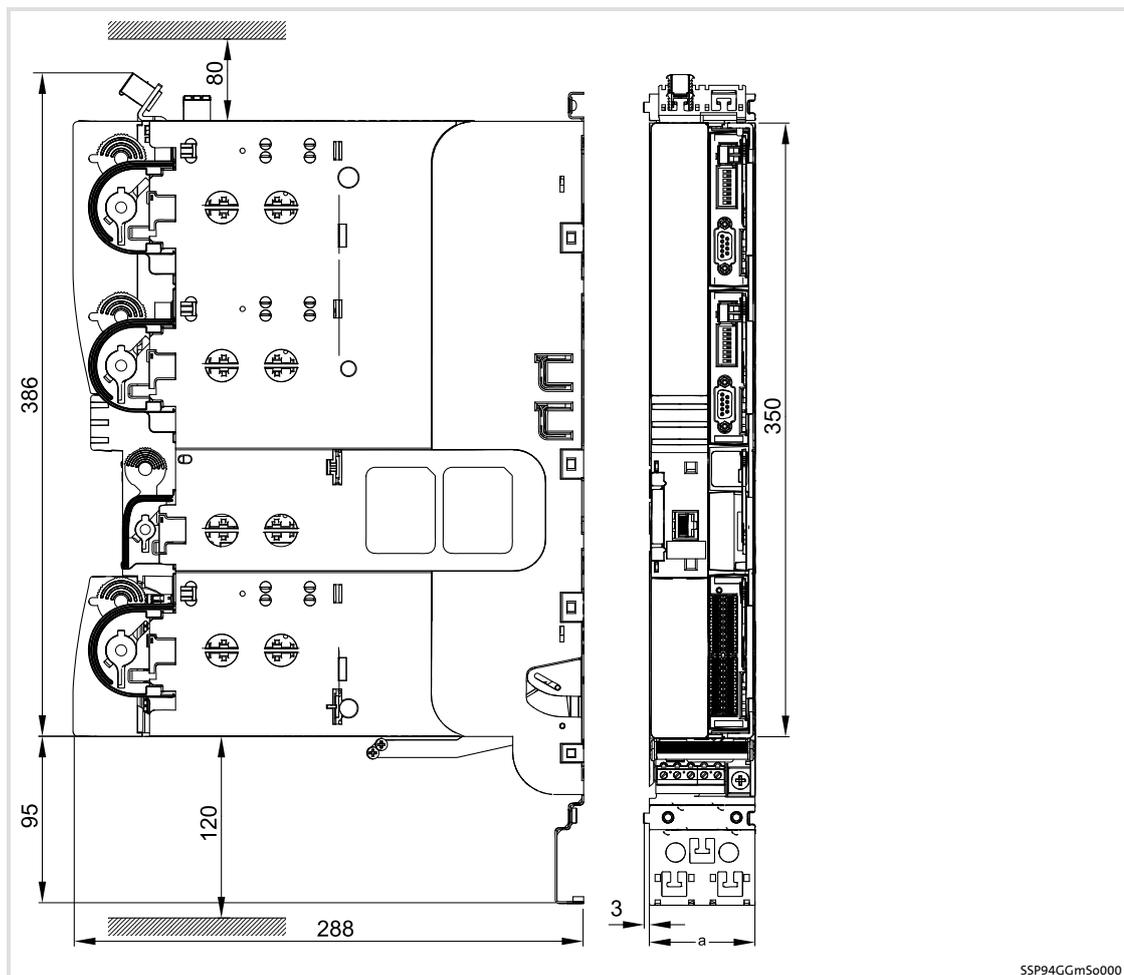
### 3.5.2 Devices in the range 2 ... 24 A (0.37 ... 11 kW)

Proceed as follows for the installation:

1. Prepare M5 threaded holes on the mounting plate according to the mounting grid.
2. When using footprint filters: Screw installation backplane and footprint filter together.
  - Use screw and washer assemblies M5 x 20 mm or hexagon socket screws M5 x 20 mm with washers.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in)
3. Screw the installation backplane or footprint filter with installation backplane onto the mounting plate. Do not yet tighten the screws.
  - Use M5 screw and washer assemblies or M5 hexagon socket screws with washers.
  - The screw joint in the installation backplane may jut out no more than 7 mm.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 with further installation backplanes which are mounted side by side.
5. Align all installation backplanes.
6. Screw all installation backplanes/footprint filters onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).



### Standard device with installation backplane



SSP94GGm5o000

Fig. 3-15 Dimensions [mm]

Type	Dimensions [mm]	Weight [kg]	Device size
	a		
E94ASxE0024	60	4.0	1
E94ASxE0034			
E94ASxE0044	90	5.3	2
E94ASxE0074			
E94ASxE0134	120	8.1	3
E94ASxE0174			
E94ASxE0244			

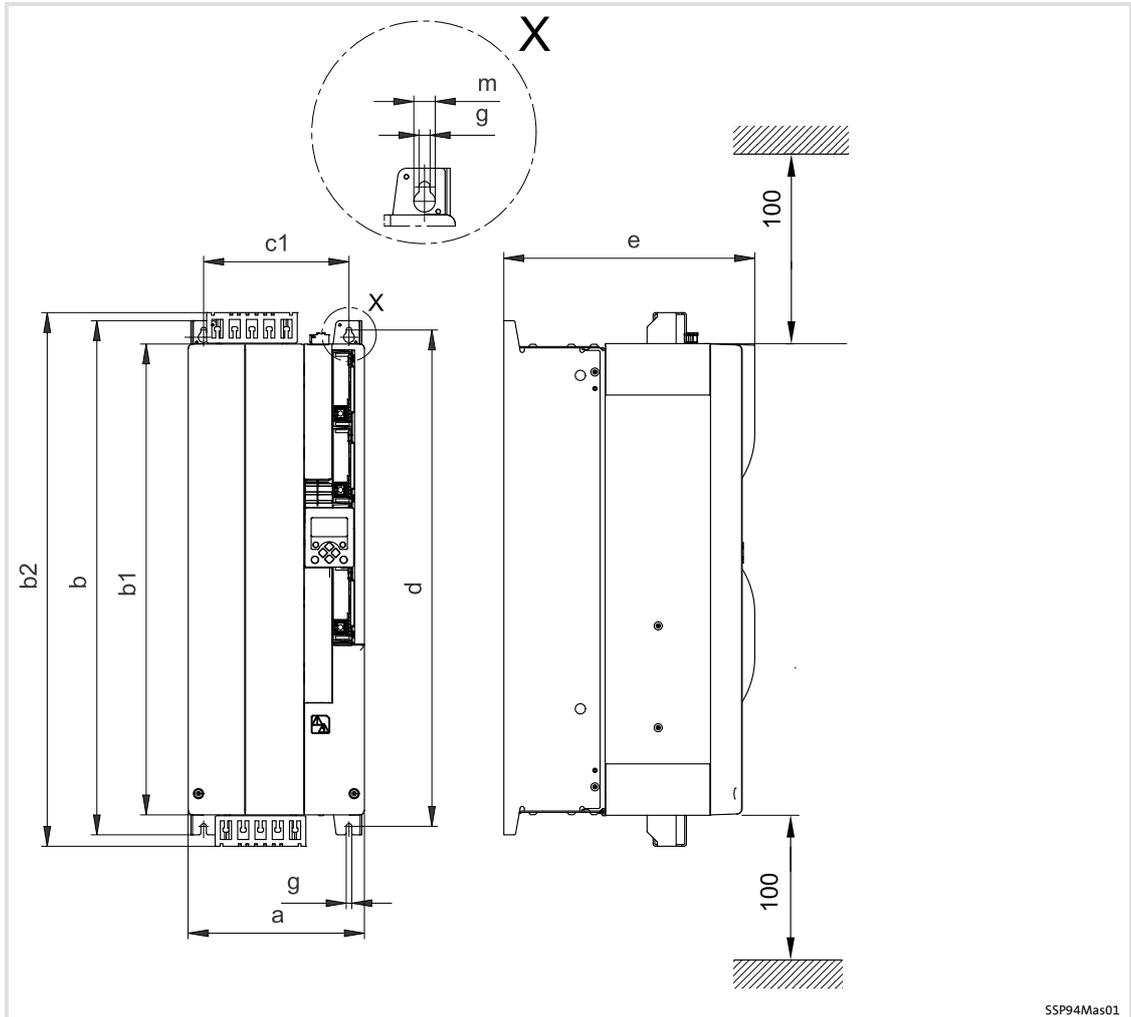
### Single-axis controllers

Mechanical installation

Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)

#### 3.5.3

Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)



SSP94Mas01

Fig. 3-16 Dimensions [mm]

Type	Dimensions [mm]									Weight [kg]	Device size
	a	b	b1	b2	e	c1	d	g	m		
E94ASxE0324	206	606	556	630	294	170	585	6.5	12.5	26.5	6
E94ASxE0474											
E94ASxE0594											
E94ASxE0864	266	706	655	729	370	230	685			42	7
E94ASxE1044											

3.5.4 Devices in the range 145 ... 366 A (75 ... 190 kW)

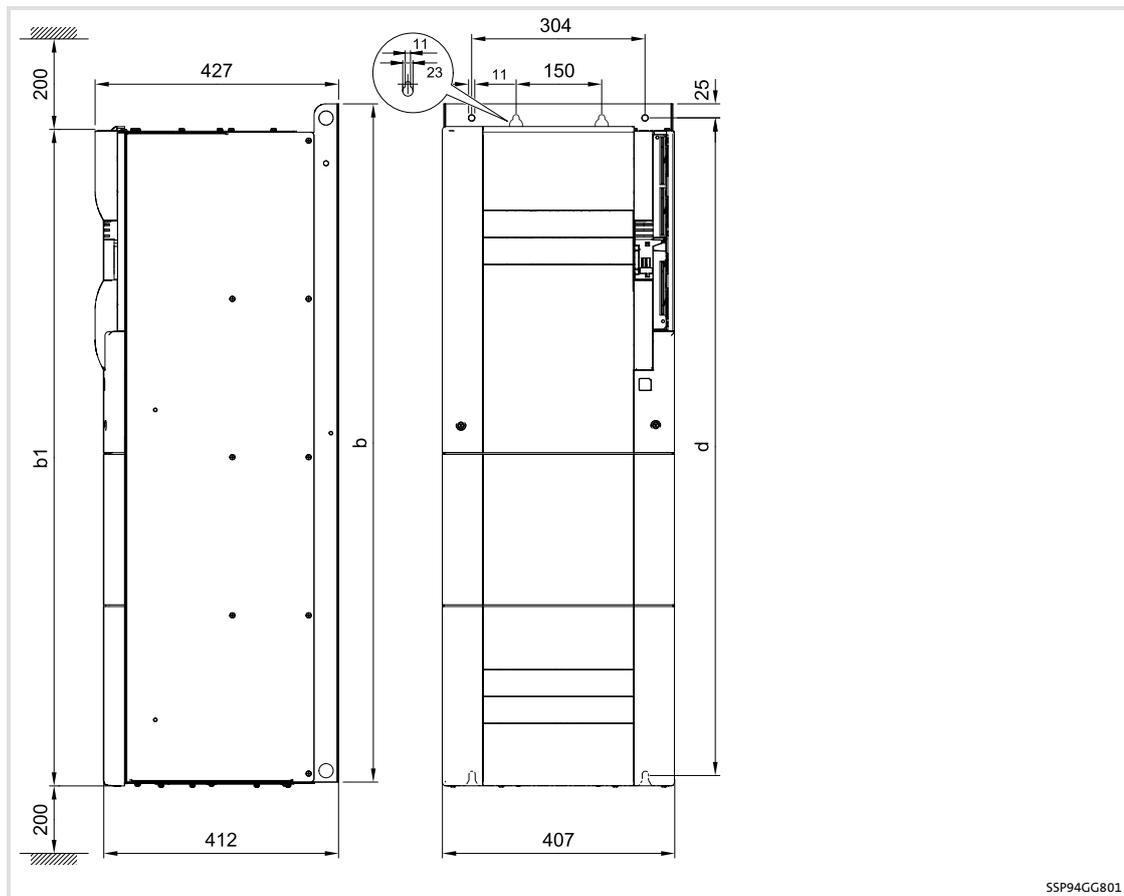


Fig. 3-17 Dimensions [mm]

Type	Dimensions [mm]			Weight [kg]	Device size
	b	b1	d		
E94ASxE1454	930	897	885	95	85
E94ASxE1724				107	
E94ASxE2024				109	
E94ASxE2454	1580	1546	1535	132	9
E94ASxE2924				132	
E94ASxE3664				161	

### Single-axis controllers

Mechanical installation

Devices in the range 460 ... 695 A (240 ... 370 kW)

#### 3.5.5

#### Devices in the range 460 ... 695 A (240 ... 370 kW)

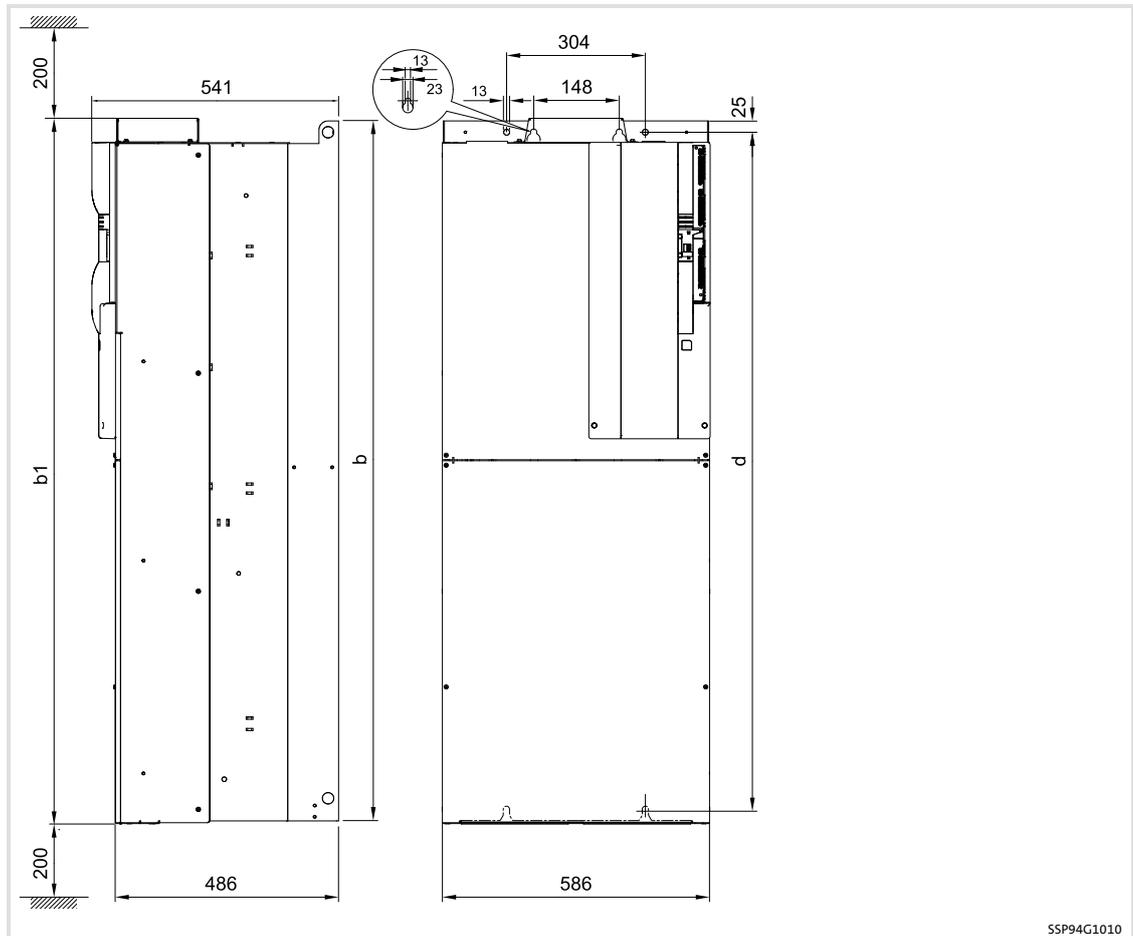


Fig. 3-18 Dimensions [mm]

Type	Dimensions [mm]			Weight [kg]	Device size
	b	b1	d		
E94ASxE4604	1547	1559	1502	266	10
E94ASxE5724				278	
E94ASxE6354				300	
E94ASxE6954				321	

## 3.6 Wiring

### 3.6.1 Important notes



#### **Danger!**

##### **Hazardous electrical voltage**

Depending on the device, all power connections remain live up to 3 minutes after the mains has been switched off.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

##### **Protective measures:**

- ▶ Wait for at least 3 minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.



#### **Danger!**

##### **Hazardous electrical voltage**

The leakage current to earth (PE) is  $> 3.5$  mA AC or  $> 10$  mA DC.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the device in the event of an error.

##### **Protective measures:**

Implement the measures required in EN 61800-5-1. Especially:

- ▶ Fixed installation
  - Implement PE connection in compliance with standards.
  - Connect PE conductor twice or PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 10$  mm<sup>2</sup>.
- ▶ Connection with a connector for industrial applications according to IEC 60309 (CEE):
  - PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 2.5$  mm<sup>2</sup> as part of a multi-core supply cable.
  - Provide for suitable strain relief.



#### **Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

**Stop!****No device protection if the mains voltage is too high**

The mains input is not internally fused.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Destruction of the device if the mains voltage is too high.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Observe the maximally permissible mains voltage.
- ▶ Fuse the device correctly on the supply side against mains fluctuations and voltage peaks.

**Stop!****Overvoltage on components:**

On IT systems an earth fault in the installation can cause impermissible overvoltages.

**Possible consequences:**

Destruction of the device.

**Protective measures:**

If the devices are operated on IT systems, the internal connection of the filters to the protective earth in the installation backplane has to be disconnected (📖 101).

**Note!**

Switching operations on the motor side of the controller are permitted for safety switch-off (emergency off).

Please observe:

- ▶ When the controller is enabled, switching operations may lead to a response of the controller monitoring functions.
- ▶ The switching elements on the motor side must be rated for DC voltages with  $U_{DCmax} = 800 \text{ V}$ .

### 3.6.2 Safety instructions for the installation according to UL/CSA

#### Original - English

#### Device size 1 ... 3



#### Warnings!

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max., when protected by CC, J, T or R Class fuses.
  - Use specified fuses as shown in the table. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
  - Above Short Circuit ratings are only valid when the Assembly Bases are used.
  - Above Short Circuit ratings are also valid when supplied by prescribed and UL Listed, Lenze AC/DC Supply/Brake Units.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ The integral solid state protection does not provide branch circuit protection and that branch circuit protection has to be provided externally in accordance with manufacturers instructions, the National Electrical Code and any additional codes.
- ▶ For information on the protection level of the internal overload protection for a motor load in percent of FLA, see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ For information on rating and proper connection of the thermal protector (only for connection to motors having integral thermal protection), see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ Use 60/75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248	
	Fuse [A]	
E94ASxE0024	10	
E94ASxE0034	10	
E94ASxE0044	10	
E94ASxE0074	15	
E94ASxE0134	20	
E94ASxE0174	25	
E94ASxE0244	40	

## Device size 6 and 7

**Warnings!**

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max, when protected by J, T or R fuses.
  - Use specified fuses as shown in the table. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ The integral solid state protection does not provide branch circuit protection and that branch circuit protection has to be provided externally in accordance with manufacturers instructions, the National Electrical Code and any additional codes.
- ▶ For information on the protection level of the internal overload protection for a motor load in percent of FLA, see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ For information on rating and proper connection of the thermal protector (only for connection to motors having integral thermal protection), see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ E94ASxE0324 ... E94ASxE0594:  
Use 60/75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ E94ASxE0864 ... E94ASxE1044:  
Use 75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248	
	Fuse [A]	
E94ASxE0324	60	
E94ASxE0474	60	
E94ASxE0594	80	
E94ASxE0864	100	
E94ASxE1044	125	

## Device size 8S ... 10

**Warnings!**

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Use specified fuses as shown in the table. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ The integral solid state protection does not provide branch circuit protection and that branch circuit protection has to be provided externally in accordance with manufacturers instructions, the National Electrical Code and any additional codes.
- ▶ For information on the protection level of the internal overload protection for a motor load in percent of FLA, see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ For information on rating and proper connection of the thermal protector (only for connection to motors having integral thermal protection), see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ Use 75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Branch circuit protection (UL Guide No. JFHR2)

Type	Fuse rating	Bussmann Type	Alternate type	
			SIBA	Ferraz-Shawmut
E94ASxE1454	250 A, 700 V	170M3016	2061032.250	6.6URD30D08A0250
E94ASxE1724	315 A, 700 V	170M3017	2061032.315	6.6URD30D08A0315
E94ASxE2024	350 A, 700 V	170M3018	2061032.350	6.6URD30D08A0350
E94ASxE2454	400 A, 700 V	170M4012	2061032.400	6.6URD30D08A0400
E94ASxE2924	500 A, 700 V	170M4014	2061032.500	6.6URD30D08A0500
E94ASxE3664	630 A, 700 V	170M4016	206xx32.600	A50-P600
E94ASxE4604	700 A, 700 V	170M4017	2061032.700	6.6URD31D08A0700
E94ASxE5724	900 A, 700 V	170M6013	2063032.900	6.6URD33D08A0900
E94ASxE6354	900 A, 700 V	170M6013	2063032.900	6.6URD33D08A0900
E94ASxE6954	900 A, 700 V	170M6013	2063032.900	6.6URD33D08A0900

Tab. 3-4

- ▶ 100 kA SCCR with above fuses. (Short Circuit Current Rating)
- ▶ Ferraz-Schawmut A50QS fuses may be substituted for A50-P fuses.
- ▶ 170M fuses from Bussmann shown use -/80 visual indicator. -TN80 Type T, -/110 or TN/110 Type T indicator fuses of the same size and amperage may be substituted.

## Original - French

## Device size 1 ... 3

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 5000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 50000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V, avec protection par des fusibles CC de calibre J, T ou R.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués dans le tableau. La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
  - Les courants nominaux de court-circuit ci-dessus sont valables uniquement en cas d'utilisation de plaques de montage.
  - Les courants nominaux de court-circuit ci-dessus sont valables en outre avec les modules d'alimentation et de freinage CA/CC Lenze prescrits et homologués UL.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ La protection statique intégrée n'offre pas la même protection qu'un disjoncteur. Une protection par disjoncteur externe doit être fournie, conformément aux indications du fabricant, au National Electrical Code et aux autres dispositions applicables.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur le niveau de protection offert par la protection intégrée contre les surcharges du moteur (pourcentage de l'intensité assignée à pleine charge), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur les caractéristiques assignées et sur le câblage du dispositif de protection thermique (concerne uniquement le raccordement aux moteurs dotés d'un dispositif de protection thermique intégré), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248 Fuse [A]
E94ASxE0024	10
E94ASxE0034	10
E94ASxE0044	10
E94ASxE0074	15
E94ASxE0134	20
E94ASxE0174	25
E94ASxE0244	40

## Device size 6 and 7

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 10000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 50000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V, avec protection par des fusibles de calibre J, T ou R.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués dans le tableau. La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ La protection statique intégrée n'offre pas la même protection qu'un disjoncteur. Une protection par disjoncteur externe doit être fournie, conformément aux indications du fabricant, au National Electrical Code et aux autres dispositions applicables.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur le niveau de protection offert par la protection intégrée contre les surcharges du moteur (pourcentage de l'intensité assignée à pleine charge), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur les caractéristiques assignées et sur le câblage du dispositif de protection thermique (concerne uniquement le raccordement aux moteurs dotés d'un dispositif de protection thermique intégré), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ E94ASxE0324 ... E94ASxE0594 :  
Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ E94ASxE0864 ... E94ASxE1044 :  
Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248	
	Fuse [A]	
E94ASxE0324	60	
E94ASxE0474	60	
E94ASxE0594	80	
E94ASxE0864	100	
E94ASxE1044	125	

## Device size 85 ... 10

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 100000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués dans le tableau. La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ La protection statique intégrée n'offre pas la même protection qu'un disjoncteur. Une protection par disjoncteur externe doit être fournie, conformément aux indications du fabricant, au National Electrical Code et aux autres dispositions applicables.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur le niveau de protection offert par la protection intégrée contre les surcharges du moteur (pourcentage de l'intensité assignée à pleine charge), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur les caractéristiques assignées et sur le câblage du dispositif de protection thermique (concerne uniquement le raccordement aux moteurs dotés d'un dispositif de protection thermique intégré), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Protection du circuit de dérivation (guide UL n° JFHR2)				
Type	Courant assigné du fusible	Bussmann	Alternative	
		Type	SIBA	Ferraz-Shawmut
E94ASxE1454	250 A, 700 V	170M3016	2061032.250	6.6URD30D08A0250
E94ASxE1724	315 A, 700 V	170M3017	2061032.315	6.6URD30D08A0315
E94ASxE2024	350 A, 700 V	170M3018	2061032.350	6.6URD30D08A0350
E94ASxE2454	400 A, 700 V	170M4012	2061032.400	6.6URD30D08A0400
E94ASxE2924	500 A, 700 V	170M4014	2061032.500	6.6URD30D08A0500
E94ASxE3664	630 A, 700 V	170M4016	206xx32.600	A50-P600
E94ASxE4604	700 A, 700 V	170M4017	2061032.700	6.6URD31D08A0700
E94ASxE5724	900 A, 700 V	170M6013	2063032.900	6.6URD33D08A0900
E94ASxE6354	900 A, 700 V	170M6013	2063032.900	6.6URD33D08A0900
E94ASxE6954	900 A, 700 V	170M6013	2063032.900	6.6URD33D08A0900

Tab. 3-5

- ▶ 100 kA de courant nominal de court-circuit avec les fusibles ci-dessus.
- ▶ Les fusibles Ferraz-Schawmut A50QS peuvent remplacer les fusibles A50-P.
- ▶ Les fusibles 170M Bussmann représentés utilisent un témoin -/80. Ils peuvent être remplacés par des fusibles indicateurs -TN80 de type T, -/110 ou TN/110 de type T de mêmes calibre et ampérage.

### 3.6.3 Earthing of internal EMC filters

Device-internal EMC filters have been implemented to reduce interference emission. These EMC filters are connected to protective earth to discharge interference currents.

Under certain conditions the EMC filters must be disconnected from:

- ▶ Operation in an IT system  
The devices are protected from damages or destruction due to incompatible overvoltages in the case of an error (earth fault).
- ▶ DC-bus operation
- ▶ Operation with power supply modules or regenerative power supply modules
- ▶ Operating multiple devices with a common filter  
The EMC properties can only be reached by carrying out the described measures.  
The triggering behaviour of applicable earth-leakage circuit breakers remains undisturbed.

#### Overview of the measures

The measures which are to be carried out once have been prepared in relation to the devices and are each described together with installation and wiring.

Device	Measure in the case of operation ...	
	in the IT system	in the interconnected system, with power supply modules or shared filters
Controller		
with installation backplane (GG1 ... GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
without installation backplane (GG6 ... GG7)	Change screwed connection	
without installation backplane (GG8S ... GG10)	Change switch	
Power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG1 und GG3)	No measure necessary	
without installation backplane (GG4 ... GG5)	No measure necessary	
Regenerative power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
associated mains filter	Change screwed connection	No action

**Device size 1 ... 3**

Proceed as follows to disconnect the internal connection between the filters and PE:

1. Remove IT insulating cap from the parking position ① in the installation backplane.
  - For this apply a screwdriver on the right or left and lever off the insulating cap.
  - Optionally the insulating cap can be carefully removed using an appropriate pliers.
2. Attach IT insulating cap to the earthing jumper ② until it clicks into place.

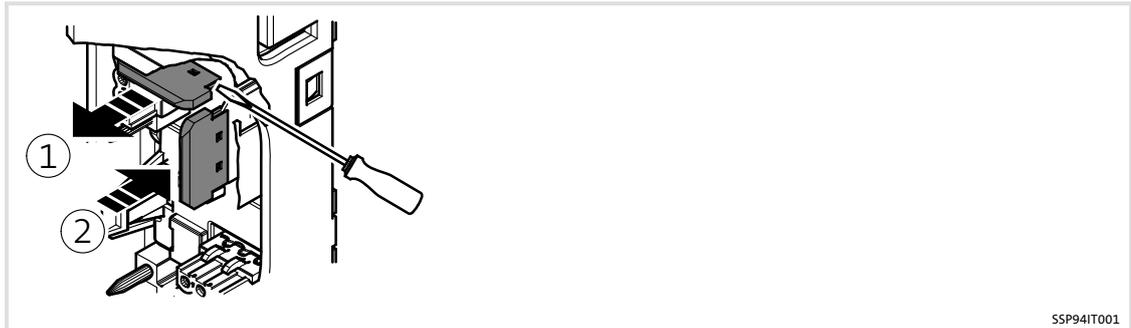


Fig. 3-19 Plugging the IT insulating cap onto the earthing jumper

SSP94IT001

**Device size 6 and 7**

Proceed as follows to disconnect the internal connection between the filters and PE:

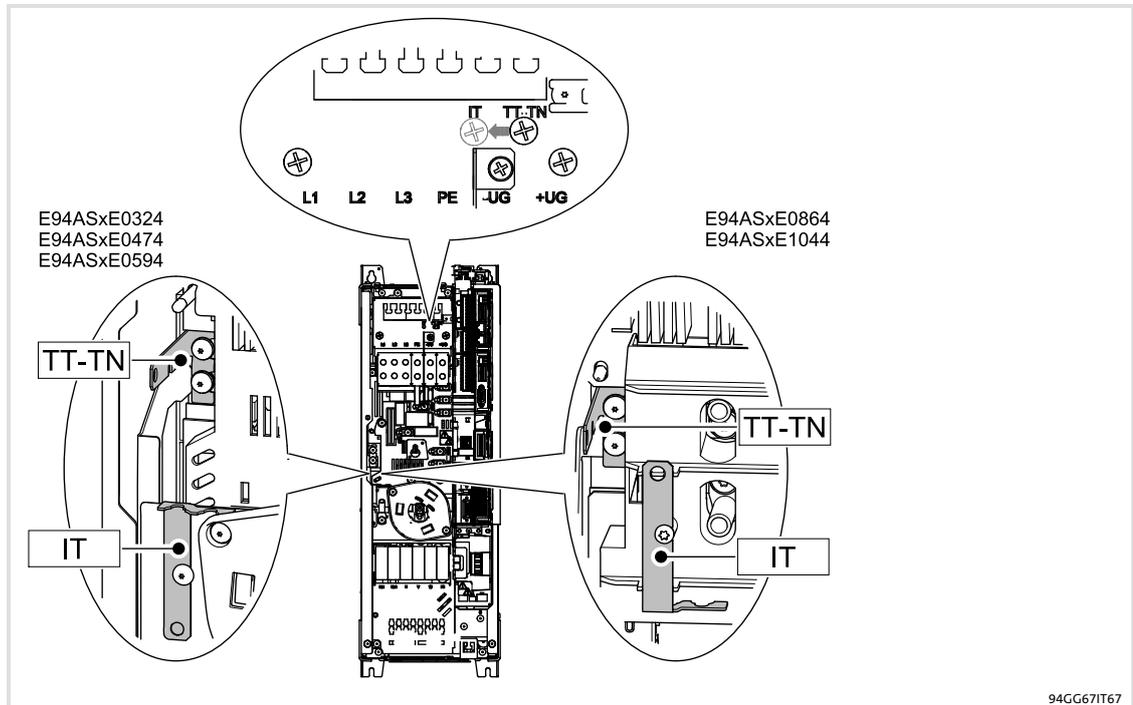


Fig. 3-20

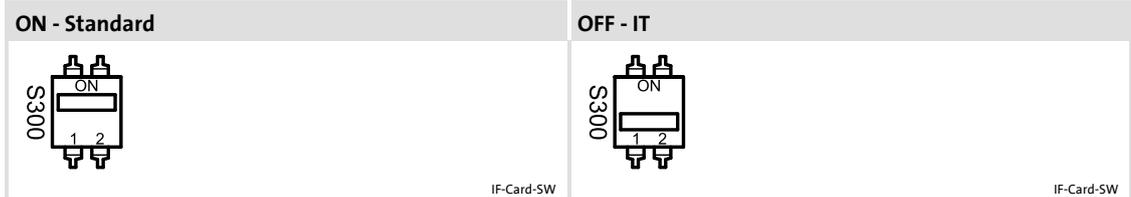
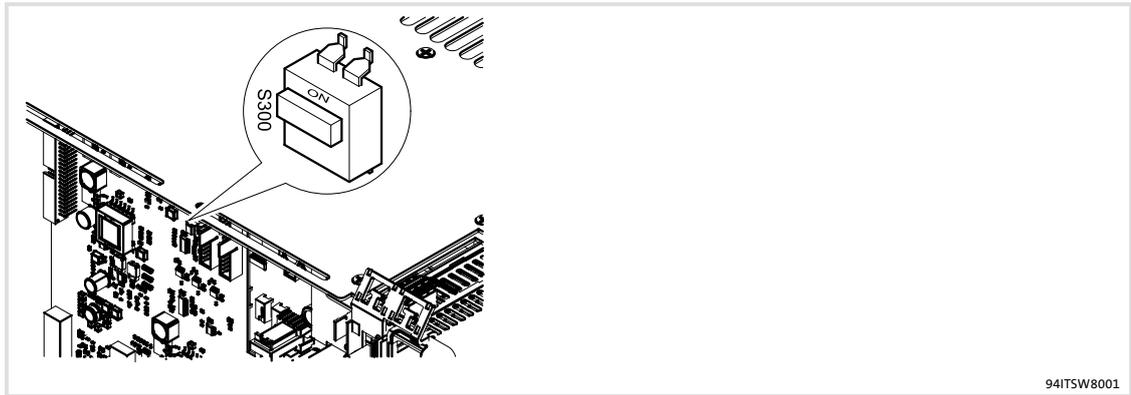
1. There is a screw above the X100 (+UG/-UG) terminals in the position "TT-TN".
2. Unscrew the screw and screw it in again at position "IT".  
– Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in)
3. There is a metal lug on the left in the device.
4. Unbolt the screws to remove the metal strap.
5. Unbolt the screw at position "IT" and insert the metal strap.
6. Tighten all screws.  
– Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in)

After this, the device is suitable for operation in IT systems.

**Device size 8S ... 10**

How to separate the internal connection of filters to the protective earth:

1. Remove the upper housing cover.
2. The S300 switch can be found on the Interface card. The Interface card is located in the top of the device.
  - ON position: Standard operation at earthed-neutral systems (Lenze).
  - OFF position: Operation at IT systems.
3. Push the S300 switch into the OFF position.



## 3.6.4 Devices in the range 2 ... 24 A (0.37 ... 11 kW)

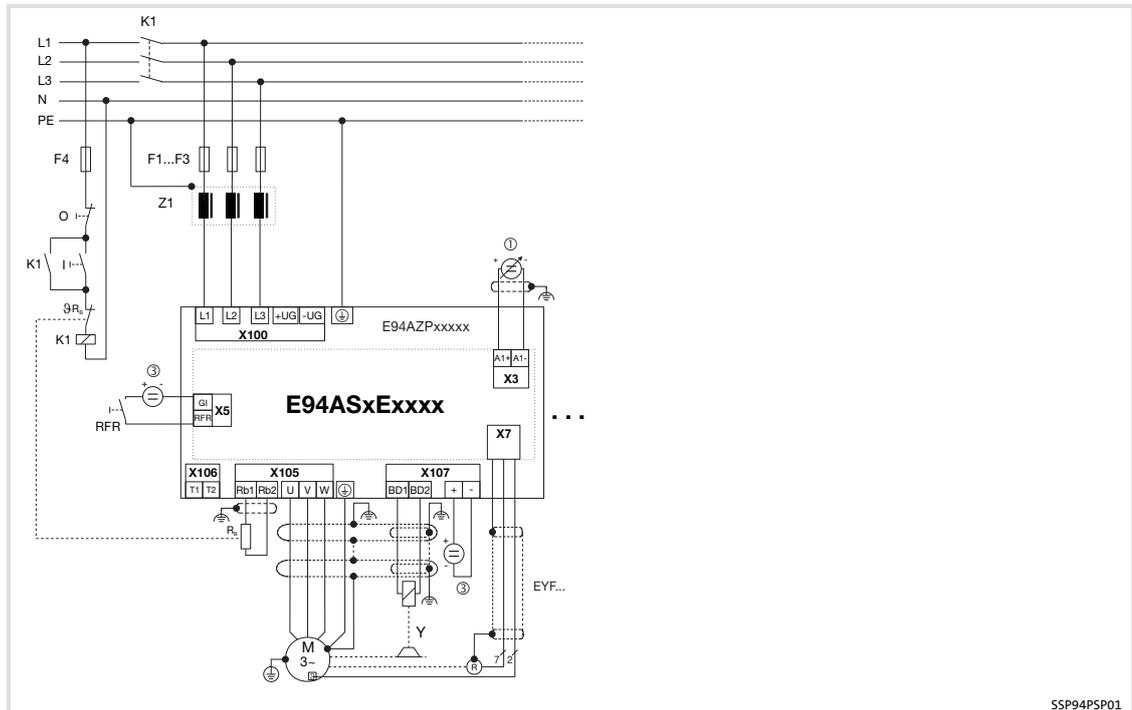


Fig. 3-21 Basic circuit diagram of the drive system

E94ASxExxxx	9400 Single Drive servo axis module
E94AZPxxxxx	Installation backplane
F1 ... F4	Fuses
Z1	Mains filter/RFI filter (optional)
⊕	HF shield termination through large-surface connection to functional earth
EYF...	System cable for resolver feedback
RFR	Controller enable
K1	Mains contactor
R	Resolver
RB	Brake resistor
Y	Motor holding brake (connected to optional motor brake control)
①	Speed setpoint selection via analog input 1 (-10 ... 0 ... +10 V)
②	Voltage source for the motor holding brake
③	24-V voltage source for the digital inputs according to IEC 61131-2

**Tip!**

Complete the wiring of the installation backplane before plugging in the standard device. The upper terminals of the installation backplane cannot be connected with a plugged-in standard device.

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ It is imperative to comply with the regulations concerning minimum cross-sections of PE conductors. The cross-section of the PE conductor must be at least as large as the cross-section of the power connections.
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

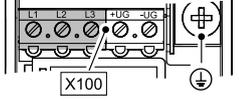
Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ Motor
- ▶ Motor holding brake (shielding is required when being integrated into the motor cable; connection to optional motor brake control)
- ▶ Motor temperature monitoring
- ▶ External brake resistor (⚡ Mounting Instructions of the brake resistor)
- ▶ DC bus, cable length from 0.3 m

The following connections need not be shielded:

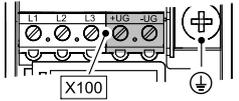
- ▶ Mains
- ▶ DC bus, cable length up to 0.3 m

## Mains

Terminal X100 (left part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X100</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

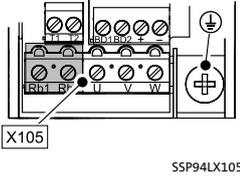
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

## DC bus

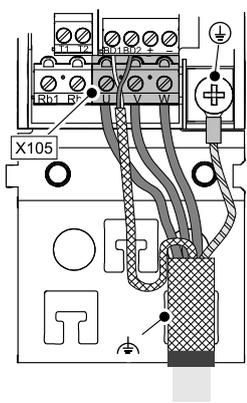
Terminal X100 (right part)	labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X100</p>	+UG -UG	Alternative way of connecting the DC-bus voltage (compatible with the 9300 series). Max. continuous current $I_{dc}$ : Device size 1: 5.3 A Device size 2: 15.2 A Device size 3: 44.4 A Device size 6: 66 A Device size 7: 116 A

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

## External brake resistor

Terminal X105 (left part)	Labelling	Description			
	Rb1 Rb2	External brake resistor			
	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug.			
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

#### Motor

Terminal X105 (right part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X105</p>	U V W	Connection of the motor phases
	⏏	Functional earth Connect the shields of the motor phases and of the optional motor brake control separately and with a surface as large as possible to the shield sheet. Use EMC wire clamp or EMC shield clamp for fixing.
	⏏	Connection for the PE conductor on the motor side with M5 ring cable lug

#### Terminal data

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

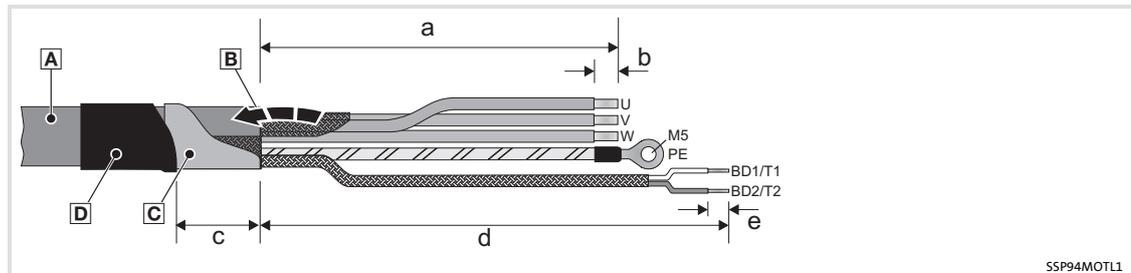
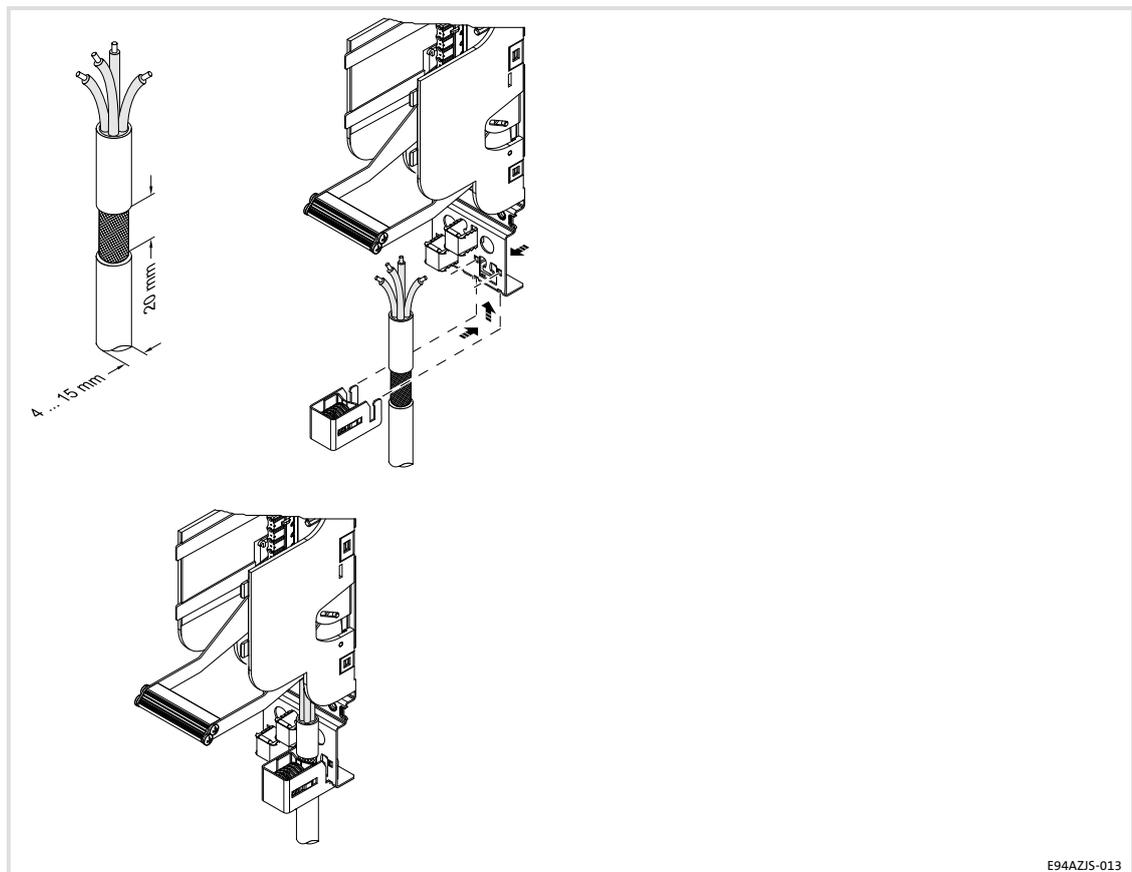


Fig. 3-22 Stripping lengths of the motor cable

Type	Dimensions [mm]				
	a	b	c	d	e
Device size 1	80	8	25	150	8
Device size 2	90	8	30	160	8
Device size 3	100	10	30	170	8

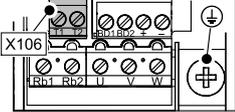
How to proceed:

1. Strip the motor cable **A** according to dimensions given.
2. Fold back the shield of the motor cable **B** over the cable sheath.
3. Stabilise the shield with self-adhesive conductive foil **C** (recommendation).
4. Fix the shield and conductive foil with heat-shrinkable tube **D** on the cable sheath.
5. Fasten cable lugs or wire end ferrules.
6. Connect the shields separately to the shield sheet using shield clamps (no strain relief).



E94AZIS-013

### Motor temperature monitoring

Terminal X106	Labelling	Description
 SSP940X106	T1 T2	Motor temperature monitoring with PTC element (type-A sensor, switching performance according to EN 60947-8 for type-A tripping units) or thermostat (NC contact).

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		 PZ0
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
With wire end ferrule					

### Motor brake control (optional)



#### Note!

When the 24 V supply voltages (at X2) are applied and a motor holding brake is available, the devices respond as follows:

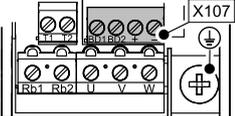
- ▶ Single Drive without mains or DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake **cannot** be released.
- ▶ Multi Drive without DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake can be released.



#### Tip!

For detailed information on the motor holding brake control modules, please see the chapter Accessories (441).

For information on the E94AZHX0051 motor holding brake control module optionally contained in the installation backplane, please see the chapter Accessories starting on page 448.

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP940X107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHX0051: 24 V DC, max. 2.5 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 2 ... 24 A (0.37 ... 11 kW)

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
With wire end ferrule					

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm



### Stop!

The motor brake control includes an electronic switch which can control a 24 V motor holding brake.

The motor brake control may only be connected with motor holding brakes which correspond to the permissible data mentioned in the technical data. (If required, the holding brake without motor brake control must be controlled via a digital output and a coupling relay).

If the permissible data mentioned in the technical data are not complied with:

- ▶ the motor brake control can be destroyed.
- ▶ a safe operation of the motor holding brake cannot be guaranteed.

Further notes in the documentation of the standard device must be observed!



### Stop!

#### Requirements concerning the brake cable (connection BD1/BD2):

- ▶ The brake cables must be shielded if they are incorporated in the motor cable.
  - Operation with unshielded brake cables can destroy the motor brake control.
  - We recommend the use of Lenze system cables (motor cable with separately shielded additional cores).
- ▶ When using a permanent magnet holding brake, ensure the correct polarity of the brake cable.
  - If the terminals are reversed, the brake does not release. Since the motor runs against the closed brake, the brake can be destroyed.
- ▶ Connect the shield on both sides of PE.

#### Requirements concerning the supply voltage $U_{DC}$ (connection +/-):

- ▶ The motor brake control must always be supplied with a separate 24 V supply.
  - A common supply of the motor brake control and the control card of the controller is not permissible since otherwise the double insulation between both components would be reduced.
- ▶ Set  $U_{DC}$  so that the operating voltage of the brake is within the admissible range and the maximum supply voltage of the motor brake control will not be exceeded.

### Installation of the standard device

After the wiring of the installation backplane has been fully completed, install the standard device. Then continue with the wiring of the control terminals.

How to proceed:

1. Insert the device into the installation backplane without twisting it until resistance is felt.
2. Press the device into the installation backplane until it audibly snaps into place. The locking clip moves downwards and back into the locking position.
3. The end position is reached when the locking clip can be pressed against the device. Now the device is locked.

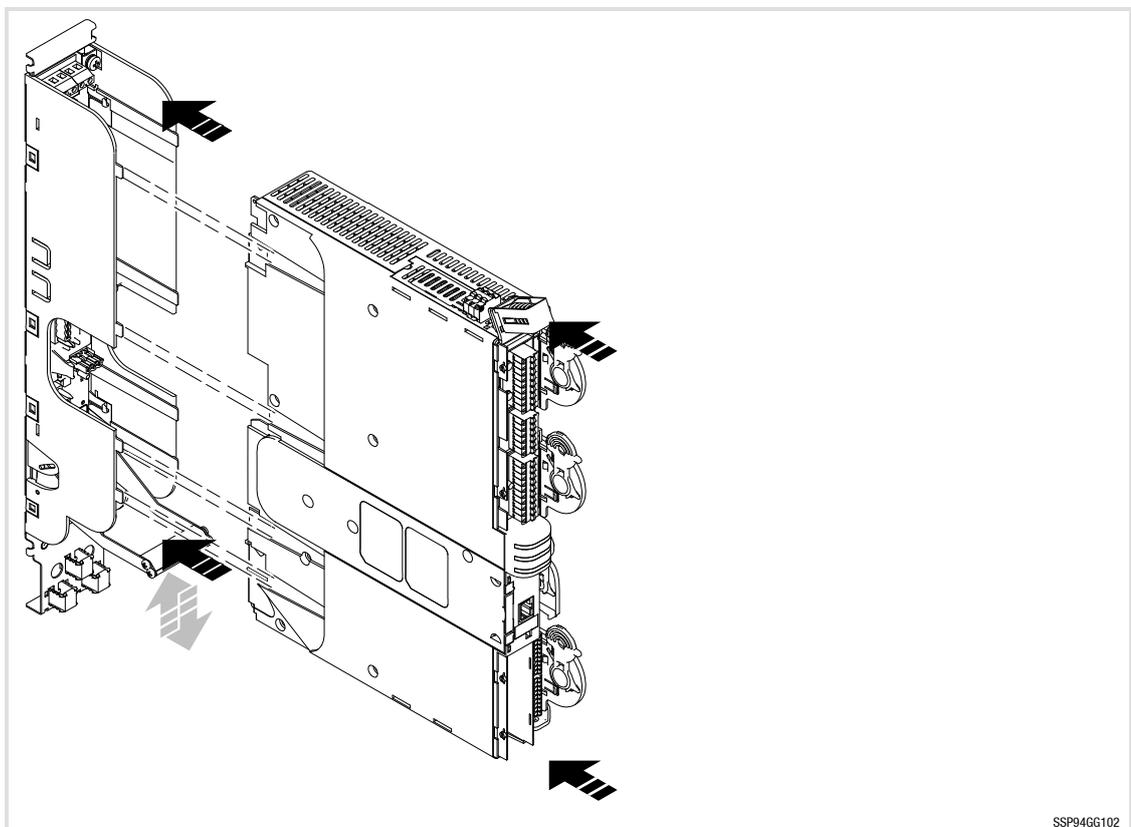


Fig. 3-23 Installation of the device

Proceed as follows to remove the device:

1. Disconnect already wired connectors at the device.
2. Push the locking clip downwards to release the device and disengage it from the contacts.
3. Pull the device completely out of the installation backplane and remove it. The locking clip moves back into the locking position.

### 3 Single-axis controllers

#### Wiring

Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)

#### 3.6.5 Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)

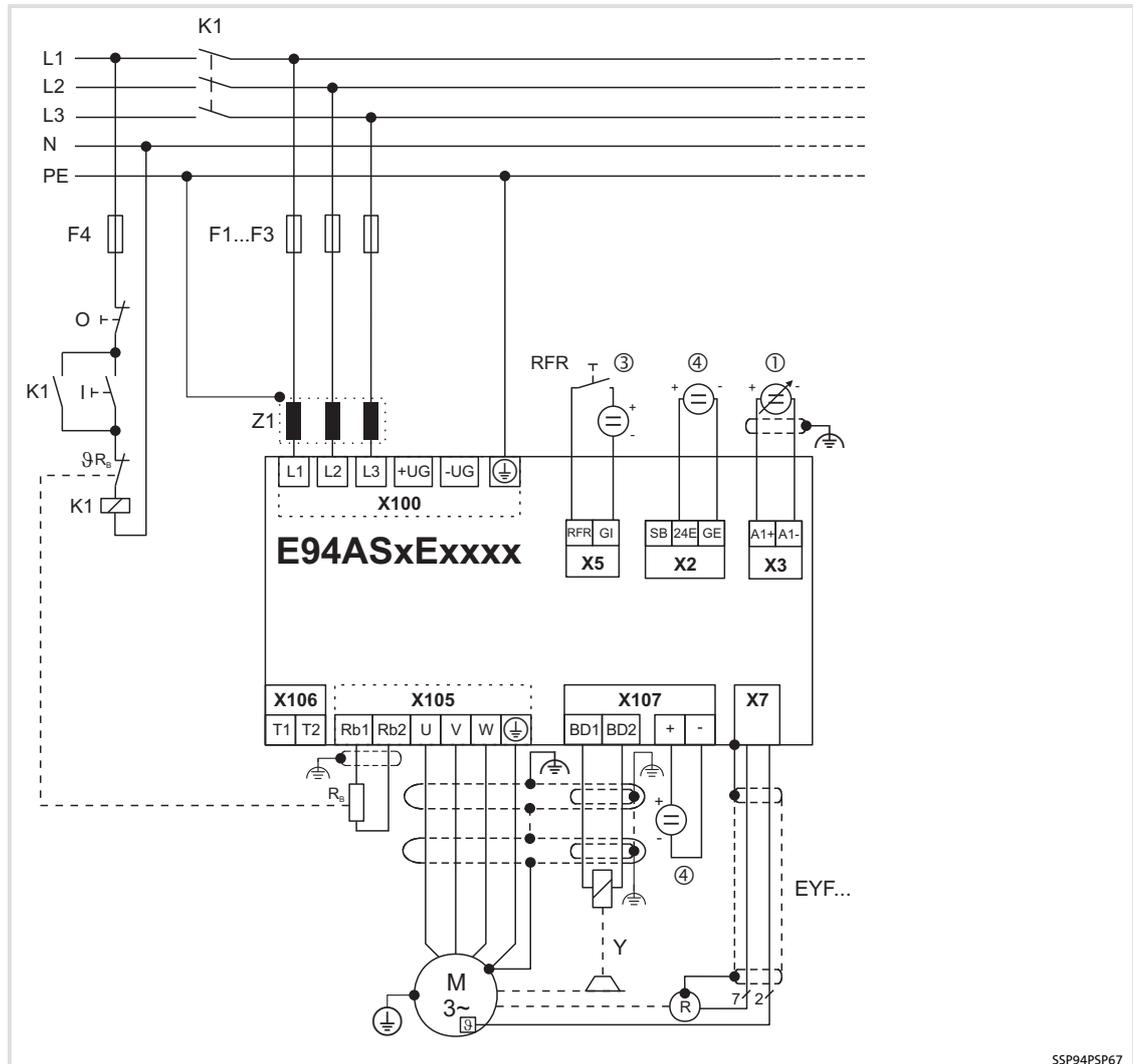


Fig. 3-24 Basic circuit diagram of the drive system

E94ASxExxxx	Servo axis module 9400 Single
F1 ... F4	Fuses
Z1	Toroidal core, effective in the high-frequency range 30 ... 60 MHz
	HF-shield termination through large-surface connection to functional earth
EYF...	System cable - resolver feedback
RFR	Controller enable
K1	Mains contactor
R	Resolver
RB	Brake resistor
Y	Motor holding brake (an optimum motor brake control)
①	Speed setpoint selection via analog input 1 (-10 ... 0 ... +10 V)
②	Voltage source for the motor holding brake
③	24-V voltage source for digital inputs according to IEC 61131-2
④	24-V voltage source for the control electronics

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ It is imperative to comply with the regulations concerning minimum cross-sections of PE conductors. The cross-section of the PE conductor must be at least as large as the cross-section of the power connections.
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ Motor
- ▶ Motor holding brake (shielding is required when being integrated into the motor cable; connection to optional motor brake control)
- ▶ Motor temperature monitoring
- ▶ External brake resistor (⚡ Mounting Instructions of the brake resistor)

The following connections need not be shielded:

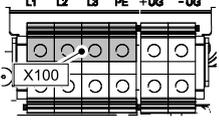
- ▶ Mains
- ▶ DC bus, cable length up to 0.3 m

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

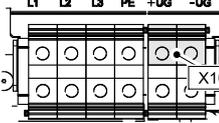
Devices in the range 32 ... 104 A (15 ... 55 kW)

#### Mains

Terminal X100 (left part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94X6100</p>	L1	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	L2	
	L3	
	PE	Connection for the PE conductor on the supply side

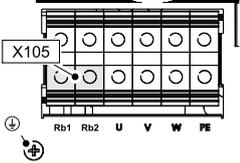
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 6: Flexible With wire end ferrule	50	0	10	88.5	Hexagon socket 5
Device size 7: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Hexagon socket 5

#### DC bus

Terminal X100 (right part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94X6100</p>	+UG -UG	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series).

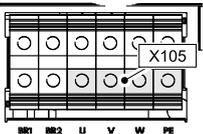
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 6: Flexible With wire end ferrule	50	0	10	88.5	Hexagon socket 5
Device size 7: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Hexagon socket 5

#### External brake resistor

Terminal X105 (left part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94X6105</p>	Rb1 Rb2	External brake resistor
		Connection for the PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 6: Flexible With wire end ferrule	50	0	10	88.5	Hexagon socket 5
Device size 7: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Hexagon socket 5

#### Motor

Terminal X105 (right part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94X6105</p>	U V W	Motor phases
	PE	Connection for the motor-side PE conductor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 6: Flexible With wire end ferrule	50	0	10	88.5	Hexagon socket 5
Device size 7: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Hexagon socket 5

## Motor temperature monitoring

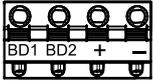
Terminal X106	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6106	T1 T2	Motor temperature monitoring with PTC element (type-A sensor, switching performance according to EN 60947-8 for type-A tripping units) or thermostat (NC contact).

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		 Slot 0.6 x 3.5
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	
with wire end ferrule					

**Motor brake control (optional)****Note!**

When the 24 V supply voltages (at X2) are applied and a motor holding brake is available, the devices respond as follows:

- ▶ Single Drive without mains or DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake **cannot** be released.
- ▶ Multi Drive without DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake can be released.

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0101: 24 V DC, max. 5.0 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

**Terminal data**

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5
with wire end ferrule					

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

**Tip!**

For detailed information on the motor holding brake control modules, please see the chapter Accessories (📖 441).

### 3 Single-axis controllers

#### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### 3.6.6 Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

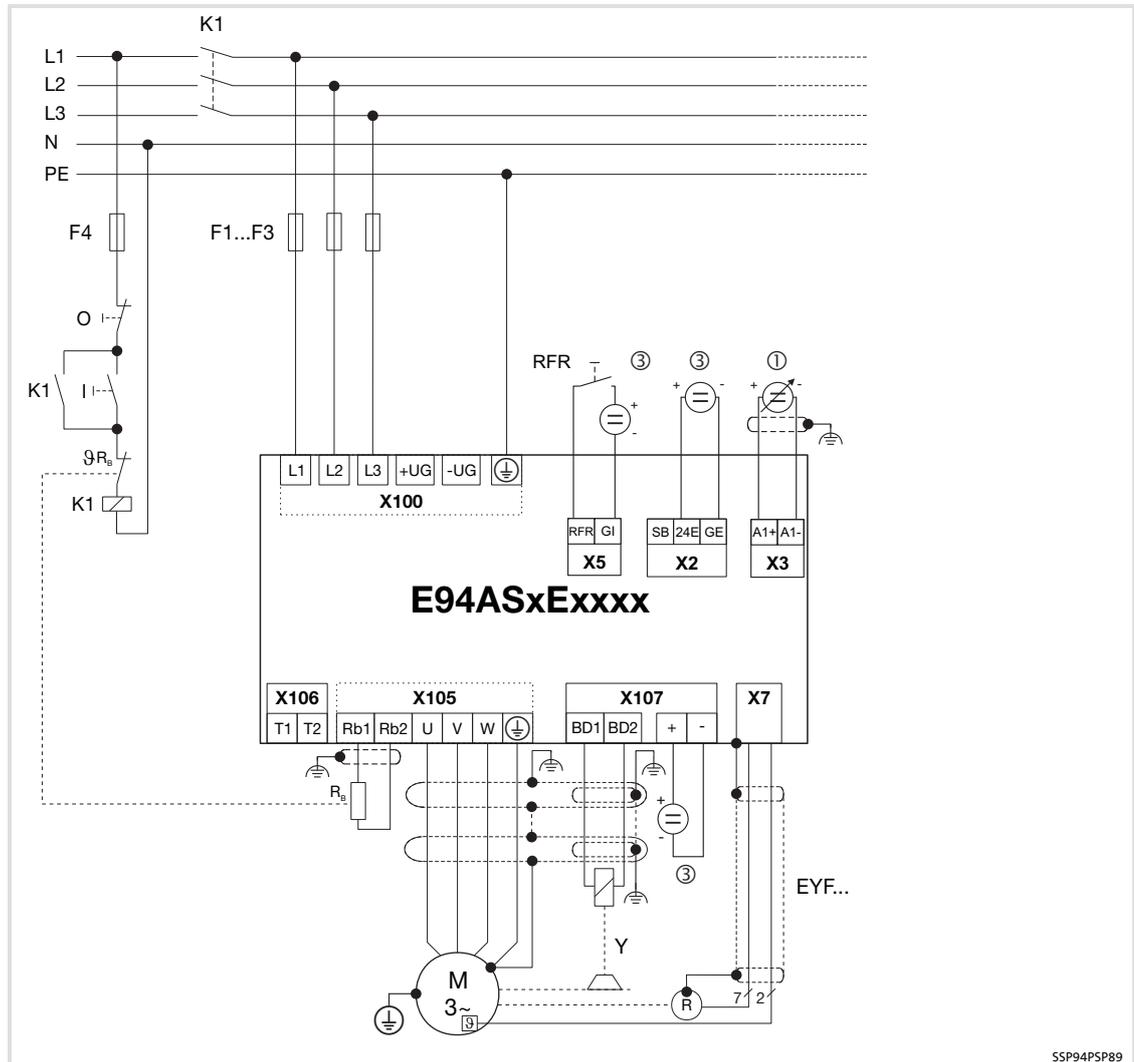


Fig. 3-25 Basic circuit diagram of the drive system

E94ASxExxxx	9400 Single Drive servo axis module
F1 ... F4	Fusing
	HF-shield termination through large-surface connection to PE
EYF...	System cable resolver feedback
RFR	Controller enable
K1	Mains contactor
R	Resolver
RB	Brake resistor
Y	Motor holding brake
①	Speed setpoint selection via analog input 1 (-10 ... 0 ... +10 V)
②	Voltage source of the brake
③	24-V voltage source for the digital inputs according to IEC 61131-2
④	24-V voltage source for the control electronics

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ It is imperative to comply with the regulations concerning minimum cross-sections of PE conductors. The cross-section of the PE conductor must be at least as large as the cross-section of the power connections.
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ Motor
- ▶ Motor holding brake (shielding is required when being integrated into the motor cable; connection to optional motor brake control)
- ▶ Motor temperature monitoring
- ▶ External brake resistor (Ⓜ Mounting Instructions of the brake resistor)

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ Mains
- ▶ DC bus, cable length up to 0.3 m

**Information regarding integrated fans**

The heatsinks of the devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (GG8S ... 10) are actively cooled by fans. These fans are operated from the mains voltage.

- ▶ If the S3 fuse on the "Soft charge" connecting board fails, the fans do not work. (📖 Fig. 3-26). This causes the devices to switch off due to excess temperature.
  - Depending on what has caused the fuse to fail, it may be possible to continue operating the device after replacement of the defective fuse.  
Fuse type: KLK series, 15 A, fast acting, 10 x 38 mm (0.4 x 1.5 inch, Size 5AG/MIDGET)
- ▶ For operation of the devices with DC supply, take note of the separate description regarding fan connection.

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### Device size 85

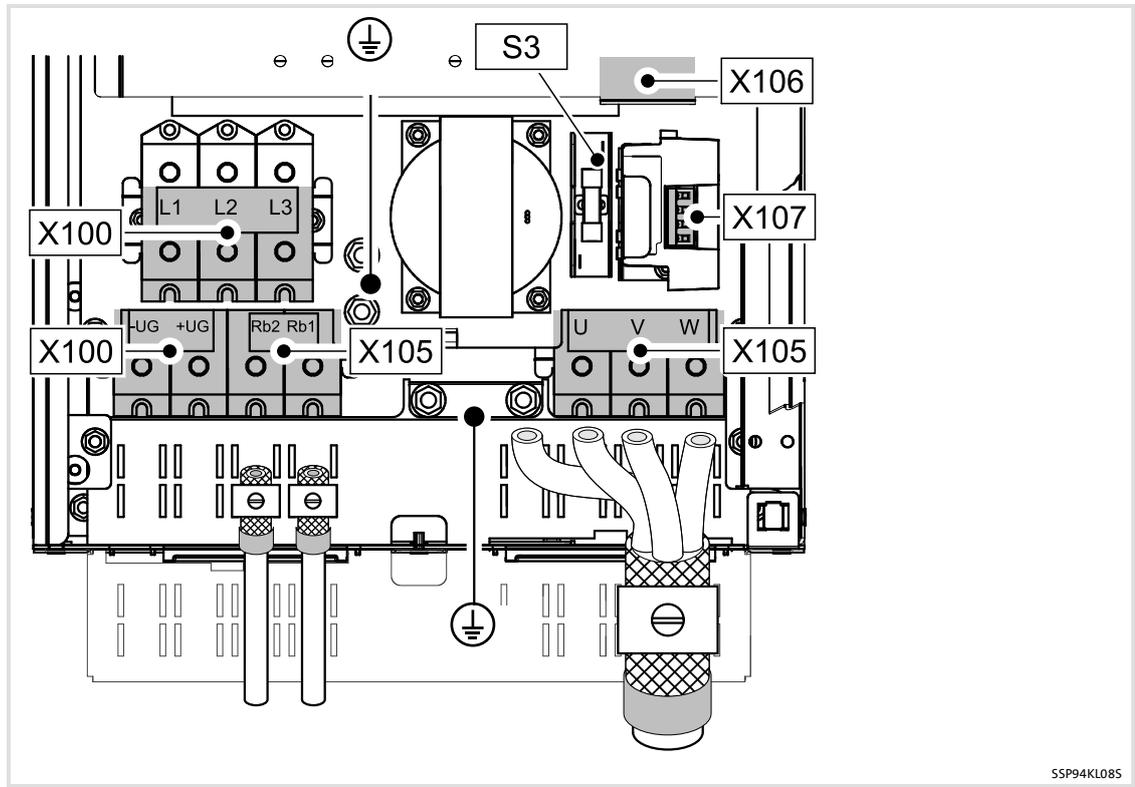


Fig. 3-26 Arrangement of the power connections



#### Tip!

The barrier between mains input and power terminals can be dismantled to have more free space for wiring.

**Motor**

Terminal X105	Marking	Description
SSP94KL0X8	U V W	Motor phases
	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor on the motor side with M8 ring cable lug

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8S: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Inbus 5
M8 ring cable lug	95	000	9.5	84	WAF 13

**External brake resistor**

Terminal X105	Labelling	Description
	Rb1 Rb2	Connection of external brake resistor
	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor with M8 ring cable lug.

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8S: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Inbus 5

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### DC bus

Terminal X100	Labelling	Description
	+UG -UG	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series).

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8S: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Inbus 5



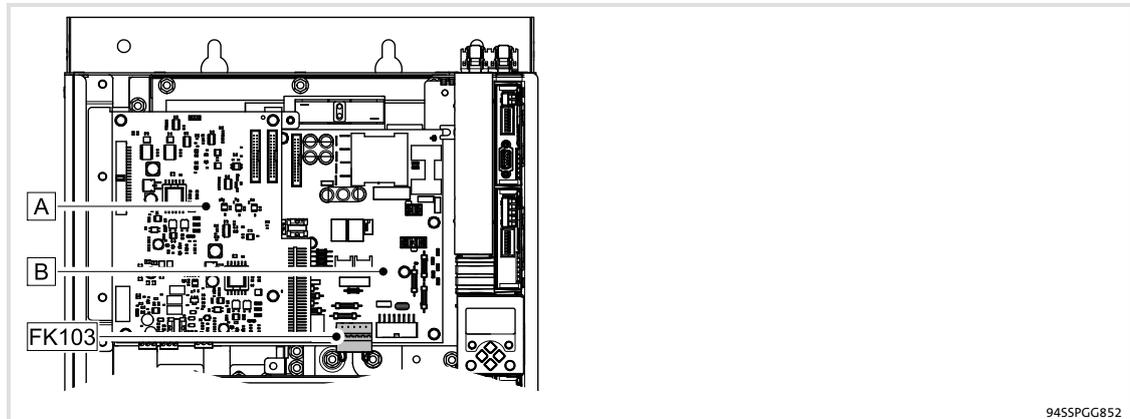
#### Tip!

Now mount the barrier between mains input and power terminals, if had been removed to have more free space for wiring.

#### Operation with DC supply

For operation with DC supply, the internal fans must be connected via the internal terminal FK103 to the 400/500 V AC mains voltage.

When opening the upper housing cover, you will find the pluggable terminal FK103 at the top in the device on the switched-mode power supply card.



- A** Interface card
- B** Switched-mode power supply card
- FK103 Fan voltage terminal

Remove the cable bridges of the terminal. Then, connect the mains voltage to FK103.101/100.

FK103	Labelling	Description
	101	Fan L1
	103	Mains phase (internal)
	NC	not assigned
	NC	not assigned
	100	Fan L2
	102	Mains phase (internal)
		by default bridged
		by default bridged

SSP94FK103

Terminal data	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		 Slot 0.6 x 3.5
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	

Rated values - internal fan, AC 400 V				
Gg	Type	I [A]	P [W]	
8S	E94ASxE1454	0.3	120	
8	E94ASxE1724	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE2024			
9	E94ASxE2454	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE2924			
	E94ASxE3664			
10	E94ASxE4604	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE5724			
	E94ASxE6354	2.8	1120	
	E94ASxE6954			

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### Mains

Terminal X100	Marking	Description
SSP94KL0X8	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor on the supply side with M8 ring cable lug

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8S: Flexible With wire end ferrule	95	000	14	124	Inbus 5
M8 ring cable lug	95	000	9.5	84	WAF 13

#### Motor temperature monitoring

Terminal X106	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6106	T1 T2	Motor temperature monitoring with PTC element (type-A sensor, switching performance according to EN 60947-8 for type-A tripping units) or thermostat (NC contact).

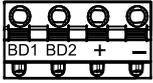
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5
with wire end ferrule					

## Motor brake control (optional)

**Note!**

When the 24 V supply voltages (at X2) are applied and a motor holding brake is available, the devices respond as follows:

- ▶ Single Drive without mains or DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake **cannot** be released.
- ▶ Multi Drive without DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake can be released.

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0101: 24 V DC, max. 5.0 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

**Terminal data**

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5
with wire end ferrule					

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

**Tip!**

For detailed information on the motor holding brake control modules, please see the chapter Accessories (📖 441).

## Device sizes 8 and 9

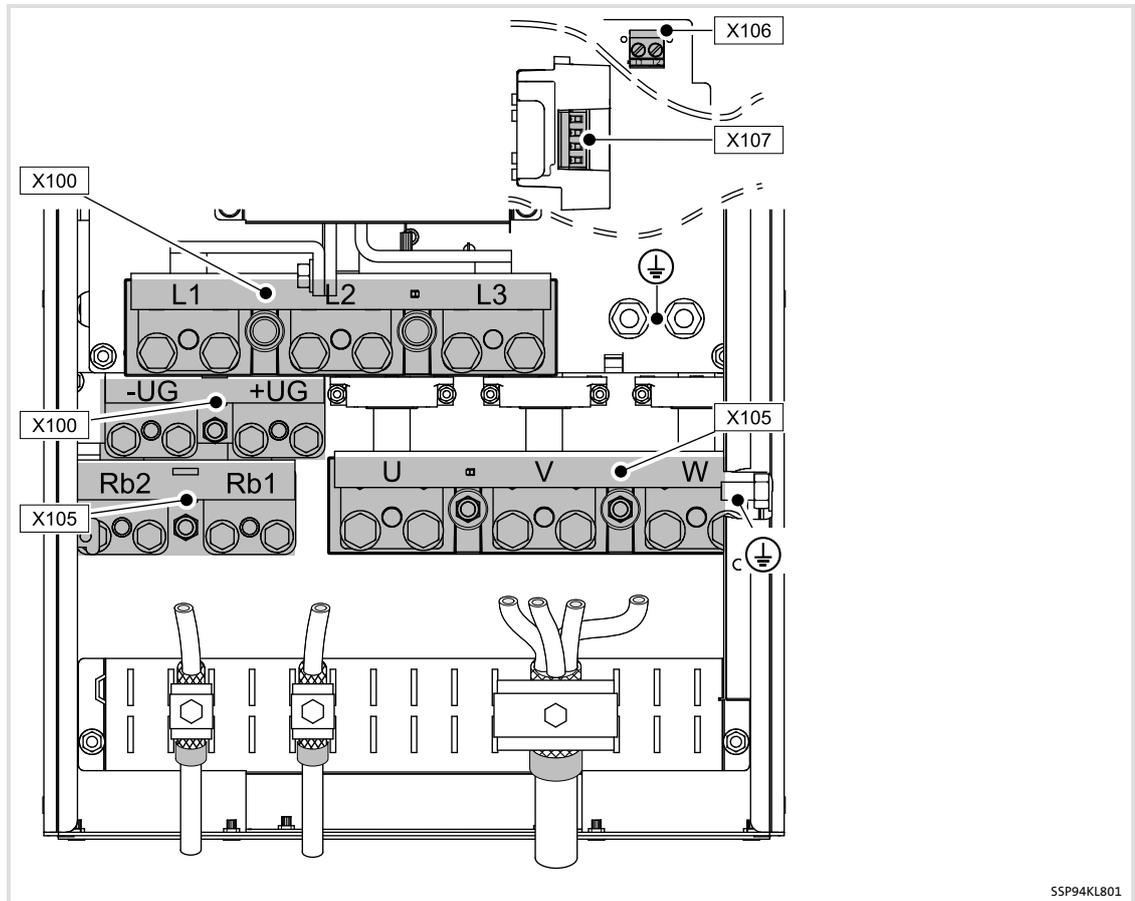


Fig. 3-27 Arrangement of the power connections

**Tip!**

The barrier between mains input and power terminals can be dismantled to have more free space for wiring.

**Motor**

Terminal X105	Marking	Description
Connection with ring cable lug for M10	U V W	Connection of the motor phases
SSP94KL801	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor on the motor side

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8: E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	2 x 240	2 x 500 mcm	19	168	WAF 16 WAF 17
Device size 9: E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664					

**External brake resistor**

Terminal X105	Labelling	Description
Connection with ring cable lug for M8	Rb1 Rb2	Connection of external brake resistor
SSP94KL801	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8: E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	2 x 240	2 x 500 mcm	9.5	84	WAF 13
Device size 9: E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664					

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### DC bus

Terminal X100	Marking	Description			
Connection with ring cable lug for M8 <small>SSP94KL801</small>	+UG -UG	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series).			
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8: E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	2 x 240	2 x 500 mcm	9.5	84	WAF 13
Device size 9: E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664					



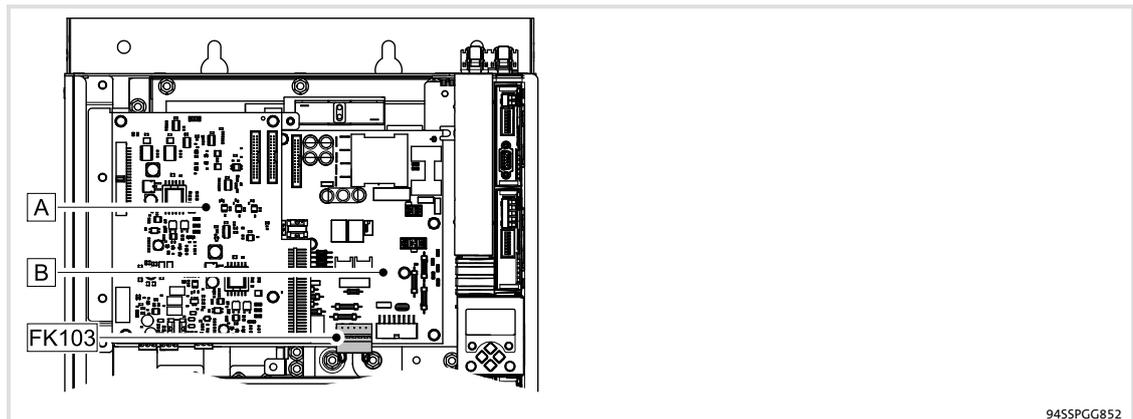
#### Tip!

Now mount the barrier between mains input and power terminals, if had been removed to have more free space for wiring.

#### Operation with DC supply

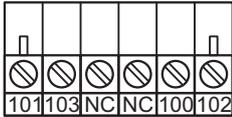
For operation with DC supply, the internal fans must be connected via the internal terminal FK103 to the 400/500 V AC mains voltage.

When opening the upper housing cover, you will find the pluggable terminal FK103 at the top in the device on the switched-mode power supply card.



- A** Interface card
- B** Switched-mode power supply card
- FK103** Fan voltage terminal

Remove the cable bridges of the terminal. Then, connect the mains voltage to FK103.101/100.

FK103	Labelling	Description
	101	Fan L1
	103	Mains phase (internal)
	NC	not assigned
	NC	not assigned
	100	Fan L2
	102	Mains phase (internal)
		by default bridged
		by default bridged

SSP94FK103

Terminal data	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		 Slot 0.6 x 3.5
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	

Rated values - internal fan, AC 400 V				
Gg	Type	I [A]	P [W]	
8S	E94ASxE1454	0.3	120	
8	E94ASxE1724	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE2024			
9	E94ASxE2454	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE2924			
	E94ASxE3664			
10	E94ASxE4604	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE5724			
	E94ASxE6354	2.8	1120	
	E94ASxE6954			

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### Mains

Terminal X100	Marking	Description
Connection with ring cable lug for M10	L1	Connection of the mains phases
	L2	
	L3	
SSP94KL801	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor on the supply side

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 8: E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	2 x 240	2 x 500 mcm	19	168	WAF 16 WAF 17
Device size 9: E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664					

#### Motor temperature monitoring

Terminal X106	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6106	T1 T2	Motor temperature monitoring with PTC element (type-A sensor, switching performance according to EN 60947-8 for type-A tripping units) or thermostat (NC contact).

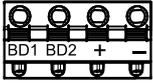
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5

## Motor brake control (optional)

**Note!**

When the 24 V supply voltages (at X2) are applied and a motor holding brake is available, the devices respond as follows:

- ▶ Single Drive without mains or DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake **cannot** be released.
- ▶ Multi Drive without DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake can be released.

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0101: 24 V DC, max. 5.0 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

**Terminal data**

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5
with wire end ferrule					

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

**Tip!**

For detailed information on the motor holding brake control modules, please see the chapter Accessories ( 441).

## Device size 10

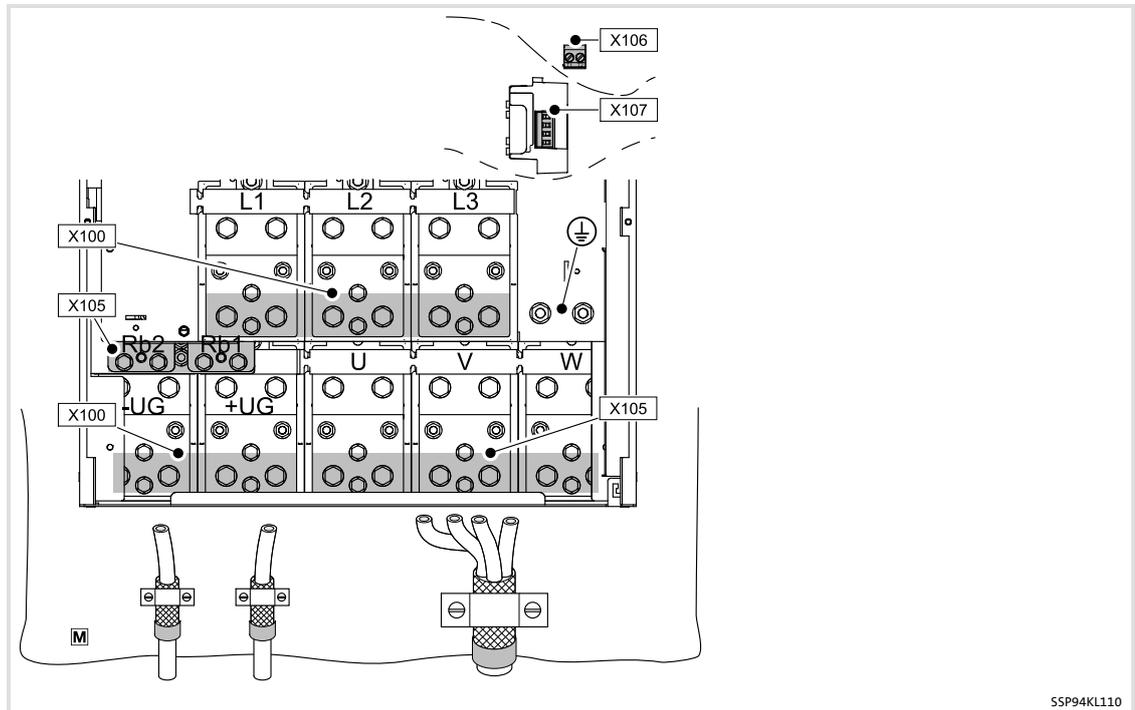


Fig. 3-28 Arrangement of the power connections

■ Mounting plate

The shield of single cores and multi-core cables must be connected to the mounting plate ■ of the control cabinet.

**Motor**

Terminal X105	Marking	Description
Connection with ring cable lug for M10  SSP94KL801	U V W	Connection of the motor phases
		Connection for the PE conductor on the motor side

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 10: E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	2 x 400 3 x 150	2 x 750 mcm 3 x 350 mcm	19	168	WAF 16 WAF 17

**External brake resistor**

Terminal X105	Labelling	Description
Connection with ring cable lug for M8  SSP94KL801	Rb1 Rb2	Connection of external brake resistor
		Connection for the PE conductor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 10: E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	2 x 70	2 x 00	19	168	13

## Single-axis controllers

### Wiring

Devices in the range 145 ... 695 A (75 ... 370 kW)

#### DC bus

Terminal X100	Labelling	Description			
Connection with ring cable lug for M10	+Ug -Ug	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series).			

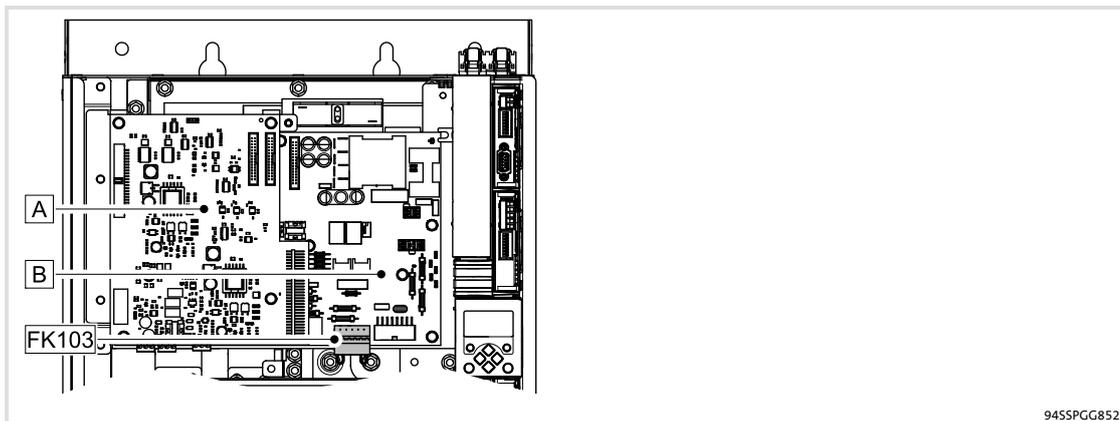
  

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 10: E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	2 x 400 3 x 150	2 x 750 mcm 3 x 350 mcm	19	168	WAF 16 WAF 17

### Operation with DC supply

For operation with DC supply, the internal fans must be connected via the internal terminal FK103 to the 400/500 V AC mains voltage.

When opening the upper housing cover, you will find the pluggable terminal FK103 at the top in the device on the switched-mode power supply card.



- A** Interface card
- B** Switched-mode power supply card
- FK103** Fan voltage terminal

Remove the cable bridges of the terminal. Then, connect the mains voltage to FK103.101/100.

FK103	Labelling	Description	
	101	Fan L1	by default bridged
	103	Mains phase (internal)	
	NC	not assigned	
	NC		
	100	Fan L2	by default bridged
	102	Mains phase (internal)	

SSP94FK103

Terminal data	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5
with wire end ferrule					

Rated values - internal fan, AC 400 V				
Gg	Type	I [A]	P [W]	
8S	E94ASxE1454	0.3	120	
8	E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	1.2	480	
9	E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664	1.2	480	
10	E94ASxE4604	1.2	480	
	E94ASxE5724	2.8	1120	
	E94ASxE6354			
	E94ASxE6954			

## Mains

Terminal X100	Marking	Description
Connection with ring cable lug for M10	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases
		Connection for the PE conductor on the supply side

SSP94KL801

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 10: E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	2 x 400 3 x 150	2 x 750 mcm 3 x 350 mcm	19	168	WAF 16 WAF 17

## Motor temperature monitoring

Terminal X106	Labelling	Description
  SSP94X6106	T1 T2	Motor temperature monitoring with PTC element (type-A sensor, switching performance according to EN 60947-8 for type-A tripping units) or thermostat (NC contact).

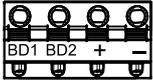
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	Slot 0.6 x 3.5

## Motor brake control (optional)

**Note!**

When the 24 V supply voltages (at X2) are applied and a motor holding brake is available, the devices respond as follows:

- ▶ Single Drive without mains or DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake **cannot** be released.
- ▶ Multi Drive without DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake can be released.

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0101: 24 V DC, max. 5.0 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

**Terminal data**

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		 Slot 0.6 x 3.5
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	
with wire end ferrule					

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

**Tip!**

For detailed information on the motor holding brake control modules, please see the chapter Accessories (📖 441).

### 3.7 Control terminals



#### **Danger!**

##### **Hazardous electrical voltage**

Depending on the device, all power connections remain live up to 3 minutes after the mains has been switched off.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

##### **Protective measures:**

- ▶ Wait for at least 3 minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.



#### **Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ Analog signals (inputs and outputs)
- ▶ System bus CAN
- ▶ Resolver
- ▶ Encoder

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ 24 V supply
- ▶ Digital signals (inputs and outputs)

**Tip!**

Parameter setting and configuration can be carried out using the L-force »Engineer«. For this purpose the Online Help and the Software Manual for the standard device will guide you.

### System bus CAN on board

The drive controller has an integrated CANopen system bus interface for the exchange of process data and parameter values between different nodes and for the connection of additional modules such as distributed terminals, operator and input devices ("HMI's") as well as external control units. The software manual contains additional information in this regard.

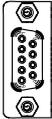
Overview of general data and conditions of use	
Field	Values
Communication profile	CANopen (DS301, V4.02)
Communication medium	CAN cable in accordance with ISO 11898-2
Network topology	Line closed at both ends (e.g. closed with Lenze system connector EWZ0046)
Node addresses that can be set	1 ... 127 (can be set by means of DIP switch or code)
Max. number of nodes	127
Transfer rates [kBit/s]	10 ... 1000 (can be set by means of DIP switch or code)
Conformity, approvals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● CE</li> <li>● UL</li> <li>● EAC</li> </ul>

The transfer rate limits the overall cable length.

Transfer rate [kBit]	Maximum bus length [m]
10	8075
20	4012
50	1575
125	600
250	275
500	112
800	38
1000	12

The segment cable length is limited by the cable cross-section used and the number of nodes. Repeaters divide the overall cable length into segments. Without repeaters, the segment cable length is the same as the overall cable length.

Max. number of nodes per segment	Segment length [m] in relation to cable cross-section (Interpolation is permissible)			
	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 24)	0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 21)	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 19)	1.00 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 18)
2	240	430	650	940
5	230	420	640	920
10	230	410	620	900
20	210	390	580	850
32	200	360	550	800
63	170	310	470	690
100	150	270	410	600

Terminal X1	Labelling	Description
 94005SP000X1	Pin 2	CAN-LOW
	Pin 3	CAN-GND
	Pin 7	CAN-HIGH
	(Housing)	CAN-Shield

### 24 V supply

The supply voltage for the control electronics should be fed by a mains-independent 24 V source. Thus, the control functions remain active even after power is removed.

As an option, the controller can generate the supply voltage for the control electronics from the DC-bus voltage. Then, the control functions will not be active when power is removed.

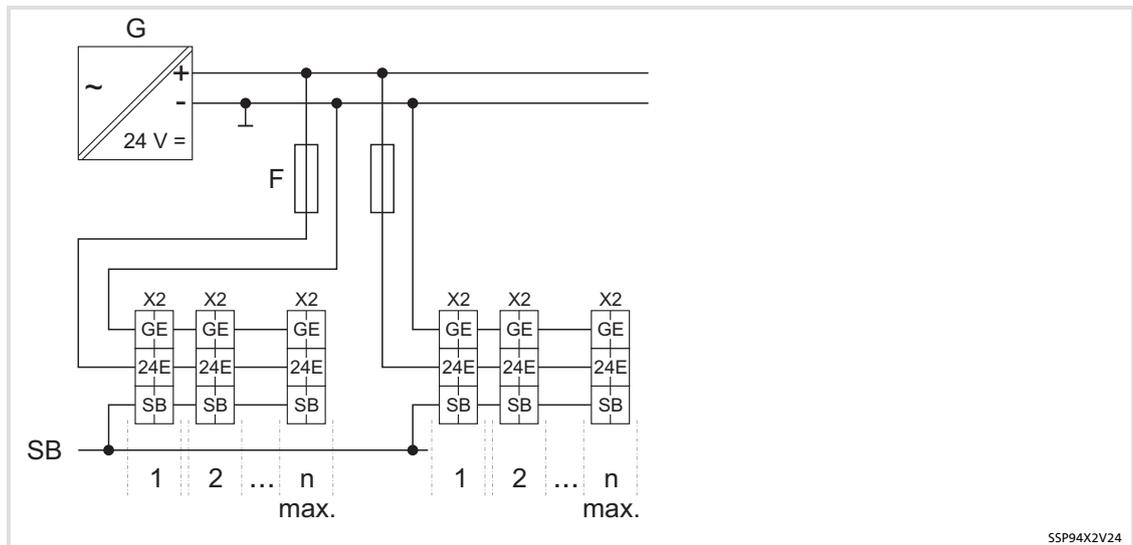


Fig. 3-29 Wiring principle

g	24 V external supply (e.g. EZV...)
F	Fuse
X2	Terminal for 24 V and state bus
GE/24E/SB	Labelling on the terminal
SB	State bus
1 ... n	E94A... device number during loop-through connection

Terminal X2	Labelling	Description
	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply via a safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) (only required for mains-independent supply of the control electronics)
	SB	State bus in/out (reference GE)

94005SP000X2

#### Terminal data

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

#### Electrical data

24 V	Rated voltage	24 V According to IEC 61131-2
	Voltage range	19.2 ... 28.8 V Residual ripple max. ± 5 %
	Current consumption	Approx. 1.2 A during operation Max. 3 A starting current for 100 ms
	Fuse	Circuit breaker with tripping characteristic B or C, Standard blade-type fuses
	Looping through	Max. 12 devices with 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Fusing: 16/15 A Max. 8 devices with 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Fusing: 10/10 A
	Connectable cross-cuttings	See terminal data

### State bus

The state bus is a bus system exclusively designed for Lenze controllers via which up to 20 controllers can be connected and which serves to simulate a "release cord" function. The state is controlled via the system module SFBDigitalOutput.

- ▶ The state bus knows the states "OK" and "fault".
- ▶ The state bus is multi-master-compliant, i.e. each node connected to the state bus can set the state bus to "fault" by changing to LOW level.
- ▶ In the "fault" status, all nodes activate their programmed response, e.g. synchronised braking of the drive system.



### Stop!

Do not connect an external voltage to the state bus, otherwise the function will be disturbed.

#### Electrical data

State bus	Rated voltage	24 V According to IEC 61131-2
	Switching level	According to IEC 61131-2
	LOW	0 V ... +5 V
	HIGH	+15 V ... +30 V
	Looping through	Max. 20 devices DC-bus operation with 9300 devices is possible.
	Connectable cross-cuttings	See terminal data

**Analog inputs, analog outputs**

The controller features two analog inputs which are able to detect differential voltage signals in the range  $\pm 10$  V, e.g. an analog speed setpoint selection or the voltage signal of an external sensor (temperature, pressure, etc.).

- The analog signal 1 can also detect a current setpoint.

The controller features two analog outputs, which can output internal analog signals as voltage signals, e.g. for the control of analog indicating instruments or as a setpoint for slave drives.

Electrical data		
Analog input 1 Analog input 2	Level:	-10 ... +10 V
	Resolution:	11 bits + sign
	Scaling:	$\pm 10$ V $\equiv \pm 2^{30}$
	Conversion rate:	1 kHz
Analog input 1 as current input (A1R and A1- bridged)	Level:	-20 ... +20 mA
	Resolution:	10 bits + sign
	Scaling:	For C00034 = "1" -20 ... -4 mA $\equiv -2^{30}$ ... 0 +4 ... +20 mA $\equiv 0$ ... $+2^{30}$
		For C00034 = "2" $\pm 20$ mA $\equiv \pm 2^{30}$
	Conversion rate:	1 kHz
	Open-circuit monitoring:	Configurable
Analog output 1 Analog output 2	Level:	-10 ... +10 V (max. 2 mA)
	Resolution:	11 bits + sign
	Scaling:	$\pm 10$ V $\equiv \pm 2^{30}$
	Conversion rate:	1 kHz

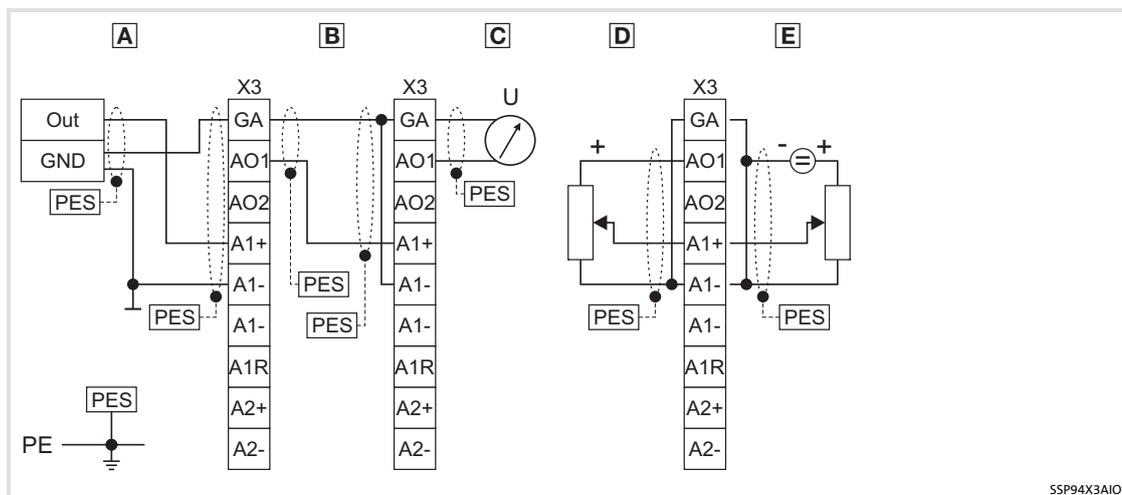


Fig. 3-30 Wiring principle

- A** Wiring of an external analog signal
- B** Wiring with a slave drive
- C** Wiring with a measuring device
- D** Potentiometer supplied by analog output 1
- E** Potentiometer with external supply
- Out Analog output signal, e.g. of a control
- GND Earth reference potential
- X3 Terminal for the analog inputs and outputs
- PES EMC shield connection
- PE Protective earth
- U Measuring device

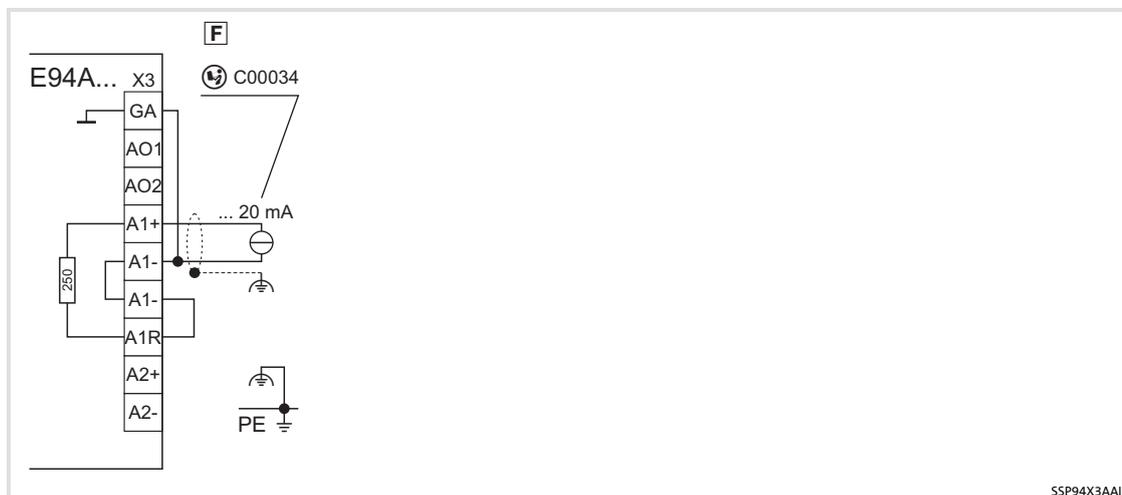
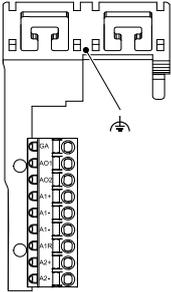


Fig. 3-31 Wiring principle of current input

- F** Wiring of a current signal
- X3 Terminal for the analog inputs and outputs
- Read information on the input configuration (software manual)
- Functional earth
- PE Protective earth

Terminal X3	Labelling	Description
	GA	GND analog signals
	AO1	Analog output 1
	AO2	Analog output 2
	A1+	Analog input 1 +
	A1-	Analog input 1 -
	A1-	Analog input 1 -
	A1R	Terminating resistor for $\pm 20\text{mA}$
	A2+	Analog input 2 +
	A2-	Analog input 2 -
	SSP94000X3 	

#### Terminal data

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				



#### Note!

If the control terminals are completely wired, we recommend to use a cable cross-section of max.  $0.75\text{ mm}^2$  to save space. The mechanical cover can then be attached.

### Digital outputs

The controller features four freely configurable digital outputs.

Electrical data		
240 GO	24 V external voltage source, optional	according to IEC 61131-2 SELV/PELV
	Current consumption	Max. 300 mA
DO1 ... DO4 GO	Switching level	according to IEC 61131-2
	LOW	0 V ... +5 V
	HIGH	+15 V ... +30 V
	Output current	Max. 50 mA
	Load	> 480 Ω at 24 V



#### Note!

For stable digital output states, in particular during the starting phase of the controller, you must use an external 24V supply for the digital outputs.



#### Note!

Digital inputs and digital outputs have separated reference potentials (GI and GO). If you interconnect inputs and outputs, the reference potentials are connected as well by an external bridge.

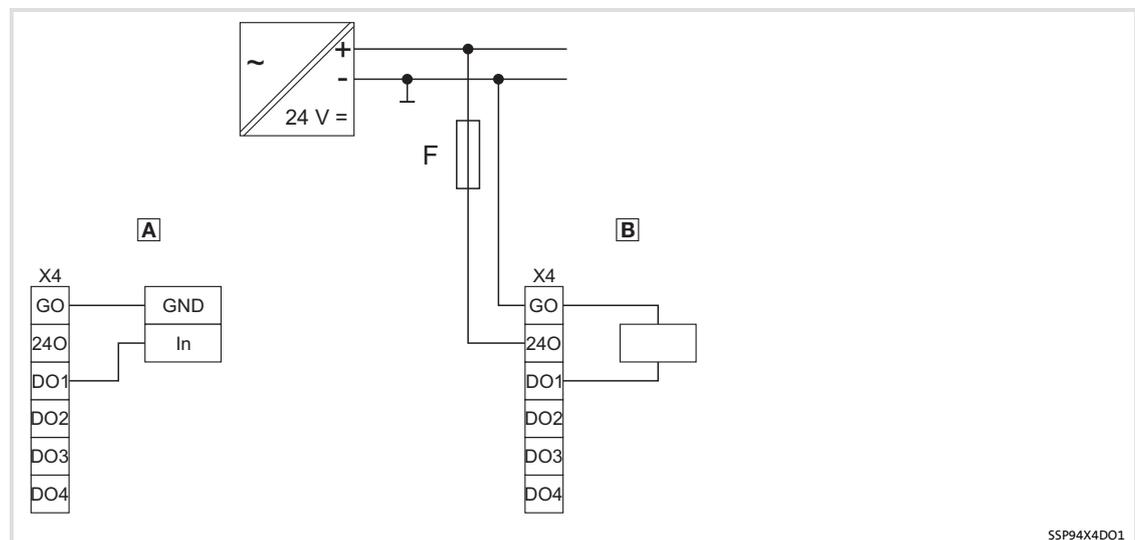


Fig. 3-32 Wiring principle

- A** Wiring with a digital input, e.g. a PLC
- B** Digital control (relay, valve, ...) with an external 24-V supply
- X4 Terminal for the digital outputs
- In Digital input, e.g. of a control
- GND Earth reference potential
- F Fuse

Terminal X4	Labelling	Description
	G0	GND digital out
	240	24-V digital out
	DO1	Digital output 1
	DO2	Digital output 2
	DO3	Digital output 3
	DO4	Digital output 4

9400SSP000X4

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

### Digital inputs

The controller is provided with freely configurable digital inputs which can be used for touch probe measurement (edge-controlled event).

The control input RFR for controller enable is firmly connected with the device control. It must be wired to enable the controller with a HIGH signal.

Electrical data		
240 (external voltage source, optional)	Rated voltage	24 V According to IEC 61131-2
	Current consumption	Max. 50 mA
RFR DI1 ... DI8	Switching level	According to IEC 61131-2
	LOW	0 V ... +5 V
	HIGH	+15 V ... +30 V
	Input current	Max. 8 mA



### Note!

Digital inputs and digital outputs have separated reference potentials (GI and GO). If you interconnect inputs and outputs, the reference potentials are connected as well by an external bridge.

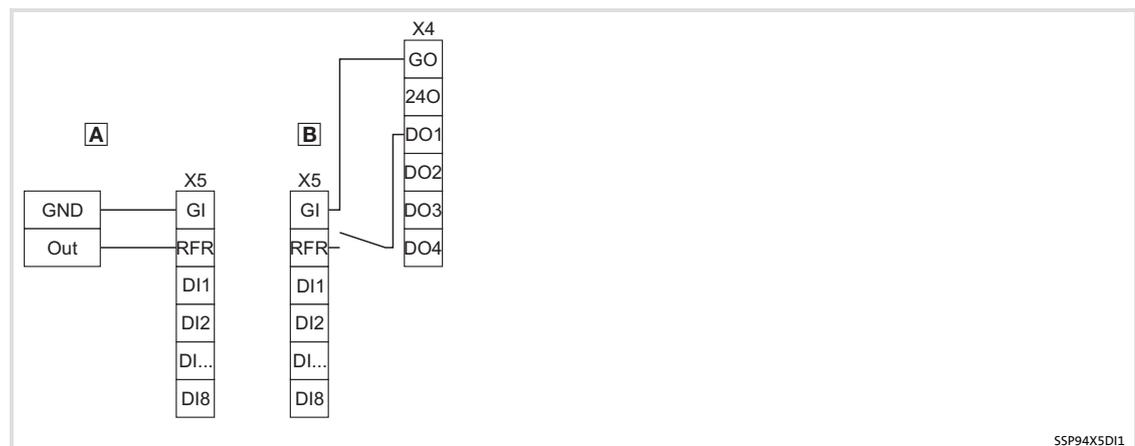


Fig. 3-33 Wiring principle

- ▣ Wiring of an external digital signal, e.g. a PLC
- ▣ Wiring with a slave drive
- X4 Terminal for the digital outputs
- X5 Terminal for the digital inputs
- Out digital output signal, e.g. of a control
- GND Earth reference potential

Terminal X5	Labelling	Description
	GI	GND digital in
	RFR	Controller enable
	DI1	Digital input 1
	DI2	Digital input 2
	DI3	Digital input 3
	DI4	Digital input 4
	DI5	Digital input 5
	DI6	Digital input 6
94005SP000X5	DI7	Digital input 7
	DI8	Digital input 8

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

### Diagnostics/keypad

The following can be connected to this interface:

- ▶ USB diagnostic adapter E94AZCUS

or

- ▶ Keypad E94AZKAE.

The diagnostic adapter and a computer with the Lenze software »Engineer« serve to carry out comprehensive settings, e.g. for initial commissioning.

The keypad enables experienced users to check or change individual settings.

Terminal X6	Labelling	Description
		Internal interface, RJ69 socket, for keypad or diagnostic adapter
94005SP000X6		

### Resolver

Resolvers are connected to X7 (9-pole Sub-D socket).

The use of third-party resolvers is permissible. For this purpose the number of pole pairs of the resolver in C00080 must be adapted to the resolver used. When the stator coils are excited with 4 kHz, the apparent impedance of the connected resolver must not fall below 65 Ohm. When lower impedances are connected, the overload protection integrated in the resolver output limits the output current and can falsify the resolver evaluation.

Resolvers are operated in reverse mode:

- ▶ Supply to the sine and cosine track,
- ▶ Both signals are controlled in a way that the current flow on the reference track is reduced to zero.

Electrical data		
General	Cable length (system cable recommended)	max. 150 m (100 m <sup>1)</sup> )
V <sub>CC</sub> , -KTY (GND)	Supply voltage	5 V
	Maximum output current	110 mA
+REF, -REF	Input frequency	Max. 250 kHz
+COS, -COS +SIN, -SIN	Excitation voltage	10 V <sub>SS</sub>
	Carrier frequency	4 kHz, fix
+KTY, -KTY	Type	KTY 83-110

<sup>1)</sup> If safety functions with SM301 are used which require safe speed and position detection.

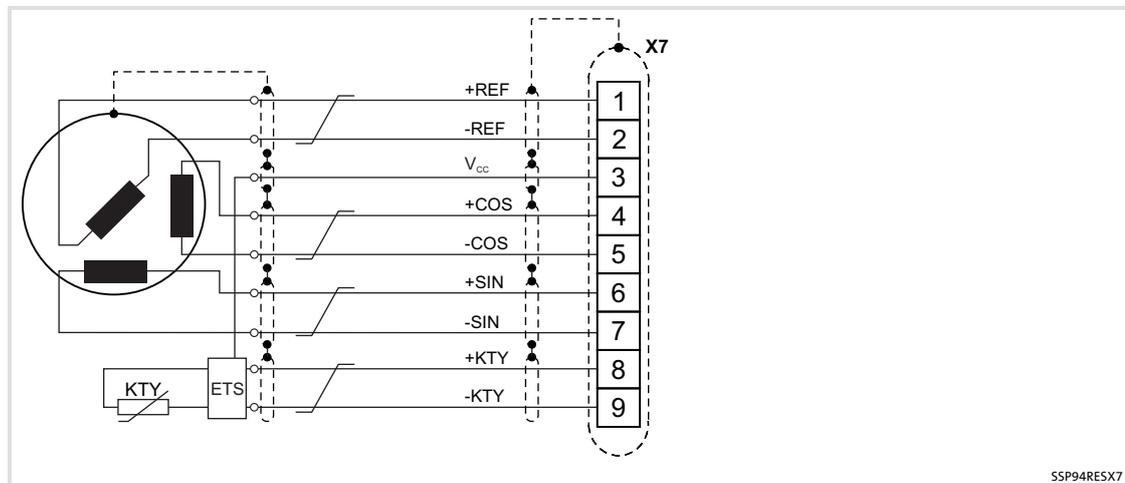
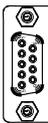


Fig. 3-34 Wiring principle

Terminal X7	Labelling	Description
	1	+REF
	2	-REF
	3	V <sub>CC</sub>
	4	+COS
	5	-COS
	6	+SIN
	7	-SIN
	8	+KTY
	9	-KTY

9400SSP000X7

SSP94RESX7

### Encoder

Encoders are connected to X8 (15-pole Sub-D socket).

- ▶ Absolute and incremental encoders are supported:
  - TTL encoder 5 V (incremental)
  - Sin/cos encoder 1 V<sub>SS</sub> (incremental)
  - Sin/cos absolute value encoder 1 V<sub>SS</sub> with Hiperface protocol
  - Sin/cos absolute value encoder 1 V<sub>SS</sub> with EnDat protocol (2.1)
  - SSI load encoder with Stegmann protocol (as of 9400 with firmware 05.00)
- ▶ Improved determination of low speeds with TTL encoders through additional time measuring method.
- ▶ SinCos absolute value encoders are serially read during initialisation (power-on). After this, the sin/cos signals are evaluated.
- ▶ Open-circuit monitoring:
  - for sin/cos encoders by comparing the sin/cos signals with the sine shape (radius monitoring)
  - for TTL encoders by means of mean value and amplitude monitoring
  - not with SSI encoders
- ▶ The following encoders are not supported:
  - HTL encoders

Electrical data		
General	Cable length (system cable recommended)	max. 150 m (100 m <sup>1)</sup> )
	Encoder types	TTL 1 V <sub>SS</sub>
	Protocols	Hiperface EnDat 2.1 SSI-Stegmann
	Number of increments	1 ... 16384
	Input frequency	max. 500 kHz
VCC (GND)	Supply voltage	5 V ... 12 V
	Max. load capacity,	5 ... 9 V 330 mA
		9 ... 12 V 3 W at 12 V 250 mA
+Sense, -Sense	Measuring lead for readjusting V <sub>CC</sub>	
+KTY, -KTY	Type	KTY 83-110

<sup>1)</sup> If safety functions with SM301 are used which require safe speed and position detection.

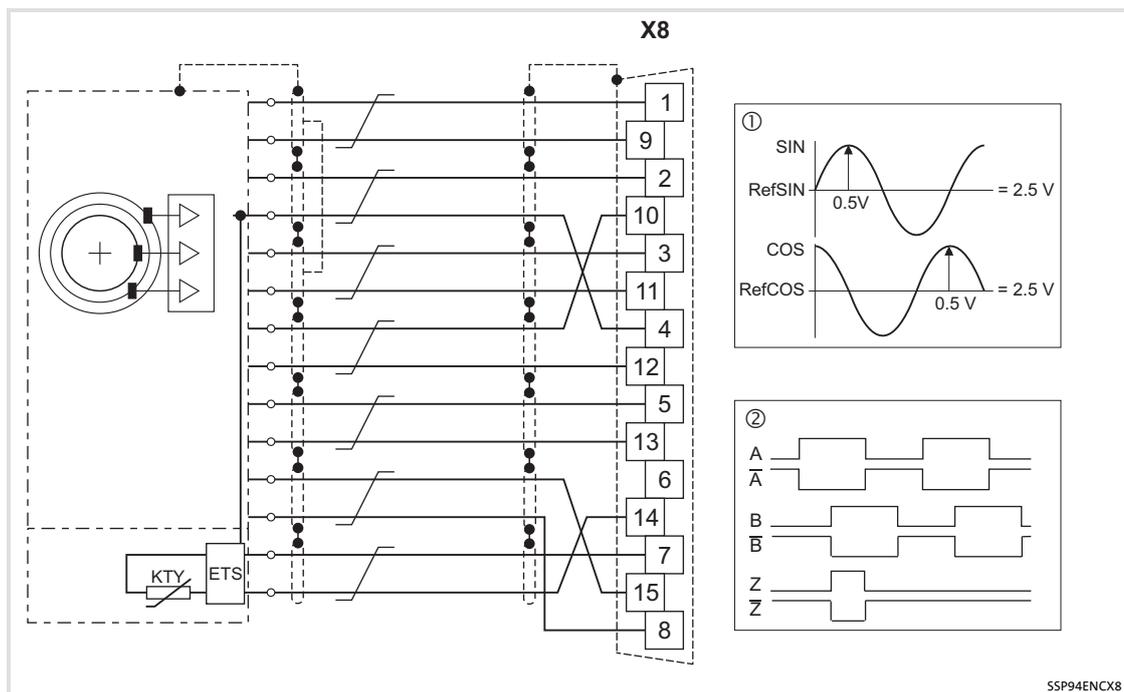
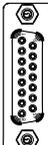


Fig. 3-35 Wiring principle

- ① Signals of a sin/cos encoder
- ② Signals with CW rotation

Terminal X8	Pin	Description	Cable EYF001...			
			TTL	1 V <sub>SS</sub>	1 V <sub>SS</sub> Hiperface	EYF002... 1 V <sub>SS</sub> EnDat 2.1
	1	A	Cos	Cos	Cos	n. c.
	2	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
	3	B	Sin	Sin	SIN	n. c.
	4	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	U <sub>S</sub>
	5	Z	Z	+RS485	Data (Z)	Data +
	6	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.
	7	-KTY	-KTY	-KTY	-KTY	-KTY
	8	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	Clock	Clock +
	9	/A	Ref Cos	Ref Cos	Ref Cos	n. c.
	10	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	-Sense	n. c.
	11	/B	Ref SIN	Ref SIN	Ref SIN	n. c.
	12	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	+Sense	n. c.
	13	/Z	/Z	-RS485	/Data (/Z)	Data -
	14	+KTY	+KTY	+KTY	+KTY	+KTY
	9400SSP000X8	15	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	/Clock

#### Setting the supply voltage

The supply voltage of the encoder must be adapted to the cable length.

The voltage is adapted by means of the parameter "Encoder voltage", C00421.

Encoder Product key	U <sub>r</sub> [V]	Voltage setting [V] in C00421 for cable length [m]						
		0 - 10	10 - 30	30 - 50	50 - 70	70 - 90	90 - 100	100 -150
TTL								
IG2048-5V-T	5 ±5%	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3
IG4096-5V-T								
IK2048-5V-T								
Sin-cos								
IG1024-5V-V	5 ±5%	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3
IG2048-5V-S								
Sin-cos (Hiperface)								
AM1024-8V-H	8 (7 ... 12)	8.0						
Sin-cos (Endat)								
AM32-5V-E	5 ±5%	5.0						
AS2048-5V-E								
AM2048-5V-E								

Tab. 3-6

U<sub>r</sub>                      Rated encoder voltage

The values listed in Tab. 3-6 are valid for the use of Lenze system cables at typical ambient temperatures.

Other cables, other cable cross-sections or extreme ambient temperatures can require metrologically determined adaptations.

For a higher encoder supply power, e.g. for laser-based length measuring systems, an external encoder supply must be provided.

## 4 Multi-axis controllers

### 4.1 Device features

- ▶ Three options of direct supply of the DC-bus voltage:
  - Power supply module or "Single Drive" axis module via the integrated DC-link busbar (DC-bus)
  - DC input point via the integrated DC-link busbar (DC-bus)
  - Via terminals +UG and -UG
- ▶ Space-saving installation by compact design
- ▶ Innovative installation concept
- ▶ Power range: 370 W to 15 kW
- ▶ Pluggable and uniform connection for control cables over the complete power range
- ▶ Integrated DC busbar and DC fuse
- ▶ Direct connection of resolver and/or encoder feedback
  - Easy connection via predesigned system cables (accessories)
- ▶ Integrated phase controller for drift-free standstill
- ▶ Field-oriented control for asynchronous and synchronous motors
- ▶ Digital synchronisation system via bus system or digital frequency (extension module required)
- ▶ User configuration for control functions and input/output signals
  - Comprehensive library with function blocks
  - High flexibility with regard to the adaptation of the internal control structure to the drive task
- ▶ Extension interfaces for
  - communication
  - controller functionality
  - safety engineering
- ▶ System bus (CANopen) for
  - servo inverter connection
  - input and output terminal extensions
  - connecting keypad and display units (HMI)
- ▶ Emergency operation with reduced mains voltage possible
  - Control of motor holding brake possible

## 4.2

## General data and operating conditions

## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cULUS	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada	
Protection of persons and devices			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP 20	Not in the wire range of the terminals on the motor side
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact in accordance with type 1	
Insulation resistance	EN 61800-5-1	Overvoltage category III Reduction from 2000 m amsl onwards: Overvoltage category II	
Insulation of control circuits	EN 61800-5-1	Safe mains isolation by double/reinforced insulation for mains with neutral earthing with a rated voltage for the external conductor/star point up to 300 V.	
Short-circuit strength	EN 61800-5-1	Motor connection: with restrictions, error acknowledgement required Control connections: without restrictions	
Motor - protective measures against		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Short circuit</li> <li>● Earth fault</li> <li>● Overvoltage</li> <li>● Motor stalling</li> <li>● Motor overtemperature (PTC or thermal contact, I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring)</li> </ul>	
Discharge current	EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC, > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Cyclic mains switching		Cyclic mains switching of 5 times in 5 minutes is permissible without restrictions.	
Design			
Housing			
Carrier housing	Device sizes 1, 2 and 3	Glass-fiber reinforced plastic	
Dimensions		see "Mechanical installation"	
Weight		see "Mechanical installation"	

<b>Mounting conditions</b>			
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertical	
Free space			
At the top/at the bottom		$\geq 80 \text{ mm} / \geq 120 \text{ mm}$	Observe the device-related notes on mounting.
On the sides		Side-by-side mounting without any clearance	

"Multi Drive" supply conditions		
AC-mains operation		No direct connection, DC supply module or "Single Drive" network required
DC-bus operation		Direct connection via terminals or busbars For more information, please see the chapter DC-bus operation.
Power systems		
TT		Operation permitted without restrictions.
TN		
With grounded phase		Operation with additional measures permitted: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protection of persons according to EN 61800-5-1 requires the supplementary insulation of the control cables.</li> <li>• Measures described for IT systems must be applied.</li> </ul>
IT		Additional device-internal measure required (see ("Earthing of internal EMC filters", 193))
Motors	EN 60034	Only use motors suitable for inverter operation. Insulation resistance: min. $\hat{u} \geq 1.5$ kV, min. $du/dt \geq 5$ kV/ $\mu$ s

## Operating conditions

Environmental conditions		
Climate		
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2
Vibration resistance ( $9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 1 \text{ g}$ )		
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to $10 \text{ m/s}^2$ 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to $15 \text{ m/s}^2$
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude $\pm 1$ mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6

**General electrical data**

Assignment		Device size	Accessories: busbar mounting set/spare fuse
Axis module	Installation backplane		
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	E94AZPM0044	GG1	- / 16 A, 700 V DC, Siba 50 201 06
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	E94AZPM0094	GG2	- / 40 A, 700 V DC, Siba 50 201 06
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174 E94AMxE0244	E94AZPM0244	GG3	- / 100 A, 700 V DC, Siba 20 292 21
E94AMxE0324	E94AZPM0324		

**Requirements on the motor cable**

Capacitance per unit length

$\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}^2/\text{AWG 14}$	$C_{\text{Core/core}}/C_{\text{Core/shield}} < 75/150 \text{ pF/m}$
$\geq 4 \text{ mm}^2/\text{AWG 12}$	$C_{\text{Core/core}}/C_{\text{Core/shield}} < 150/300 \text{ pF/m}$

Electric strength

VDE 0250-1	$U_0/U = 0.6/1.0 \text{ kV}$ ( $U_0$ = r.m.s. value external - conductor/PE, $U$ = r.m.s. value - external conductor/external conductor)
UL	$U \geq 600 \text{ V}$ ( $U$ = r.m.s. value external conductor/external conductor)

Maximum motor and feedback cable lengths (for shielded motor cable with rated mains voltage)		
Type	Device size	[m]
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	1	50
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034		
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	2	100
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074		
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174 E94AMxE0244	3	100
E94AMxE0324	3	100
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174 E94ASxE0244	3	100
E94ASxE0324 E94ASxE0474 E94ASxE0594	6	100
E94ASxE0864 E94ASxE1044	7	100
E94ASxE1454	8S	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )
E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	8	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )
E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664	9	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )
E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	10	150 (100 <sup>1)</sup> )

If EMC conditions must be met, the permissible cable lengths can be reduced.

<sup>1)</sup> If safety functions with SM301, which require reliable speed and position detection, are used.

Tab. 4-1

EMC		
Operation on public supply systems	EN 61800-3	The controllers are designed for use in an industrial environment. Operation on public networks requires measures to be taken for limiting the expected emission of radio interferences.
Noise emission, in cables		
Design "Single Drive"	EN 61800-3	see Tab. 3-2 EMC protection requirements
Design "Multi Drive"		Depending on the filter at the central DC supply module.
Noise immunity (to EN 61800-3)		
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	8 kV with air discharge, 4 kV with contact discharge against housing
Radio frequency		
Cable-guided	EN 61000-4-6	150 kHz ... 80 MHz, 10 V 80 % AM (1 kHz)
Interference (housing)	EN 61000-4-3	80 MHz ... 1000 MHz, 10 V/m 80 % AM (1 kHz)
Burst		
Power terminals and interfaces	EN 61000-4-4	2 kV/5 kHz
Signal interfaces	EN 61000-4-4	1 kV/5 kHz
Control connections	EN 61000-4-4	2 kV/5 kHz
Surge (surge voltage)		
Power terminals	EN 61000-4-5	1.2/50 $\mu$ s, 1 kV phase/phase, 2 kV phase/PE

**Protective insulation****Danger!**

Operation of the controller on a phase earthed mains with a rated mains voltage of  $\geq 400$  V:

- ▶ The protection against accidental contact is not ensured without external measures.
- ▶ If protection against accidental contact acc. to EN 61800-5-1 is required for the control terminals of the controller and the terminals for the plugged-in device modules,
  - an additional basic insulation must be available.
  - the components to be connected must have the second basic insulation.

**Danger!****Dangerous electrical voltage**

When one common voltage source is used for control voltages in separate potential areas, the protective insulation between the separate potential areas is deactivated.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ The specified protective insulations are not complied with.

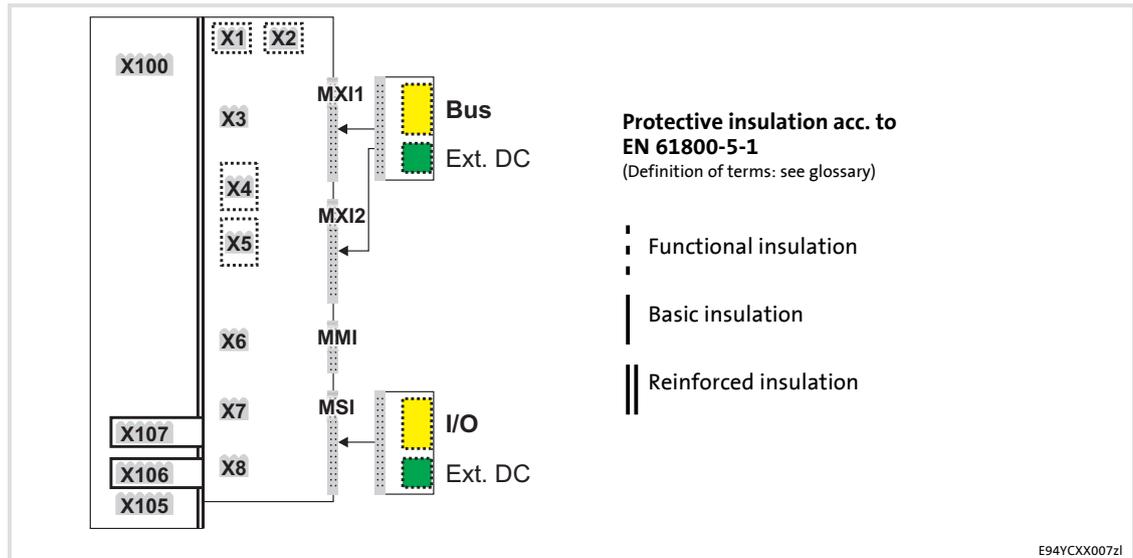
**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Use independent voltage sources.

The available protective insulation within the controller of the " 9400 Servo Drives" series in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 is implemented with a rated voltage for the external conductor/star point of up to 300 V for mains with neutral earthing.

The following graphic representation

- ▶ shows the arrangement of the terminal strips and the separate potential areas of the controller.
- ▶ serves to determine the relevant protective insulation between two terminals in differently insulated separate potential areas.



Terminal strip	Terminal	Terminal strip	Terminal
X100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● L1, L2, L3 (only single drive)</li> <li>● +UG, -UG</li> </ul>	X1	CAN on board 9400
X105	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● U, V, W</li> <li>● Rb1, Rb2 (only single drive)</li> </ul>	X2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● State bus</li> <li>● 24 V (ext.)</li> </ul>
X106	Motor PTC	X3	Analog input/output
X107	Control of motor holding brake	X4	Digital outputs
		X5	Digital inputs
		X6	Diagnostics
		X7	Resolver
		X8	Encoder
		MXI1, MXI2	Extension module
		MMI	Memory module
		MSI	Safety module

**Example**

Which type of protective insulation is used between the bus terminal of the device module in slot MXI1 or MXI2 and the mains terminal X100?

The separate potential area with the better protective insulation is decisive.

- ▶ The separate potential area of the device module bus terminal is "functionally insulated".
- ▶ The separate potential area of the mains terminal has a "reinforced insulation".

Result: The insulation between the mains terminal X100 and the bus terminal is of the "reinforced insulation" type.

## 4 Multi-axis controllers

Rated data  
Overview

### 4.3 Rated data

The E94AMxExxx4 devices can be used in the voltage range of 260 ... 775 V DC.



#### Note!

To ensure a faultless operation of the devices the code C00173 must be set according to the mains voltage connected.

#### Emergency operation

Operation of the E94ASxxxx4 devices with an emergency voltage supply at +UG, -UG, is possible from  $U_{DC} \geq 260$  V. The settings in C00173 and C00174 are to be adapted accordingly.

Operation of the E94AMxxxx4 devices with an emergency voltage supply at +UG, -UG, is possible with  $U_{DC} \leq 260$  V. The settings in C00173 and C00174 are to be adapted accordingly. A 24-V supply at X2 is required.

#### 4.3.1 Overview

##### Input data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AMxE0024	325/565/705	0 (DC)	2.6/2.6/2.3	2.0/2.0/1.7	2
E94AMxE0034	325/565/705	0 (DC)	4.3/4.3/3.8	3.2/3.2/2.9	2
E94AMxE0044	325/565/705	0 (DC)	6.7/6.7/5.9	5.0/5.0/4.4	2
E94AMxE0074	325/565/705	0 (DC)	12.1/12.1/10.6	9.1/9.1/8.0	2
E94AMxE0094	325/565/705	0 (DC)	15.4/15.4/13.5	11.6/11.6/10.1	2
E94AMxE0134	325/565/705	0 (DC)	20.6/20.6/18.0	15.5/15.5/13.5	2
E94AMxE0174	325/565/705	0 (DC)	25.7/25.7/22.5	19.3/19.3/16.9	2
E94AMxE0244	325/565/705	0 (DC)	35.5/35.5/31.1	26.3/26.3/23.3	2
E94AMxE0324	325/565/705	0 (DC)	48.0/48.0/38.9	36.0/36.0/29.1	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

## Output data

Type	Voltage [V]	Frequency <sup>1)</sup> [Hz]	Current [A]		Number of phases
			max. +45 °C <sup>①</sup>	max. +55 °C <sup>①</sup>	
E94AMxE0024	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	1.5/1.5/1.3	1.1/1.1/1.0	3
E94AMxE0034	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	2.5/2.5/2.2	1.9/1.9/1.7	3
E94AMxE0044	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	4/4/3.5	3/3/2.6	3
E94AMxE0074	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	7/7/6.1	5.3/5.3/4.6	3
E94AMxE0094	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	9.3/9.3/8.2	7.0/7.0/6.2	3
E94AMxE0134	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	13/13/11.4	9.8/9.8/8.6	3
E94AMxE0174	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	16.5/16.5/14.4	12.4/12.4/10.8	3
E94AMxE0244	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	23.5/23.5/20.6	17.6/17.6/15.5	3
E94AMxE0324	0 - 230/400/500	0 - 599	32.0/32.0/25.9	24.0/24.0/19.4	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

<sup>1)</sup> The limitation to 599 Hz does not apply to the "servo control" modes (see C00006 = 1 or 2). Generally applies: the output frequency is limited to 1/8 of the selected chopper frequency (see C00018).

Type	Power loss P <sub>V</sub> [W]			when controller is inhibited
	U <sub>Lr</sub> = 230 V	U <sub>Lr</sub> = 400 V	U <sub>Lr</sub> = 500 V	
E94AMxE0024	65	80	95	40
E94AMxE0034	75	95	110	
E94AMxE0044	90	120	130	
E94AMxE0074	105	145	170	
E94AMxE0094	130	170	205	
E94AMxE0134	160	215	255	
E94AMxE0174	185	255	300	
E94AMxE0244	235	320	385	
E94AMxE0324	290	405	490	

## 4 Multi-axis controllers

### Rated data

#### Devices for 400/500V-mains

### 4.3.2 Devices for 400/500V-mains

#### 4.3.2.1 Operation on 230 V<sub>AC</sub> mains

Mains	Voltage U <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Voltage range U <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
2/PE DC	325	260 - 0 % ... 370 + 0 %	-

Type	Input current at I <sub>aN8</sub> (without external mains choke)	Output power 8 kHz, U, V, W	Motor power (typical) 8 kHz, 4 pol. ASM	
	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	S <sub>aN8</sub> [kVA]	P <sub>aN</sub> [kW]	P <sub>aN</sub> [hp]
E94AMxE0024	2.6	0.6	0.18	0.25
E94AMxE0034	4.3	1.0	0.37	0.5
E94AMxE0044	6.7	1.6	0.75	1
E94AMxE0074	12.1	2.8	1.5	2
E94AMxE0094	15.4	3.7	2.2	3
E94AMxE0134	20.6	5.2	3	4
E94AMxE0174	25.7	6.6	4	5.5
E94AMxE0244	35.5	9.4	5	7.5
E94AMxE0324	48.0	12.8	7.5	10.2

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency						
	2 kHz		4 kHz		8 kHz		16 kHz <sup>4)</sup>
	I <sub>aN2</sub>	I <sub>aM2</sub>	I <sub>aN4</sub>	I <sub>aM4</sub>	I <sub>aN8</sub>	I <sub>aM8</sub>	I <sub>aN16</sub>
E94AMxE0024	1.9	6.0	1.9	6.0	<b>1.5</b>	4.8	1.1
E94AMxE0034	3.1	10.0	3.1	10.0	<b>2.5</b>	8.0	1.9
E94AMxE0044	5.0	16.0	5.0	16.0	<b>4.0</b>	12.8	3.0
E94AMxE0074	8.8	21.0	8.8	21.0	<b>7.0</b>	16.8	5.3
E94AMxE0094	11.7	28.0	11.7	28.0	<b>9.3</b>	22.4	7.0
E94AMxE0134	16.3	39.0	16.3	39.0	<b>13.0</b>	31.2	9.8
E94AMxE0174	20.6	49.5	20.6	49.5	<b>16.5</b>	39.6	12.4
E94AMxE0244	29.4	70.5	29.4	70.5	<b>23.5</b>	56.4	17.6
E94AMxE0324	40.0	76.8	40.0	76.8	<b>32.0</b>	76.8	16.0

I<sub>aN2</sub>  
I<sub>aM2</sub> Rated value of permanent output current at a frequency of ≥ 0 Hz  
Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency ≥ 0 Hz  

- Periodic load change of 0.5 s with I<sub>aM2</sub> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % I<sub>aN2</sub>

I<sub>aN4</sub>, I<sub>aN8</sub>, I<sub>aN16</sub> Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of ≥ 5 Hz  
(reduce to 0.66 \* I<sub>aNx</sub> for 0 ... 5 Hz)

I<sub>aM4</sub>, I<sub>aM8</sub> Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency ≥ 5 Hz  
(reduce to 0.66 \* I<sub>aMx</sub> for 0 ... 5 Hz)  

- Periodic load change of 0.5 s with I<sub>aMx</sub> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % I<sub>aNx</sub>
- Can be achieved using the setting "x kHz fixed" in C00018

**bold** Nominal value I<sub>aN</sub>

<sup>4)</sup> From firmware 5.0 upwards: Depending on the heatsink temperature, the mains voltage and the motor cable length, the switching frequency can be changed even at smaller currents.

4.3.2.2 Operation on 400 V<sub>AC</sub> mains

Mains	Voltage U <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Voltage range U <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
2/PE DC	565	455 - 0 % ... 620 + 0 %	-

Type	Input current at I <sub>aN8</sub> (without external mains choke)	Output power 8 kHz, U, V, W	Motor power (typical) 8 kHz, 4 pol. ASM	
	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	S <sub>aN8</sub> [kVA]	P <sub>aN</sub> [kW]	P <sub>aN</sub> [hp]
E94AMxE0024	2.6	1.0	0.37	0.5
E94AMxE0034	4.3	1.7	0.75	1.0
E94AMxE0044	6.7	2.8	1.5	2.0
E94AMxE0074	12.1	4.8	3.0	4.0
E94AMxE0094	15.4	6.5	4.0	5.0
E94AMxE0134	20.6	9.0	5.5	7.5
E94AMxE0174	25.7	11.4	7.5	11.0
E94AMxE0244	35.5	16.3	11.0	15.0
E94AMxE0324	48.0	22.2	15.0	20.4

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency						
	2 kHz		4 kHz		8 kHz		16 kHz <sup>4)</sup>
	I <sub>aN2</sub>	I <sub>aM2</sub>	I <sub>aN4</sub>	I <sub>aM4</sub>	I <sub>aN8</sub>	I <sub>aM8</sub>	I <sub>aN16</sub>
E94AMxE0024	1.9	6.0	1.9	6.0	<b>1.5</b>	4.8	1.1
E94AMxE0034	3.1	10.0	3.1	10.0	<b>2.5</b>	8.0	1.9
E94AMxE0044	5.0	16.0	5.0	16.0	<b>4.0</b>	12.8	3.0
E94AMxE0074	8.8	21.0	8.8	21.0	<b>7.0</b>	16.8	5.3
E94AMxE0094	11.7	28.0	11.7	28.0	<b>9.3</b>	22.4	7.0
E94AMxE0134	16.3	39.0	16.3	39.0	<b>13.0</b>	31.2	9.8
E94AMxE0174	20.6	49.5	20.6	49.5	<b>16.5</b>	39.6	12.4
E94AMxE0244	29.4	70.5	29.4	70.5	<b>23.5</b>	56.4	17.6
E94AMxE0324	40.0	76.8	40.0	76.8	<b>32.0</b>	76.8	16.0

I<sub>aN2</sub>  
I<sub>aM2</sub> Rated value of permanent output current at a frequency of ≥ 0 Hz  
Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency ≥ 0 Hz  
● Periodic load change of 0.5 s with I<sub>aM2</sub> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % I<sub>aN2</sub>

I<sub>aN4</sub>, I<sub>aN8</sub>, I<sub>aN16</sub> Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of ≥ 5 Hz  
(reduce to 0.66 \* I<sub>aNx</sub> for 0 ... 5 Hz)

I<sub>aM4</sub>, I<sub>aM8</sub> Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency ≥ 5 Hz  
(reduce to 0.66 \* I<sub>aMx</sub> for 0 ... 5 Hz)  
● Periodic load change of 0.5 s with I<sub>aMx</sub> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % I<sub>aNx</sub>  
● Can be achieved using the setting "x kHz fixed" in C00018

**bold**

4)

Nominal value I<sub>aN</sub>  
From firmware 5.0 upwards: Depending on the heatsink temperature, the mains voltage and the motor cable length, the switching frequency can be changed even at smaller currents.

4.3.2.3 Operation on 500 V<sub>AC</sub> mains

Mains	Voltage U <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Voltage range U <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
2/PE DC	705	565 - 0 % ... 775 + 0 %	-

Type	Input current at I <sub>aN8</sub> (without external mains choke)	Output power 8 kHz, U, V, W	Motor power (typical) 8 kHz, 4 pol. ASM	
	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	S <sub>aN8</sub> [kVA]	P <sub>aN</sub> [kW]	P <sub>aN</sub> [hp]
E94AMxE0024	2.3	1.1	0.37	0.5
E94AMxE0034	3.8	1.9	0.75	1.0
E94AMxE0044	5.9	3.0	1.5	2.0
E94AMxE0074	10.6	5.3	3.0	4.0
E94AMxE0094	13.5	7.1	4.0	5.0
E94AMxE0134	18.0	9.8	5.5	7.5
E94AMxE0174	22.5	12.5	7.5	10.0
E94AMxE0244	31.1	17.8	11.0	15.0
E94AMxE0324	25.9	22.5	15.0	20.4

Type	Output currents [A] at switching frequency						
	2 kHz		4 kHz		8 kHz		16 kHz <sup>4)</sup>
	I <sub>aN2</sub>	I <sub>aM2</sub>	I <sub>aN4</sub>	I <sub>aM4</sub>	I <sub>aN8</sub>	I <sub>aM8</sub>	I <sub>aN16</sub>
E94AMxE0024	1.9	6.0	1.9	6.0	<b>1.3</b>	4.2	1.0
E94AMxE0034	3.1	10.0	3.1	10.0	<b>2.2</b>	7.0	1.7
E94AMxE0044	5.0	16.0	5.0	16.0	<b>3.5</b>	11.2	2.6
E94AMxE0074	8.8	21.0	8.8	21.0	<b>6.1</b>	14.7	4.6
E94AMxE0094	11.7	28.0	11.7	28.0	<b>8.2</b>	19.6	6.1
E94AMxE0134	16.3	39.0	16.3	39.0	<b>11.4</b>	27.3	8.6
E94AMxE0174	20.6	49.5	20.6	49.5	<b>14.4</b>	34.7	10.9
E94AMxE0244	29.4	70.5	29.4	70.5	<b>20.6</b>	49.4	15.4
E94AMxE0324	40.0	76.8	40.0	76.8	<b>25.9</b>	62.1	13.0

I<sub>aN2</sub>  
I<sub>aM2</sub> Rated value of permanent output current at a frequency of ≥ 0 Hz  
Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency ≥ 0 Hz  

- Periodic load change of 0.5 s with I<sub>aM2</sub> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % I<sub>aN2</sub>

I<sub>aN4</sub>, I<sub>aN8</sub>, I<sub>aN16</sub> Rated value of continuous output current at a frequency of ≥ 5 Hz  
(reduce to 0.66 \* I<sub>aNx</sub> for 0 ... 5 Hz)

I<sub>aM4</sub>, I<sub>aM8</sub> Maximum output current (overload current) at frequency ≥ 5 Hz  
(reduce to 0.66 \* I<sub>aMx</sub> for 0 ... 5 Hz)  

- Periodic load change of 0.5 s with I<sub>aMx</sub> and recovery time of 4.5 s with 75 % I<sub>aNx</sub>
- Can be achieved using the setting "x kHz fixed" in C00018

**bold**

4)

Nominal value I<sub>aN</sub>  
From firmware 5.0 upwards: Depending on the heatsink temperature, the mains voltage and the motor cable length, the switching frequency can be changed even at smaller currents.

**4.3.2.4 Fuses and cable cross-sections**

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC (alternativ)	325 ... 705	260 - 0 % ... 775 + 0 %	0

When the integrated DC busbar is used, wiring is not required. The mounting backplane already includes an integrated fuse.

When terminals +UG/-UG are used, dimension the cables and fuses as described in the chapter DC-bus operation.

## 4.3.3 Overcurrent operation

The controllers are designed for two overcurrent modes:

► 5 s cycle ①

- 0.5 s load time with peak current **A**
- 4.5 s recovery time with limited current **B**

For E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954 devices, the cycle time has been increased to 60 s:

- 10 s load time with peak current **A**
- 50 s recovery time with limited current **B**

► 3-min cycle ②

- 1 min load time with peak current **C**
- 2 min recovery time with limited current **D**

A load period must be followed by a recovery time. During the recovery time the current must not exceed the value given.

The values given refer to the rated output current  $I_{aN8}$ .

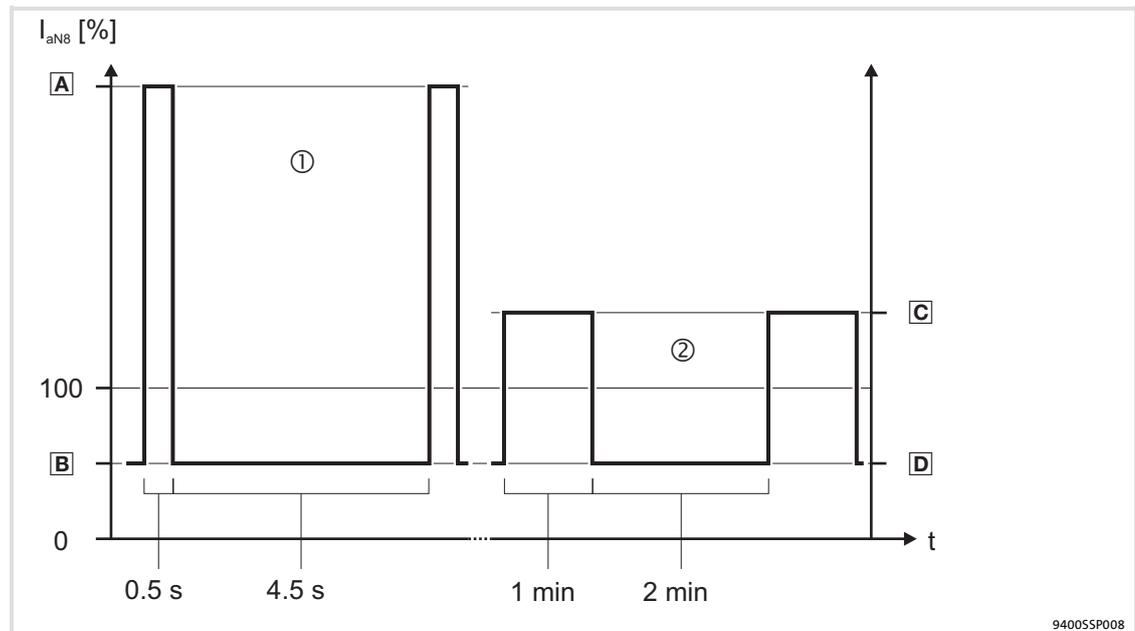


Fig. 4-1 Overcurrent capacity at 45° C

- |          |   |               |
|----------|---|---------------|
| <b>A</b> | Peak current for 0.5 s                      | ① 5-s cycle   |
| <b>B</b> | Max. current in the recovery time for 4.5 s |               |
| <b>C</b> | Peak current for 1 min                      | ② 3-min cycle |
| <b>D</b> | Max. current in the recovery time for 2 min |               |

## 230 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 5 seconds ①							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
E94AMxE0024	6.0	1.4	6.0	1.4	4.8	1.1	-	-
E94AMxE0034	10.0	2.3	10.0	2.3	8.0	1.9	-	-
E94AMxE0044	16.0	3.8	16.0	3.8	12.8	3.0	-	-
E94AMxE0074	21.0	6.6	21.0	6.6	16.8	5.3	-	-
E94AMxE0094	27.9	8.7	27.9	8.7	22.3	7.0	-	-
E94AMxE0134	39.0	12.2	39.0	12.2	31.2	9.8	-	-
E94AMxE0174	49.5	15.5	49.5	15.5	39.6	12.4	-	-
E94AMxE0244	70.5	22.0	70.5	22.0	47.0	17.6	-	-
E94AMxE0324	76.8	30.0	76.8	30.0	76.8	24.0	-	-

## 230 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 3 minutes ②							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
E94AMxE0024	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4	2.3	1.1	-	-
E94AMxE0034	4.7	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.8	1.9	-	-
E94AMxE0044	7.5	3.8	7.5	3.8	6.0	3.0	-	-
E94AMxE0074	13.2	6.6	13.2	6.6	10.5	5.3	-	-
E94AMxE0094	17.5	8.7	17.5	8.7	14.0	7.0	-	-
E94AMxE0134	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	19.5	9.8	-	-
E94AMxE0174	31.0	15.5	31.0	15.5	24.8	12.4	-	-
E94AMxE0244	44.2	22.1	44.2	22.1	35.3	17.6	-	-
E94AMxE0324	60.0	30.0	60.0	30.0	48.0	24.0	-	-

## 400 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 5 seconds ①							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
E94AMxE0024	6.0	1.4	6.0	1.4	4.8	1.1	-	-
E94AMxE0034	10.0	2.3	10.0	2.3	8.0	1.9	-	-
E94AMxE0044	16.0	3.8	16.0	3.8	12.8	3.0	-	-
E94AMxE0074	21.0	6.6	21.0	6.6	16.8	5.3	-	-
E94AMxE0094	27.9	8.7	27.9	8.7	22.3	7.0	-	-
E94AMxE0134	39.0	12.2	39.0	12.2	31.2	9.8	-	-
E94AMxE0174	49.5	15.5	49.5	15.5	39.6	12.4	-	-
E94AMxE0244	70.5	22.0	70.5	22.0	47.0	17.6	-	-
E94AMxE0324	76.8	30.0	76.8	30.0	76.8	24.0	-	-

## 400 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 3 minutes ②							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
E94AMxE0024	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4	2.3	1.1	-	-
E94AMxE0034	4.7	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.8	1.9	-	-
E94AMxE0044	7.5	3.8	7.5	3.8	6.0	3.0	-	-
E94AMxE0074	13.2	6.6	13.2	6.6	10.5	5.3	-	-
E94AMxE0094	17.5	8.7	17.5	8.7	14.0	7.0	-	-
E94AMxE0134	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	19.5	9.8	-	-
E94AMxE0174	31.0	15.5	31.0	15.5	24.8	12.4	-	-
E94AMxE0244	44.2	22.1	44.2	22.1	35.3	17.6	-	-
E94AMxE0324	60.0	30.0	60.0	30.0	48.0	24.0	-	-

500 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 5 seconds ①							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
E94AMxE0024	6.0	1.4	6.0	1.4	4.2	1.0	-	-
E94AMxE0034	10.0	2.3	10.0	2.3	7.0	1.6	-	-
E94AMxE0044	16.0	3.8	16.0	3.8	11.2	2.6	-	-
E94AMxE0074	21.0	6.6	21.0	6.6	14.7	4.6	-	-
E94AMxE0094	27.9	8.7	27.9	8.7	19.5	6.1	-	-
E94AMxE0134	39.0	12.2	39.0	12.2	27.3	8.5	-	-
E94AMxE0174	49.5	15.5	49.5	15.5	34.7	10.8	-	-
E94AMxE0244	70.5	22.0	70.5	22.0	41.1	15.4	-	-
E94AMxE0324	76.8	30.0	76.8	30.0	62.2	19.4	-	-

500 V

Type	I [A] in a cycle of 3 minutes ②							
	f = 2 kHz		f = 4 kHz		f = 8 kHz		f = 16 kHz	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
E94AMxE0024	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4	2.0	1.0	-	-
E94AMxE0034	4.7	2.4	4.7	2.4	3.3	1.6	-	-
E94AMxE0044	7.5	3.8	7.5	3.8	5.3	2.6	-	-
E94AMxE0074	13.2	6.6	13.2	6.6	9.2	4.6	-	-
E94AMxE0094	17.5	8.7	17.5	8.7	12.2	6.1	-	-
E94AMxE0134	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	17.1	8.5	-	-
E94AMxE0174	31.0	15.5	31.0	15.5	21.7	10.8	-	-
E94AMxE0244	44.2	22.1	44.2	22.1	30.8	15.4	-	-
E94AMxE0324	60.0	30.0	60.0	30.0	38.9	19.4	-	-

## 4 Multi-axis controllers

Rated data  
Current-time diagrams

### 4.3.4 Current-time diagrams

In addition to the data for overcurrent operation within the 5-s cycle or 3-min cycle, here you are provided with information on the dimensioning of application-oriented cycles.

By means of the following information you determine permissible load periods with overcurrents and required recovery times with limited currents. If the currents and times determined are observed, the Ixt monitoring function for the protection of the devices will not respond.

#### Characteristics

The following characteristics ("Current-time diagrams") describe the device utilisation via amperage and the duration of current flow.

The left part of the diagram (negative time data) represents the overload phase, while the right part of the diagram (positive time data) shows the relieving phase.

Devices with an identical Ixt behaviour are combined within a diagram. A second diagram enlarges a cutout area to improve the clearness of display.

#### Requirements

##### ► Switching frequency

The curves shown always refer to the variable rated switching frequency ( $f_{\text{chopp}}$ ) at which the rated device current is permissible permanently. As this rated switching frequencies are different for the individual devices, they are specified with the diagrams. This means that the switching frequency is reduced automatically during the overload phase. During the recovery phase the switching frequency set is maintained.

##### ► Mains voltage

In the diagrams a mains voltage of  $U_N = 400 \text{ V}$  was assumed. Where applicable, a current derating depending on the mains voltage may be necessary for the devices, depending on the switching frequency that is reached. This means that the currents are weighted differently in the Ixt monitoring. The devices for which a derating is required can be gathered from the "Rated values" section. The continuous currents specified there then are the 100% values which are required for working with the diagrams.

##### ► Ambient temperature

The ambient temperature may be maximally  $T_{\text{Amb}} < 45 \text{ °C}$ . In the case of higher ambient temperatures the reduced continuous currents have to be taken into consideration.

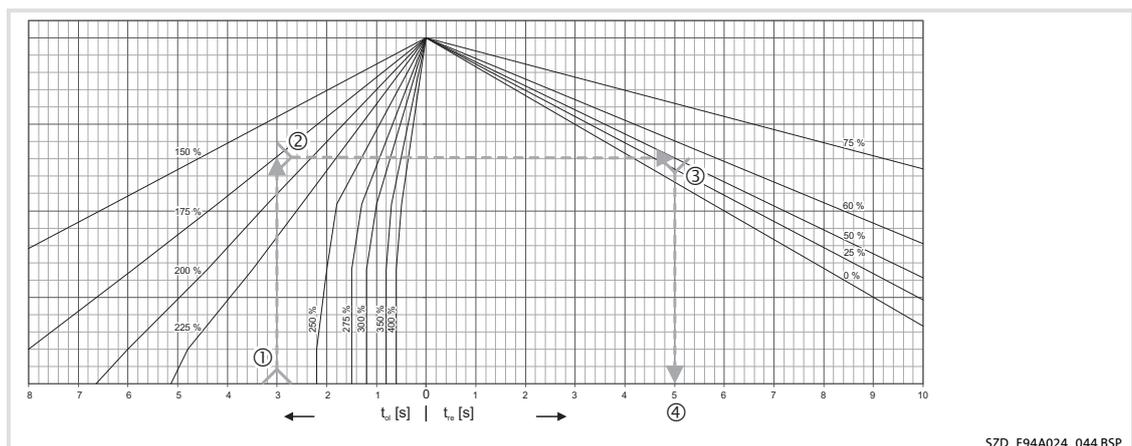
##### ► Output frequency

In the diagrams an output frequency (= field frequency)  $f_{\text{out}} > 5 \text{ Hz}$  has been assumed. In the case of smaller output frequencies ( $f_{\text{out}} = 0 \dots 5 \text{ Hz}$ ), a different switching frequency results in a different device utilisation due to a different continuous current. When the diagrams were created, this device behaviour was not taken into consideration.

If a fixed switching frequency  $f > 4 \text{ kHz}$  is selected, the reduction of the permissible continuous current has to be considered (100 % = reduced continuous current) for smaller output frequencies ( $f_{\text{out}} = 0 \dots 5 \text{ Hz}$ ).

### Application example

- ▶ Drive task
  - A current  $I_{ol} = 4.0 \text{ A}$  is required for a time  $t_{ol} = 3 \text{ s}$ .
  - During the recovery phase there is a current  $I_{re} = 1.0 \text{ A}$ .
  - During the overload phase a switching frequency of 4 kHz is accepted.
  - The switching frequency during the recovery phase is to be 8 kHz.
  - The mains voltage is 400 V.
  - The times with output frequencies under 5 Hz are insignificant.
- ▶ Problem
  - How long does the recovery phase  $t_{re}$  have to be when the E94AxxE0034 controller is used?
- ▶ The currents required are based on the rated device current:
  - $I_{ol} = 4.0 \text{ A}/2.5 \text{ A} = 160 \%$  - selected characteristic: 175 %
  - $I_{re} = 1.0 \text{ A}/2.5 \text{ A} = 40 \%$  - selected characteristic: 50 %
  - Because of the short overcurrent time  $t_{ol} = 3 \text{ s}$ , the cutout diagram of the E94AxxE0034 device is taken into consideration.
  - The switching frequency  $f_{chopp} = 8 \text{ kHz}$ , var does not have to be considered separately.
- ▶ Procedure within the diagram
  - ① Starting from the time axis at  $t_{ol} = 3 \text{ s}$ , a perpendicular line is drawn to the selected characteristic at 175 % (corresponds to the minimum required current  $I_{ol}$ ).
  - ② Draw a straight line from the point of intersection horizontally to the right to the selected characteristic, the recovery phase, at 50 %.
  - ③ Draw a perpendicular line from the point of intersection back to the time axis.
  - ④ Read the minimum required duration of recovery on the time axis.



- ▶ Result in the example
  - The duration of recovery has to be at least  $t_{re} = 5 \text{ s}$ !

**Guide**

Type	Diagram
E94AxxE0024	Page  181  Fig. 4-2/  Fig. 4-3
E94AxxE0034	
E94AxxE0044	
E94AxxE0074	Page  182  Fig. 4-4/  Fig. 4-5
E94AxxE0134	
E94AxxE0174	
E94AxxE0244	
E94AMxE0324	

E94AxxE0024 ... E94AxxE0044

Type	$U_r$ [V]	100 % [A]	$f_{chopp}$ [Setting]
E94AxxE0024	400	1.5	8 kHz var
E94AxxE0034		2.5	
E94AxxE0044		4.0	

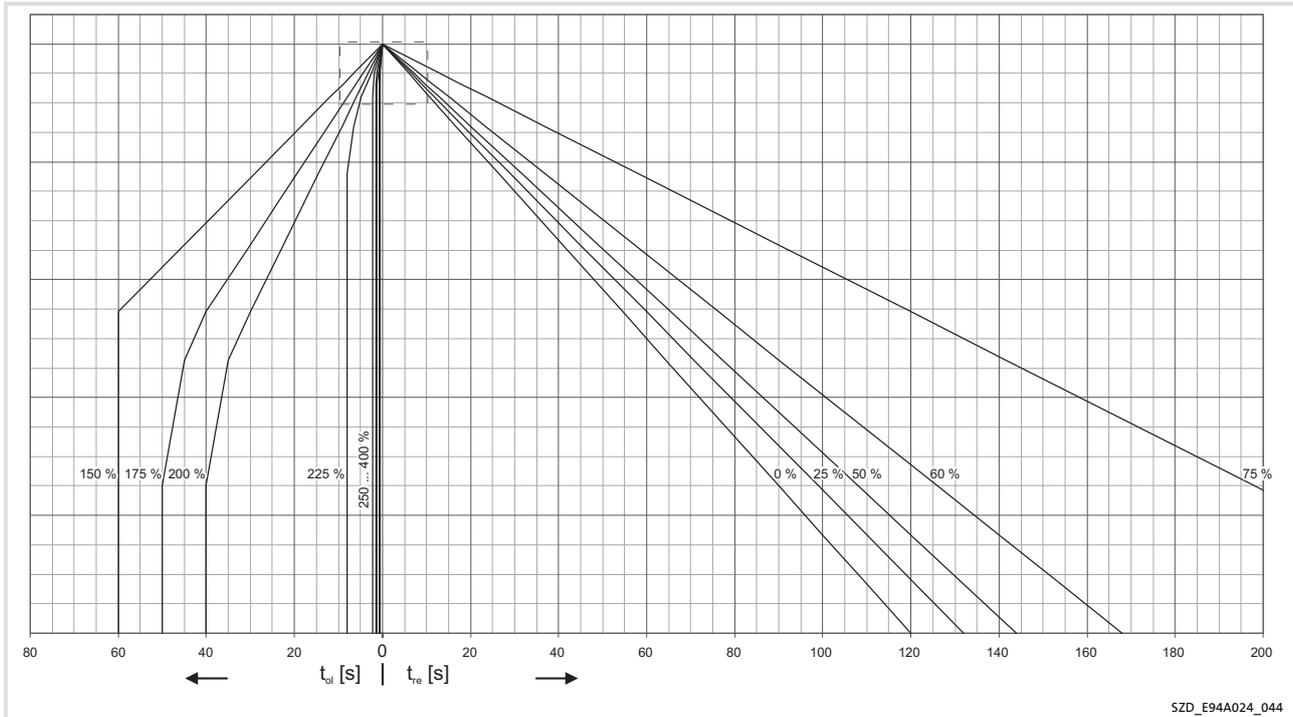


Fig. 4-2 Diagram for E94AxxE0024 and E94AxxE0044

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase

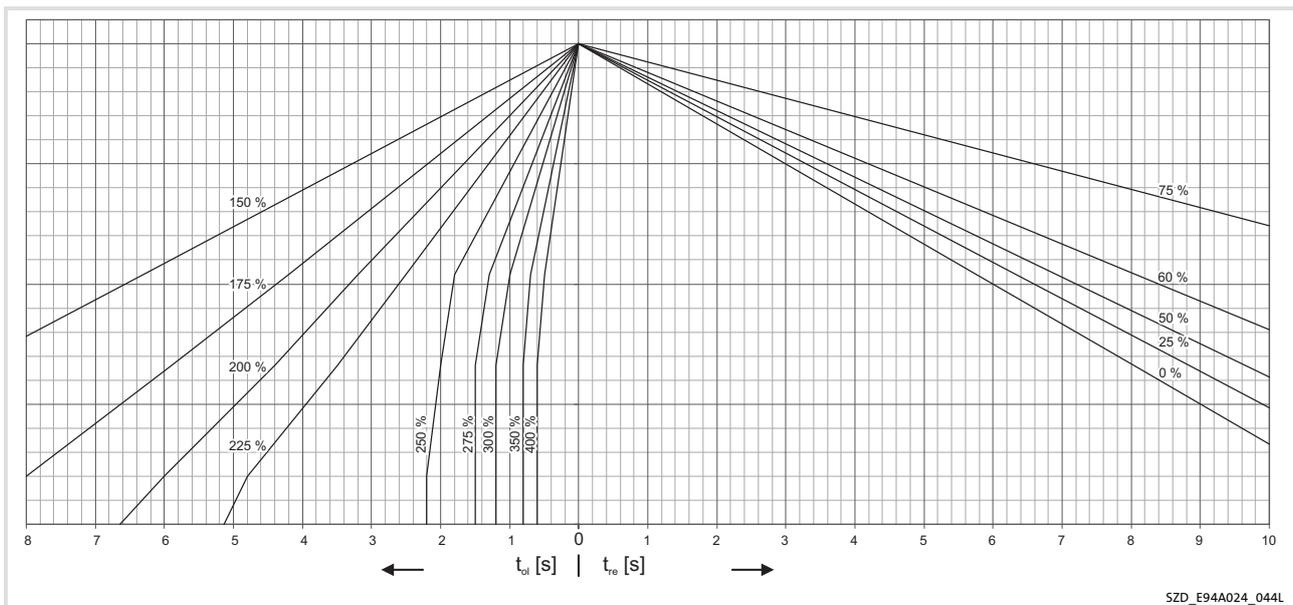


Fig. 4-3 Area cutout for E94AxxE0024 and E94AxxE0044

E94AxxE0074 ... E94AxxE0244 E94AMxE0324

Type	$U_r$ [V]	100 % [A]	$f_{chopp}$ [Setting]
E94AxxE0074	400	7.0	8 kHz var
E94AMxE0094		9.3	8 kHz var
E94AxxE0134		13.0	8 kHz var
E94AxxE0174		16.5	
E94AxxE0244		23.5	8 kHz var
E94AMxE0324		32.0	

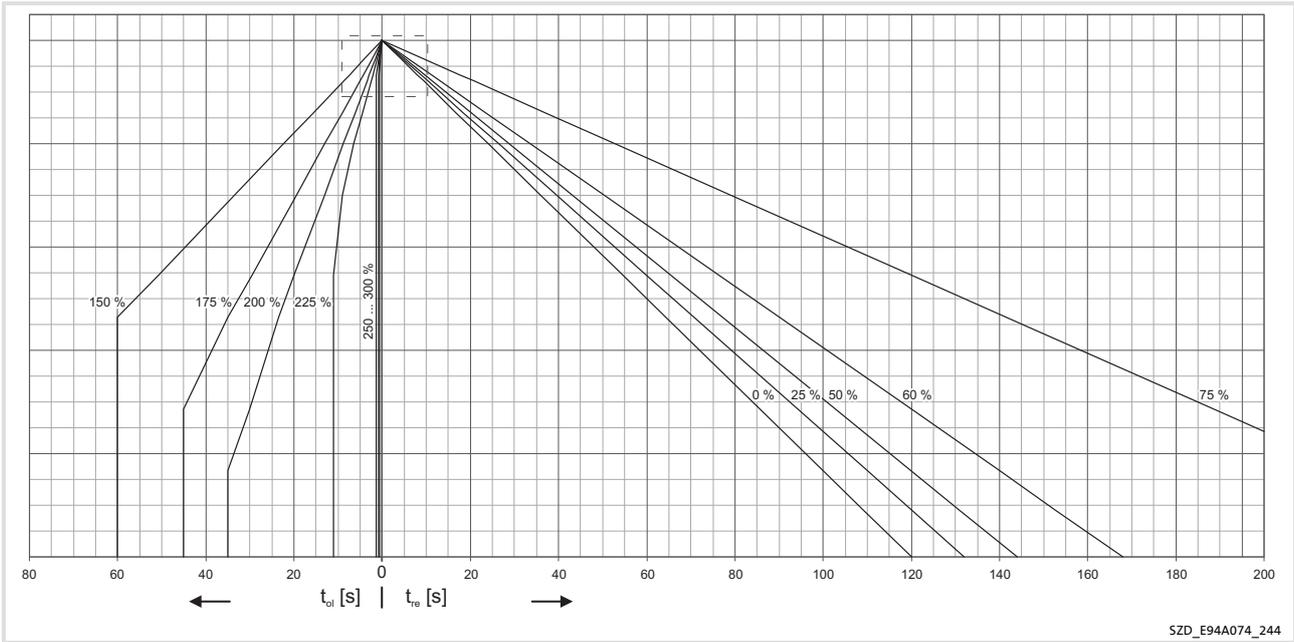
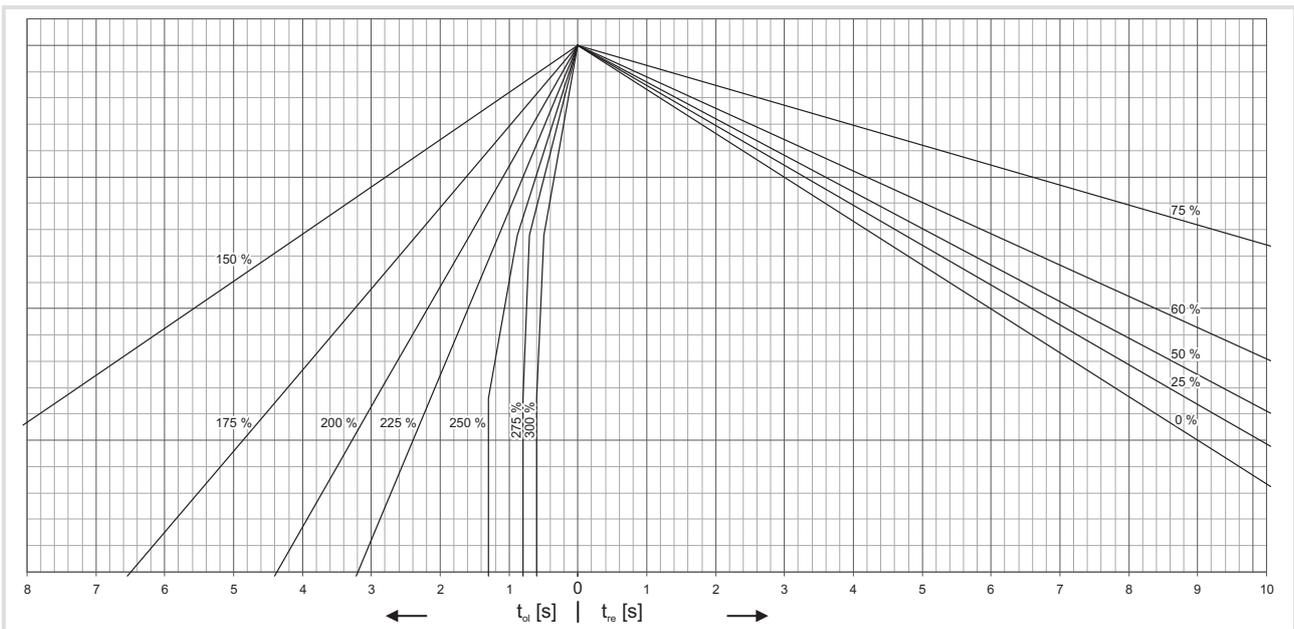


Fig. 4-4 Diagram for E94AxxE0074 ... E94AxxE0244, E94AMxE0324

$t_{ol}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase



SZD\_E94A074\_244L

Fig. 4-5 Area cutout for E94AxxE0074 ... E94AxxE0244, E94AMxE0324

## 4 Multi-axis controllers

Mechanical installation  
Important notes

### 4.4 Mechanical installation

#### 4.4.1 Important notes



#### Note!

The devices must be installed in housings (e.g. control cabinets) to meet applicable regulations.

- ▶ The mounting location must always comply with the operating conditions specified in the technical data (📖 160). Take additional measures if necessary.
- ▶ The mounting plate of the control cabinet must have the following properties:
  - electrically conductive
  - free of lacquer
- ▶ The mechanical connections must always be ensured.
- ▶ A free air circulation must be ensured for dissipating the heat.
- ▶ The described EMC properties are provided if the following conditions are complied with:
  - The devices are mounted according to the arrangement concept described.
  - The prepared cables are used and remain unchanged.

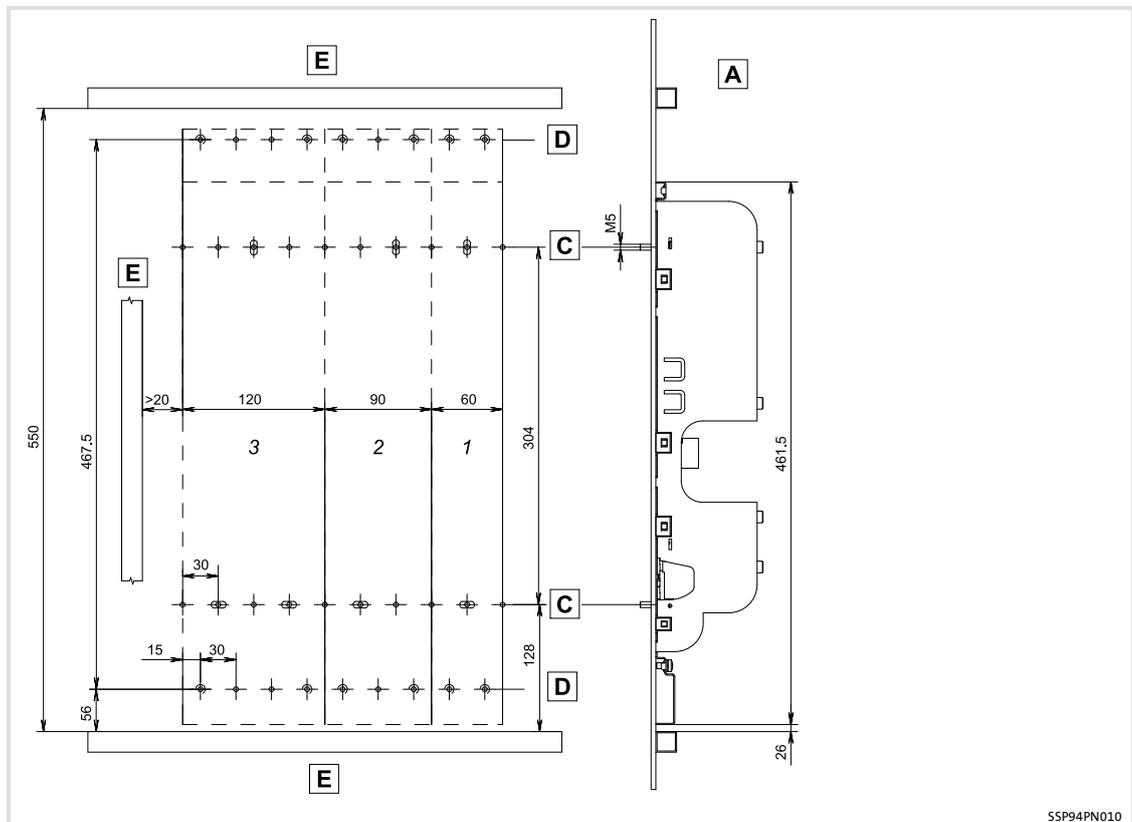
**Mounting grid**

We recommend to provide the mounting plate with a grid pattern of M5 threaded holes for attaching the devices. This preparation enables easy attachment of the devices, and the device sizes 1, 2, ... n can thus be mounted directly adjacent to each other.



**Note!**

- ▶ M5 screw and washer assemblies or hexagon socket screws with washers are permitted.
- ▶ Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm / 30 lb-in.
- ▶ In the installation backplane, the screwed connection may not jut out more than 7 mm.



S5P94PN010

- A** Mounting with backplane for attaching the power supply module
- C** Grid hole pattern for installation backplane
- D** Grid hole pattern for other device sizes or built-on/footprint filters (only Single Drive)
- E** Cable duct
- 1 ... Device size, mounting holes used
- 3

## Arrangement of the devices

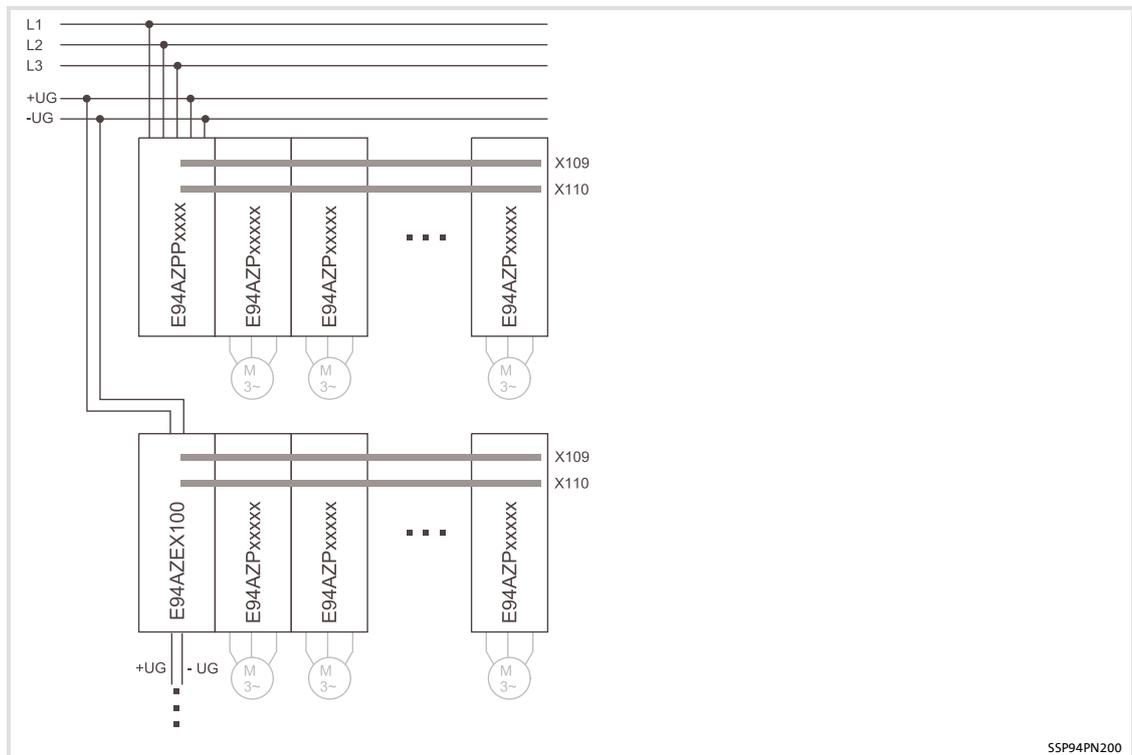


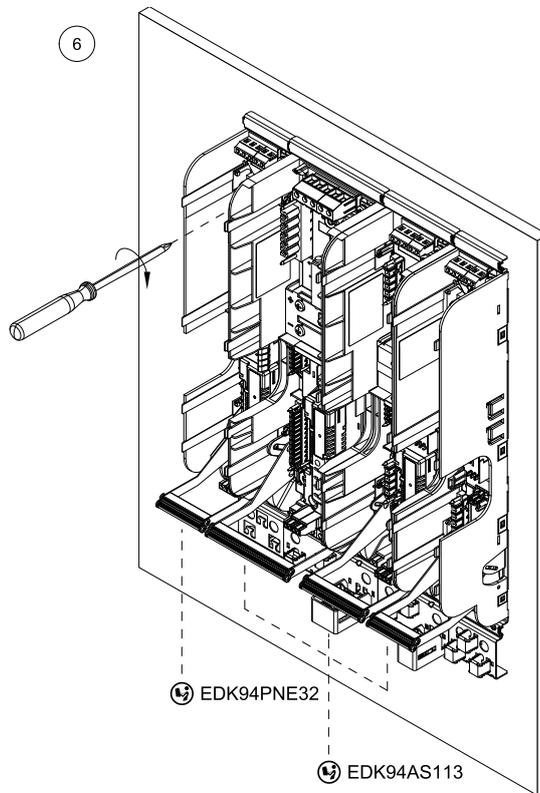
Fig. 4-6 Arrangement concept

**Note!**

Axis modules E94AMxE0324 and installation backplane E94AZPM0324 can only be connected directly to each other! A use with another device or installation backplane of size 3 is not permissible and is prevented through a plug protection.

Please consider this when planning drive systems where the devices are mounted side by side.

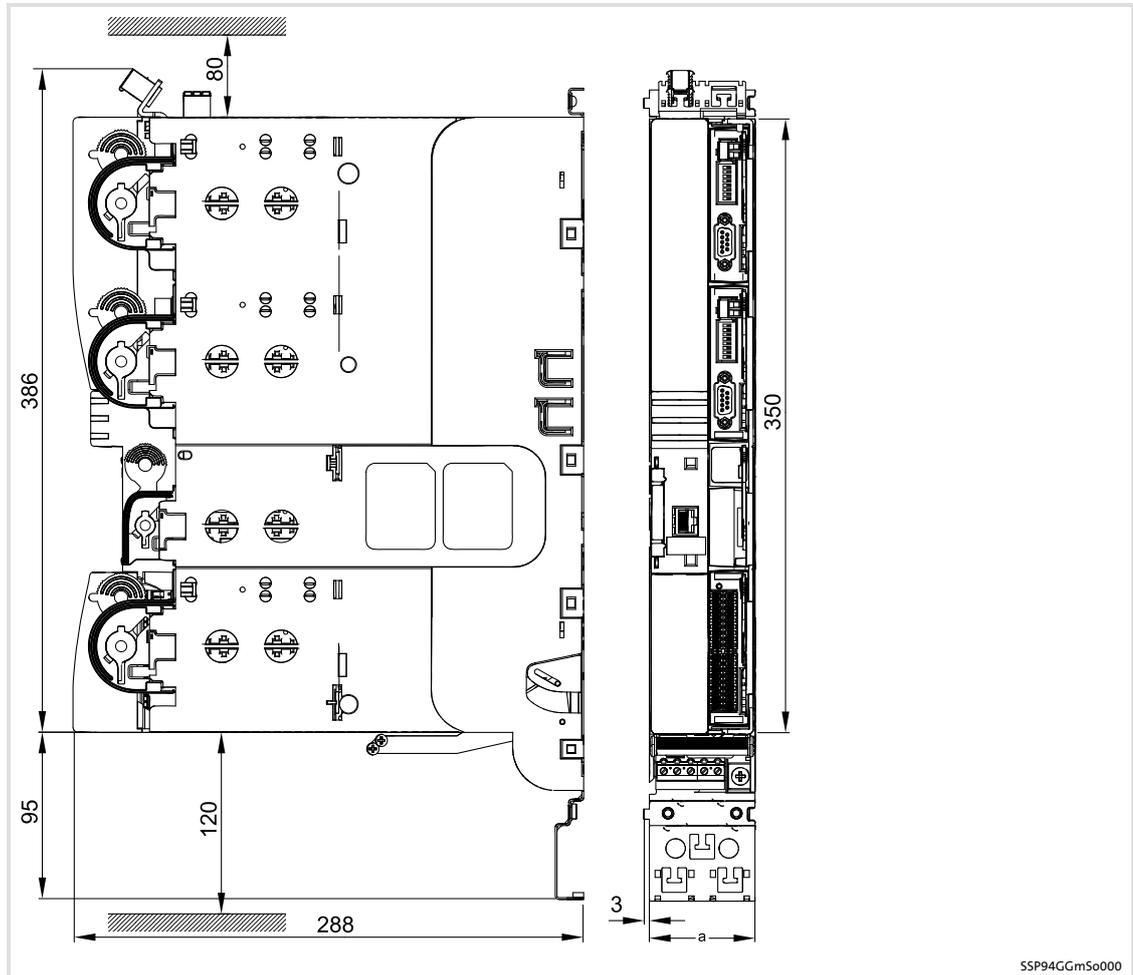
Installation steps



## 4.4.2

## Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

## Standard device with installation backplane



SSP94GGmSo000

Fig. 4-7 Dimensions [mm]

Type	Dimensions a [mm]	Mass [kg]
E94AMxE0024	60	4.0
E94AMxE0034		
E94AMxE0044		
E94AMxE0074	90	5.3
E94AMxE0094		
E94AMxE0134	120	8.1
E94AMxE0174		
E94AMxE0244		
E94AMxE0324	120	8.5

## 4.5 Wiring

### 4.5.1 Important notes



#### **Danger!**

##### **Dangerous electrical voltage**

All power terminals remain live for up to three minutes after mains disconnection.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

##### **Protective measures:**

- ▶ Switch off the power supply and wait for at least three minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.



#### **Danger!**

##### **Hazardous electrical voltage**

The leakage current to earth (PE) is  $> 3.5$  mA AC or  $> 10$  mA DC.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the device in the event of an error.

##### **Protective measures:**

Implement the measures required in EN 61800-5-1. Especially:

- ▶ Fixed installation
  - Implement PE connection in compliance with standards.
  - Connect PE conductor twice or PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 10$  mm<sup>2</sup>.
- ▶ Connection with a connector for industrial applications according to IEC 60309 (CEE):
  - PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 2.5$  mm<sup>2</sup> as part of a multi-core supply cable.
  - Provide for suitable strain relief.



#### **Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

**Stop!****No device protection if the mains voltage is too high**

The mains input is not internally fused.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Destruction of the device if the mains voltage is too high.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Observe the maximally permissible mains voltage.
- ▶ Fuse the device correctly on the supply side against mains fluctuations and voltage peaks.

**Note!**

Switching operations on the motor side of the controller are permitted for safety switch-off (emergency off).

Please observe:

- ▶ When the controller is enabled, switching operations may lead to a response of the controller monitoring functions.
- ▶ The switching elements on the motor side must be rated for DC voltages with  $U_{DCmax} = 800 \text{ V}$ .

## 4.5.2 Safety instructions for the installation according to UL/CSA

### Original - English



#### Warnings!

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max., when protected by CC, J, T or R Class fuses.
  - Above Short Circuit ratings are only valid when the Assembly Bases are used.
  - Above Short Circuit ratings are also valid when supplied by prescribed and UL Listed, Lenze AC/DC Supply/Brake Units.
  - Use fuses specified with the Lenze AC/DC Supply/Brake Units. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ The integral solid state protection does not provide branch circuit protection and that branch circuit protection has to be provided externally in accordance with manufacturers instructions, the National Electrical Code and any additional codes.
- ▶ For information on the protection level of the internal overload protection for a motor load, see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ For information on rating and proper connection of the thermal protector (only for connection to motors having integral thermal protection), see the corresponding Application Manuals or Software Helps.
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ Use 60/75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.

Original - French

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 5000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 50000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V, avec protection par des fusibles CC de calibre J, T ou R.
  - Les courants nominaux de court-circuit ci-dessus sont valables uniquement en cas d'utilisation de plaques de montage.
  - Les courants nominaux de court-circuit ci-dessus sont valables en outre avec les modules d'alimentation et de freinage CA/CC Lenze prescrits et homologués UL.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués avec les modules d'alimentation et de freinage CA/CC Lenze . La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ La protection statique intégrée n'offre pas la même protection qu'un disjoncteur. Une protection par disjoncteur externe doit être fournie, conformément aux indications du fabricant, au National Electrical Code et aux autres dispositions applicables.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur le niveau de protection offert par la protection intégrée contre les surcharges du moteur, se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Pour obtenir des informations sur les caractéristiques assignées et sur le câblage du dispositif de protection thermique (concerne uniquement le raccordement aux moteurs dotés d'un dispositif de protection thermique intégré), se reporter aux manuels d'application ou aux systèmes d'aide logiciels.
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.

### 4.5.3 Earthing of internal EMC filters

Device-internal EMC filters have been implemented to reduce interference emission. These EMC filters are connected to protective earth to discharge interference currents.

Under certain conditions the EMC filters must be disconnected from:

- ▶ Operation in an IT system  
The devices are protected from damages or destruction due to incompatible overvoltages in the case of an error (earth fault).
- ▶ DC-bus operation
- ▶ Operation with power supply modules or regenerative power supply modules
- ▶ Operating multiple devices with a common filter  
The EMC properties can only be reached by carrying out the described measures.  
The triggering behaviour of applicable earth-leakage circuit breakers remains undisturbed.

#### Overview of the measures

The measures which are to be carried out once have been prepared in relation to the devices and are each described together with installation and wiring.

Device	Measure in the case of operation ...	
	in the IT system	in the interconnected system, with power supply modules or shared filters
Controller		
with installation backplane (GG1 ... GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
without installation backplane (GG6 ... GG7)	Change screwed connection	
without installation backplane (GG8S ... GG10)	Change switch	
Power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG1 und GG3)	No measure necessary	
without installation backplane (GG4 ... GG5)	No measure necessary	
Regenerative power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
associated mains filter	Change screwed connection	No action

**Implementing the measures**

Proceed as follows to disconnect the internal connection between the filters and PE:

1. Remove IT insulating cap from the parking position ① in the installation backplane.
  - For this apply a screwdriver on the right or left and lever off the insulating cap.
  - Optionally the insulating cap can be carefully removed using an appropriate pliers.
2. Attach IT insulating cap to the earthing jumper ② until it clicks into place.



Fig. 4-8 Plugging the IT insulating cap onto the earthing jumper

Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

## 4.5.4 Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

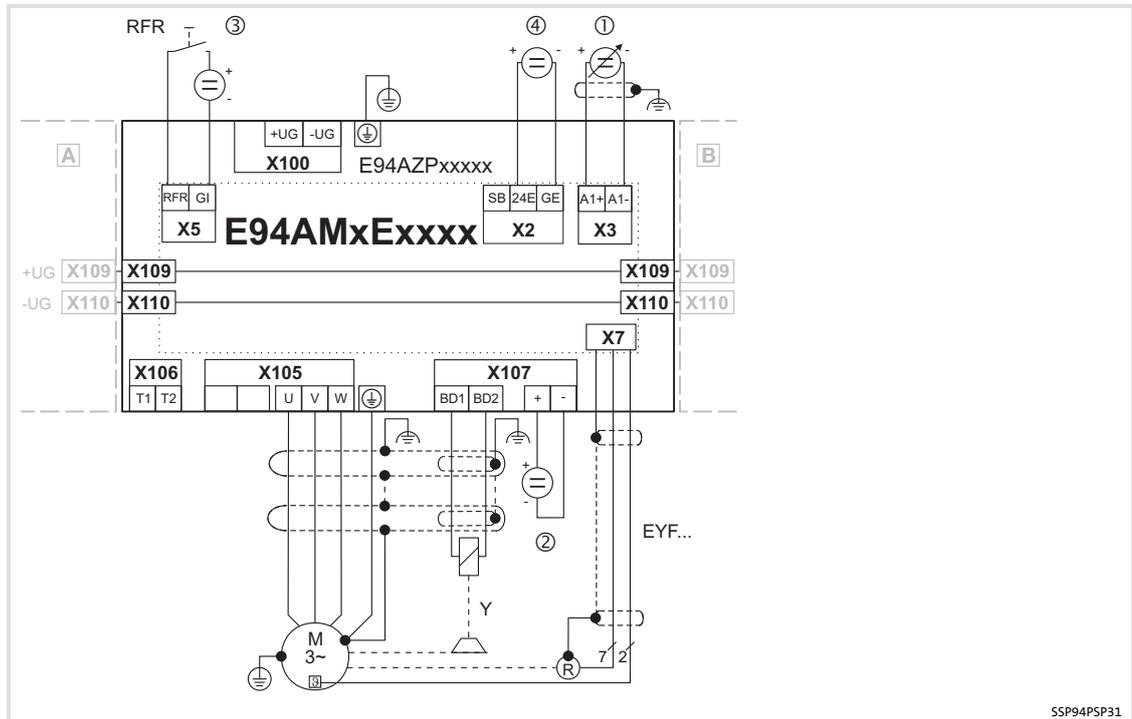


Fig. 4-9 Basic circuit diagram of the drive system

E94AMxExxxx	9400 Multi Drive servo axis module
E94AZPxxxxx	Installation backplane
A	DC power supply module or DC feeding point or axis module
B	Next axis module
⊥	HF shield termination through large-surface connection to functional earth
EYF...	System cable for resolver feedback
RFR	Controller enable
R	Resolver
Y	Motor holding brake (connected to optional motor brake control)
①	Speed setpoint selection via analog input 1 (-10 ... 0 ... +10 V)
②	Voltage source for the motor holding brake
③	24-V voltage source for the digital inputs according to IEC 61131-2
④	24-V voltage source for control electronics according to IEC 61131-2

**Tip!**

Complete the wiring of the installation backplane before plugging in the standard device. The upper terminals of the installation backplane cannot be connected with a plugged-in standard device.

Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ It is imperative to comply with the regulations concerning minimum cross-sections of PE conductors. The cross-section of the PE conductor must be at least as large as the cross-section of the power connections.
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ Motor
- ▶ Motor holding brake (shielding is required when being integrated into the motor cable; connection to optional motor brake control)
- ▶ Motor temperature monitoring
- ▶ DC bus, cable length from 0.3 m

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ DC bus, cable length up to 0.3 m

Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

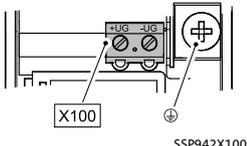
### DC bus

Use the integrated DC busbars (X109 and X110) to connect the DC bus. The mounting backplane of the multi-axis controllers is already equipped with a fuse.

The busbar mounting set (accessories) can also be used to integrate single-axis controllers into a drive network. The busbar mounting set for single-axis controllers also contains the fuse required for the mounting backplane.

The DC bus is supplied via a DC supply module or a DC-feeding point which always have to be located on the left-hand side.

Compatible with the 9300 series, the DC-bus voltage can also be supplied via terminals +UG/-UG (X100, right part) for all devices.

Terminal X100 (right part)	Labelling	Description
	+UG -UG	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series).

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

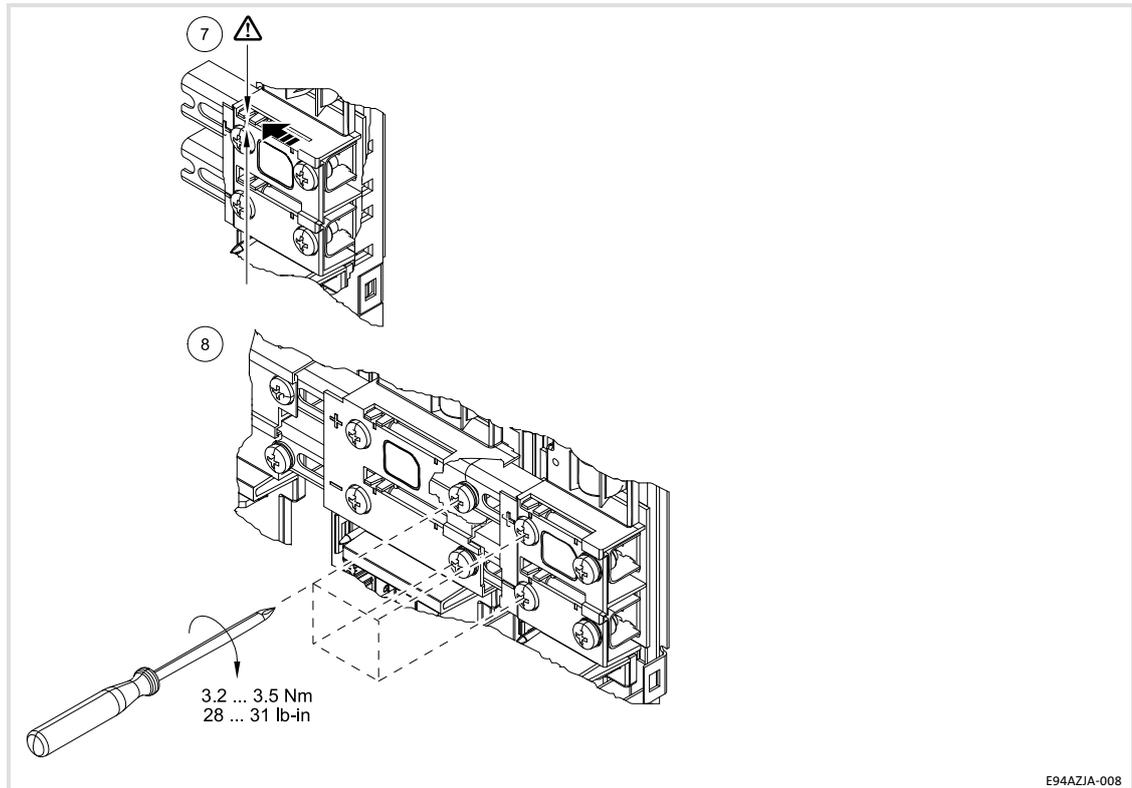
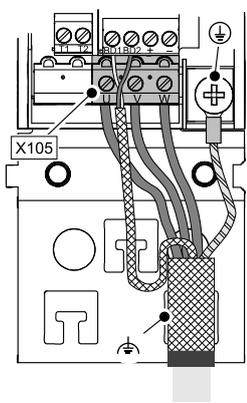


Fig. 4-10 Example: connecting busbars to DC power supply module

Proceed as follows to connect the busbars:

1. If devices of the interconnected system have already been in operation:
  - Ensure that the power supply system is switched off by checking the voltage at the supply terminals.
  - If necessary, switch off the power supply and wait at least 3 minutes.
2. Loosen the busbar screws but do not remove them completely.
3. Push the busbars as far as possible to the left towards the adjacent busbar.
  - Ensure that there is good contact to the adjacent busbar.
4. Tighten the busbar screws.
  - Tightening torque: 3.2 ... 3.5 Nm (28 ... 31 lb-in).
5. Screw all components onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).

Motor

Terminal X105 (right part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X105</p>	U V W	Connection of the motor phases
	⏏	Functional earth Connect the shields of the motor phases and of the optional motor brake control separately and with a surface as large as possible to the shield sheet. Use EMC wire clamp or EMC shield clamp for fixing.
	⊕	Connection for the PE conductor on the motor side with M5 ring cable lug

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

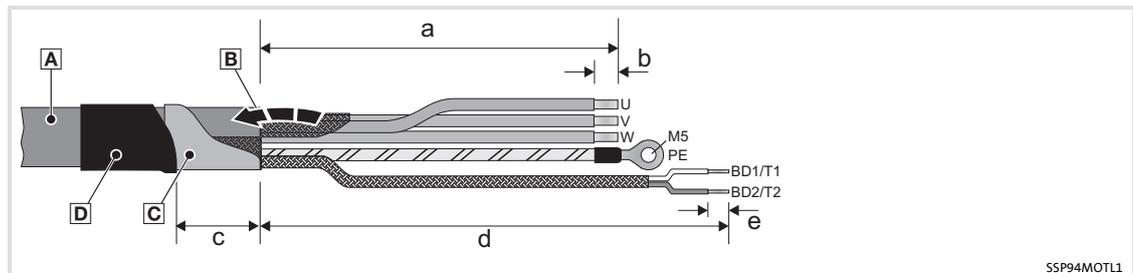


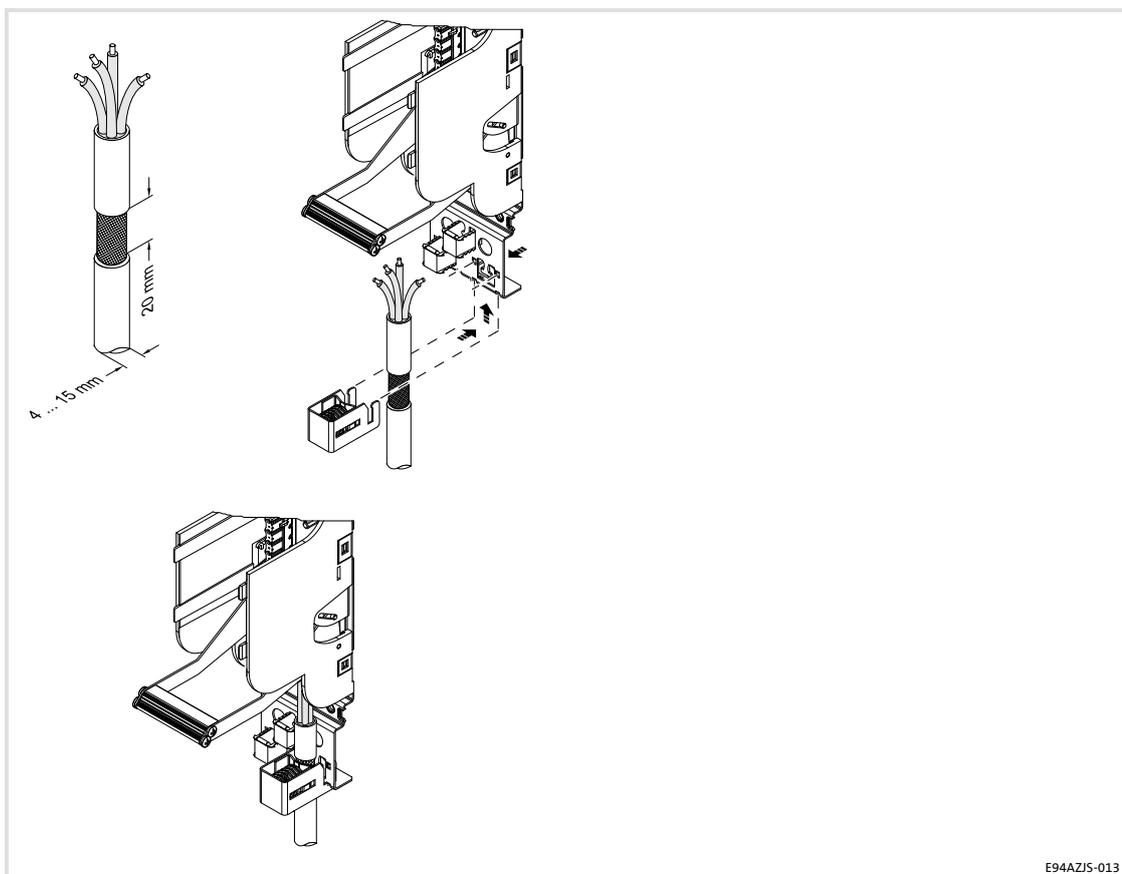
Fig. 4-11 Stripping lengths of the motor cable

Type	Dimensions [mm]				
	a	b	c	d	e
Device size 1	80	8	25	150	8
Device size 2	90	8	30	160	8
Device size 3	100	10	30	170	8

Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

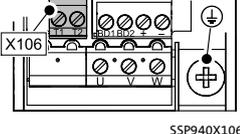
How to proceed:

1. Strip the motor cable **A** according to dimensions given.
2. Fold back the shield of the motor cable **B** over the cable sheath.
3. Stabilise the shield with self-adhesive conductive foil **C** (recommendation).
4. Fix the shield and conductive foil with heat-shrinkable tube **D** on the cable sheath.
5. Fasten cable lugs or wire end ferrules.
6. Connect the shields separately to the shield sheet using shield clamps (no strain relief).



Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

### Motor temperature monitoring

Terminal X106	Labelling	Description
 SSP940X106	T1 T2	Motor temperature monitoring with PTC element (type-A sensor, switching performance according to EN 60947-8 for type-A tripping units) or thermostat (NC contact).

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
With wire end ferrule					

### Motor brake control (optional)



#### Note!

When the 24 V supply voltages (at X2) are applied and a motor holding brake is available, the devices respond as follows:

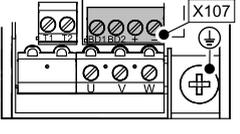
- ▶ Single Drive without mains or DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake **cannot** be released.
- ▶ Multi Drive without DC-bus voltage: The motor holding brake can be released.



#### Tip!

For detailed information on the motor holding brake control modules, please see the chapter Accessories (441).

For information on the E94AZHX0051 motor holding brake control module optionally contained in the installation backplane, please see the chapter Accessories starting on page 448.

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP940X107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHX0051: 24 V DC, max. 2.5 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

Devices in the range 2 ... 32 A (0.37 ... 15 kW)

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Flexible	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZO
With wire end ferrule					

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm



### Stop!

The motor brake control includes an electronic switch which can control a 24 V motor holding brake.

The motor brake control may only be connected with motor holding brakes which correspond to the permissible data mentioned in the technical data. (If required, the holding brake without motor brake control must be controlled via a digital output and a coupling relay).

If the permissible data mentioned in the technical data are not complied with:

- ▶ the motor brake control can be destroyed.
- ▶ a safe operation of the motor holding brake cannot be guaranteed.

Further notes in the documentation of the standard device must be observed!



### Stop!

#### Requirements concerning the brake cable (connection BD1/BD2):

- ▶ The brake cables must be shielded if they are incorporated in the motor cable.
  - Operation with unshielded brake cables can destroy the motor brake control.
  - We recommend the use of Lenze system cables (motor cable with separately shielded additional cores).
- ▶ When using a permanent magnet holding brake, ensure the correct polarity of the brake cable.
  - If the terminals are reversed, the brake does not release. Since the motor runs against the closed brake, the brake can be destroyed.
- ▶ Connect the shield on both sides of PE.

#### Requirements concerning the supply voltage $U_{DC}$ (connection +/-):

- ▶ The motor brake control must always be supplied with a separate 24 V supply.
  - A common supply of the motor brake control and the control card of the controller is not permissible since otherwise the double insulation between both components would be reduced.
- ▶ Set  $U_{DC}$  so that the operating voltage of the brake is within the admissible range and the maximum supply voltage of the motor brake control will not be exceeded.

#### 4.6 Installation of the standard device

How to proceed:

1. Insert the device into the installation backplane without twisting it until resistance is felt.
2. Press the device into the installation backplane until it audibly snaps into place. The locking clip moves downwards and back into the locking position.
3. The end position is reached when the locking clip can be pressed against the device. Now the device is locked.

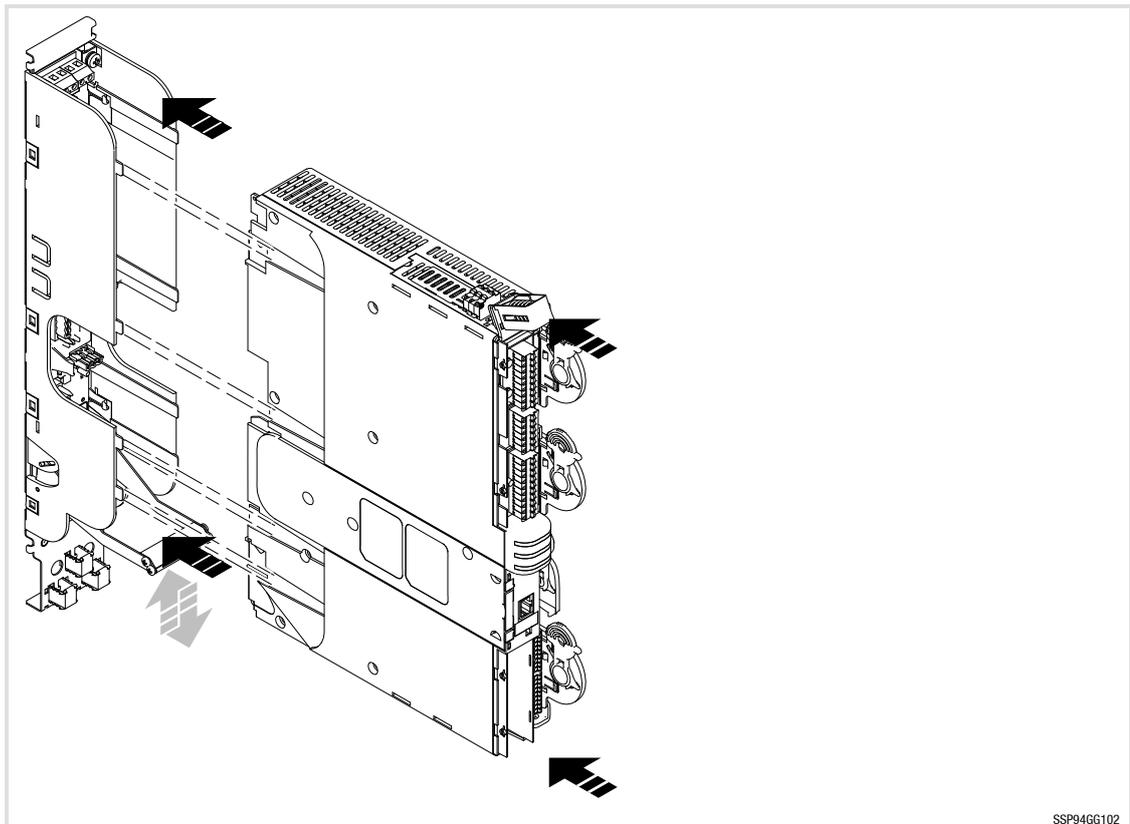


Fig. 4-12 Installation of the device

Proceed as follows to remove the device:

1. Disconnect already wired connectors at the device.
2. Push the locking clip downwards to release the device and disengage it from the contacts.
3. Pull the device completely out of the installation backplane and remove it. The locking clip moves back into the locking position.

**Danger!****Dangerous electrical voltage**

All power terminals remain live for up to three minutes after mains disconnection.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Switch off the power supply and wait for at least three minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.

**Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

### Design of the cables

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ Analog signals (inputs and outputs)
- ▶ System bus CAN
- ▶ Resolver
- ▶ Encoder

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ 24 V supply
- ▶ Digital signals (inputs and outputs)



### Tip!

Parameter setting and configuration can be carried out using the L-force »Engineer«. For this purpose the Online Help and the Software Manual for the standard device will guide you.

### System bus CAN on board

The drive controller has an integrated CANopen system bus interface for the exchange of process data and parameter values between different nodes and for the connection of additional modules such as distributed terminals, operator and input devices ("HMI's") as well as external control units. The software manual contains additional information in this regard.

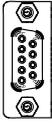
Overview of general data and conditions of use	
Field	Values
Communication profile	CANopen (DS301, V4.02)
Communication medium	CAN cable in accordance with ISO 11898-2
Network topology	Line closed at both ends (e.g. closed with Lenze system connector EWZ0046)
Node addresses that can be set	1 ... 127 (can be set by means of DIP switch or code)
Max. number of nodes	127
Transfer rates [kBit/s]	10 ... 1000 (can be set by means of DIP switch or code)
Conformity, approvals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● CE</li> <li>● UL</li> <li>● EAC</li> </ul>

The transfer rate limits the overall cable length.

Transfer rate [kBit]	Maximum bus length [m]
10	8075
20	4012
50	1575
125	600
250	275
500	112
800	38
1000	12

The segment cable length is limited by the cable cross-section used and the number of nodes. Repeaters divide the overall cable length into segments. Without repeaters, the segment cable length is the same as the overall cable length.

Max. number of nodes per segment	Segment length [m] in relation to cable cross-section (Interpolation is permissible)			
	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 24)	0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 21)	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 19)	1.00 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 18)
2	240	430	650	940
5	230	420	640	920
10	230	410	620	900
20	210	390	580	850
32	200	360	550	800
63	170	310	470	690
100	150	270	410	600

Terminal X1	Labelling	Description
 94005SP000X1	Pin 2	CAN-LOW
	Pin 3	CAN-GND
	Pin 7	CAN-HIGH
	(Housing)	CAN-Shield

### 24 V supply

The controller of the "Multi Drive" version requires a 24-V supply voltage for the control electronics. This serves to maintain the control functions, even if the DC bus is not loaded.

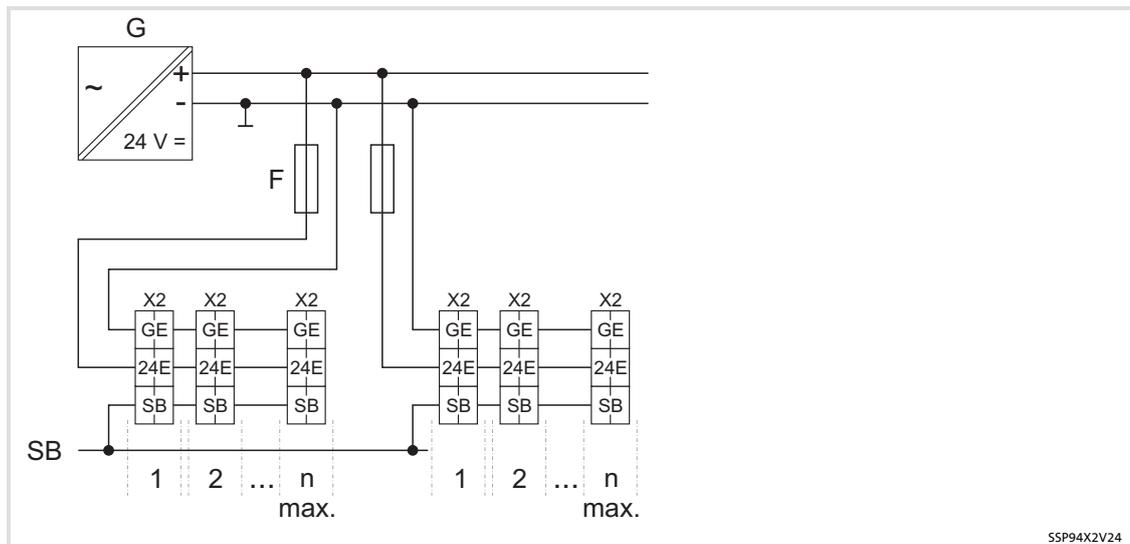


Fig. 4-13 Wiring principle

- g 24 V external supply (e.g. EZV...)
- F Fuse
- X2 Terminal for 24 V and state bus
- GE/24E/SB Labelling on the terminal
- SB State bus
- 1 ... n E94A... device number during loop-through connection

Terminal X2	Labelling	Description
 940055P000X2	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply via a safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)
	SB	State bus in/out (reference GE)

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Electrical data		
24 V	Rated voltage	24 V According to IEC 61131-2
	Voltage range	19.2 ... 28.8 V Residual ripple max. ± 5 %
	Current consumption	Continuous operation: 2.4 A Switch-on: 4 A for 100 ms Controller enable: 4 A for 300 ms
	Fuse	Circuit breaker with tripping characteristic B or C, Standard blade-type fuses
	Looping through	Max. 7 devices with 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Fusing: 16/15 A Max. 4 devices with 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Fusing: 10/10 A
	Connectable cross-cuttings	See terminal data



### Warnings!

Up to hardware version 1x, take the following into consideration:

In UL-approved systems the fuse of the 24 V supply must not exceed 4 A.

### State bus

The state bus is a bus system exclusively designed for Lenze controllers via which up to 20 controllers can be connected and which serves to simulate a "release cord" function. The state is controlled via the system module SFBDigitalOutput.

- ▶ The state bus knows the states "OK" and "fault".
- ▶ The state bus is multi-master-compliant, i.e. each node connected to the state bus can set the state bus to "fault" by changing to LOW level.
- ▶ In the "fault" status, all nodes activate their programmed response, e.g. synchronised braking of the drive system.



### Stop!

Do not connect an external voltage to the state bus, otherwise the function will be disturbed.

#### Electrical data

State bus	Rated voltage	24 V According to IEC 61131-2
	Switching level	According to IEC 61131-2
	LOW	0 V ... +5 V
	HIGH	+15 V ... +30 V
	Looping through	Max. 20 devices DC-bus operation with 9300 devices is possible.
	Connectable cross-cuttings	See terminal data

**Analog inputs, analog outputs**

The controller features two analog inputs which are able to detect differential voltage signals in the range  $\pm 10$  V, e.g. an analog speed setpoint selection or the voltage signal of an external sensor (temperature, pressure, etc.).

- The analog signal 1 can also detect a current setpoint.

The controller features two analog outputs, which can output internal analog signals as voltage signals, e.g. for the control of analog indicating instruments or as a setpoint for slave drives.

Electrical data		
Analog input 1 Analog input 2	Level:	-10 ... +10 V
	Resolution:	11 bits + sign
	Scaling:	$\pm 10$ V $\equiv \pm 2^{30}$
	Conversion rate:	1 kHz
Analog input 1 as current input (A1R and A1- bridged)	Level:	-20 ... +20 mA
	Resolution:	10 bits + sign
	Scaling:	For C00034 = "1" -20 ... -4 mA $\equiv -2^{30}$ ... 0 +4 ... +20 mA $\equiv 0$ ... $+2^{30}$
		For C00034 = "2" $\pm 20$ mA $\equiv \pm 2^{30}$
	Conversion rate:	1 kHz
	Open-circuit monitoring:	Configurable
Analog output 1 Analog output 2	Level:	-10 ... +10 V (max. 2 mA)
	Resolution:	11 bits + sign
	Scaling:	$\pm 10$ V $\equiv \pm 2^{30}$
	Conversion rate:	1 kHz

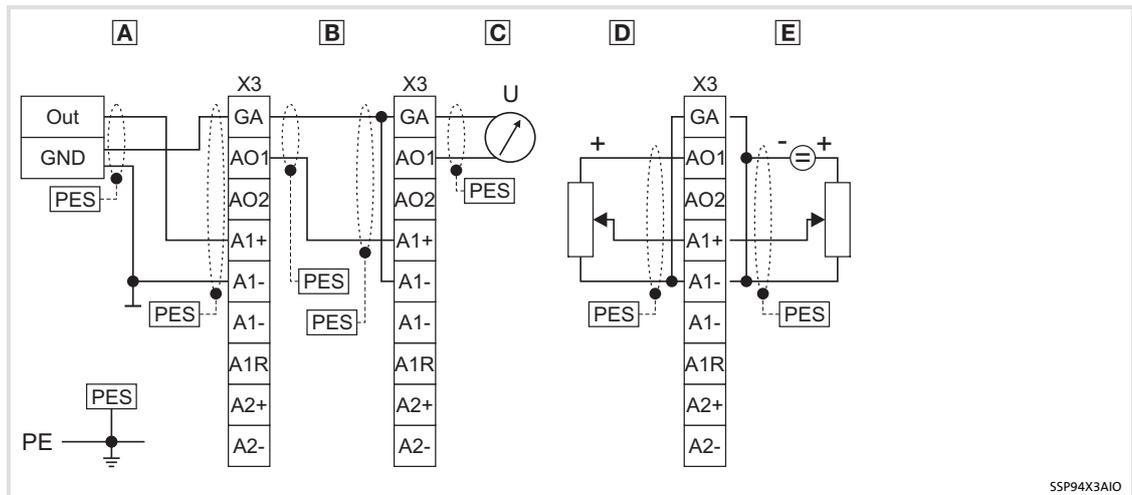


Fig. 4-14 Wiring principle

- A** Wiring of an external analog signal
- B** Wiring with a slave drive
- C** Wiring with a measuring device
- D** Potentiometer supplied by analog output 1
- E** Potentiometer with external supply
- Out Analog output signal, e.g. of a control
- GND Earth reference potential
- X3 Terminal for the analog inputs and outputs
- PES EMC shield connection
- PE Protective earth
- U Measuring device

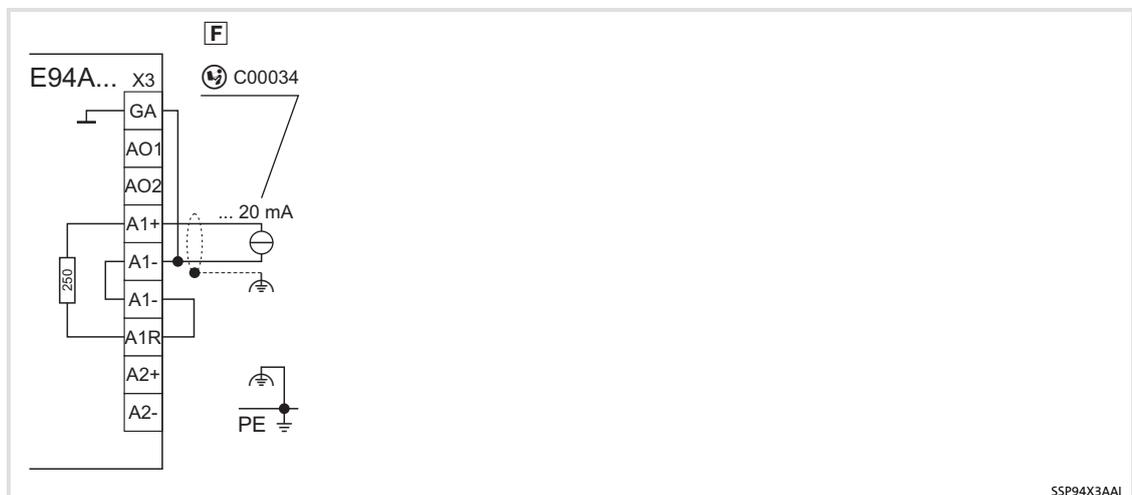
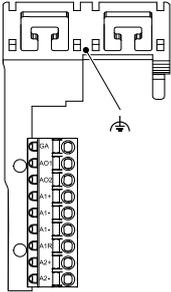


Fig. 4-15 Wiring principle of current input

- F** Wiring of a current signal
- X3 Terminal for the analog inputs and outputs
- Read information on the input configuration (software manual)
- Functional earth
- PE Protective earth

Terminal X3	Labelling	Description
	GA	GND analog signals
	AO1	Analog output 1
	AO2	Analog output 2
	A1+	Analog input 1 +
	A1-	Analog input 1 -
	A1-	Analog input 1 -
	A1R	Terminating resistor for $\pm 20\text{mA}$
	A2+	Analog input 2 +
	A2-	Analog input 2 -
	SSP94000X3 	

#### Terminal data

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				



#### Note!

If the control terminals are completely wired, we recommend to use a cable cross-section of max.  $0.75\text{ mm}^2$  to save space. The mechanical cover can then be attached.

### Digital outputs

The controller features four freely configurable digital outputs.

Electrical data		
240 GO	24 V external voltage source, optional	according to IEC 61131-2 SELV/PELV
	Current consumption	Max. 300 mA
DO1 ... DO4 GO	Switching level	according to IEC 61131-2
	LOW	0 V ... +5 V
	HIGH	+15 V ... +30 V
	Output current	Max. 50 mA
	Load	> 480 Ω at 24 V



#### Note!

For stable digital output states, in particular during the starting phase of the controller, you must use an external 24V supply for the digital outputs.



#### Note!

Digital inputs and digital outputs have separated reference potentials (GI and GO). If you interconnect inputs and outputs, the reference potentials are connected as well by an external bridge.

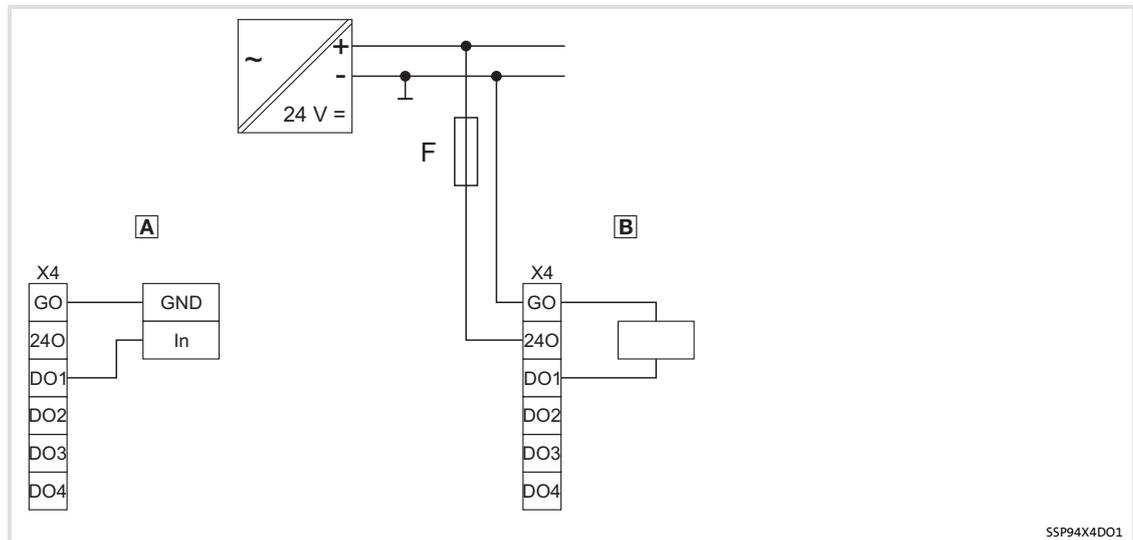


Fig. 4-16 Wiring principle

- Ⓐ Wiring with a digital input, e.g. a PLC
- Ⓑ Digital control (relay, valve, ...) with an external 24-V supply
- X4 Terminal for the digital outputs
- In Digital input, e.g. of a control
- GND Earth reference potential
- F Fuse

Terminal X4	Labelling	Description
	G0	GND digital out
	240	24-V digital out
	DO1	Digital output 1
	DO2	Digital output 2
	DO3	Digital output 3
	DO4	Digital output 4

94005SP000X4

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

### Digital inputs

The controller is provided with freely configurable digital inputs which can be used for touch probe measurement (edge-controlled event).

The control input RFR for controller enable is firmly connected with the device control. It must be wired to enable the controller with a HIGH signal.

Electrical data		
240 (external voltage source, optional)	Rated voltage	24 V According to IEC 61131-2
	Current consumption	Max. 50 mA
RFR DI1 ... DI8	Switching level	According to IEC 61131-2
	LOW	0 V ... +5 V
	HIGH	+15 V ... +30 V
	Input current	Max. 8 mA



### Note!

Digital inputs and digital outputs have separated reference potentials (GI and GO). If you interconnect inputs and outputs, the reference potentials are connected as well by an external bridge.

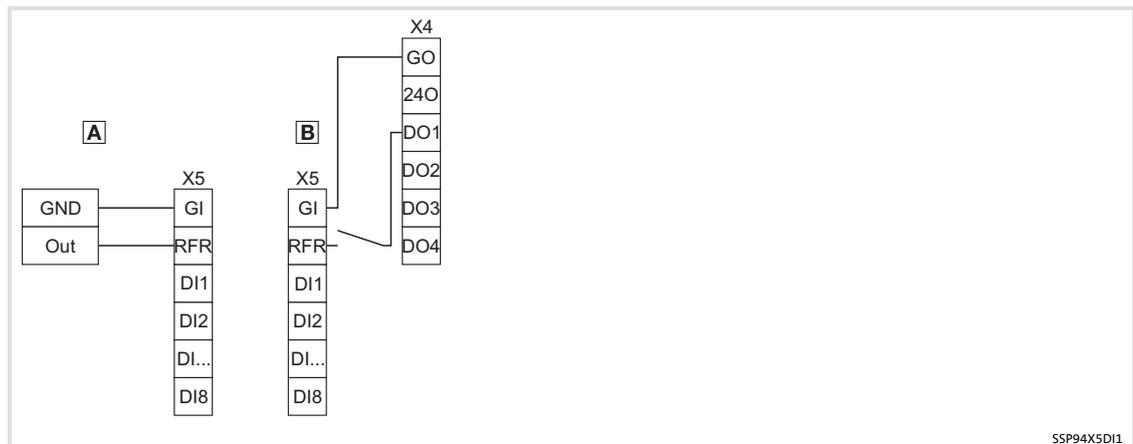


Fig. 4-17 Wiring principle

- ▣ Wiring of an external digital signal, e.g. a PLC
- ▣ Wiring with a slave drive
- X4 Terminal for the digital outputs
- X5 Terminal for the digital inputs
- Out digital output signal, e.g. of a control
- GND Earth reference potential

Terminal X5	Labelling	Description
	GI	GND digital in
	RFR	Controller enable
	DI1	Digital input 1
	DI2	Digital input 2
	DI3	Digital input 3
	DI4	Digital input 4
	DI5	Digital input 5
	DI6	Digital input 6
	DI7	Digital input 7
94005SP000X5	DI8	Digital input 8

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

### Diagnostics/keypad

The following can be connected to this interface:

- ▶ USB diagnostic adapter E94AZCUS

or

- ▶ Keypad E94AZKAE.

The diagnostic adapter and a computer with the Lenze software »Engineer« serve to carry out comprehensive settings, e.g. for initial commissioning.

The keypad enables experienced users to check or change individual settings.

Terminal X6	Labelling	Description
		Internal interface, RJ69 socket, for keypad or diagnostic adapter
94005SP000X6		

### Resolver

Resolvers are connected to X7 (9-pole Sub-D socket).

The use of third-party resolvers is permissible. For this purpose the number of pole pairs of the resolver in C00080 must be adapted to the resolver used. When the stator coils are excited with 4 kHz, the apparent impedance of the connected resolver must not fall below 65 Ohm. When lower impedances are connected, the overload protection integrated in the resolver output limits the output current and can falsify the resolver evaluation.

Resolvers are operated in reverse mode:

- ▶ Supply to the sine and cosine track,
- ▶ Both signals are controlled in a way that the current flow on the reference track is reduced to zero.

Electrical data		
General	Cable length (system cable recommended)	max. 150 m (100 m <sup>1)</sup> )
V <sub>CC</sub> , -KTY (GND)	Supply voltage	5 V
	Maximum output current	110 mA
+REF, -REF	Input frequency	Max. 250 kHz
+COS, -COS +SIN, -SIN	Excitation voltage	10 V <sub>SS</sub>
	Carrier frequency	4 kHz, fix
+KTY, -KTY	Type	KTY 83-110

<sup>1)</sup> If safety functions with SM301 are used which require safe speed and position detection.

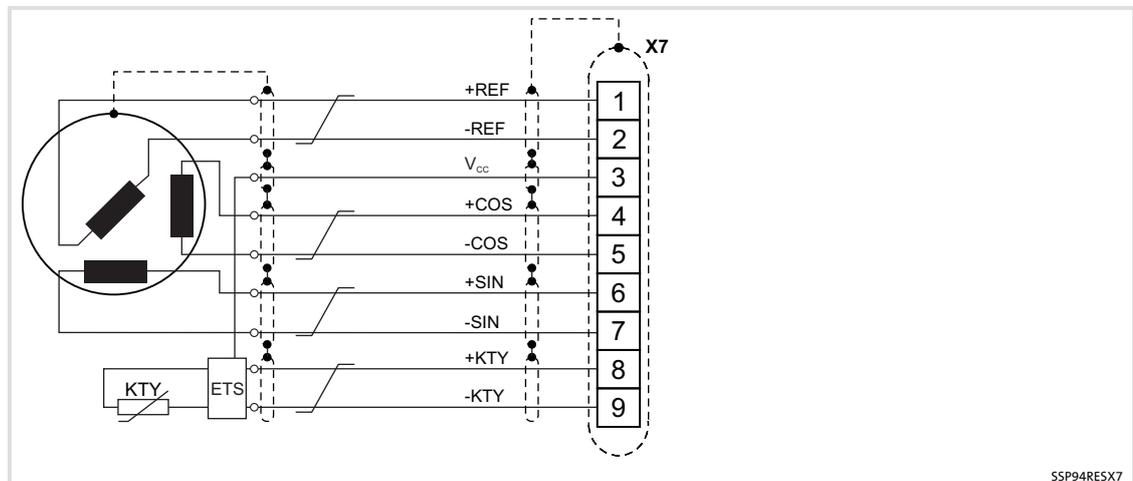
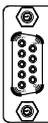


Fig. 4-18 Wiring principle

Terminal X7	Labelling	Description
	1	+REF
	2	-REF
	3	V <sub>CC</sub>
	4	+COS
	5	-COS
	6	+SIN
	7	-SIN
	8	+KTY
	9	-KTY

9400SSP000X7

### Encoder

Encoders are connected to X8 (15-pole Sub-D socket).

- ▶ Absolute and incremental encoders are supported:
  - TTL encoder 5 V (incremental)
  - Sin/cos encoder 1 V<sub>SS</sub> (incremental)
  - Sin/cos absolute value encoder 1 V<sub>SS</sub> with Hiperface protocol
  - Sin/cos absolute value encoder 1 V<sub>SS</sub> with EnDat protocol (2.1)
  - SSI load encoder with Stegmann protocol (as of 9400 with firmware 05.00)
- ▶ Improved determination of low speeds with TTL encoders through additional time measuring method.
- ▶ SinCos absolute value encoders are serially read during initialisation (power-on). After this, the sin/cos signals are evaluated.
- ▶ Open-circuit monitoring:
  - for sin/cos encoders by comparing the sin/cos signals with the sine shape (radius monitoring)
  - for TTL encoders by means of mean value and amplitude monitoring
  - not with SSI encoders
- ▶ The following encoders are not supported:
  - HTL encoders

Electrical data		
General	Cable length (system cable recommended)	max. 150 m (100 m <sup>1)</sup> )
	Encoder types	TTL 1 V <sub>SS</sub>
	Protocols	Hiperface EnDat 2.1 SSI-Stegmann
	Number of increments	1 ... 16384
	Input frequency	max. 500 kHz
VCC (GND)	Supply voltage	5 V ... 12 V
	Max. load capacity,	5 ... 9 V 330 mA
		9 ... 12 V 3 W at 12 V 250 mA
+Sense, -Sense	Measuring lead for readjusting V <sub>CC</sub>	
+KTY, -KTY	Type	KTY 83-110

<sup>1)</sup> If safety functions with SM301 are used which require safe speed and position detection.

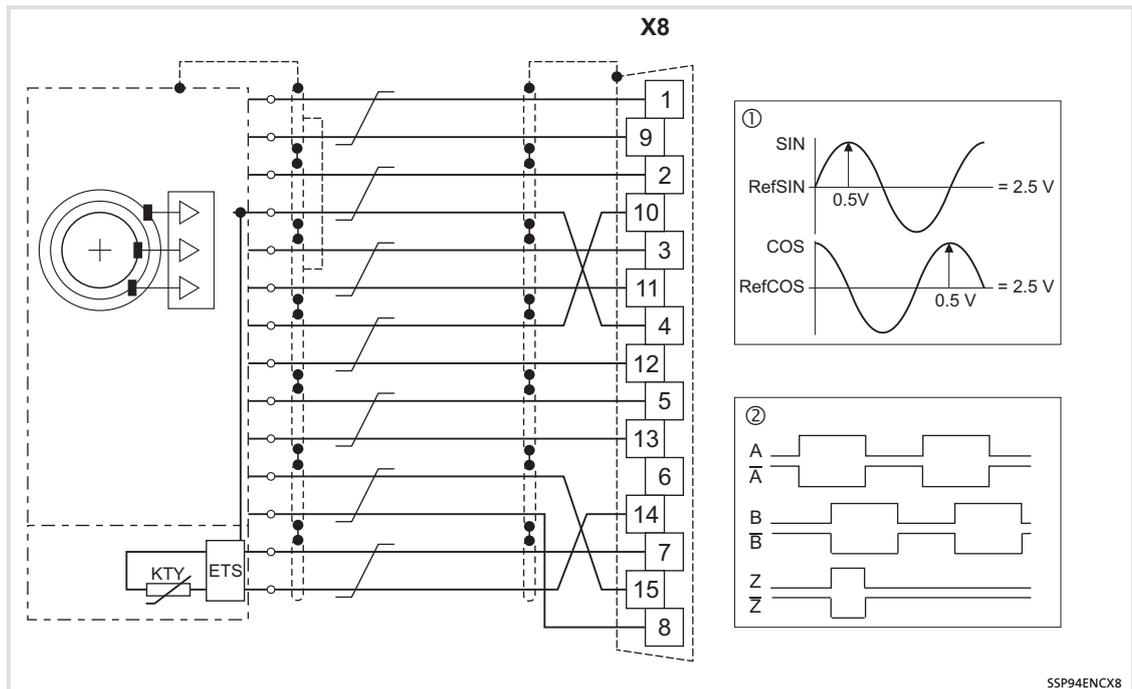
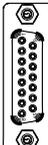


Fig. 4-19 Wiring principle

- ① Signals of a sin/cos encoder
- ② Signals with CW rotation

Terminal X8	Pin	Description	Cable EYF001...			
			TTL	1 V <sub>SS</sub>	1 V <sub>SS</sub> Hiperface	EYF002... 1 V <sub>SS</sub> EnDat 2.1
	1	A	Cos	Cos	Cos	n. c.
	2	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
	3	B	Sin	Sin	SIN	n. c.
	4	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	U <sub>S</sub>
	5	Z	Z	+RS485	Data (Z)	Data +
	6	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.
	7	-KTY	-KTY	-KTY	-KTY	-KTY
	8	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	Clock	Clock +
	9	/A	Ref Cos	Ref Cos	Ref Cos	n. c.
	10	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	-Sense	n. c.
	11	/B	Ref SIN	Ref SIN	Ref SIN	n. c.
	12	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	+Sense	n. c.
	13	/Z	/Z	-RS485	/Data (/Z)	Data -
	14	+KTY	+KTY	+KTY	+KTY	+KTY
	9400SSP000X8	15	n. c.	n. c.	n. c.	/Clock

#### Setting the supply voltage

The supply voltage of the encoder must be adapted to the cable length.

The voltage is adapted by means of the parameter "Encoder voltage", C00421.

Encoder Product key	U <sub>r</sub> [V]	Voltage setting [V] in C00421 for cable length [m]						
		0 - 10	10 - 30	30 - 50	50 - 70	70 - 90	90 - 100	100 -150
TTL								
IG2048-5V-T	5 ±5%	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3
IG4096-5V-T								
IK2048-5V-T								
Sin-cos								
IG1024-5V-V	5 ±5%	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3
IG2048-5V-S								
Sin-cos (Hiperface)								
AM1024-8V-H	8 (7 ... 12)	8.0						
Sin-cos (Endat)								
AM32-5V-E	5 ±5%	5.0						
AS2048-5V-E								
AM2048-5V-E								

Tab. 4-2

U<sub>r</sub>                      Rated encoder voltage

The values listed in Tab. 4-2 are valid for the use of Lenze system cables at typical ambient temperatures.

Other cables, other cable cross-sections or extreme ambient temperatures can require metrologically determined adaptations.

For a higher encoder supply power, e.g. for laser-based length measuring systems, an external encoder supply must be provided.



## 5 Power supply module

### 5.1 Device features

The most important device features at a glance:

- ▶ power supply modules supply the DC buses of several controllers of a drive system with energy.
- ▶ power supply modules are the central AC mains connection in a DC-bus operation.
- ▶ power supply modules have an internal brake chopper and a terminal for a brake resistor.
- ▶ power supply modules of the 9400 series have a busbar port for the easy connection and side-by-side mounting of the 9400 controllers up to 100 A. Ports for higher currents or compatible device series are available.
- ▶ Power supply modules generally supply controllers of the "Multi Drive" version. However, also controllers of the "Single Drive" version can be implemented in a DC-bus operation if the data and notes in the "DC-bus operation" chapter are observed.
- ▶ Power supply modules are designed as multi-range voltage units (230/400/480/500 V).
- ▶ Four types of power supply modules are available:
  - **E94APNE0104**,  
Rated current: 10 A,  
Device size: 1,  
Version: compact standard device with installation backplane
  - **E94APNE0364**,  
Rated current: 36 A,  
Device size: 3,  
Version: compact standard device with installation backplane
  - **E94APNE1004**,  
Rated current: 100 A,  
Device size: 4,  
Version: compact total device
  - **E94APNE2454**,  
Rated current: 245 A,  
Device size: 5,  
Version: compact total device
- ▶ Power supply modules are assigned to specially designed mains filters and RFI filters.
- ▶ Power supply modules and filters can be mounted in the mounting grid of the 9400 series.

## 5.2 General data and operating conditions

### General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cULUS	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada	
Mains data			
Mains types	With earthed Y point	Unrestricted use	
	IT systems	Unrestricted use Observe instructions about special measures concerning the connected axis controllers (□ 260)!	
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted: cannot be specified because dependent on the conditions present in the interconnected system Radiation: category C3	
Noise immunity (according to requirements of EN 61800-3)			
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	8 kV for air discharge, 4 kV for contact discharge to housing	
Radio frequency			
Conducted	EN 61000-4-6	150 kHz ... 80 MHz, 10 V/m 80% AM (1kHz)	
Interference (housing)	EN 61000-4-3	80 MHz ... 1000 MHz, 10 V/m 80% AM (1kHz)	
Protection of persons and device protection			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP 20	Not in the wire range of the terminals on the motor side
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Insulation resistance	EN 61800-5-1	Overvoltage category III Derating at and above 2000 m AMSL: overvoltage category II	
Isolation of control circuits	EN 61800-5-1	Safe mains isolation through double/reinforced insulation.	
Short-circuit strength	EN 61800-5-1	DC-bus connection: not short-circuit-proof Brake resistor connection: full Control connections: full	
Discharge current	EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Cyclic mains switching		Cyclic mains switching of five times in five minutes is fully permissible.	

Design		
Housing		
Carrier housing	Device sizes 1 and 3	Glass-fiber reinforced plastic
Carrier housing	Device sizes 4 and 5	Metal
Dimensions		see "Mechanical installation"
Weight		see "Mechanical installation"

Mounting conditions			
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertical	
Free space			
At the top/at the bottom		≥ 80 mm / ≥ 120 mm	Observe the device-related notes on mounting.
On the sides		Side-by-side mounting without any clearance	

Connection conditions for DC power supply module		
AC mains operation		Direct connection
DC-bus operation		Direct connection of axis modules via terminals or busbar system More information can be found in the Hardware Manual, chapter "DC-bus operation".

## Operating conditions

Environmental conditions		
Climate		
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)		
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm 10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g
	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g

## 5.3

## Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

## General data

Type	Power loss $P_V$ [W]	
	Total (when operating with $I_{aN}$ )	Constant (control electronics only)
E94APNE0104	55	5
E94APNE0364	110	5
E94APNE1004	230	7
E94APNE2454	550	7

## Assignment of filters to standard devices

DC power supply module	Mains filter (corresponds to "long distance")	RFI filter (corresponds to "short distance")	Mains choke
E94APNE0104	E94AZMP0084	E94AZRP0084	EZAELN3008B372
E94APNE0364	E94AZMP0294	E94AZRP0294	EZAELN3030B961
E94APNE1004	E94AZMP0824	E94AZRP0824	EZAELN3080B371
E94APNE2454	E94AZMP2004	E94AZRP2004	EZAELN3200B151

With RFI filters, EMC categories can be achieved.

With mains filters, EMC categories and a power increase  $P_{DC}$  can be achieved.

With mains chokes, a power increase  $P_{DC}$  is achieved (through reduction of the harmonic content). For adherence to EMC categories, additional further measures are necessary.

## 5.3.1 Operation at rated mains voltage 230 V

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

## Input data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94APNE0104	230	50/60	8	6	3
E94APNE0364	230	50/60	29	21.8	3
E94APNE1004	230	50/60	82	61	3
E94APNE2454	230	50/60	200	150	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Voltage [V]	Continuous input power
		$S_L$ [kVA]
E94APNE0104	230	3.2
E94APNE0364	230	11.5
E94APNE1004	230	32.6
E94APNE2454	230	79.6

## Output data

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
2/PE DC	325	260 - 0 % ... 370 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94APNE0104	325	0 (DC)	10	7.5	2
E94APNE0364	325	0 (DC)	36	27	2
E94APNE1004	325	0 (DC)	100	75	2
E94APNE2454	325	0 (DC)	245	184	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

## Power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 230 V

Type	Output current and output power					
	100 %		5-s cycle		3-min cycle	
	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	P <sub>DC</sub> [kW]	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	P <sub>DC</sub> [kW]	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	P <sub>DC</sub> [kW]
E94APNE0104	10	2.1	40	8.4	15	3.2
E94APNE0104 + E94AZMP0084	10	2.8	40	11.2	15	4.2
E94APNE0364	36	7.5	108	22.5	54	11.3
E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	36	10.1	108	30.3	54	15.5
E94APNE1004	100	20.8	200	41.6	150	31.2
E94APNE1004 + E94AZMP0824	100	27.9	200	55.8	150	41.9
E94APNE2454	245	51	368	76.5	368	76.5
E94APNE2454 + E94AZMP2004	245	68.5	368	103	368	103

100 %                      Permanent rated values  
5-s cycle                  Cycle for the second-range  
(0.5 s overload/4.5 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)  
3-min cycle                Cycle for the minute-range  
(60 s overload/120 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)

## Internal brake chopper data

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
<b>E94APNE0104</b>	18.0	21.7	8.5	7.9	1.1	4.3	0.5	0.5
<b>E94APNE0364</b>	6.0	65.0	25.4	29.1	5.1	3.0	0.5	0.5
<b>E94APNE1004</b>	2.5	156	60.8	62.7	9.8	3.6	0.5	0.5
<b>E94APNE2454</b>	1.4	279	109	112	17.5	3.6	0.5	0.5

$R_{Bmin}$	Minimum brake resistance, nominal value $\pm 10\%$
$I_{BRmax}$	Peak current
$P_{BRmax}$	Peak braking power
$I_{BRd}$	Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables
$P_{Bd}$	Continuous braking power
$t_z$	Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time
$t_{on}$	Running time
$t_z - t_{on}$	Recovery time
$t_{fp}$	Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## Power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

### 5.3.2 Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

#### Input data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94APNE0104	400	50/60	8	6	3
E94APNE0364	400	50/60	29	21.8	3
E94APNE1004	400	50/60	82	61	3
E94APNE2454	400	50/60	200	150	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Voltage [V]	Continuous input power
		$S_L$ [kVA]
E94APNE0104	400	5.5
E94APNE0364	400	20.1
E94APNE1004	400	56.7
E94APNE2454	400	138

#### Output data

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC	565	455 - 0 % ... 620 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94APNE0104	565	0 (DC)	10	7.5	2
E94APNE0364	565	0 (DC)	36	27	2
E94APNE1004	565	0 (DC)	100	75	2
E94APNE2454	565	0 (DC)	245	184	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Output current and output power					
	100 %		5-s cycle		3-min cycle	
	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	P <sub>DC</sub> [kW]	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	P <sub>DC</sub> [kW]	I <sub>DC</sub> [A]	P <sub>DC</sub> [kW]
E94APNE0104	10	3.6	40	14.4	15	5.4
E94APNE0104 + E94AZMP0084	10	4.9	40	19.6	15	7.4
E94APNE0364	36	13.0	108	39.0	54	19.5
E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	36	17.5	108	52.5	54	26.3
E94APNE1004	100	36.2	200	72.4	150	54.3
E94APNE1004 + E94AZMP0824	100	48.6	200	97.2	150	72.9
E94APNE2454	245	88.6	368	133	368	133
E94APNE2454 + E94AZMP2004	245	119	368	179	368	179

100 % Permanent rated values  
 5-s cycle Cycle for the second-range  
 (0.5 s overload/4.5 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)  
 3-min cycle Cycle for the minute-range  
 (60 s overload/120 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)

## Power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

### Internal brake chopper data

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
<b>E94APNE0104</b>	27.0	26.9	19.5	9.7	2.6	4.3	0.5	0.5
<b>E94APNE0364</b>	12.0	60.4	43.8	27.0	8.7	3.0	0.5	0.5
<b>E94APNE1004</b>	5.0	145	105	58.2	17.0	3.6	0.5	0.5
<b>E94APNE2454</b>	2.8	259	188	104	30.3	3.6	0.5	0.5

$R_{Bmin}$	Minimum brake resistance, nominal value $\pm 10\%$
$I_{BRmax}$	Peak current
$P_{BRmax}$	Peak braking power
$I_{BRd}$	Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables
$P_{Bd}$	Continuous braking power
$t_z$	Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time
$t_{on}$	Running time
$t_z - t_{on}$	Recovery time
$t_{fp}$	Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## 5.3.3 Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

## Input data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94APNE0104	500	50/60	8	6	3
E94APNE0364	500	50/60	29	21.8	3
E94APNE1004	500	50/60	82	61	3
E94APNE2454	500	50/60	200	150	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Voltage [V]	Continuous input power
		$S_L$ [kVA]
E94APNE0104	500	6.9
E94APNE0364	500	25.1
E94APNE1004	500	70.9
E94APNE2454	500	173

## Output data

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC	705	565 - 0 % ... 775 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94APNE0104	705	0 (DC)	10	7.5	2
E94APNE0364	705	0 (DC)	36	27	2
E94APNE1004	705	0 (DC)	100	75	2
E94APNE2454	705	0 (DC)	245	184	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

## Power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

Type	Output current and output power					
	100 %		5-s cycle		3-min cycle	
	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]
E94APNE0104	10	4.5	40	18.0	15	6.8
E94APNE0104 + E94AZMP0084	10	6.1	40	24.4	15	9.2
E94APNE0364	36	16.3	108	48.9	54	24.5
E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	36	21.9	108	65.7	54	32.9
E94APNE1004	100	45.2	200	90.4	150	67.8
E94APNE100 + E94AZMP0824	100	60.8	200	122	150	91.2
E94APNE2454	245	111	368	167	368	167
E94APNE2454 + E94AZMP2004	245	149	368	224	368	224

100 %                      Permanent rated values  
5-s cycle                  Cycle for the second-range  
(0.5 s overload/4.5 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)  
3-min cycle                Cycle for the minute-range  
(60 s overload/120 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)

## Internal brake chopper data

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
E94APNE0104	27.0	29.3	23.1	10.6	3.0	4.3	0.5	0.5
E94APNE0364	12.0	65.8	52.0	29.4	10.4	3.0	0.5	0.5
E94APNE1004	5.0	158	125	63.5	20.1	3.6	0.5	0.5
E94APNE2454	2.8	282	223	113	36.0	3.6	0.5	0.5

$R_{Bmin}$	Minimum brake resistance, nominal value $\pm 10\%$
$I_{BRmax}$	Peak current
$P_{BRmax}$	Peak braking power
$I_{BRd}$	Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables
$P_{Bd}$	Continuous braking power
$t_z$	Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time
$t_{on}$	Running time
$t_z - t_{on}$	Recovery time
$t_{fp}$	Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## 5.3.4

## Fuses and cable cross-sections

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230 ... 500	180 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 ... 65

## Operation with external mains choke/mains filter

Type	Installation according to EN 60204-1 <sup>1)</sup>					Installation according to UL <sup>2)</sup>		FI <sup>3)</sup> [mA]
	① [A]	② [A]	L1, L2, L3 - Laying system			③ [A]	L1, L2, L3 [AWG]	
			B2 [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	C [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	F [mm <sup>2</sup> ]			
E94APNE0104	C16	-	2,5	2,5	-	15	14	≥ 300
E94APNE0364	C40	-	10	10	-	40	8	≥ 300
E94APNE1004	-	125	-	50	50	100	1/0	≥ 300
E94APNE2454	-	315	-	-	150 (2 x 70)	250	250 mcm (2 x 1/0)	≥ 300

<sup>1)</sup> The data are recommendations. Other dimensioning/laying systems are possible (e.g. according to VDE 0298-4). The cable cross-sections apply under the following conditions: Use of PVC-insulated copper leads, conductor temperature < 70 °C, ambient temperature < 45°C, no bundling of cables or cores, three loaded cores.

<sup>2)</sup> Only use UL-approved cables, fuses and fuse holders.

UL fuse: voltage 500 ... 600 V, observe specifications according to UL information

<sup>3)</sup> Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker, RCD type B

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

① Circuit breaker

② Fuse of gG/gL utilisation category or semiconductor fuses of gRL utilisation category

③ Fuse

Observe national and regional regulations

Operation without external mains choke/mains filter								
Type	Installation according to EN 60204-1 <sup>1)</sup>					Installation according to UL <sup>2)</sup>		FI <sup>3)</sup> [mA]
	①	②	L1, L2, L3 - Laying system			③	L1, L2, L3	
	[A]	[A]	B2 [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	C [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	F [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[A]	[AWG]	
E94APNE0104	C16	-	2,5	2,5	-	15	14	≥ 300
E94APNE0364	C40	-	10	10	-	40	8	≥ 300
E94APNE1004	-	125	-	50	50	100	1/0	≥ 300
E94APNE2454	-	315	-	-	150 (2 x 70)	250	250 mcm (2 x 1/0)	≥ 300

<sup>1)</sup> The data are recommendations. Other dimensioning/laying systems are possible (e.g. according to VDE 0298-4). The cable cross-sections apply under the following conditions: Use of PVC-insulated copper leads, conductor temperature < 70 °C, ambient temperature < 45°C, no bundling of cables or cores, three loaded cores.

<sup>2)</sup> Only use UL-approved cables, fuses and fuse holders.

UL fuse: voltage 500 ... 600 V, observe specifications according to UL information

<sup>3)</sup> Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker, RCD type B

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

① Circuit breaker

② Fuse of gG/gL utilisation category or semiconductor fuses of gRL utilisation category

③ Fuse

Observe national and regional regulations

**5.3.5 Mains filters for power supply modules**

When using the mains filters assigned, conditions must be observed for compliance with EMC class C2:

- ▶ The measures for the use on IT systems must be applied to all axis modules in the interconnection (separation of internal filter components from PE, (☞ 346)).
- ▶ The maximum sum total of all motor cable lengths ( $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$ ) for the filter used must be observed.

**Motor cable lengths in the interconnection**

The assigned filters are designed for  $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$   
(E94AZRPxxx4: 60 m (= 6 x 10 m), E94AZMPxxx4: 500 m (= 10 x 50 m)).

For a different number of axis modules,  $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$  can be determined from the following diagrams.

Maximum total of motor cable lengths [m] for the achievement of EMC Category C2		
Number of axes	Power supply module with	
	RFI filter E94AZRPxxx4 (short distance)	Mains filter E94AZMPxxx4 (long distance)
1	67.5	100
2	67.5	200
3	67.5	300
4	65	400
5	62.5	500
6	60	600
7	57.5	575
8	55	550
9	52.5	525
10	50	500
11	47.5	475
12	45	450
13	42.5	425
14	40	400
15	37.5	375
16	35	350
17	32.5	325
18	30	300
19	27.5	275
20	25	250

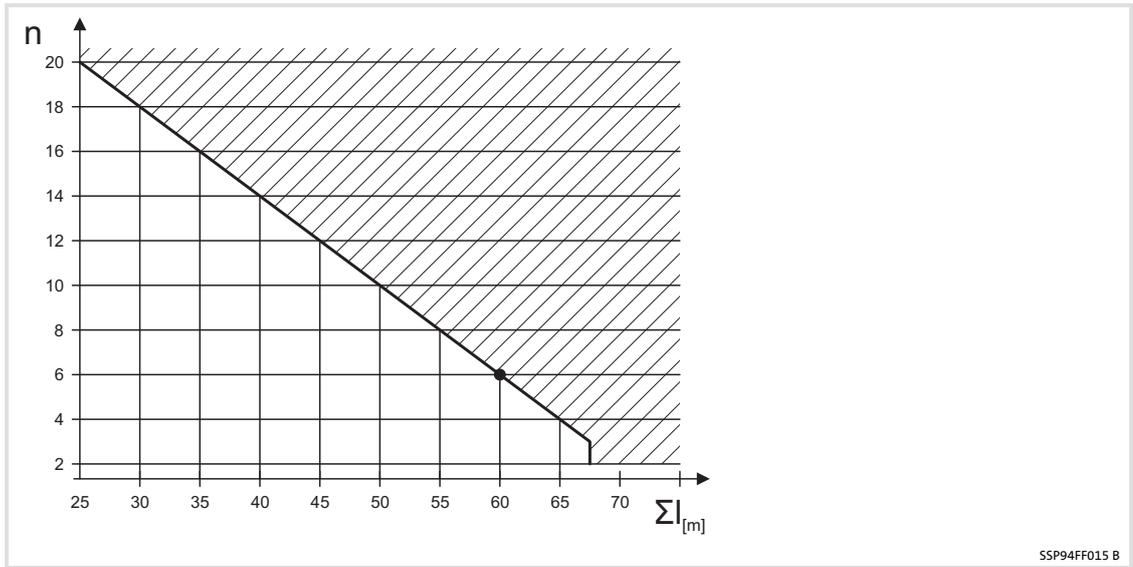


Fig. 5-1 Filter E94AZMP...SDB (short distance): total motor lengths according to number of axis modules

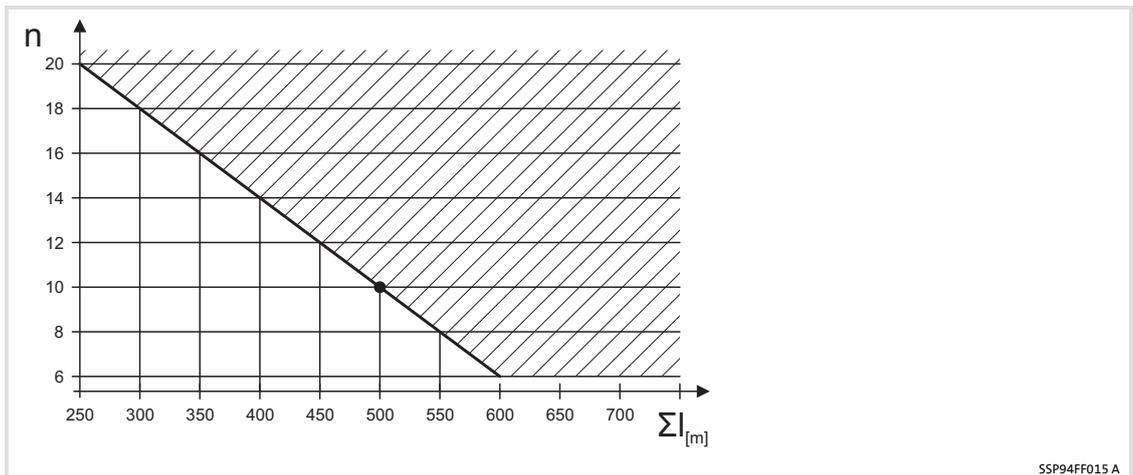


Fig. 5-2 Filter E94AZMP...LDB (long distance): total motor lengths according to axis modules

## Power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Mains filters for power supply modules

With different motor cable lengths, per axis at least 25 % of the longest cable must be considered when calculating the total motor cable length.

Example: 1		Motor cable length $l_{\text{mot}}$ [m]	
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1	6	0.25 * 20 = 5	6
2 ... 4	3 * 10		3 * 10
5	20		20
<b>Total</b>	56	max. permissible for 5 axes: $\Sigma < 60$	<b>56</b>
EMC class C2 will be complied with.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Example 2		Motor cable length $l_{\text{mot}}$ [m]	
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 4	4 * 5	0.25 * 40 = 10	4 * 10
5	40		40
<b>Total</b>	60	max. permissible for 5 axes: $\Sigma < 60$	<b>80</b>
EMC class C2 will not be complied with.			<input type="checkbox"/>

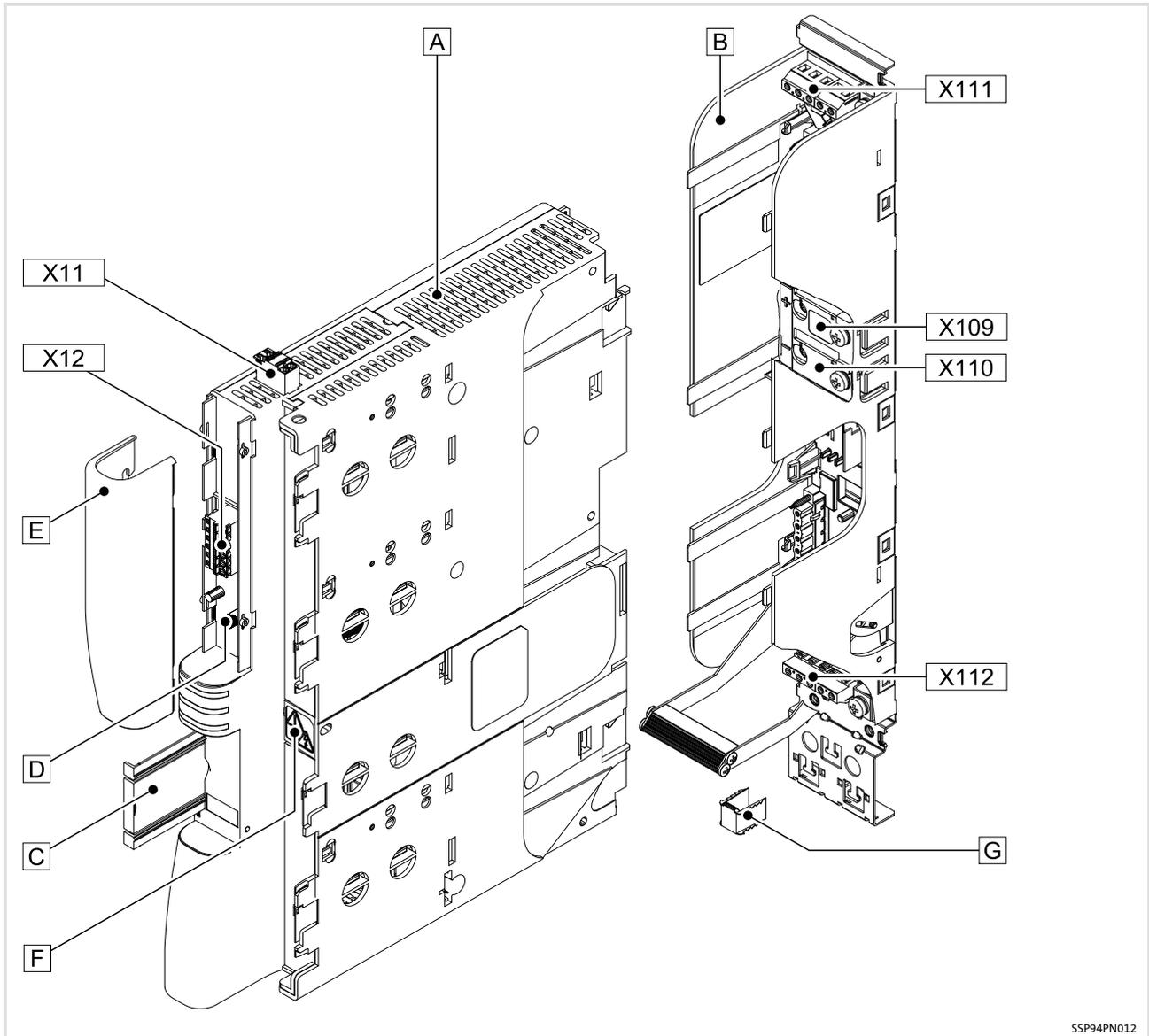
### Constellations with unfavourable or intensifying parasitic couplings

Compliance with EMC category C2 may also be interfered with by other circumstances:

- ▶ Distribution of the axis modules over several control cabinets without efficient HF equipotential bonding between the mounting plates
- ▶ No use of Lenze system cables or cables with the same specifications
- ▶ Poor connection of motor cable shields
- ▶ Motor cable interruptions
- ▶ Other interference sources (e.g. switched-mode power supplies)
- ▶ Isochronous switching of the inverter output stages

5.4 Device description

5.4.1 Devices in the range 10 ... 36 A (4 ... 18 kW)



SSP94PN012

## 5

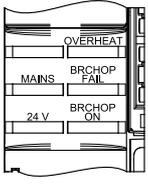
# Power supply modules

Device description

Devices in the range 10 ... 36 A (4 ... 18 kW)

Standard device <sup>A</sup>	
Pos.	Description
X11	24 V supply
X12	4 digital outputs 1 digital input
<sup>C</sup>	Nameplate, retractable
<sup>D</sup>	Setting of mains voltage/brake chopper threshold
<sup>E</sup>	Upper cap

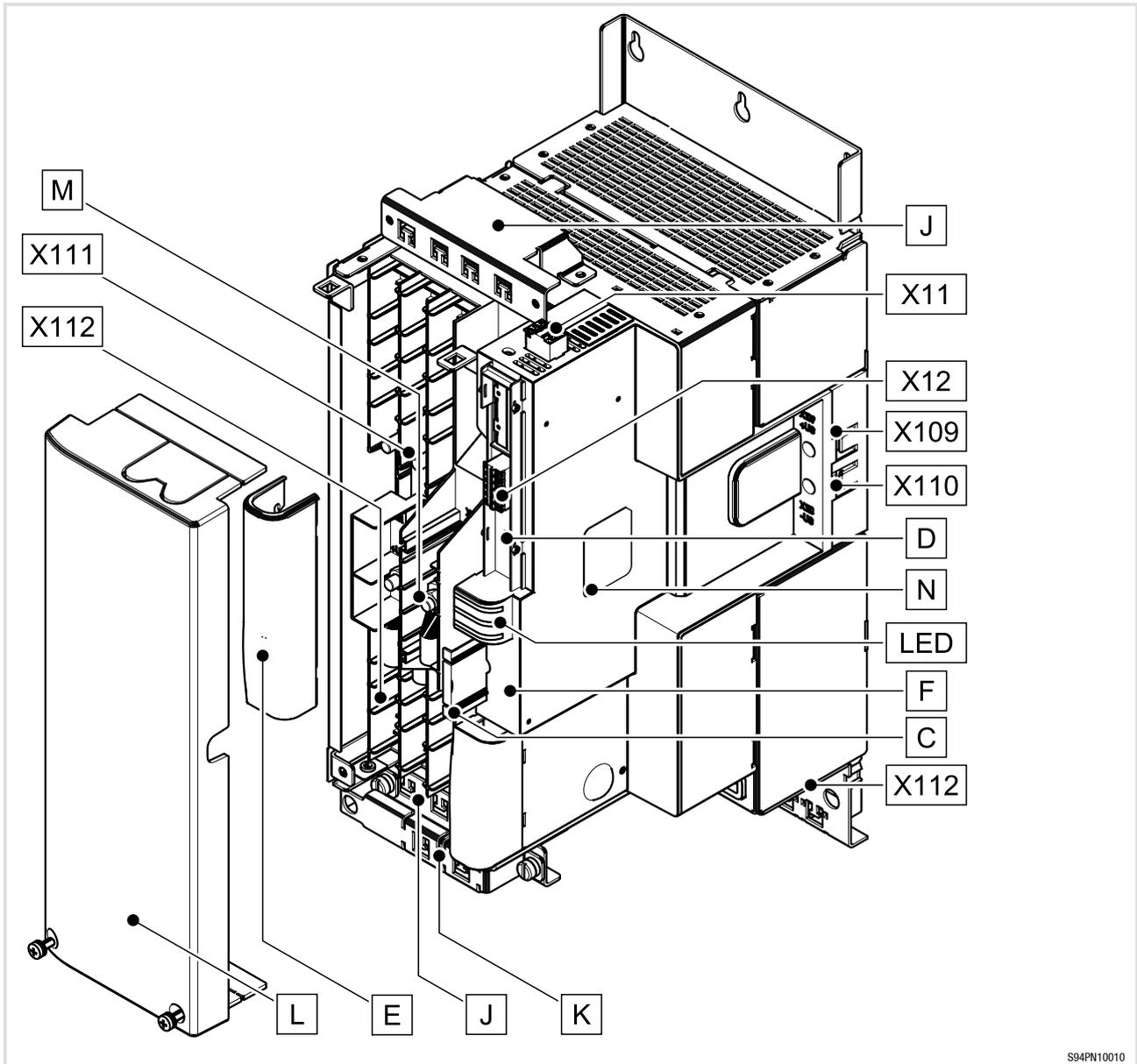
The LED display enables fast indication of several operating states.

LED	labelling	Colour	Description
 SSP94LED21	-	-	-
	OVERHEAT	red	Overtemperature
	MAINS	green	without function
	BRCHOP FAIL	red	Short circuit in brake chopper
	24 V	green	24 V supply voltage o.k.
	BRCHOP ON	yellow	Brake chopper active

Pos.	Symbol	Description
<sup>F</sup>		<b>Long discharge time:</b> All power terminals carry hazardous voltages for at least 3 minutes after mains disconnection!
		<b>High discharge current:</b> Fixed installation and PE connection to EN 61800-5-1 required!
		<b>Electrostatic sensitive devices:</b> Before working on the device, personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge!

Installation backplane <sup>B</sup>		
Pos.	Description	
X111	Mains (supply from above, e.g. from top filters) DC-bus voltage (compatible with 9300 series)	
X112	Mains (supply from below, e.g. from built-on filter) External brake resistor	
X109	DC-bus busbar +	Direct connection of 9400 axis modules, device sizes 1 ... 3
X110	DC busbar -	
<sup>G</sup>	EMC shield clamp	

5.4.2 Devices in the range 100 ... 245 A (48 ... 119 kW)



S94PN10010

## 5 Power supply modules

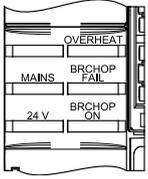
### Device description

Devices in the range 100 ... 245 A (48 ... 119 kW)

Pos.	Description
X11	External 24 V supply
X12	4 digital outputs 1 digital input
C	Nameplate, retractable
D	Setting of mains voltage/brake chopper threshold
E	Upper cap
J	Cable fixation for L1 ... L3, ⊕, also serves as a lifting aid, at the top and bottom, can be removed
K	Cable fixation for +UG/-UG, can be mounted at the top and bottom
L	Module front with removable cable opening covers
M	Cable connection +UG/-UG (also specified as part of X111 or X112)
N	Nameplate 2

Pos.	Description (connections)	
X111	Mains (supply from above, e.g. through top-mounted filter) DC-bus voltage (compatible to 9300 series)	For cables being routed upwards
X112	Mains (supply from below, e.g. through side-mounted filter) External brake resistor DC bus	
X109	DC busbar +	Direct connection of 9400 series axis modules, device size 1 ... 3
X110	DC busbar -	

The LED display enables fast indication of several operating states.

LED	labelling	Colour	Description
	-	-	-
	OVERHEAT	red	Overtemperature
	MAINS	green	without function
	BRCHOP FAIL	red	Short circuit in brake chopper
	24 V	green	24 V supply voltage o.k.
	BRCHOP ON	yellow	Brake chopper active

Pos.	Symbol	Description
F		<b>Long discharge time:</b> All power terminals carry hazardous voltages for at least 3 minutes after mains disconnection!
		<b>High discharge current:</b> Fixed installation and PE connection to EN 61800-5-1 required!
		<b>Electrostatic sensitive devices:</b> Before working on the device, personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge!

## 5.5 Mechanical installation

### 5.5.1 Important notes



#### Note!

The devices must be installed in housings (e.g. control cabinets) to meet applicable regulations.

- ▶ The mounting location must always comply with the operating conditions specified in the technical data (📖 223). Take additional measures if necessary.
- ▶ The mounting plate of the control cabinet must have the following properties:
  - electrically conductive
  - free of lacquer
- ▶ The mechanical connections must always be ensured.
- ▶ A free air circulation must be ensured for dissipating the heat.
- ▶ The described EMC properties are provided if the following conditions are complied with:
  - The devices are mounted according to the arrangement concept described.
  - The prepared cables are used and remain unchanged.

## 5 Power supply modules

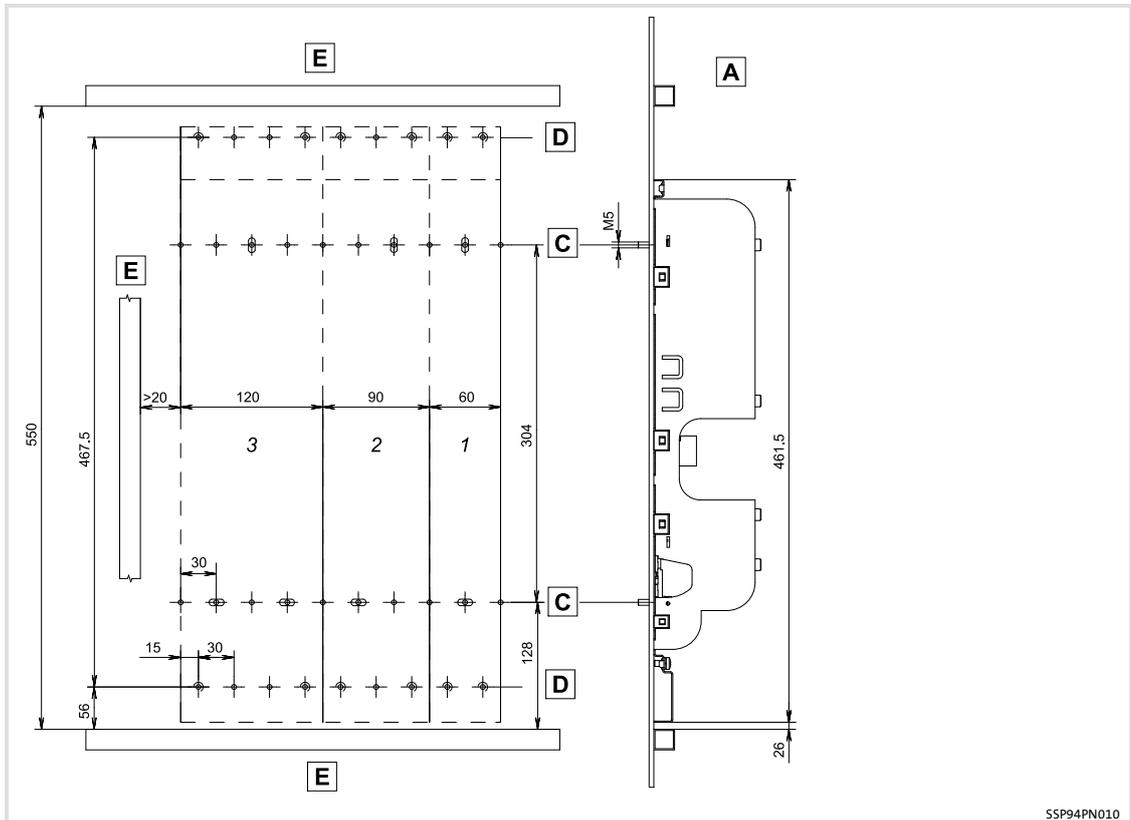
### Mechanical installation

Devices in the range 10 ... 36 A (4 ... 18 kW)

#### 5.5.2 Devices in the range 10 ... 36 A (4 ... 18 kW)

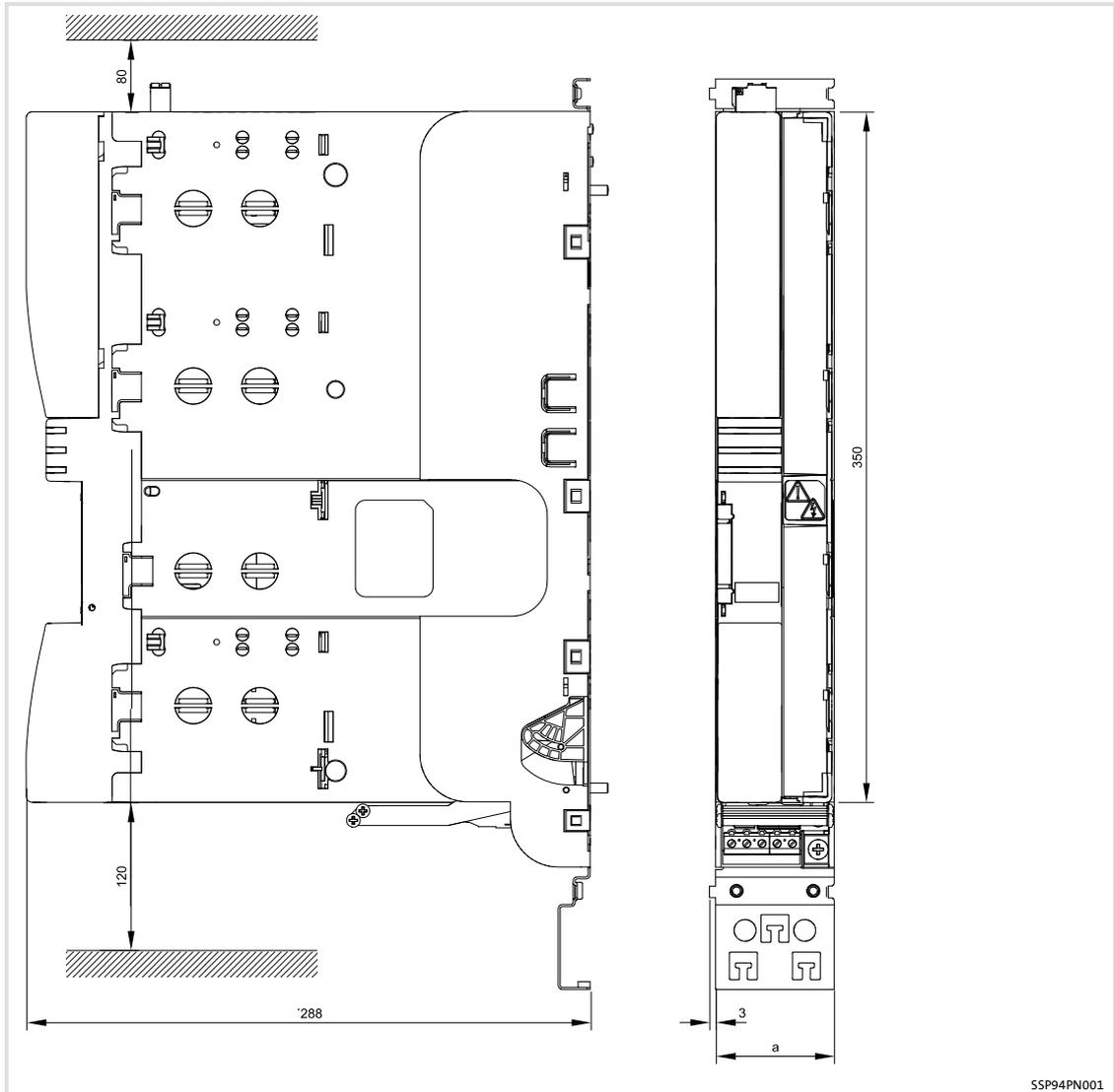
##### Mounting grid

We recommend to provide the mounting plate with a grid pattern of M5 threaded holes for attaching the devices. This preparation enables easy attachment of the devices, and the device sizes 1, 2, ... n can thus be mounted directly adjacent to each other.



- A** Mounting with backplane for attaching the power supply module
  - C** Grid hole pattern for installation backplane
  - D** Grid hole pattern for other device sizes or built-on/footprint filters (only Single Drive)
  - E** Cable duct
- 1  
... Device size, mounting holes used  
3

Standard device with installation backplane



SSP94PN001

Type	Installation backplane	Dimensions a [mm]	Weight [kg]
E94APNE0104	E94AZPP0104	60	2.6
E94APNE0364	E94AZPP0364	120	5.3

## Arrangement of the devices

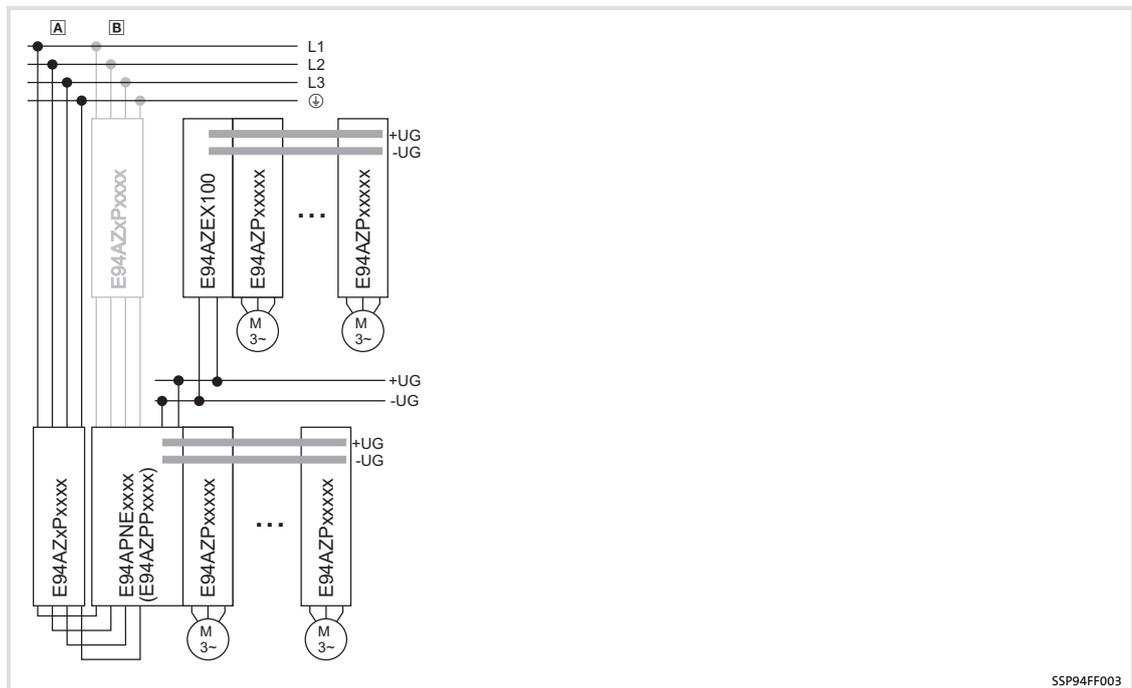


Fig. 5-3 Arrangement concept

<b>A</b>	Standard mounting: side mounting
<b>B</b>	Mounting variant: top mounting
E94AZxPxxxx	Filter
E94APNExxxx	9400 DC power supply module (up to 36 A/18 kW with E94AZPPxxxx installation backplane)
E94AZEX100	DC input module
E94AZPxxxx	Installation backplane for 9400 axis module

A DC-bus connection has to be planned and dimensioned taking the technical data into account.

How to arrange the devices via the DC busbars for operation in the DC-bus connection:

- ▶ Arrange the devices in a row from left to right.
- ▶ Install the supplying device on the left:
  - DC power supply module (in a first row),
  - DC input module (in the following rows).
- ▶ Install the multi drive axis controllers to the right from the highest to the lowest power (recommendation).
- ▶ For increasing the braking power also single drive axis controllers can be integrated. For this purpose these axis controllers have to be equipped with the optional busbar mounting set (E94AZJAxxx).

**Note!**

If the first axis module is not connected to the DC busbar, the cable between power supply module and axis module must not be longer than 5 m.

**Installation steps**

Proceed as follows for the installation:

1. Prepare M5 threaded holes on the mounting plate according to the mounting grid.
2. Screw the installation backplane onto the mounting plate. Do not yet tighten the screws.
  - Use M5 screw and washer assemblies or M5 hexagon socket screws with washers.
  - The screw joint in the installation backplane may not jut out more than 7 mm.
3. Repeat step 2 for other installation backplanes, which can be mounted directly adjacent to one another.
4. Align all installation backplanes.
5. If busbars are used: connect the busbars.
6. Tightly screw all installation backplanes onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).

## 5 Power supply modules

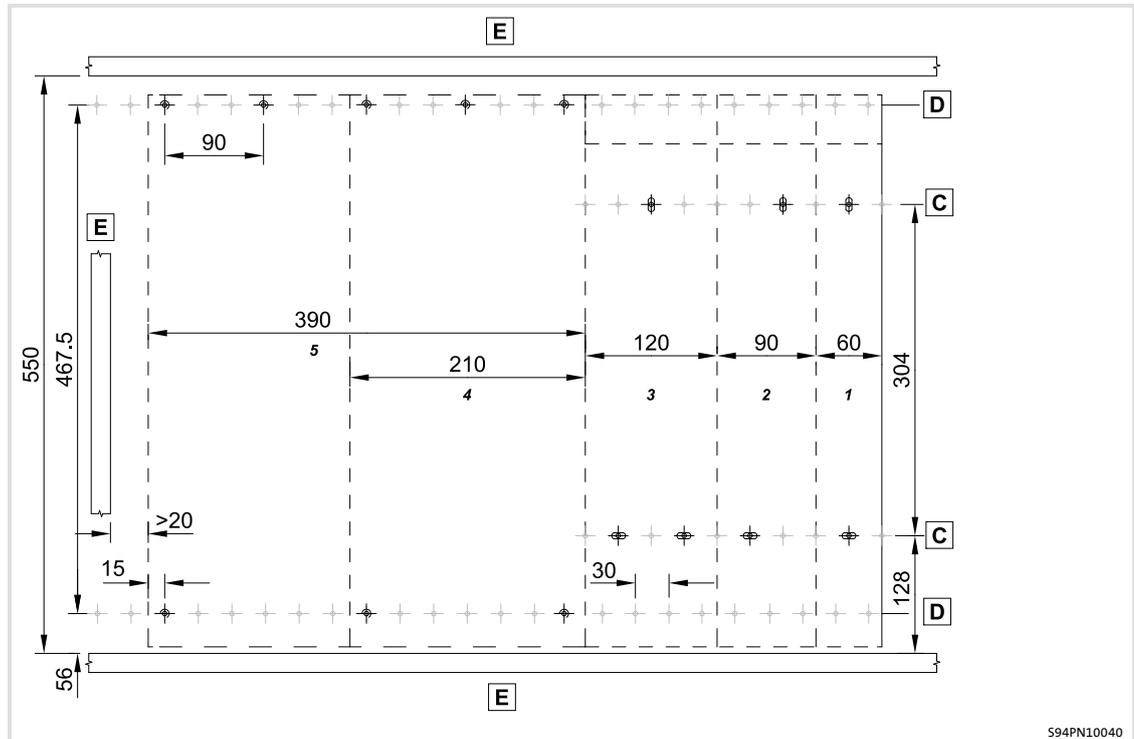
### Mechanical installation

Devices in the range 100 ... 245 A (48 ... 119 kW)

#### 5.5.3 Devices in the range 100 ... 245 A (48 ... 119 kW)

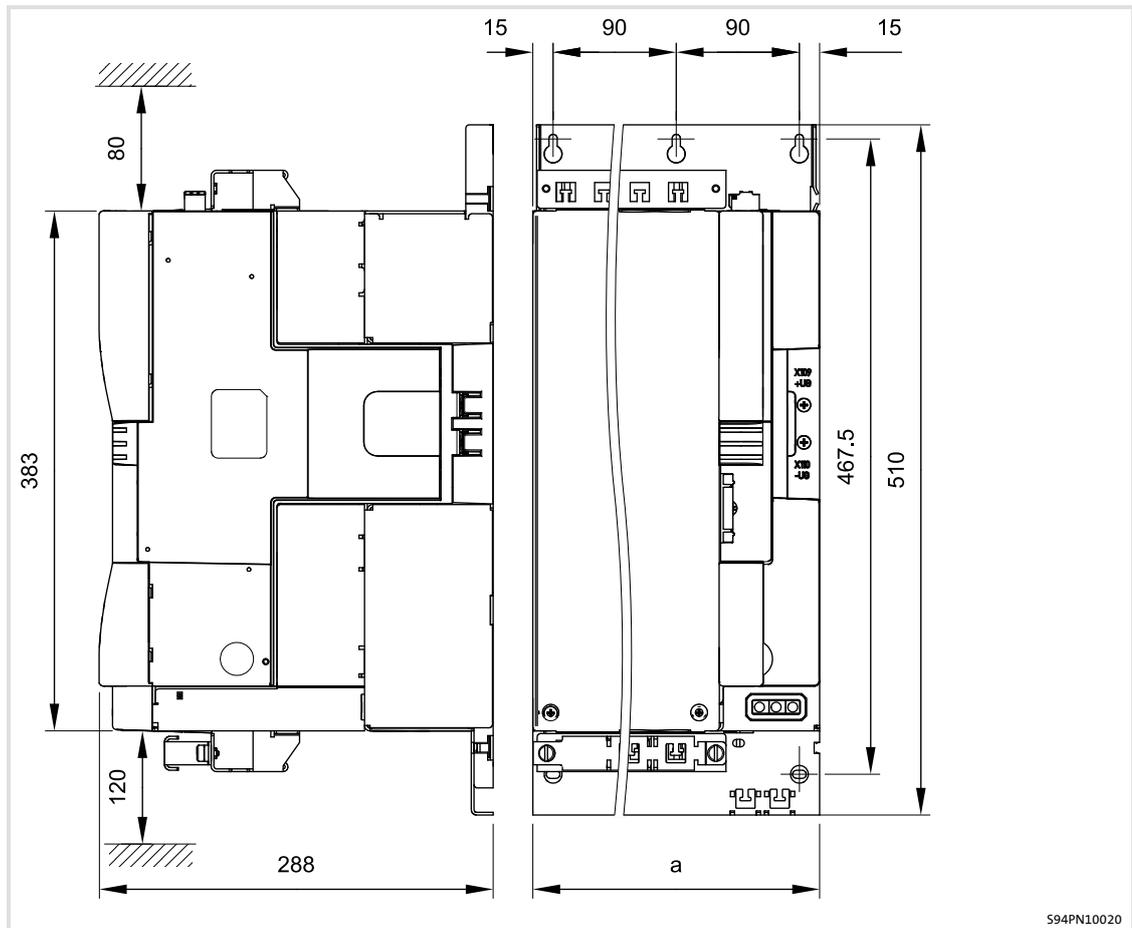
##### Mounting grid

We recommend to provide the mounting plate with a grid pattern of M5 threaded holes for attaching the devices. This preparation enables easy attachment of the devices, and the device sizes 1, 2, ... n can thus be mounted directly adjacent to each other.



- ⓐ Grid hole pattern for installation backplane
- ⓓ Grid hole pattern for other device sizes or filters mounted below or beside the device (only for Single Drive)
- ⓔ Cable duct
- 1
- ... Device size, mounting holes used
- 5

Dimensions



S94PN10020

Type Power supply module	Dimension a [mm]	Mass [kg]	Device size
E94APNE1004	210	13.5	4
E94APNE2454	390	28.5	5

## Arrangement of the devices

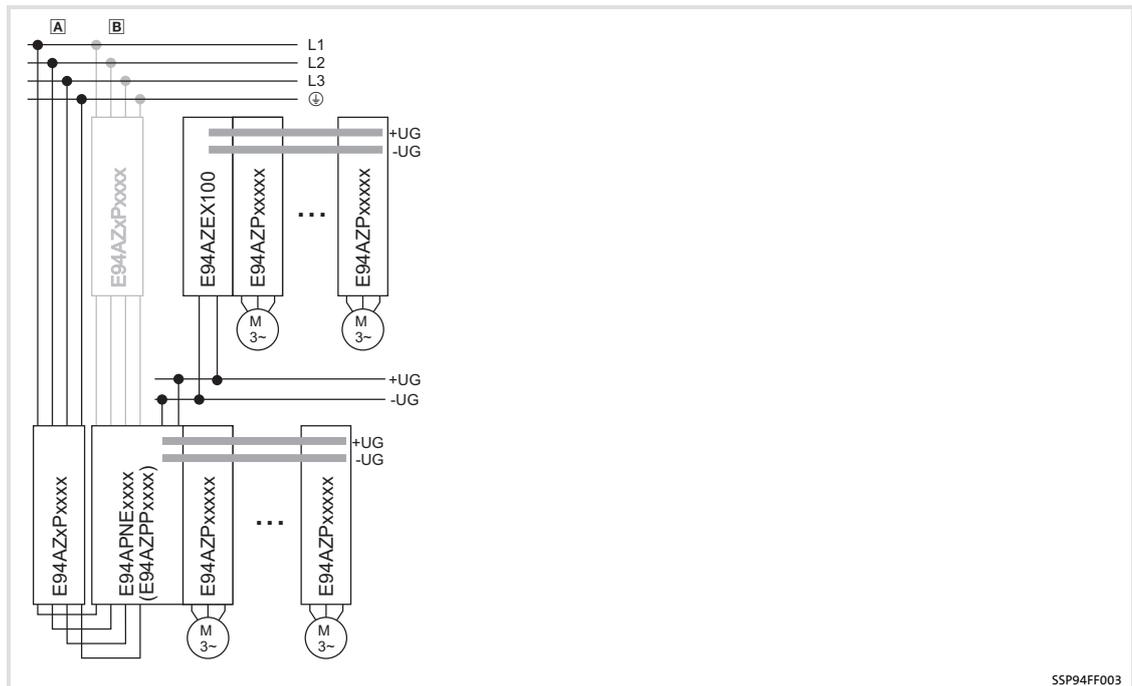


Fig. 5-4 Arrangement concept

<b>A</b>	Standard mounting: side mounting
<b>B</b>	Mounting variant: top mounting
E94AZxPxxxx	Filter
E94APNExxxx	9400 DC power supply module
E94AZEX100	(up to 36 A/18 kW with E94AZPPxxxx installation backplane)
E94AZPxxxx	DC input module
E94AZPxxxx	Installation backplane for 9400 axis module

A DC-bus connection has to be planned and dimensioned taking the technical data into account.

How to arrange the devices via the DC busbars for operation in the DC-bus connection:

- ▶ Arrange the devices in a row from left to right.
- ▶ Install the supplying device on the left:
  - DC power supply module (in a first row),
  - DC input module (in the following rows).
- ▶ Install the multi drive axis controllers to the right from the highest to the lowest power (recommendation).
- ▶ For increasing the braking power also single drive axis controllers can be integrated. For this purpose these axis controllers have to be equipped with the optional busbar mounting set (E94AZJAxxx).

**Installation steps**

Proceed as follows for the installation:

1. Prepare M5 threaded holes on the mounting plate according to the mounting grid.
  - Always use all mounting points specified.
2. Screw the device onto the mounting plate. Do not yet tighten the screws.
  - Use M5 screw and washer assemblies or M5 hexagon socket screws with washers.
3. Repeat step 2 for installation backplanes, which can be mounted directly adjacent to one another.
4. Align all devices and installation backplanes.
5. If busbars are used: connect the busbars.
6. Tightly screw all devices and installation backplanes onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).

## 5 Power supply modules

Wiring  
Important notes

### 5.6 Wiring

#### 5.6.1 Important notes



#### **Danger!**

##### **Dangerous electrical voltage**

All power terminals remain live for up to three minutes after mains disconnection.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

##### **Protective measures:**

- ▶ Switch off the power supply and wait for at least three minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.



#### **Danger!**

##### **Hazardous electrical voltage**

The leakage current to earth (PE) is  $> 3.5$  mA AC or  $> 10$  mA DC.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the device in the event of an error.

##### **Protective measures:**

Implement the measures required in EN 61800-5-1. Especially:

- ▶ Fixed installation
  - Implement PE connection in compliance with standards.
  - Connect PE conductor twice or PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 10$  mm<sup>2</sup>.
- ▶ Connection with a connector for industrial applications according to IEC 60309 (CEE):
  - PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 2.5$  mm<sup>2</sup> as part of a multi-core supply cable.
  - Provide for suitable strain relief.



#### **Stop!**

##### **No device protection if the mains voltage is too high**

The mains input is not internally fused.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Destruction of the device if the mains voltage is too high.

##### **Protective measures:**

- ▶ Observe the maximally permissible mains voltage.
- ▶ Fuse the device correctly on the supply side against mains fluctuations and voltage peaks.

## 5.6.2 Safety instructions for the installation according to UL/CSA

## Original - English

E94APNE0104/E94APNE0364

**Warnings!**

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max., when protected by CC, J, T or R Class fuses.
  - Use specified fuses as shown in the table. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ Use 60/75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248	
	Fuse [A]	
E94APNE0104	15	
E94APNE0364	40	

## E94APNE1004/E94APNE2454

**Warnings!**

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 18000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max, when protected by J, T or R fuses.
  - Use specified fuses as shown in the table. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ E94APNE1004: Use 60/75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ E94APNE2454: Use 75 °C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248	
	Fuse [A]	
E94APNE1004	100	
E94APNE2454	250	

Original - French

E94APNE0104/E94APNE0364

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 5000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 50000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V, avec protection par des fusibles CC de calibre J, T ou R.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués dans le tableau. La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248
	Fuse [A]
E94APNE0104	15
E94APNE0364	40

## E94APNE1004/E94APNE2454

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 18000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 50000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V, avec protection par des fusibles de calibre J, T ou R.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués dans le tableau. La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ E94APNE1004 : utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/75 °C, partie commande exceptée.
- ▶ E94APNE2454 : utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 75 °C, partie commande exceptée.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248
	Fuse [A]
E94APNE1004	100
E94APNE2454	250

## 5.6.3

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ It is imperative to comply with the regulations concerning minimum cross-sections of PE conductors. The cross-section of the PE conductor must be at least as large as the cross-section of the power connections.
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ External brake resistor (⚡ Mounting Instructions of the brake resistor)
- ▶ DC bus, cable length from 0.3 m

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ Mains
- ▶ DC bus, cable length up to 0.3 m

### 5.6.4 Earthing of internal EMC filters

Device-internal EMC filters have been implemented to reduce interference emission. These EMC filters are connected to protective earth to discharge interference currents.

Under certain conditions the EMC filters must be disconnected from:

- ▶ Operation in an IT system  
The devices are protected from damages or destruction due to incompatible overvoltages in the case of an error (earth fault).
- ▶ DC-bus operation
- ▶ Operation with power supply modules or regenerative power supply modules
- ▶ Operating multiple devices with a common filter  
The EMC properties can only be reached by carrying out the described measures.  
The triggering behaviour of applicable earth-leakage circuit breakers remains undisturbed.

#### Overview of the measures

The measures which are to be carried out once have been prepared in relation to the devices and are each described together with installation and wiring.

Device	Measure in the case of operation ...	
	in the IT system	in the interconnected system, with power supply modules or shared filters
Controller		
with installation backplane (GG1 ... GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
without installation backplane (GG6 ... GG7)	Change screwed connection	
without installation backplane (GG8S ... GG10)	Change switch	
Power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG1 und GG3)	No measure necessary	
without installation backplane (GG4 ... GG5)	No measure necessary	
Regenerative power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
associated mains filter	Change screwed connection	No action

### Implementing the measures

Proceed as follows to disconnect the internal connection between the filters and PE:

1. Remove IT insulating cap from the parking position ① in the installation backplane.
  - For this apply a screwdriver on the right or left and lever off the insulating cap.
  - Optionally the insulating cap can be carefully removed using an appropriate pliers.
2. Attach IT insulating cap to the earthing jumper ② until it clicks into place.



Fig. 5-5 Plugging the IT insulating cap onto the earthing jumper

SSP94IT001

## 5 Power supply modules

### Wiring

Devices in the range 10 ... 36 A (4 ... 18 kW)

#### 5.6.5 Devices in the range 10 ... 36 A (4 ... 18 kW)

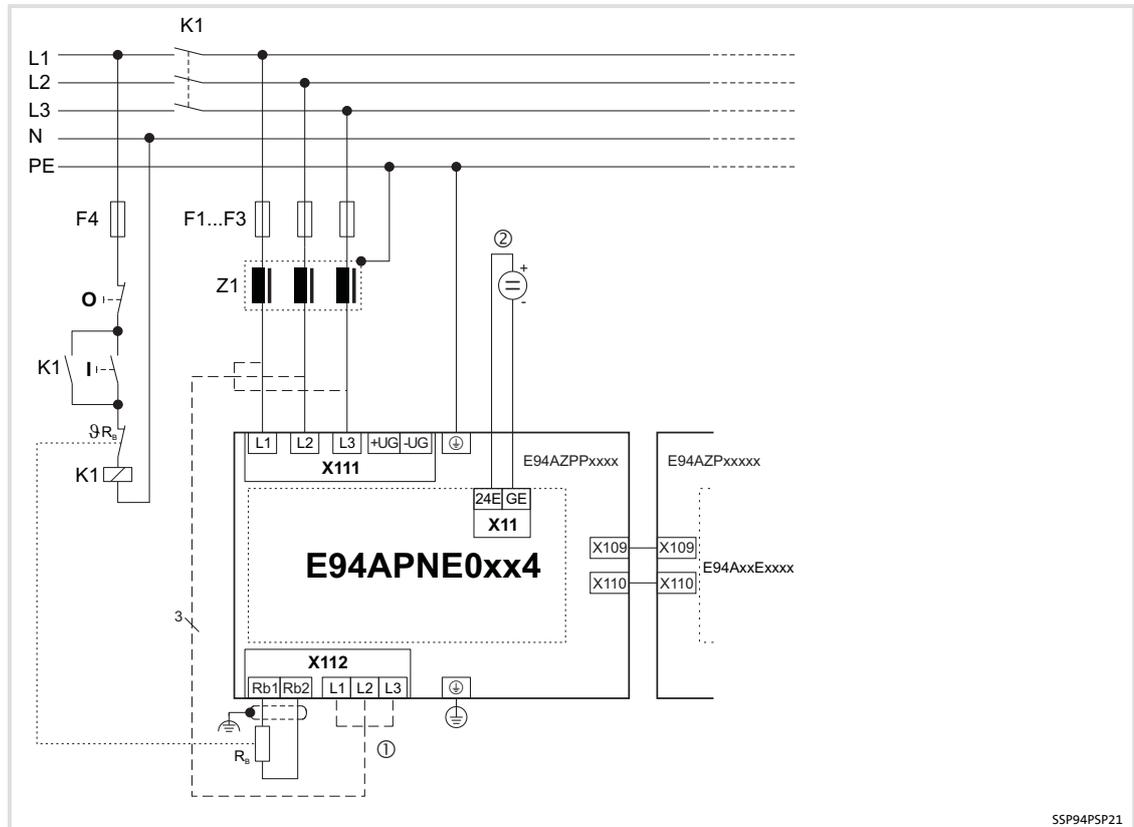


Fig. 5-6 Example circuit for installation backplane and DC power supply module

E94APNExxx4	9400 DC power supply module
E94AZPxxxxx	Installation backplane
E94AxxExxxx	9400 axis module
E94AZEX100	DC input module
F1 ... Fx	Fuses
Z1	Mains filter/RFI filter (optional)
K1	Mains contactor
RB	Brake resistor
①	Alternative: mains connection at the bottom
②	24 V supply voltage for control electronics according to IEC 61131-2



### Tip!

Complete the wiring of the installation backplane before plugging in the standard device. The upper terminals of the installation backplane cannot be connected with a plugged-in standard device.

### 5.6.6 Connecting busbars

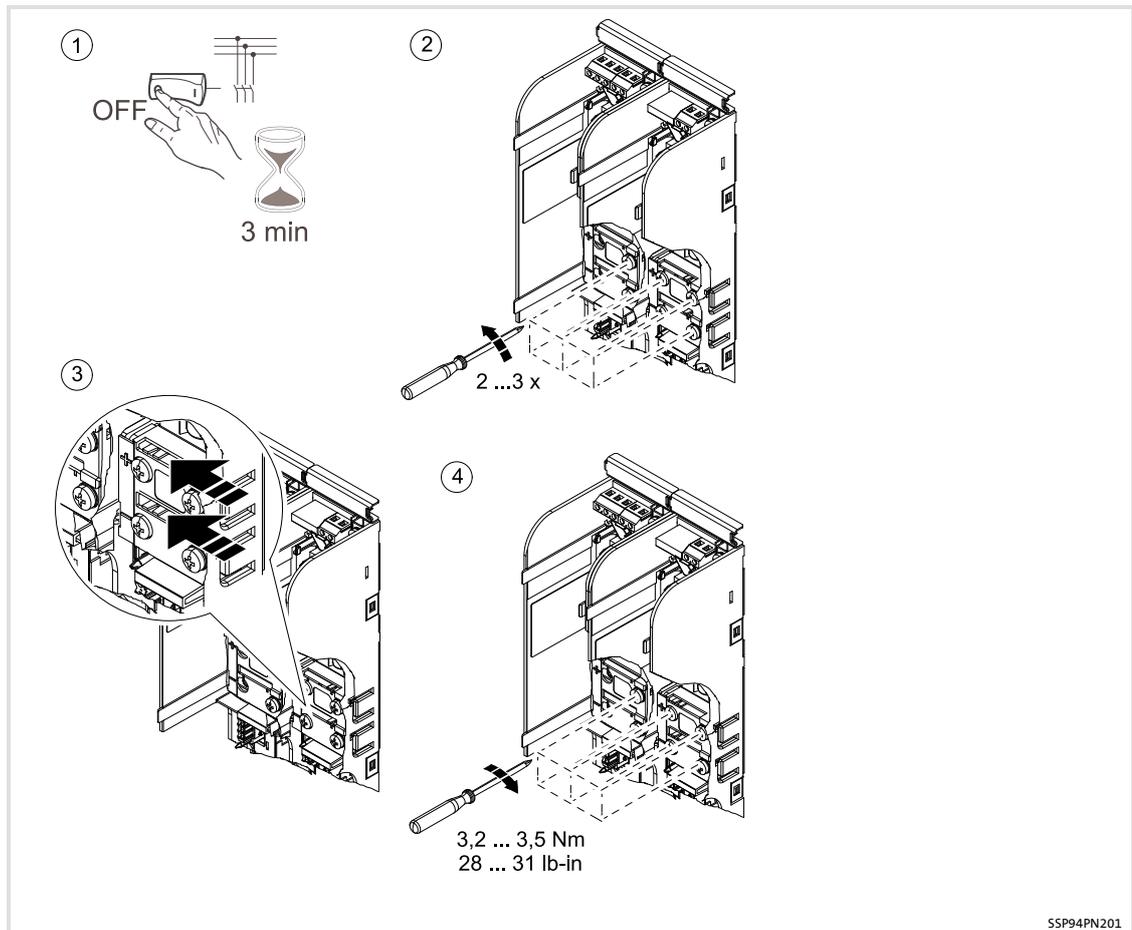


Fig. 5-7 Example: connecting busbars to DC power supply module

Proceed as follows to connect the busbars:

1. If devices of the interconnected system have already been in operation:
  - Ensure that the power supply system is switched off by checking the voltage at the supply terminals.
  - If necessary, switch off the power supply and wait at least 3 minutes.
2. Loosen the busbar screws but do not remove them completely.
3. Push the busbars as far as possible to the left towards the adjacent busbar.
  - Ensure that there is good contact to the adjacent busbar.
4. Tighten the busbar screws.
  - Tightening torque: 3.2 ... 3.5 Nm (28 ... 31 lb-in).
5. Screw all components onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).

# 5 Power supply modules

## Wiring Terminal assignment

### 5.6.7 Terminal assignment



#### Tip!

Complete the wiring of the installation backplane before plugging in the standard device. The upper terminals of the installation backplane cannot be connected with a plugged-in standard device.

#### Mains

Terminal X111 (left part)	Labelling	Description
<p>SSP940X111</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

Terminal X112 (right part)	Labelling	Description
<p>SSP940X112</p>	L1 L2 L3	Alternative connection at the bottom: mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

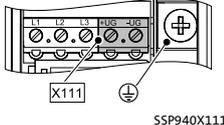
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

#### External brake resistor

Terminal X112 (left part)	Labelling	Description
<p>SSP940X112</p>	Rb1 Rb2	External brake resistor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

### DC bus

Terminal X111 (right part)	Labelling	Description
	+UG -UG	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series)  E94ARNE0244: maximum current $I_{dc} = 50 \text{ A}$

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device sizes 1 + 2: flexible with wire end ferrule	2.5	12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.5 ... 5.3	PZ0
Device size 3: flexible with/without wire end ferrule	10/16	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

## 5 Power supply modules

### Wiring

Devices in the range 100 ... 245 A (48 ... 119 kW)

#### 5.6.8 Devices in the range 100 ... 245 A (48 ... 119 kW)

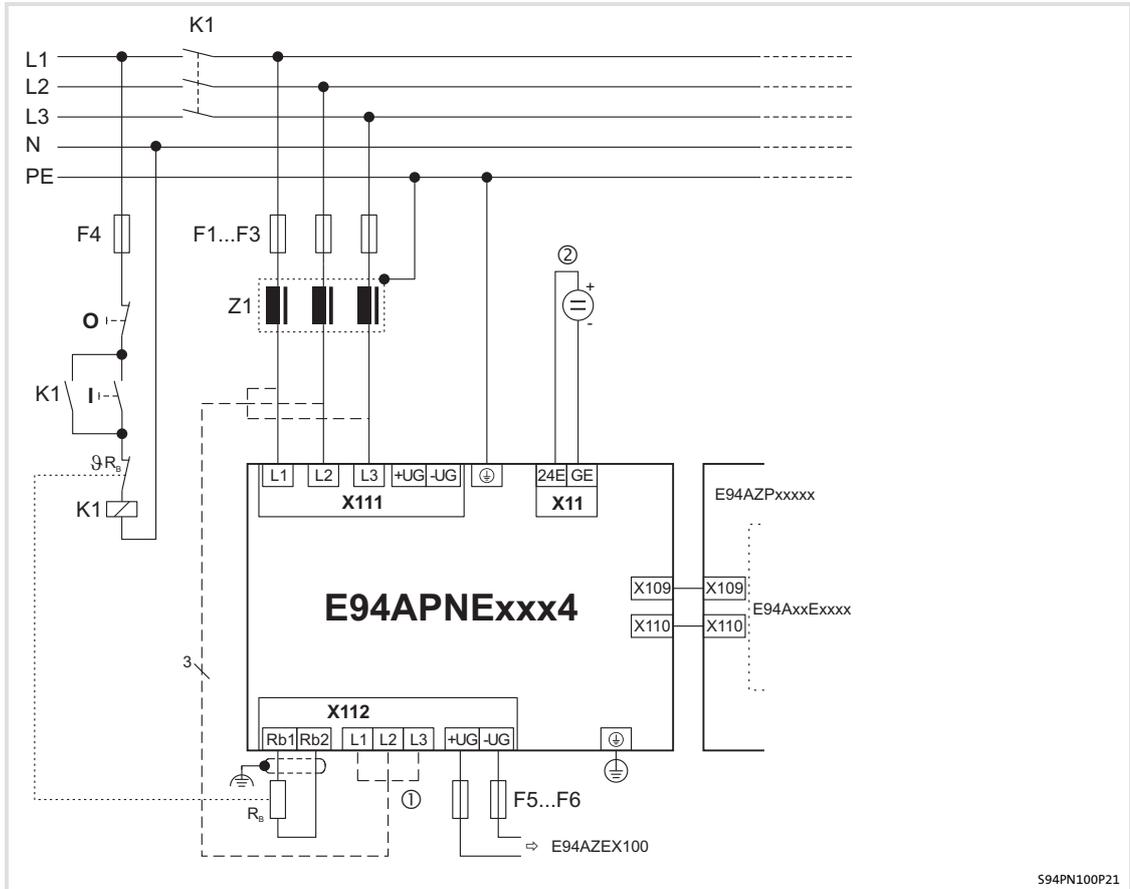


Fig. 5-8 Connection concept

E94APNExxx4	9400 DC power supply module
E94AZPxxxxx	Installation backplane
E94AxxExxxx	9400 axis module
E94AZEX100	DC input module
F1 ... Fx	Fuses
Z1	Mains filter/RFI filter (optional)
K1	Mains contactor
RB	Brake resistor
①	Alternative: mains connection at the bottom
②	24 V supply voltage for control electronics according to IEC 61131-2

### 5.6.9 Connecting busbars

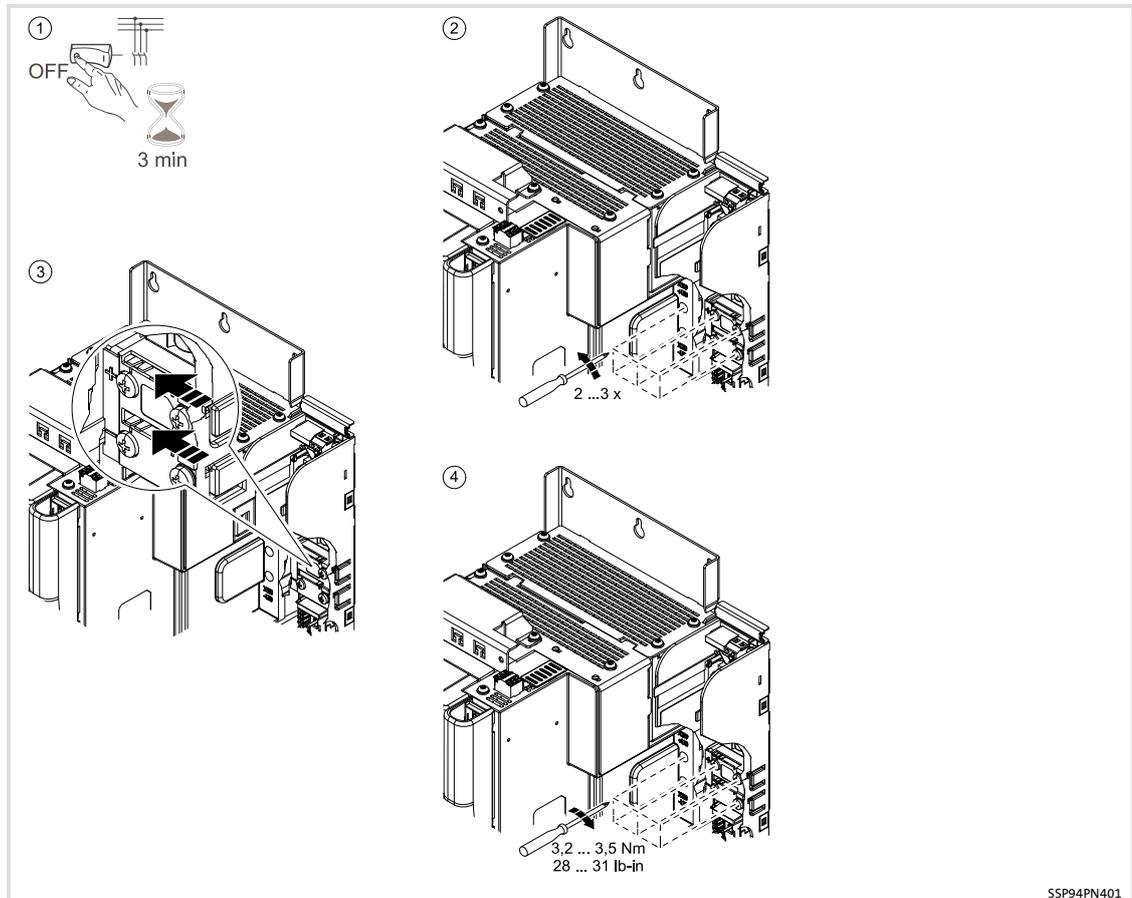


Fig. 5-9 Example: connecting busbars to DC power supply module

Proceed as follows to connect the busbars:

1. If devices of the interconnected system have already been in operation:
  - Ensure that the power supply system is switched off by checking the voltage at the supply terminals.
  - If necessary, switch off the power supply and wait at least 3 minutes.
2. Loosen the busbar screws but do not remove them completely.
3. Push the busbars as far as possible to the left towards the adjacent busbar.
  - Ensure that there is good contact to the adjacent busbar.
4. Tighten the busbar screws.
  - Tightening torque: 3.2 ... 3.5 Nm (28 ... 31 lb-in).
5. Screw all components onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).

## 5 Power supply modules

Wiring  
Terminal assignment

### 5.6.10 Terminal assignment

The wiring area of the power terminals is designed for the cables being routed upwards and/or downwards. Usually the AC mains cables come from above. When filters are used, the connection cables are fed from below (for filters mounted beside the module) or from above (for filters mounted above the module). The protection against contact in the cover can be removed accordingly.

To improve the cable handling, the cable cross-section can also be divided onto two cables.

The ring cable lugs used must not exceed the dimensions specified here.

- ▶ E94APNE1004 (device size 4, connection M8): max. cable lug width 20 mm
- ▶ E94APNE2454 (device size 5, connection M10): max. cable lug width 33 mm

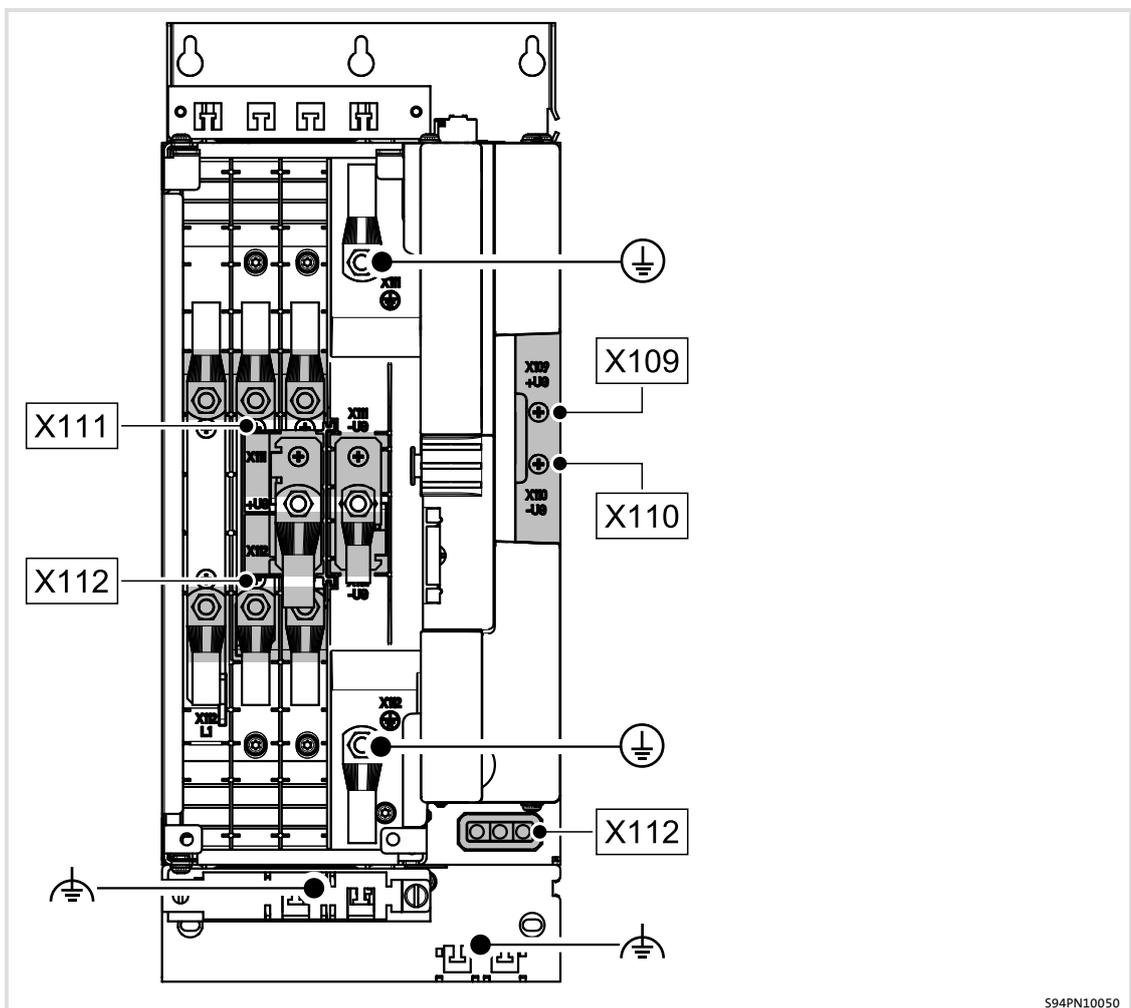


Fig. 5-10 Arrangement of the power connections

**Mains**

Terminal X111	Labelling	Description
Fig. 5-10	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor

Terminal X112	Labelling	Description
Fig. 5-10	L1 L2 L3	Alternative connection at the bottom: mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 4: Connection with ring cable lug M8	50 (2 x 25)	1/0 -	8	71	SW13
Device size 5: Connection with ring cable lug M10	120 (2 x 50)	4/0 (2 x 1/0)	15	133	SW15

**DC bus**

Terminal X111	Labelling	Description
Fig. 5-10	+UG -UG	Connection of DC-bus voltage Cables routed upwards

Terminal X112	Labelling	Description
Fig. 5-10	+UG -UG	Connection of DC-bus voltage Cables routed downwards

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 4: Connection with ring cable lug M8	70 (2 x 35)	2/0 -	8	71	SW13
Device size 5: Connection with ring cable lug M10	150 (2 x 70)	300 mcm (2 x 2/0)	15	133	SW15

## External brake resistor

Terminal X112	Labelling	Description
 Fig. 5-10	Rb1 Rb2	External brake resistor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 4: flexible with wire end ferrule	16	4	2.5 ... 3.0	22.2 ... 26.6	6 x 2
Device size 5: flexible with wire end ferrule	35	1	3.2 ... 3.7	28.4 ... 32.8	6 x 2

5.7

Control terminals



**Danger!**

**Dangerous electrical voltage**

All power terminals remain live for up to three minutes after mains disconnection.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Switch off the power supply and wait for at least three minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.



**Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

**Design of the cables**

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate > 70 % and an overlap angle of 90 °.
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ 24 V supply
- ▶ Digital signals (inputs and outputs)

## 24 V supply

The devices can only function correctly when the 24-V supply is switched on!

E94APNE0104 and E94APNE0364:

Terminal X11	Labelling	Description
 SSP9400X11	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) IEC 61131-2, 19.2 ... 28.8 V, residual ripple max. ±5 % Current during operation: 450 mA Starting current: 4 A for 100 ms

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length / contact length: 10 mm

E94APNE1004 and E94APNE2454:

Terminal X11	Labelling	Description
 9400SSP000X2	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) IEC 61131-2, 19.2 ... 28.8 V, residual ripple max. ±5 % Current during operation: 1.4 A Starting current: 4 A for 100 ms
	SB	Reserved

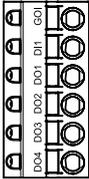
Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length / contact length: 10 mm

## State bus

Power supply modules are not designed as nodes on the state bus of the controller.

### Digital inputs, digital outputs

Terminal X12	labelling	Description	
	GOI	GND digital out/in	
	DI1	External control of the brake chopper; its only purpose is to synchronise the brake choppers if a second power supply module is used.	
	DO1	without function	
	DO2	Brake chopper active: HIGH level	
	DO3	Short circuit of brake chopper, active: LOW level (fail-safe)	Reset by switching of 24 V at X11.
	DO4	Overtemperature of heatsink, active: LOW level (fail-safe)	

SSP9400X12

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length / contact length: 10 mm

### Synchronisation

The device-internal brake chopper operates automatically and independently even if the control inputs are not wired.

Depending on the selected mains voltage, the brake resistor is connected if the DC-bus voltage is exceeded (e.g. due to excessive braking energy).

If the brake choppers of power supply modules in a DC-bus connection need to be synchronised, proceed as follows:

1. The 24-V supply of the control card (X11) must be independent of the mains voltage at the mains connection and switched on.
2. All power supply modules of the DC-bus connection must have the same brake chopper threshold (according to the mains).
3. The DO2 (X12) digital output of the master power supply module needs to be wired to the DI1 (X12) digital input of every other power supply module of the DC-bus connection. The GOI connections (X12) of all power supply modules of the DC-bus connection must be interconnected.

5.8 Final works



**Danger!**

**Dangerous voltage!**

Depending on the device, the DC-bus voltage is still charged for approx. 3 ... 20 min after switching off the mains voltage.

- ▶ The state of charge is not indicated!
- ▶ On synchronous motors self-discharge only starts after a possible feedback operation has been completed.
- ▶ Discharging the DC bus in a controlled manner via the brake chopper/brake resistor requires the external 24 V supply (📖 digital input DI1).

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the terminals.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Before starting work on the system check that it is deenergised.
- ▶ Wait at least 3 minutes after switching off the mains voltage.
- ▶ Only remove deenergised standard devices from the installation backplanes and do not touch any terminals.

How to proceed:

- ▶ Adjust the setting for the mains voltage/brake chopper threshold to the mains

Setting of mains voltage/brake chopper threshold			2
Pos.	$U_{LN}$ [V]	$U_{BRmax}$ [V]	1
	500	790	OFF
	480	765	OFF
	400	725	ON
	230	390	OFF

94APNEDS01

- ▶ Switch on the 24 V supply
- ▶ Check the operating status by means of the LED display

If you want to continue commissioning:

- ▶ Switch on the mains

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

### 6.1 Device features

The most important device features at a glance:

- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules supply the DC buses of several controllers of a drive system with energy.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules feed braking energy back to the AC mains.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules with the assigned mains filter are the central AC mains connection within DC-bus operation.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules have an internal brake chopper and a terminal for a brake resistor.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules of the 9400 series are equipped with a busbar connection (max. 100 A) for the simple connection and side-by-side mounting of the 9400 controllers.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules generally supply controllers of the "Multi Drive" version. However, also controllers of the "Single Drive" version can be implemented in a DC-bus operation if the data and notes in the "DC-bus operation" chapter are observed.
  - Required accessories (📖 328)
  - Set-up for operation on IT systems (📖 346)
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules are designed as multi-range voltage units (230/400/480/500 V).
- ▶ There are two types of regenerative power supply modules:
  - **E94ARNE0134**,  
rated current: in motor mode 26 A, in generator mode 13 A,  
device size: 3,  
Design: compact basic device with installation backplane
  - **E94ARNE0244**,  
rated current: in motor mode 47 A, in generator mode 23.5 A,  
device size: 3,  
Design: compact basic device with installation backplane
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules are assigned to specifically designed mains filters and can only be operated with them.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules and filters can be mounted in the mounting grid of the 9400 series.
- ▶ Regenerative power supply modules allow parallel supply. Your Lenze contact will be pleased to help you with the dimensioning.

## 6.2 General data and operating conditions

### General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cULUS	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada	
Mains data			
Mains types	With earthed Y point	Unrestricted use	The measures described for IT systems must be observed and carried out in all systems (TN, TT and IT) and for all interconnected modules (☑ 309)!
	IT systems	Unrestricted use	
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	With E94AZMR0xx4SDB mains filter: 6 x 10 m, C2 With E94AZMR0xx4LDB mains filter: 10 x 50 m, C2 Radiation: category C3	
Noise immunity (according to requirements of EN 61800-3)			
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	8 kV for air discharge, 4 kV for contact discharge to housing	
Radio frequency			
Conducted	EN 61000-4-6	150 kHz ... 80 MHz, 10 V/m 80% AM (1kHz)	
Interference (housing)	EN 61000-4-3	80 MHz ... 1000 MHz, 10 V/m 80% AM (1kHz)	
Protection of persons and device protection			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP 20	Not in the wire range of the terminals on the motor side
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Insulation resistance	EN 61800-5-1	Overvoltage category III Derating at and above 2000 m AMSL: overvoltage category II	
Isolation of control circuits	EN 61800-5-1	Safe mains isolation through double/reinforced insulation.	
Short-circuit strength	EN 61800-5-1	DC-bus connection: not short-circuit-proof Brake resistor connection: full Control connections: full	
Discharge current	EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Cyclic mains switching		Cyclic mains switching of five times in five minutes is fully permissible.	

## Regenerative power supply modules

### General data and operating conditions

Mounting conditions			
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertical	
Free space			
At the top/at the bottom		≥ 80 mm / ≥ 120 mm	Observe the device-related notes on mounting.
On the sides		Side-by-side mounting without any clearance	

Supply conditions for the regenerative power supply module		
AC mains operation		Connection at the assigned mains filter
DC-bus operation		Direct connection of the axis modules via terminals or busbar systems See the chapter on DC-bus operation in the Hardware Manual for further information.

Environmental conditions		
Climate		
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)		
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6

6.3 Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)



**Note!**

The operation of the regenerative power supply modules is only permissible with an assigned mains filter.

**Assignment of filters to standard devices**

Mains filter	Regenerative power supply module		Device size
	Standard device	Installation backplane	
E94AZMR0264SDB E94AZMR0264LDB	E94ARNE0134	E94AZPP0364	GG3
E94AZMR0474SDB E94AZMR0474LDB	E94ARNE0244		

E94AZMR0xx**SDB** -> "short distance"      E94AZMR0xx**LDB** -> "long distance"

**General data**

Type	Power loss $P_V$ [W]	
	Total (when operating with $I_{aN}$ )	Constant (control electronics only)
E94ARNE0134	150	40
E94ARNE0244	230	40

	Power loss	Inductance	Regenerative inductance	Voltage drop
	$P_V$ [W]	L [mH]	$L_{gen}$ [mH]	$\Delta U$ [V]
E94AZMR0264SDB	65	0.77 ±10 %	0.84 ±10 %	6.3
E94AZMR0264LDB	72			
E94AZMR0474SDB	85	0.42 ±10 %	1.54 ±10 %	6.2
E94AZMR0474LDB	101			

## 6

### Regenerative power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 230 V

#### 6.3.1 Operation at rated mains voltage 230 V

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

#### Input data (on the supply side)

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>					
In motor mode	230	50/60	26	19.5	3
In generator mode	230	50/60	13	9.8	3
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>					
In motor mode	230	50/60	47	35	3
In generator mode	230	50/60	23.5	17.6	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Voltage [V]	Continuous input power $S_L$ [kVA]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>		
In motor mode	230	10.3
In generator mode	230	5.2
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>		
In motor mode	230	18.7
In generator mode	230	9.4

## Output data (on the DC side)

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC	325	260 - 0 % ... 370 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>					
In motor mode	325	0 (DC)	32	24	2
In generator mode	345	0 (DC)	16	12	2
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>					
In motor mode	325	0 (DC)	57	43	2
In generator mode	345	0 (DC)	28.5	21.4	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Output current and output power					
	100 %		5-s cycle		3-min cycle	
	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>						
In motor mode	32	8.6	96	25.8	48	12.9
In generator mode	16	4.3	48	12.9	24	6.4
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>						
In motor mode	57	15.6	171	46.6	86	23.3
In generator mode	28.5	7.8	87	23.3	44	11.6

100 % Permanent rated values  
 5-s cycle Cycle for the second-range  
 (0.5 s overload/4.5 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)  
 3-min cycle Cycle for the minute-range  
 (60 s overload/120 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)

## Internal brake chopper data

Switching threshold  $U_{BRmax}$ : 345 V

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [Ω]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>	18.0	19.2	6.6	9.4	1.6	150	15	15
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>	9.0	38.3	13.2	21.7	4.2	150	15	15

$R_{Bmin}$  Minimum brake resistance, nominal value  $\pm 10$  %  
 $I_{BRmax}$  Peak current  
 $P_{BRmax}$  Peak braking power  
 $I_{BRd}$  Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables  
 $P_{Bd}$  Continuous braking power  
 $t_z$  Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time  
 $t_{on}$  Running time  
 $t_z - t_{on}$  Recovery time  
 $t_{fp}$  Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

### 6.3.2 Operation at rated mains voltage 400 V

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

#### Input data (on the supply side)

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>					
In motor mode	400	50/60	26	19.5	3
In generator mode	400	50/60	13	9.8	3
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>					
In motor mode	400	50/60	47	35	3
In generator mode	400	50/60	23.5	17.6	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Voltage [V]	Continuous input power $S_L$ [kVA]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>		
In motor mode	400	18.0
In generator mode	400	9.0
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>		
In motor mode	400	32.5
In generator mode	400	16.3

## Output data (on the DC side)

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC	565	455 - 0 % ... 620 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>					
motorisch	565	0 (DC)	32	24	2
generatorisch	565	0 (DC)	16	12	2
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>					
motorisch	565	0 (DC)	57	43	2
generatorisch	565	0 (DC)	28.5	21.4	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Output current and output power					
	100 %		5-s cycle		3-min cycle	
	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>						
In motor mode	32	15	96	44.9	48	22.4
In generator mode	16	7.5	48	22.4	24	11.2
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>						
In motor mode	57	27	171	81.1	86	40.5
In generator mode	28.5	13.5	87	40.5	44	20.2

100 % Permanent rated values  
 5-s cycle Cycle for the second-range  
 (0.5 s overload/4.5 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)  
 3-min cycle Cycle for the minute-range  
 (60 s overload/120 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)

## Internal brake chopper data

Switching threshold  $U_{BRmax}$ : 586 V

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [Ω]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>	27.0	21.7	12.7	10.6	3.0	150	15	15
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>	18.0	32.6	19.1	18.4	6.1	150	15	15

$R_{Bmin}$  Minimum brake resistance, nominal value  $\pm 10$  %  
 $I_{BRmax}$  Peak current  
 $P_{BRmax}$  Peak braking power  
 $I_{BRd}$  Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables  
 $P_{Bd}$  Continuous braking power  
 $t_z$  Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time  
 $t_{on}$  Running time  
 $t_z - t_{on}$  Recovery time  
 $t_{fp}$  Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

### 6.3.3 Operation at a rated mains voltage of 500 V

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

#### Input data (on the supply side)

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>					
In motor mode	500	50/60	26	19.5	3
In generator mode	500	50/60	13	9.8	3
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>					
In motor mode	500	50/60	47	35	3
In generator mode	500	50/60	23.5	17.6	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Voltage [V]	Continuous input power $S_L$ [kVA]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>		
In motor mode	500	22.5
In generator mode	500	11.2
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>		
In motor mode	500	40.7
In generator mode	500	20.3

## Output data (on the DC side)

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC	705	565 - 0 % ... 775 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>					
motorisch	705	0 (DC)	32	24	2
generatorisch	705	0 (DC)	16	12	2
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>					
motorisch	705	0 (DC)	57	43	2
generatorisch	705	0 (DC)	28.5	21.4	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Type	Output current and output power					
	100 %		5-s cycle		3-min cycle	
	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]	$I_{DC}$ [A]	$P_{DC}$ [kW]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>						
In motor mode	32	18.6	96	56.1	48	28
In generator mode	16	9.3	48	28.0	24	14
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>						
In motor mode	57	33.8	171	101.4	86	50.7
In generator mode	28.5	16.9	87	50.6	44	25.3

100 % Permanent rated values  
 5-s cycle Cycle for the second-range  
 (0.5 s overload/4.5 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)  
 3-min cycle Cycle for the minute-range  
 (60 s overload/120 s recovery time with 75 % of the permanent rated value)

## Internal brake chopper data

Switching threshold  $U_{BRmax}$ : 727 V

Type	$R_{Bmin}$ [Ω]	$I_{BRmax}$ [A]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$I_{BRd}$ [A]	$P_{Bd}$ [kW]	$t_z$ [s]	$t_{on}$ [s]	$t_{fp}$ [s]
<b>E94ARNE0134</b>	27.0	26.9	19.6	13.2	4.7	150	15	15
<b>E94ARNE0244</b>	18.0	40.4	29.4	22.9	9.4	150	15	15

$R_{Bmin}$  Minimum brake resistance, nominal value  $\pm 10$  %  
 $I_{BRmax}$  Peak current  
 $P_{BRmax}$  Peak braking power  
 $I_{BRd}$  Continuous current RMS - important for the dimensioning of the cables  
 $P_{Bd}$  Continuous braking power  
 $t_z$  Cycle time, periodic load change with running time and recovery time  
 $t_{on}$  Running time  
 $t_z - t_{on}$  Recovery time  
 $t_{fp}$  Maximum running time without initial load and compliance with the recovery time

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)  
Regenerative feedback with brake chopper

### 6.3.4 Regenerative feedback with brake chopper

#### Operation in motor mode

The regenerative power supply modules provide the energy for the DC bus from which the axis controllers are supplied. If the peak voltage of the mains is higher than the peak voltage of the DC bus, a current flows from the mains via the DC-bus into the DC-bus connection.

#### Operation in generator mode

When drives are decelerated, the excessive energy is fed into the DC bus via the controllers. The DC-bus voltage rises.

#### Regenerative feedback

If the DC-bus voltage exceeds the peak value of the mains voltage, the regenerative feedback is activated.

Up to the maximum regenerative power  $P_{Mmax}$ , the controller can dissipate the energy into the mains. If the regenerative energy and, accordingly, the DC-bus voltage continues to rise, the "Clamp mode" device protection is activated. This leads to an overvoltage switch-off.

In this way, the devices are protected, but the drives coast to standstill.

#### Regenerative feedback with brake chopper

It is possible to use the integrated brake chopper to avoid the "Clamp mode". For this, connect the brake resistor recommended as additional component.

With regenerative powers of  $P_{gen} > P_{BRon}$ , the brake chopper starts to dissipate part of the energy via the brake resistor. The following formula applies:  $P_{gen} = P_{Mgen} + P_{BR}$ .

The following diagram shows how the regenerative power is divided between the mains and the brake resistor.

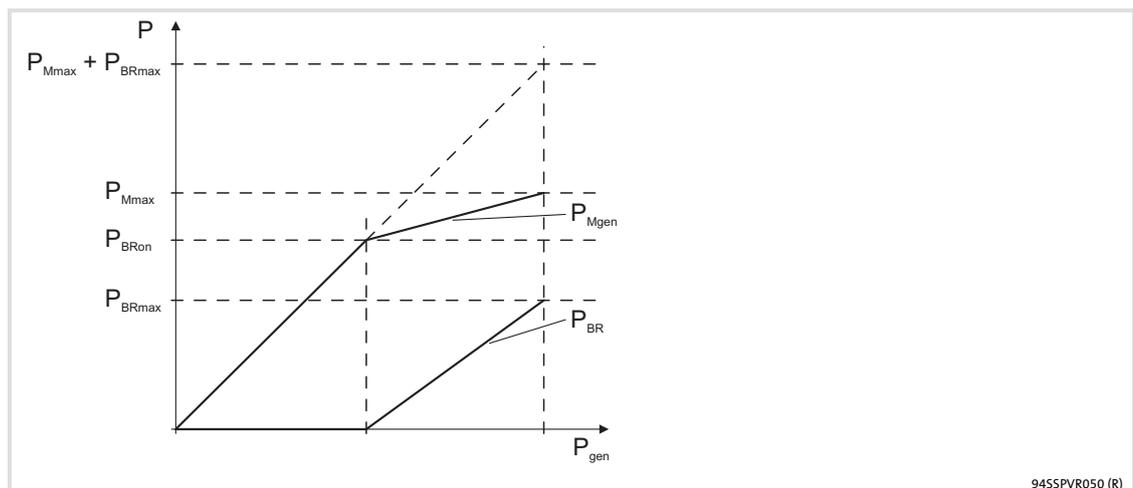


Fig. 6-1 Power regeneration - power characteristics for deceleration in the limit range (legend: Fig. 6-2)

### Example: Deceleration with power recovery and brake chopper

The following diagram shows the time characteristics of the speed and the corresponding power. Regenerative powers (into the DC bus connection) are shown as negative values. This energy must be dissipated by the regenerative power supply module to the supply system. In the example, the regenerative power is that high that a brake chopper is required.

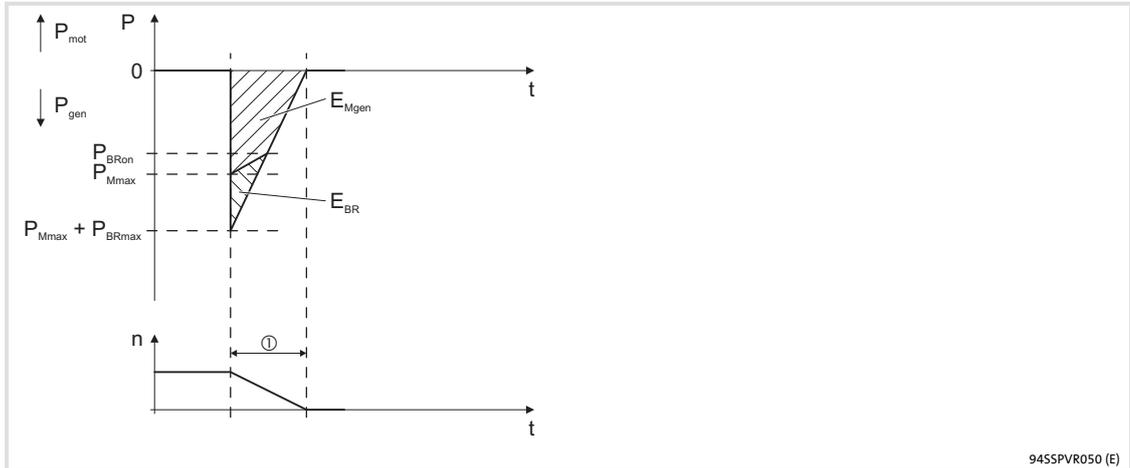


Fig. 6-2 Power regeneration - energy characteristics for deceleration in the limit range

- P Power (general)
- t Time axis
- n Speed
- $P_{mot}$  Power in motor mode
- $P_{gen}$  Regenerative power
- $P_{Mgen}$  Regenerative power into mains
- $P_{Mmax}$  max. regenerative power into mains (= cycle 1,  $P_{DC}$ )
- $P_{BR}$  Power loss via brake resistor
- $P_{BRmax}$  max. power loss via brake resistor
- $P_{Bron}$  Switch-on position of brake chopper
- $E_{Mgen}$  Regenerative energy into mains
- $E_{BR}$  Energy loss via brake resistor
- Ⓛ Braking

The hatched area  $E_{Mgen}$  shows the energy dissipated to the supply system. The hatched area  $E_{BR}$  shows the power loss in the brake resistor. With cyclic processes, the power loss must be referred to the cycle time  $t$  (mean time between two deceleration processes) to obtain the mean power loss (=continuous power) of the brake resistor:  $P_{BRAV} = E_{BR} / t$ . The mean power loss is important for the dimensioning of the brake resistor. Mains voltage tolerances and resistance value changes due to the tolerance and the temperature rise must be considered.

Type	$U_r$ [V]	$P_{DC}$ (100%) [kW]	$P_{Mmax}$ [kW]	$P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$P_{Mmax} + P_{BRmax}$ [kW]	$P_{Bron}$ [kW]	$U_{BRmax}$ [V]
E94ARNE0134	230	4.3	12.9	6.6	19.5	9.9	345
E94ARNE0244		7.8	23.3	13.2	36.5	17.9	
E94ARNE0134	400	7.5	22.4	12.7	35.1	17.2	586
E94ARNE0244		13.5	40.5	19.1	59.6	31.0	
E94ARNE0134	500	9.3	28.0	19.6	47.6	19.6	727
E94ARNE0244		16.9	50.6	29.4	80.0	35.4	

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Fuses and cable cross-sections

### 6.3.5 Fuses and cable cross-sections

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230 ... 500	180 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 ... 65

Operation with external mains choke/mains filter								
Type	Installation according to EN 60204-1 <sup>1)</sup>					Installation according to UL <sup>2)</sup>		FI <sup>3)</sup> [mA]
	①	②	L1, L2, L3 - Laying system			③	L1, L2, L3	
	[A]	[A]	B2 [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	C [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	F [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[A]	[AWG]	
E94AZMR0264xDB E94ARNE0134	C32	-	10	6	-	30	10	-
E94AZMR0474xDB E94ARNE0244	-	80	25	16	-	60	6	-

<sup>1)</sup> The data are recommendations. Other dimensioning/laying systems are possible (e.g. according to VDE 0298-4). The cable cross-sections apply under the following conditions: Use of PVC-insulated copper leads, conductor temperature < 70 °C, ambient temperature < 45 °C, no bundling of cables or cores, three loaded cores.

<sup>2)</sup> Only use UL-approved cables, fuses and fuse holders.

UL fuse: voltage 500 ... 600 V, observe specifications according to UL information

<sup>3)</sup> Universal-current-sensitive earth-leakage circuit breaker, RCD type B

If several devices or cable lengths > 50 m are used, it is possible that the circuit breaker will respond, depending on the type of cable and the switching frequency.

① Circuit breaker

② Fuse of gG/gL utilisation category or semiconductor fuses of gRL utilisation category

③ Fuse

Observe national and regional regulations

### 6.3.6 Current-time diagrams

In addition to the data for overcurrent operation within the 5-s cycle or 3-min cycle, here you are provided with information on the dimensioning of application-oriented cycles.

You can use the following information to find out permissible load periods with overcurrents and necessary recovery times with limited mains currents. If the thus determined mains currents and times are adhered to, the Ixt monitoring function for the protection of devices will not respond.

#### Characteristics

The following characteristics ("Current-time diagrams") describe the device utilisation via amperage and the duration of current flow.

The left part of the diagram (negative time data) represents the overload phase, while the right part of the diagram (positive time data) shows the relieving phase.

Devices with an identical Ixt behaviour are combined within a diagram. A second diagram enlarges a cutout area to improve the clearness of display.

#### Requirements

► Mains voltage

In the diagrams, a mains voltage of  $U_N = 400 \text{ V}$  is assumed. Current derating depending on the mains voltage is also necessary in the case of the devices. In other words, the currents are weighted differently in the Ixt monitoring function. The continuous currents indicated there are then the 100 % values that are needed for working with the diagrams.

► Ambient temperature

The ambient temperature may be maximally  $T_{\text{Amb}} < 45 \text{ °C}$ . In the case of higher ambient temperatures the reduced continuous currents have to be taken into consideration.

► Regenerative mode/motoring mode

The application example relates to regenerative mode. In motoring mode, the permissible mains currents are doubled (c.f. rated data).

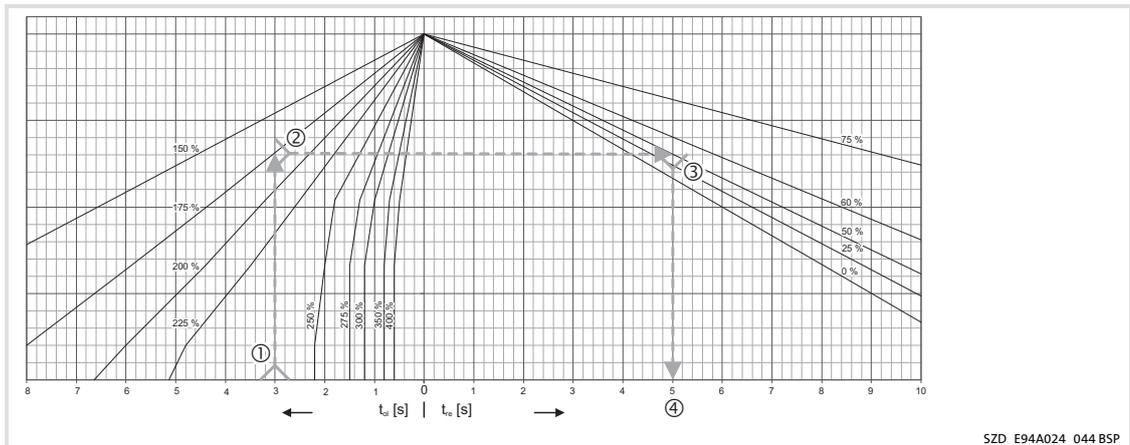
## Regenerative power supply modules

Rated data (devices for 400/500V mains)

Current-time diagrams

### Application example

- ▶ Drive task
  - A mains current of  $I_{OI} = 4.0 \text{ A}$  is needed for a time of  $t_{OI} = 3 \text{ s}$ .
  - During the recovery phase, a mains current of  $I_{re} = 1.0 \text{ A}$  flows.
- ▶ Problem
  - How long is the recovery phase  $t_{re}$  when the E94ARNE0xx4 controller is used?
- ▶ The currents required are based on the rated device current:
  - $I_{OI} = 4.0 \text{ A} / 2.5 \text{ A} = 160 \%$  - selected characteristic: 175 %
  - $I_{re} = 1.0 \text{ A} / 2.5 \text{ A} = 40 \%$  - selected characteristic: 50 %
  - Due to the short overcurrent time of  $t_{OI} = 3 \text{ s}$ , the diagram of part of the E94ARNE0xx4 device is made use of.
- ▶ Procedure within the diagram
  - ① Beginning from the time axis at  $t_{OI} = 3 \text{ s}$ , draw a straight line to the selected characteristic at 175 % (corresponds to the minimum required mains current  $I_{OI}$ ).
  - ② Draw a straight line from the point of intersection horizontally to the right to the selected characteristic, the recovery phase, at 50 %.
  - ③ Draw a perpendicular line from the point of intersection back to the time axis.
  - ④ Read the minimum required duration of recovery on the time axis.



SZD\_E94A024\_044 BSP

- ▶ Result in the example
  - The duration of recovery has to be at least  $t_{re} = 5 \text{ s}$ !

### Guide

Type	Diagram
E94AxxE0024	Page 71 Fig. 3-2/ Fig. 3-3
E94AxxE0034	
E94AxxE0044	
E94AxxE0074	Page 291 Fig. 6-3/ Fig. 6-4
E94AxxE0134	
E94AxxE0174	
E94AxxE0244	
E94AMxE0324	

**E94ARNE0134 and E94ARNE0244**

Type	$U_r$	100 %	$f_{chopp}$
	[V]	[A]	[Setting]
E94ARNE0134	400/500	in motor mode: 26.0 in generator mode: 13.0	not relevant
E94ARNE0244		in motor mode: 47.0 in generator mode: 23.5	

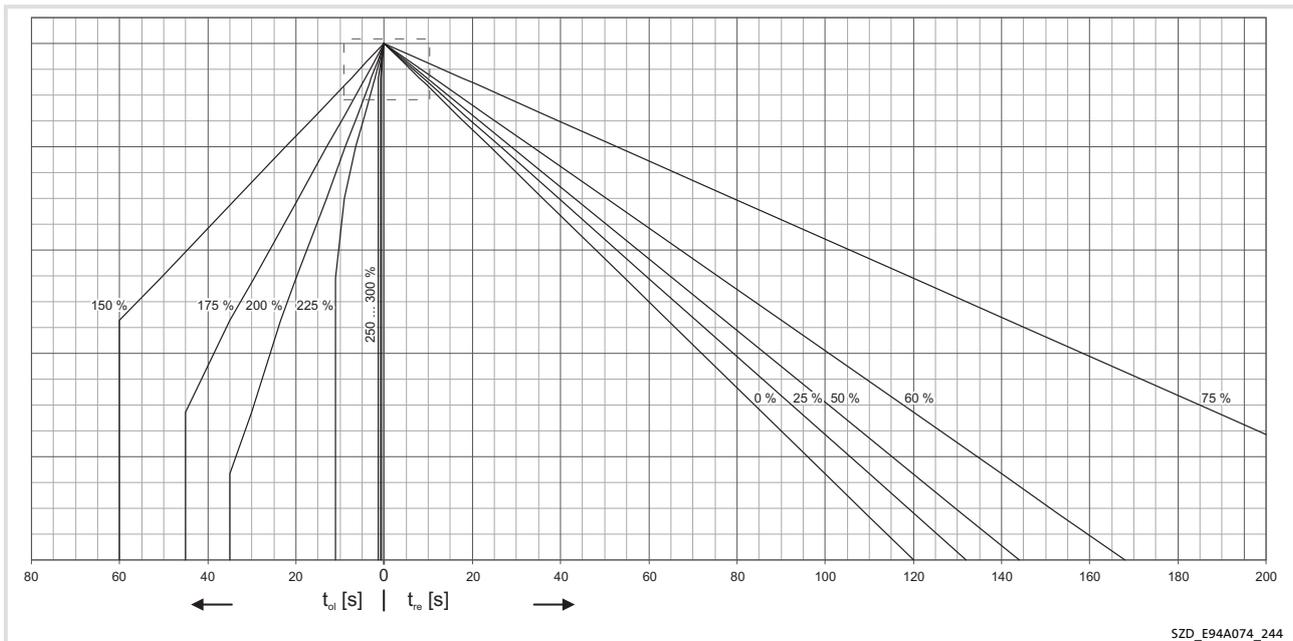


Fig. 6-3 Diagram for E94ARNE0134 and E94ARNE0244

$t_{cl}$  Duration of the load phase  
 $t_{re}$  Duration of the recovery phase

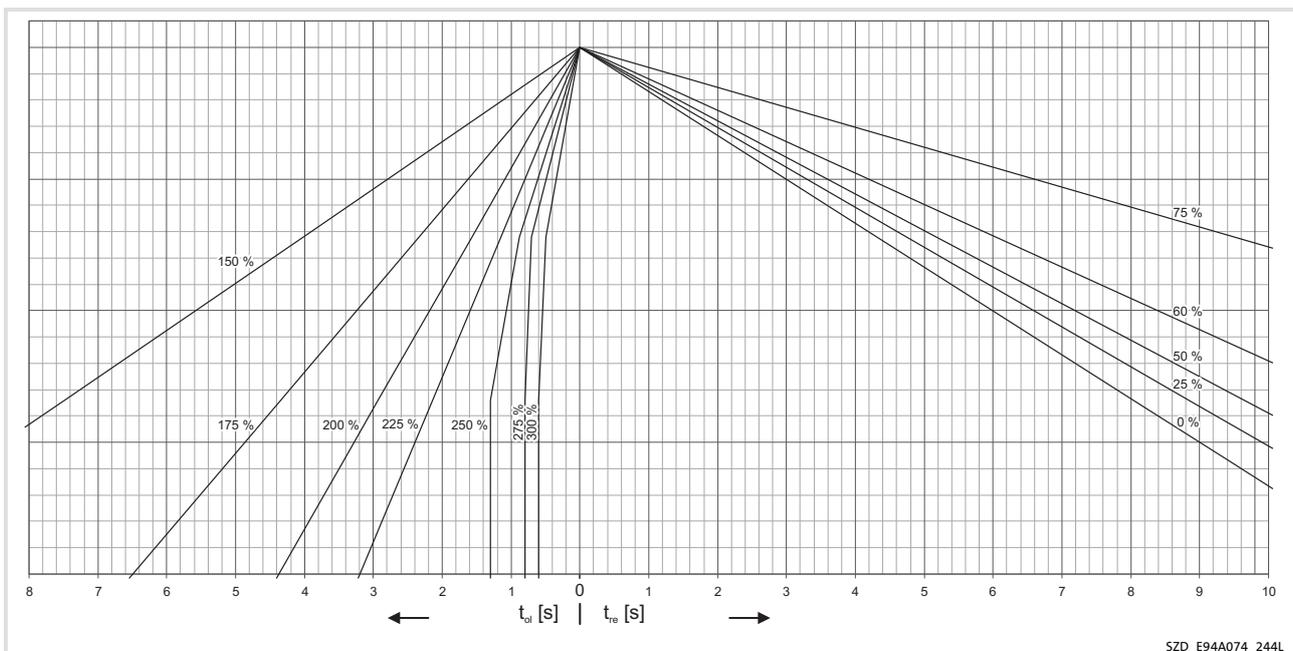


Fig. 6-4 Area cutout for E94ARNE0134 and E94ARNE0244

### 6.3.7 Mains filters for regenerative power supply modules

When using the mains filters assigned, conditions must be observed for compliance with EMC class C2:

- ▶ The measures for the use on IT systems must be applied to all axis modules in the interconnection (separation of internal filter components from PE, (☞ 346)).
- ▶ The maximum sum total of all motor cable lengths ( $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$ ) for the filter used must be observed.

#### Motor cable lengths in the interconnection

The assigned filters are designed for  $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$   
(E94AZMR...SDB: 60 m (= 6 x 10 m), E94AZMR...LDB: 500 m (= 10 x 50 m)).

For a different number of axis modules,  $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$  can be determined from the following diagrams.

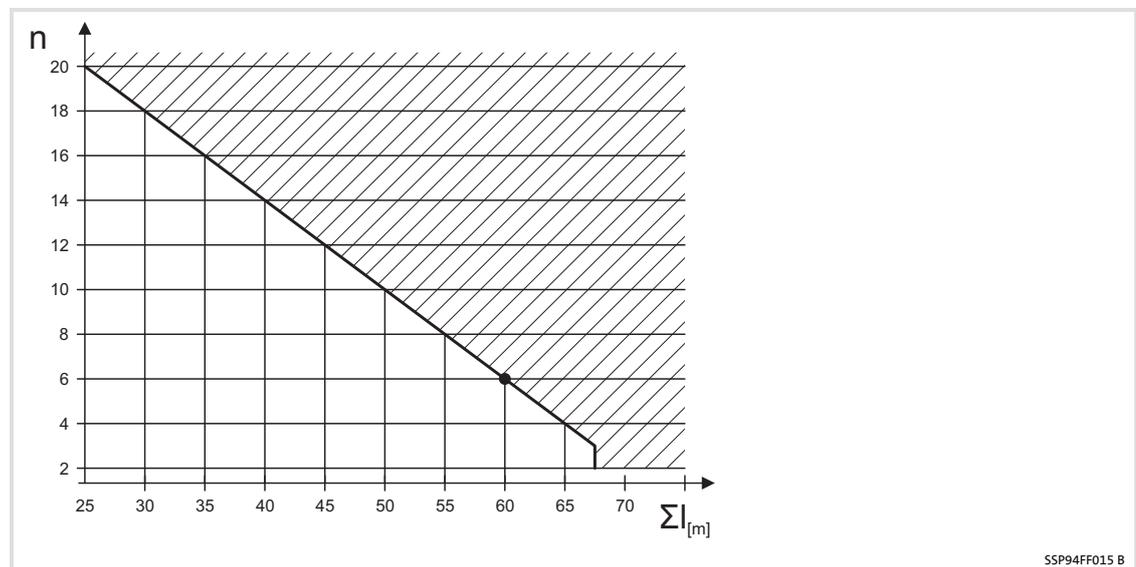


Fig. 6-5 Filter E94AZMP...SDB (short distance): total motor lengths according to number of axis modules

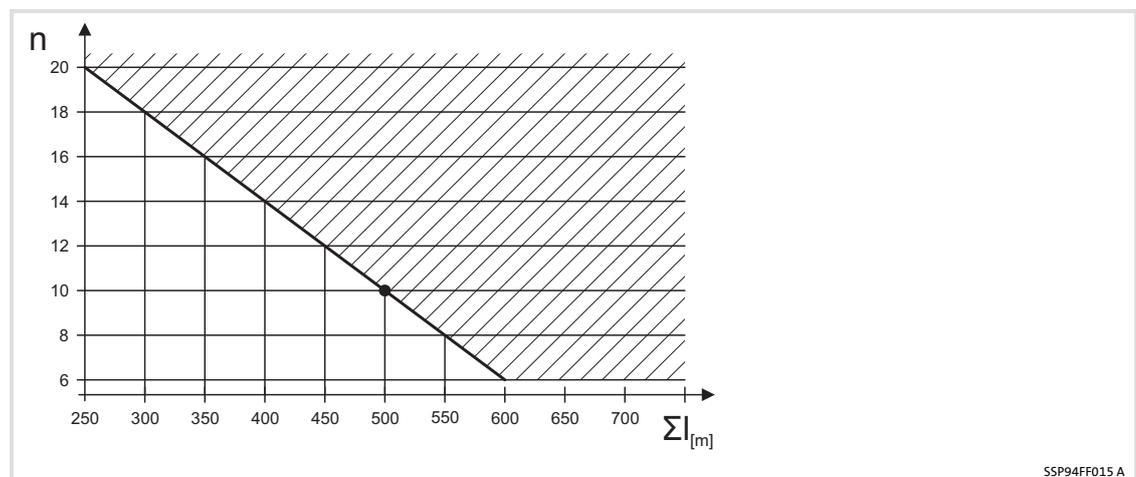


Fig. 6-6 Filter E94AZMP...LDB (long distance): total motor lengths according to axis modules

With different motor cable lengths, per axis at least 25 % of the longest cable must be considered when calculating the total motor cable length.

Example: 1	Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]		
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1	6	$0.25 * 20 = 5$	6
2 ... 4	3 * 10		3 * 10
5	20		20
<b>Total</b>	56	max. permissible for 5 axes: $\Sigma < 60$	<b>56</b>
			EMC class C2 will be complied with. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Example 2	Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]		
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 4	4 * 5	$0.25 * 40 = 10$	4 * 10
5	40		40
<b>Total</b>	60	max. permissible for 5 axes: $\Sigma < 60$	<b>80</b>
			EMC class C2 will not be complied with. <input type="checkbox"/>

Example: 3	Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]		
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 3	3 * 100	$0.25 * 100 = 25$	3 * 100
4	50		50
5 ... 10	6 * 15		6 * 25
<b>Total</b>	410	max. permissible for 10 axes: $\Sigma < 500$	<b>500</b>
			EMC class C2 will be complied with. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Example: 4	Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]		
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 4	4 * 100	$0.25 * 100 = 25$	4 * 100
5 ... 10	6 * 15		6 * 25
<b>Total</b>	490		max. permissible for 10 axes: $\Sigma < 500$
			EMC class C2 will not be complied with. <input type="checkbox"/>

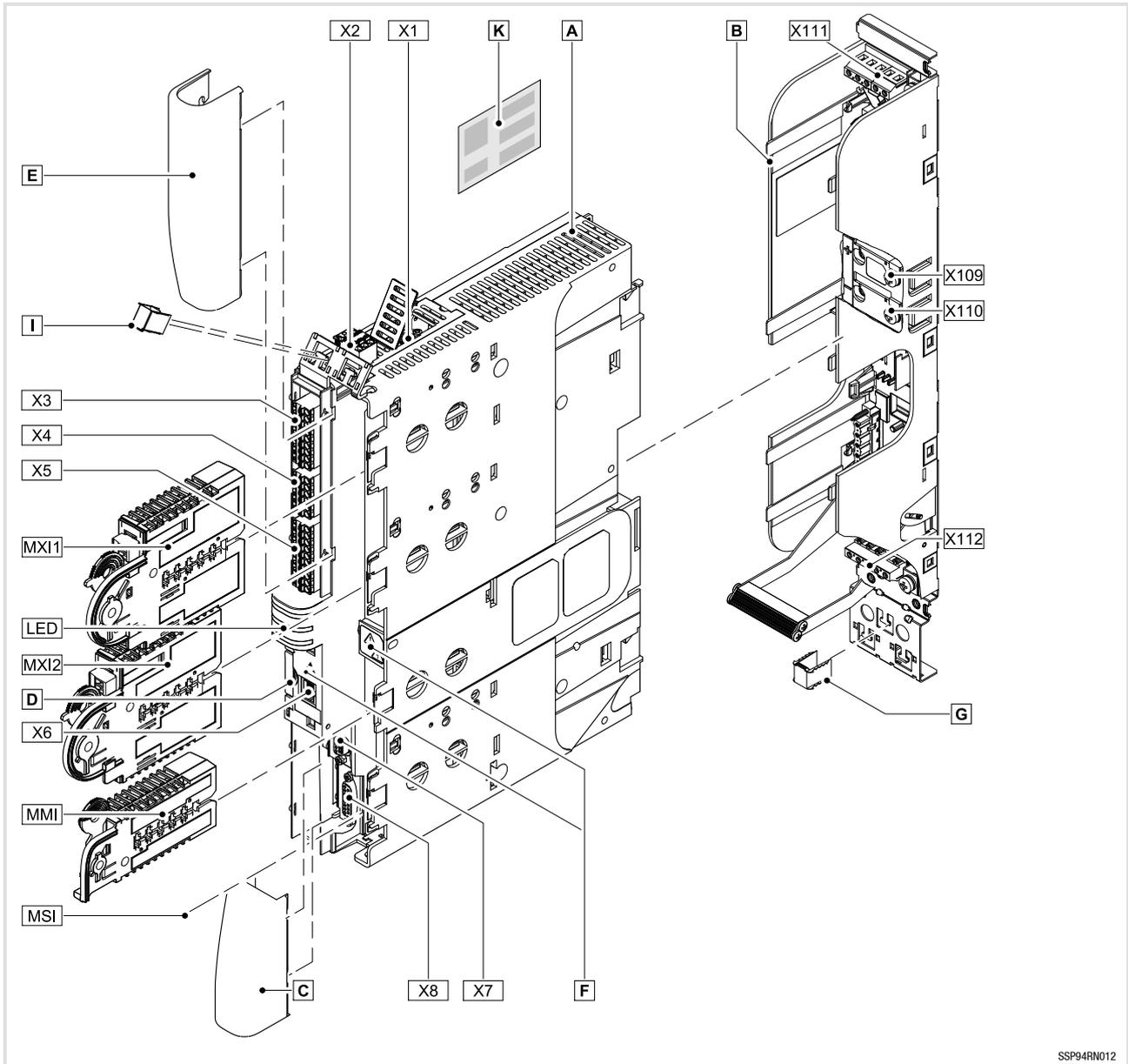
**Constellations with unfavourable or intensifying parasitic couplings**

Compliance with EMC category C2 may also be interfered with by other circumstances:

- ▶ Distribution of the axis modules over several control cabinets without efficient HF equipotential bonding between the mounting plates
- ▶ No use of Lenze system cables or cables with the same specifications
- ▶ Poor connection of motor cable shields
- ▶ Motor cable interruptions
- ▶ Other interference sources (e.g. switched-mode power supplies)
- ▶ Isochronous switching of the inverter output stages

6.4 Device description

Standard device

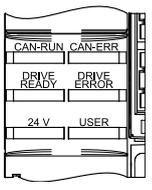


## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

### Device description

Standard device <sup>A</sup>		Design
Pos.	Description	VR module
MXI1	Expansion slot 1, e.g. for communication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MXI2	Expansion slot 2, e.g. for communication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MMI	Storage module slot	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MSI	Reserved	<input type="checkbox"/>
X1	System bus (CAN), under the cover	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X2	24 V supply and statebus	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X3	Analog inputs and analog outputs	2/2
X4	Digital outputs	4
X5	Digital inputs	8
X6	Diagnostics	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X7	Reserved (resolver)	<input type="checkbox"/>
X8	Control signals for mains filter (encoder)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<sup>C</sup>	Lower cover	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<sup>D</sup>	Retractable nameplate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<sup>E</sup>	Upper cover	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<sup>K</sup>	Prominent warning label close to the device!	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

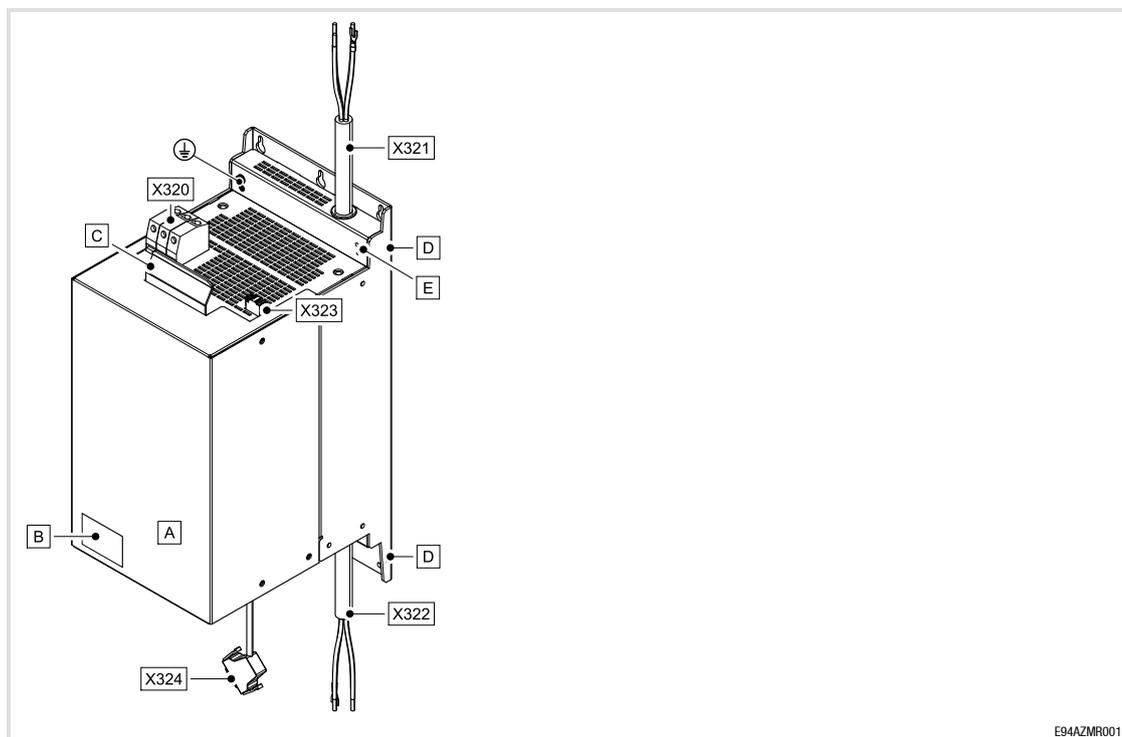
The LED display enables fast indication of several operating states.

LED	Labelling	Colour	Description
 <small>SSP94LED01</small>	CAN-RUN	green	CAN bus ok
	CAN-ERR	red	CAN bus error
	DRIVE READY	green	Standard device is ready for operation
	DRIVE ERROR	red	Error in the standard device or application-induced
	24 V	green	24 V supply voltage ok
	USER	yellow	Message parameterised by the application

Pos.	Symbol	Description
<sup>F</sup>		<b>Long discharge time:</b> All power terminals carry hazardous voltages for at least 3 minutes after mains disconnection!
		<b>High discharge current:</b> Fixed installation and PE connection to EN 61800-5-1 required!
		<b>Electrostatic sensitive devices:</b> Before working on the device, personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge!

Installation backplane <sup>B</sup>		Design
Pos.	Description	VR module
X111	Mains supply via mains filter/DC-bus voltage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X112	Mains supply and mains power recovery via mains filter/external brake resistor	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X109	DC busbar +	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X110	DC busbar -	
<sup>G</sup>	EMC shield clamp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

### Mains filter



E94AZMR001

Pos.	Description
A	Mains filter
	Mounting Instructions
Pos.	Description
B	Nameplate
C	Lifting aid
D	Mounting aid for mounting base
E	Parking position of the IT screw
⊕	PE terminal
X320	Terminal L1 ... L3
X321	Connecting cable L1.1 ... L3.1
X322	Connecting cable L1.2 ... L3.2
X323	Terminal for 24-V supply voltage (use safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV), in accordance with IEC 61131-2)
X324	Mains filter control signal

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Mechanical installation

Important notes

### 6.5 Mechanical installation

#### 6.5.1 Important notes



#### Note!

The devices must be installed in housings (e.g. control cabinets) to meet applicable regulations.



#### Stop!

##### Heavy device weight

The device is very heavy and must be lifted for the mounting.

##### Possible consequences:

- ▶ Injury to persons, particularly backache when lifting and holding the device, respectively
- ▶ Injury to persons and damage to material assets due to the device falling down

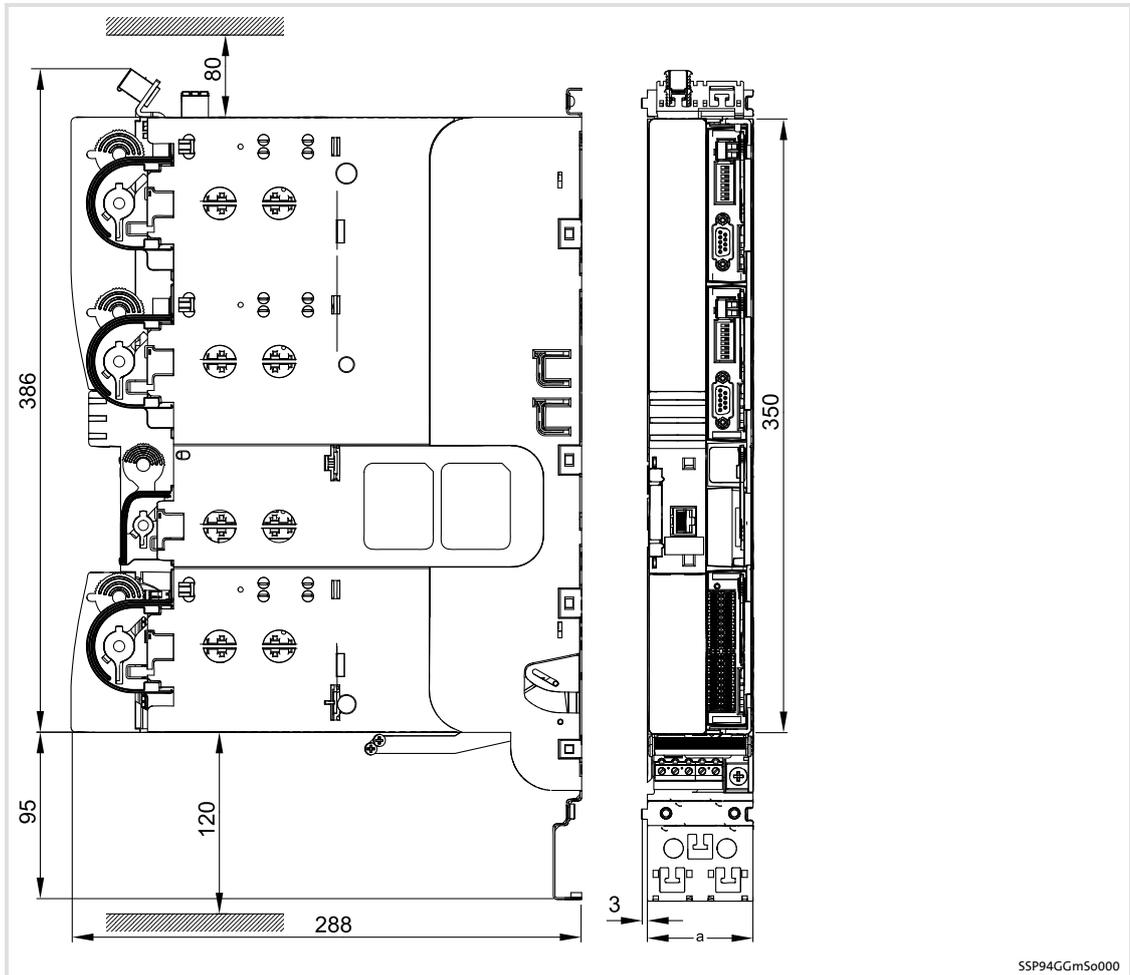
##### Protective measures:

- ▶ The device must only be carried with a load bearing system such as an indoor crane permitted for the device weight
- ▶ Before the transport, the hoist, the load bearing system and lifting accessories must be checked for sufficient payload and faultless status
- ▶ Do not remove the hoist and the lifting accessories until the device lies safe on a stable surface or is finally mounted.

- ▶ The mounting location must always comply with the operating conditions specified in the technical data (📖 277). Take additional measures if necessary.
- ▶ The mounting plate of the control cabinet must have the following properties:
  - electrically conductive
  - free of lacquer
- ▶ The mechanical connections must always be ensured.
- ▶ A free air circulation must be ensured for dissipating the heat.
- ▶ The described EMC properties are provided if the following conditions are complied with:
  - The devices are mounted according to the arrangement concept described.
  - The prepared cables are used and remain unchanged.

6.5.2 Dimensions

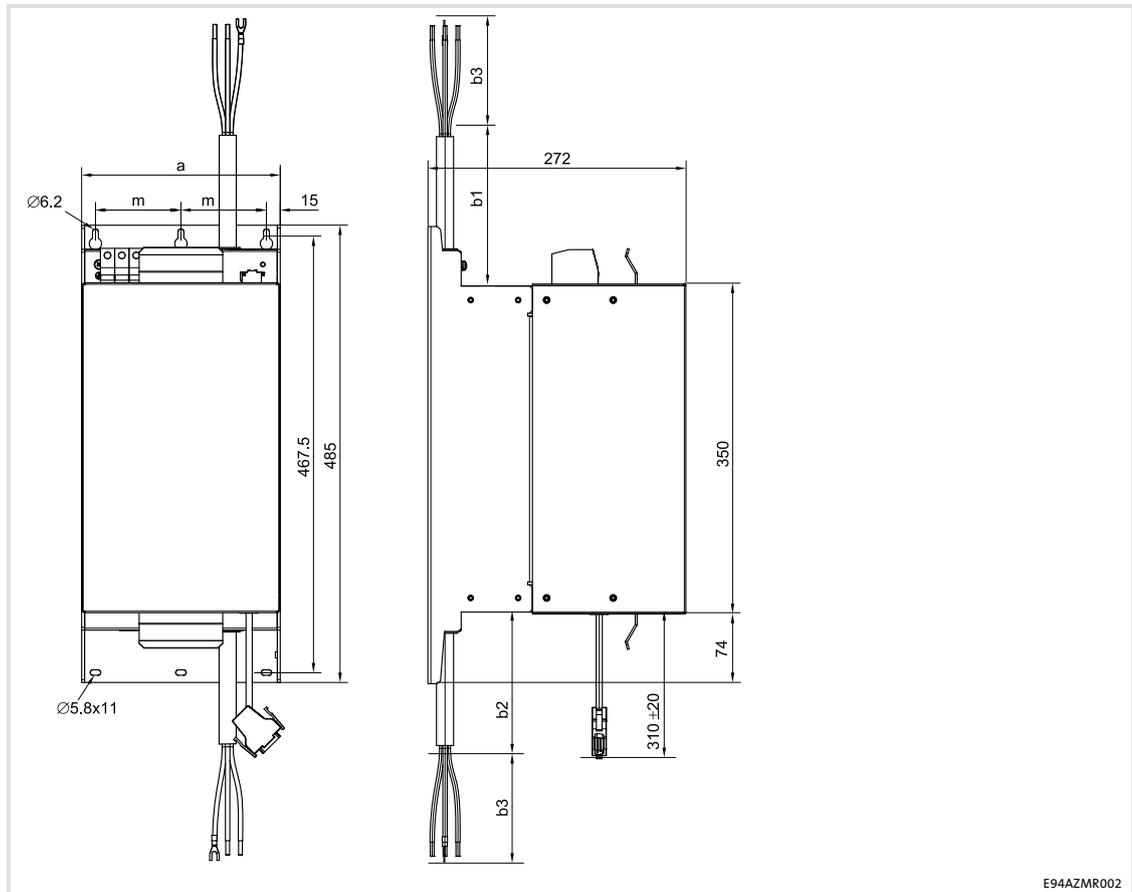
Standard device with installation backplane



SSP94GGmSo000

Regenerative power supply module		a	 [kg]
Standard device	Installation backplane	[mm]	
E94ARNE0134	E94AZPP0364	120	8.1
E94ARNE0244			

## Mains filter

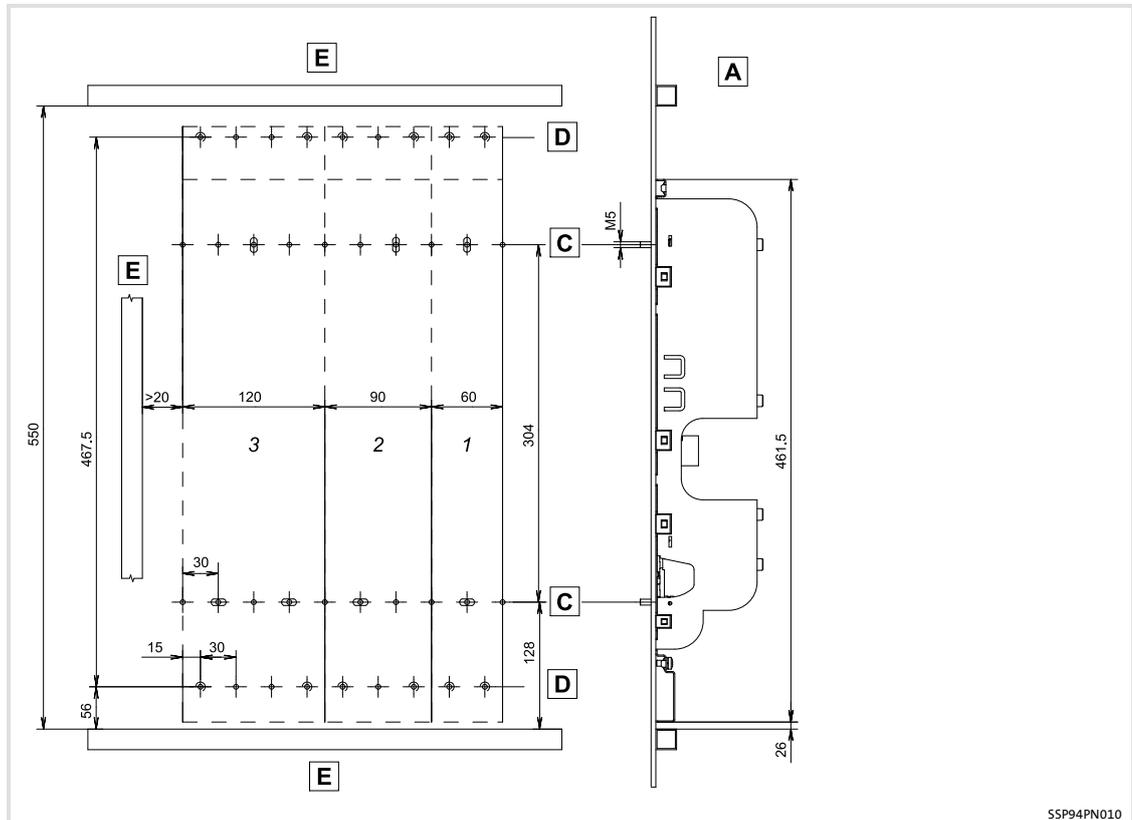


E94AZMR002

	a	m	b1	b2	b3	 [kg]
	[mm]					
E94AZRM0264SDB	149	60	240 ± 5	260 ± 5	100 ± 5	25
E94AZRM0264LDB						26
E94AZRM0474SDB	209	90	250 ± 5	270 ± 5	110 ± 5	36
E94AZRM0474LDB						37

### Mounting grid

We recommend to provide the mounting plate with a grid pattern of M5 threaded holes for attaching the devices. This preparation enables easy attachment of the devices, and the device sizes 1, 2, ... n can thus be mounted directly adjacent to each other.



- A** Mounting with backplane for attaching the power supply module
- B** Grid hole pattern for installation backplane
- C** Grid hole pattern for other device sizes or built-on/footprint filters (only Single Drive)
- D** Cable duct
- 1
- ... Device size, mounting holes used
- 3

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

### Mechanical installation Arrangement of the devices

#### 6.5.3 Arrangement of the devices

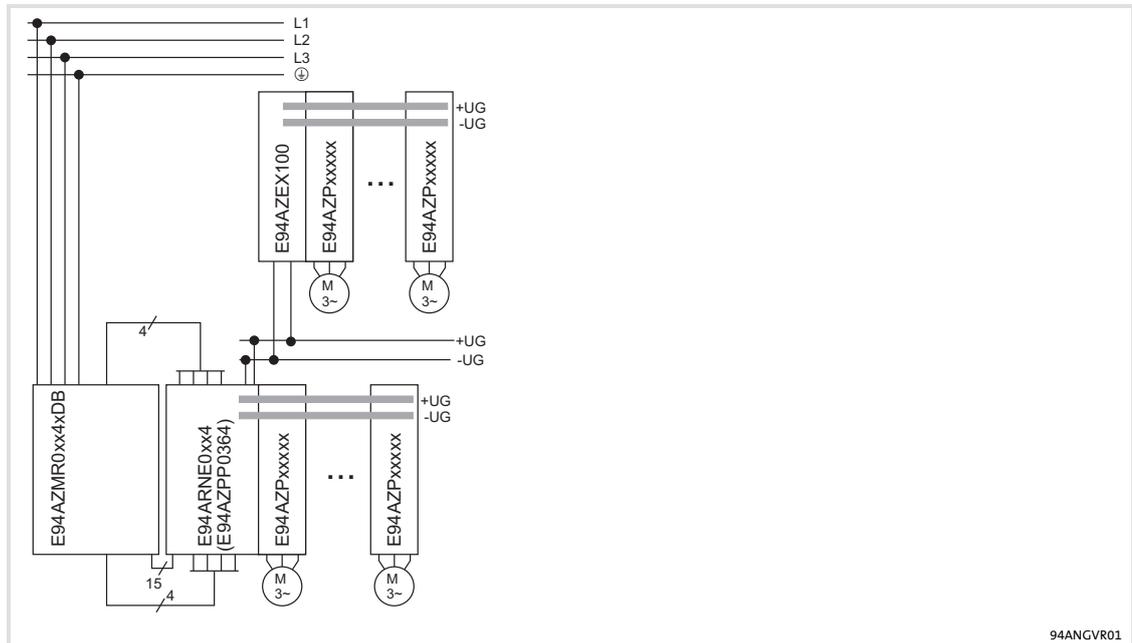


Fig. 6-7 Arrangement concept

E94AZMR0xx4xDB	Mains filter
E94ARNE0xx4 (E94AZPP0364)	Regenerative power supply module (with E94AZPP0364 installation backplane)
E94AZEX100	DC-input module
E94AZPxxxxx	installation backplane for 9400 axis module
+UG/-UG	DC bus

A DC-bus connection with regenerative power supply module has to be planned and dimensioned taking the technical data into account.

How to arrange the devices for operation in the DC-bus connection via the DC busbars:

- ▶ Arrange the devices in a row from left to right.
- ▶ Install the supplying device on the left:
  - Regenerative power supply module with assigned mains filter (in a first row),
  - Input module (in the following rows).
- ▶ Install the multi drive axis controllers to the right from the highest to the lowest power (recommendation).
- ▶ For increasing the braking power also single drive axis controllers can be integrated. For this purpose, these axis controllers have to be equipped with the optional busbar mounting set (E94AZJAxxx). In order to carry out multi-supply applications, consult Lenze.

#### 6.5.4 Mounting steps

Proceed as follows for the installation:

1. Prepare M5 threaded holes on the mounting plate according to the mounting grid.
2. Screw the installation backplane onto the mounting plate. Do not yet tighten the screws.
  - Use M5 screw and washer assemblies or M5 hexagon socket screws with washers.
  - The screw joint in the installation backplane may not jut out more than 7 mm.
3. Repeat step 2 for other installation backplanes, which can be mounted directly adjacent to one another.
4. Align all installation backplanes.
5. If busbars are used: connect the busbars.
6. Tightly screw all installation backplanes onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).



#### Tip!

Before plugging the standard device into the installation backplane, read the chapters "Disconnect internal PE connection" (📖 309) and "Connecting busbars" (📖 312).

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

### Wiring

#### Important notes

### 6.6 Wiring

#### 6.6.1 Important notes

- ▶ Installation must
  - always be in accordance with the operating conditions specified in the Technical data (📖 277).
  - be carried out to EN 60204-1.
- ▶ Please observe the following when selecting the cable type:
  - The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the application (e. g. VDE, UL etc.).
  - Fuses and cable cross-sections must be dimensioned in accordance with the specifications in the documentation for the basic device.
- ▶ The described EMC properties are provided if the following conditions are complied with:
  - The devices are mounted according to the arrangement concept described.
  - The prepared cables are used and remain unchanged.



#### **Danger!**

##### **Dangerous electrical voltage**

All power terminals remain live for up to three minutes after mains disconnection.

##### **Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

##### **Protective measures:**

- ▶ Switch off the power supply and wait for at least three minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.

**Danger!****Hazardous electrical voltage**

The leakage current to earth (PE) is  $> 3.5$  mA AC or  $> 10$  mA DC.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the device in the event of an error.

**Protective measures:**

Implement the measures required in EN 61800-5-1. Especially:

- ▶ Fixed installation
  - Implement PE connection in compliance with standards.
  - Connect PE conductor twice or PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 10$  mm<sup>2</sup>.
- ▶ Connection with a connector for industrial applications according to IEC 60309 (CEE):
  - PE conductor cross-section  $\geq 2.5$  mm<sup>2</sup> as part of a multi-core supply cable.
  - Provide for suitable strain relief.

**Stop!****No device protection if the mains voltage is too high**

The mains input is not internally fused.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Destruction of the device if the mains voltage is too high.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Observe the maximally permissible mains voltage.
- ▶ Fuse the device correctly on the supply side against mains fluctuations and voltage peaks.

**Stop!****Overtemperature**

The mains filter may become hot if permissible limit values are exceeded during operation.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ The device may be damaged or destroyed.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Wire the overtemperature disconnection with the digital DO2 output according to circuit proposal.

## 6.6.2 Safety instructions for the installation according to UL/CSA

## Original - English

**Warnings!**

- ▶ Branch circuit protection:
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max.
  - Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50000 rms symmetrical amperes, 500 V max., when protected by CC, J, T or R Class fuses.
  - Use specified fuses as shown in the table. Voltage of the fuses must at least be suitable with the input voltage of the drive.
- ▶ Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall have met the requirements of CSA C22.2 No. 8, and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of L-L 1.8 kV
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ Use min. 60 °C copper wire only for power terminals.
- ▶ Use min. 75 °C copper wire for 24 Vdc control circuits of filter, except for other control circuits.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248
	Fuse [A]
E94ARNE0134	30
E94ARNE0244	60

## Original - French

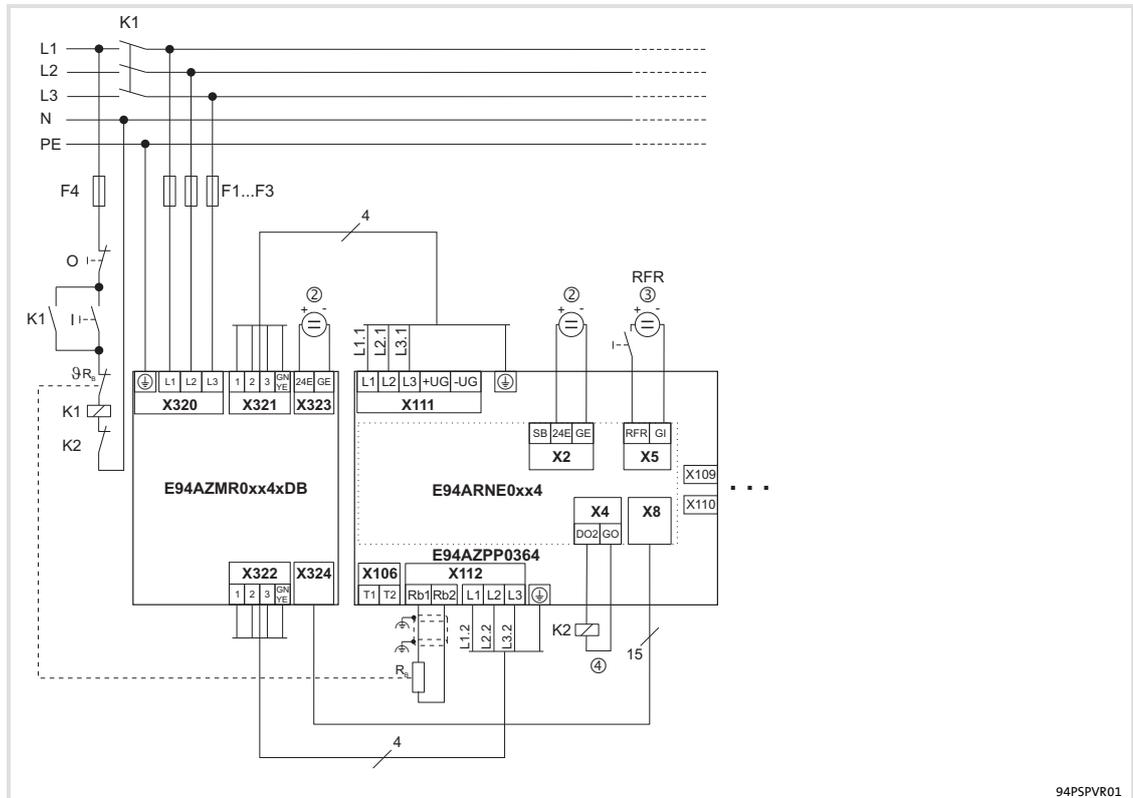
**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Protection par disjoncteur :
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 10000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V.
  - Convient aux circuits non susceptibles de délivrer plus de 50000 ampères symétriques eff., maximum 500 V, avec protection par des fusibles CC de calibre J, T ou R.
  - Utiliser les fusibles indiqués dans le tableau. La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'entraînement.
- ▶ Un dispositif de suppression des tensions transitoires doit être installé côté alimentation de l'équipement et répondre aux exigences de la norme CSA C22.2 n° 8. Il doit en outre offrir les caractéristiques assignées suivantes : 277 V (de la phase à la terre), 480 V (de phase à phase), compatibilité avec la catégorie de surtension III, protection contre le pic de tension de choc assigné de L-L 1,8 kV
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre d'au moins 60 °C pour les terminaux de puissance.
- ▶ Utiliser des conducteurs en cuivre d'au moins 75 °C pour les circuits de commande 24 V CC du filtre, hors reste de la partie commande.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Type	Fusible [A]
E94ARNE0134	30
E94ARNE0244	60

## 6.6.3

## Connection plan



94PSPVR01

E94ARNE0xx4	Regenerative power supply module
E94AZPP0364	Installation backplane for the regenerative power supply module
E94AZMR0...	Mains filter
F1 ... F4	Fuses
RFR	Controller enable (only for regenerative feedback)
K1	Mains contactor
RB	Brake resistor (Ⓜ Mounting instructions brake resistor)
②	24 V voltage source for the control electronics (safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) according to IEC 61131-2)
③	24 V voltage source for the digital inputs according to IEC 61131-2
④	From FW 02.00: Overtemperature disconnection DO2 load: max. 50 mA

#### 6.6.4 Earthing of internal EMC filters

Device-internal EMC filters have been implemented to reduce interference emission. These EMC filters are connected to protective earth to discharge interference currents.

Under certain conditions the EMC filters must be disconnected from:

- ▶ Operation in an IT system  
The devices are protected from damages or destruction due to incompatible overvoltages in the case of an error (earth fault).
- ▶ DC-bus operation
- ▶ Operation with power supply modules or regenerative power supply modules
- ▶ Operating multiple devices with a common filter  
The EMC properties can only be reached by carrying out the described measures.  
The triggering behaviour of applicable earth-leakage circuit breakers remains undisturbed.

#### Overview of the measures

The measures which are to be carried out once have been prepared in relation to the devices and are each described together with installation and wiring.

Device	Measure in the case of operation ...	
	in the IT system	in the interconnected system, with power supply modules or shared filters
Controller		
with installation backplane (GG1 ... GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
without installation backplane (GG6 ... GG7)	Change screwed connection	
without installation backplane (GG8S ... GG10)	Change switch	
Power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG1 und GG3)	No measure necessary	
without installation backplane (GG4 ... GG5)	No measure necessary	
Regenerative power supply modules		
with installation backplane (GG3)	Insert plastic cap elsewhere	
associated mains filter	Change screwed connection	No action

**Implementing the measures**

Proceed as follows to disconnect the internal connection between the filters and PE:

1. Remove IT insulating cap from the parking position ① in the installation backplane.
  - For this apply a screwdriver on the right or left and lever off the insulating cap.
  - Optionally the insulating cap can be carefully removed using an appropriate pliers.
2. Attach IT insulating cap to the earthing jumper ② until it clicks into place.



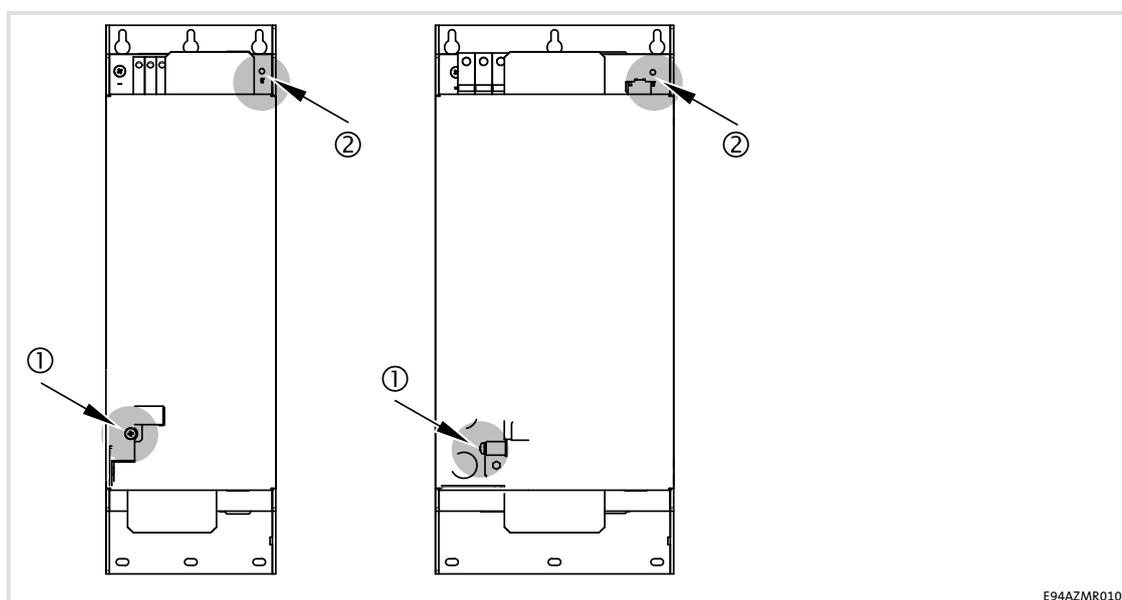
Fig. 6-8 Plugging the IT insulating cap onto the earthing jumper

**The measure for the mains filter of the power supply/regenerative feedback modules  
(only in the case of operation in the IT system)**

Carry out the measure before installation and wiring.

How to proceed:

- ▶ Undo 8 fixing screws of the housing cover
- ▶ Remove housing cover
- ▶ Unscrew and remove IT screw with spring washer ①
- ▶ Screw in IT screw with spring washer at the parking position ②
- ▶ Fit housing cover
- ▶ Screw in and tighten 8 fixing screws of the housing cover



E94AZMR010

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

### Wiring Connecting busbars

#### 6.6.5 Connecting busbars

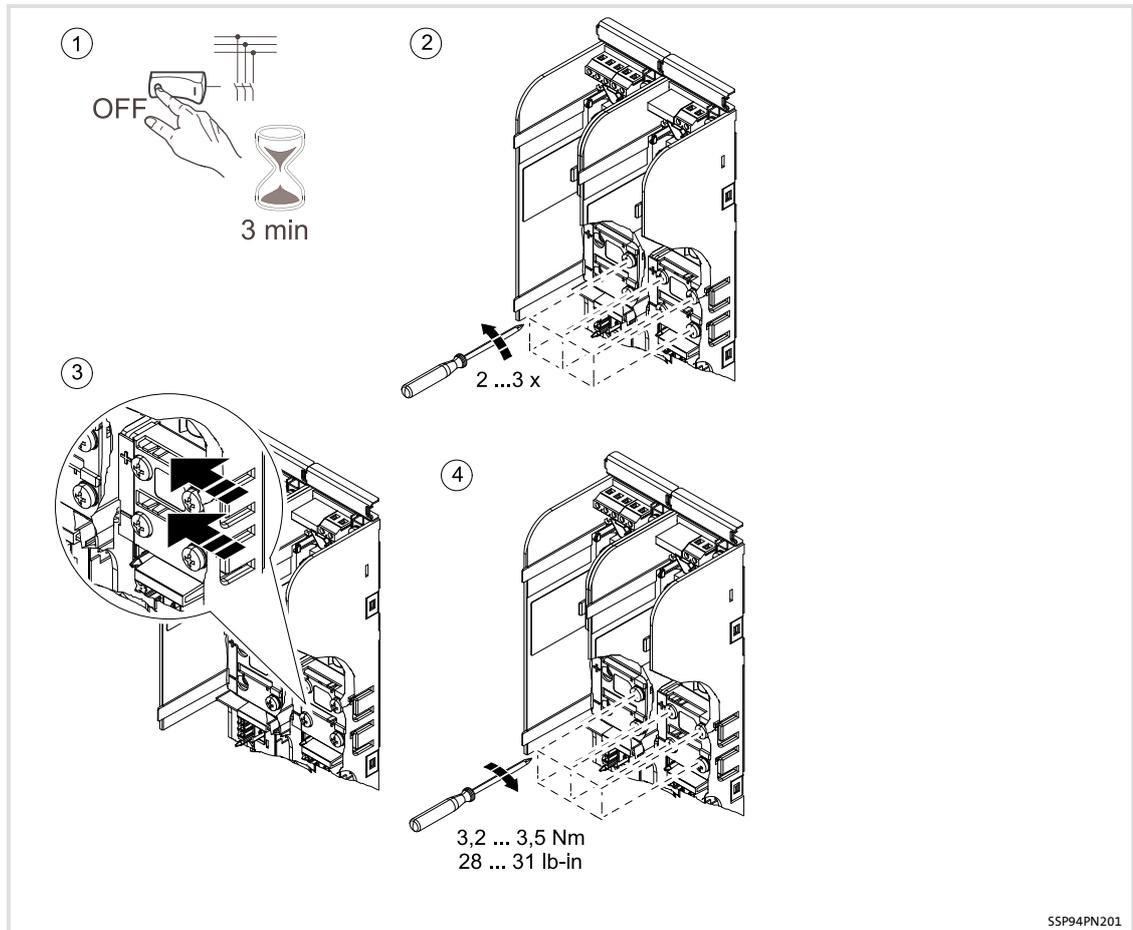


Fig. 6-9 Example: connecting busbars to DC power supply module

Proceed as follows to connect the busbars:

1. If devices of the interconnected system have already been in operation:
  - Ensure that the power supply system is switched off by checking the voltage at the supply terminals.
  - If necessary, switch off the power supply and wait at least 3 minutes.
2. Loosen the busbar screws but do not remove them completely.
3. Push the busbars as far as possible to the left towards the adjacent busbar.
  - Ensure that there is good contact to the adjacent busbar.
4. Tighten the busbar screws.
  - Tightening torque: 3.2 ... 3.5 Nm (28 ... 31 lb-in).
5. Screw all components onto the mounting plate.
  - Tightening torque: 3.4 Nm (30 lb-in).

### 6.6.6 Design of the cables

- ▶ The cables used must comply with the approvals required for the location (e.g. UL).
- ▶ It is imperative to comply with the regulations concerning minimum cross-sections of PE conductors. The cross-section of the PE conductor must be at least as large as the cross-section of the power connections.
- ▶ The effectiveness of a shielded cable is reached by:
  - Providing a good shield connection through large-surface shield contact.
  - Using only braided shields with low shield resistance made of tin-plated or nickel-plated copper braid.
  - Using braided shields with an overlap rate  $> 70\%$  and an overlap angle of  $90^\circ$ .
  - Keeping unshielded cable ends as short as possible.

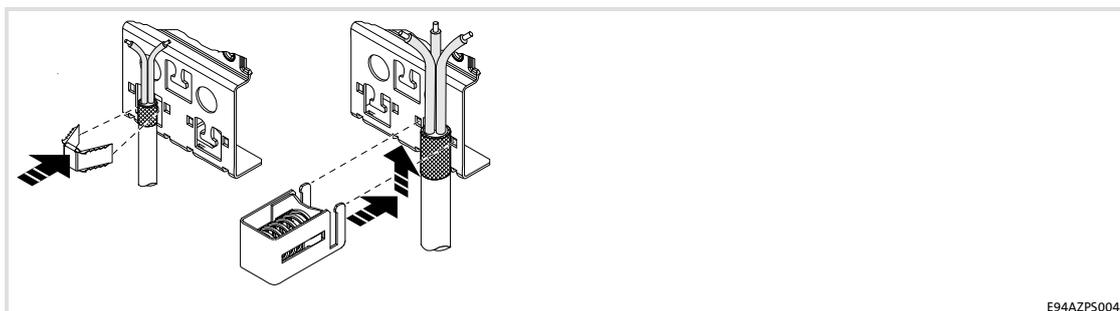
Use system cables or shielded cables for these connections:

- ▶ External brake resistor (⚠ Mounting Instructions of the brake resistor)
- ▶ Analog signals (inputs and outputs)
- ▶ CAN system bus
- ▶ Resolver
- ▶ System connection for synchronisation
- ▶ DC bus, cable length from 0.3 m

The following connections need not be shielded:

- ▶ Mains
- ▶ DC bus, cable length up to 0.3 m
- ▶ 24 V supply
- ▶ Digital signals (inputs and outputs)

### 6.6.7 How to connect the shield



E94AZPS004

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Wiring

Terminal assignment

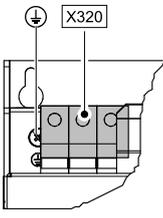
### 6.6.8 Terminal assignment



#### **Tip!**

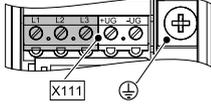
Complete the wiring of the installation backplane before plugging in the standard device. The upper terminals of the installation backplane cannot be connected with a plugged-in standard device.

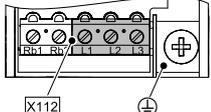
### Mains

Terminal X320	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94NF406</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the L1, L2, L3 mains phases
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMR0264xDB	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	1.0 x 4.0
E94AZMR0474xDB	25	2	2.5	22.1	1.0 x 6.5

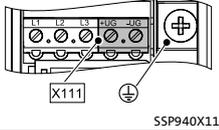
PE connection data				
	Ø [mm]	Starting torque		
		[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMR0264xDB	M5	3	26.5	PH2
E94AZMR0474xDB				

Terminal X111 (left part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X111</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases E94APNE0xx4/E94AZxPxxx4: L1, L2, L3 E94ARNE0xx4/E94AZMR0xx4xDB: L1.1, L2.1, L3.1
	⊕	Terminal for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

Terminal X112 (right part)	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X112</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases E94APNE0xx4/E94AZxPxxx4: alternatively at the bottom L1, L2, L3 E94ARNE0xx4/E94AZMR0xx4xDB: L1.2, L2.2, L3.2
	⊕	Terminal for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 3: Flexible With wire end ferrule	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

## DC bus

Terminal X111 (right part)	Labelling	Description
	+UG -UG	Alternative option for DC-bus voltage connection (compatible to 9300 series)  E94ARNE0244: maximum current $I_{dc} = 50 \text{ A}$

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 3: Flexible With wire end ferrule	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

## External brake resistor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
Device size 3: Flexible With wire end ferrule	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1

## 6.6.9

## Wiring of control connections

**Danger!****Dangerous electrical voltage**

All power terminals remain live for up to three minutes after mains disconnection.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the power terminals.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Switch off the power supply and wait for at least three minutes before working on the power terminals.
- ▶ Make sure that all power terminals are deenergised.

**Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

**Tip!**

Parameter setting and configuration can be carried out using the L-force »Engineer«. For this purpose the Online Help and the Software Manual for the standard device will guide you.

**System bus CAN on board**

Terminal X1	Labelling	Description
 9400SSP000X1	Pin 2	CAN-LOW
	Pin 3	CAN-GND
	Pin 7	CAN-HIGH
	(Housing)	CAN-Shield

**24 V supply**

Terminal X323	Labelling	Description
 SSP9400X11	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) IEC 61131-2, 22.8 ... 28.8 V, residual ripple max. $\pm 5\%$ Current during operation: 450 mA Starting current: max. 4 A for 100 ms

**Terminal data**

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

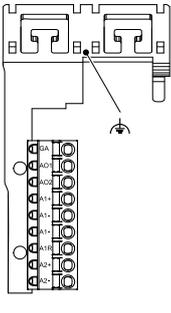
Stripping length / contact length: 10 mm

Terminal X2	Labelling	Description
 9400SSP000X2	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply via a safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)
	SB	State bus in/out (reference GE)

**Terminal data**

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

## Analog inputs, analog outputs

Terminal X3	Labelling	Description
	GA	GND analog signals
	AO1	Analog output 1
	AO2	Analog output 2
	A1+	Analog input 1 +
	A1-	Analog input 1 -
	A1-	Analog input 1 -
	A1R	Terminating resistor for $\pm 20\text{mA}$
	A2+	Analog input 2 +
	A2-	Analog input 2 -
	SSP94000X3 	

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

## Digital outputs

Terminal X4	Labelling	Description
 9400SSP000X4	GO	GND digital out
	240	24-V digital out
	DO1	Digital output 1
	DO2	Digital output 2
	DO3	Digital output 3
	DO4	Digital output 4

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

## Digital inputs

Terminal X5	Labelling	Description
 9400SSP000X5	GI	GND digital in
	RFR	Controller enable
	DI1	Digital input 1
	DI2	Digital input 2
	DI3	Digital input 3
	DI4	Digital input 4
	DI5	Digital input 5
	DI6	Digital input 6
	DI7	Digital input 7
DI8	Digital input 8	

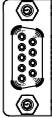
Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

## Diagnostics/keypad

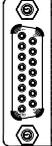
Terminal X6	Labelling	Description
		Internal interface, RJ69 socket, for keypad or diagnostic adapter
94005SP000X6		

## Resolver

*(without function)*

Terminal X7	Labelling	Description
	1	+REF
	2	-REF
	3	V <sub>CC</sub>
	4	+COS
	5	-COS
	6	+SIN
	7	-SIN
	8	+KTY
	9	-KTY
94005SP000X7		

## System connection for synchronisation

X8terminal	Labelling	Description
	1	Must only be used in conjunction with the E94AZMR0xx4x4DB mains filter, X324
	...	
	15	
94005SP000X8		

The equipment of the device with modules depends on the device variant or on the application. A short description of the different device modules follows. More detailed information is given in the corresponding documentation.

### 6.6.10 Communication modules

Use these modules in slot  MXI1 or  MXI2  MMI  MSI.

The regenerative power supply modules support communication modules of the following bus systems:

- ▶ CAN (E94AYCCA)
- ▶ DeviceNet (E94AYCDN)
- ▶ Ethernet 2 Port (E94AYCEN)
- ▶ EtherNet/IP (E94AYCEO)
- ▶ POWERLINK (E94AYCEP)
- ▶ POWERLINK CN (E94AYCEC)
- ▶ EtherCAT (E94AYCET)
- ▶ PROFIBUS (E94AYCPM)
- ▶ PROFINET (E94AYCER)
- ▶ INTERBUS (E94AYCIB)

The communication modules can be used in slot MXI1 or MXI2.

- It is possible to operate two bus systems at the same time.

**6.6.11 Memory modules**

Use these modules in slot  MXI1  MXI2  MMI  MSI.

**MM220**

Equipment MM220:

- ▶ 1 MB flash memory
- ▶ System bus address switch (CAN)

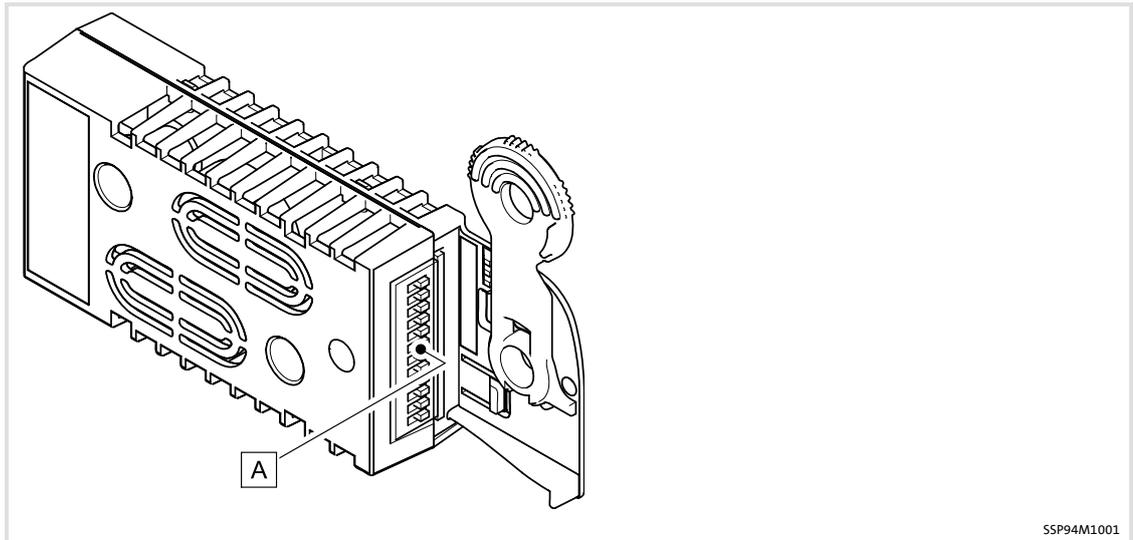


Fig. 6-10 Memory module with DIP switch (as of order designation E94AYM22)

SSP94M1001

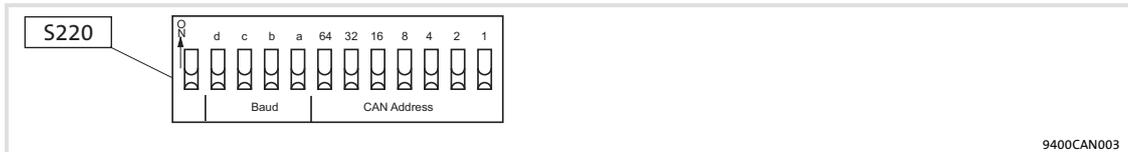


Fig. 6-11 Arrangement and labelling of the DIP switches

Via the DIP switches on the front, you can set:

- ▶ the node address (labelling "1" ... "64") and
- ▶ baud rate (labelling "a" ... "d")



### Note!

If DIP switches 1 ... 64 = OFF ("Lenze setting"): When the standard device is switched on, the parameterisation of codes C00350 (node address) and C00351 (baud rate) is activated.

Switch the voltage supply of the standard device off and then on again to activate altered settings.

### Setting the node address

The node address of the drive is calculated from the sum of all address switches in the "ON" position.

### Setting the baud rate

d	c	b	a	Baud rate
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	10 kbps
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	20 kbps
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	50 kbps
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	125 kbps
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	250 kbps
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	500 kbps
ON	ON	ON	OFF	800 kbps
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	1000 kbps
OFF	ON	ON	ON	Automated recognition

## 6.6.12

### Safety modules

If the regenerative power supply module is used, safety functions are **not** available. However, the SM0 module in the MSI slot is mandatory for the operation of the regenerative power supply module.

## 6 Regenerative power supply modules

Final works

Initial commissioning on 400 V mains voltage

### 6.7 Final works

#### 6.7.1 Initial commissioning on 400 V mains voltage

After the installation has been carried out according to the Mounting Instructions, the regenerative power supply module can be operated on a mains voltage of 400 V.

The regenerative feedback is activated via the digital input RFR.

How to proceed:

1. Switch on 24 V supply voltages.
  - for the mains filter
  - for the regenerative power supply module (optional)
2. Switch on 400 V mains voltage.
3. Activate/deactivate regenerative feedback via the digital input RFR.

#### 6.7.2 Initial commissioning on 230 V or 500 V mains voltage

For operation on a mains voltage of 230 V or 500 V, first the mains voltage within the regenerative power supply module has to be set. The setting is effected in C00173 and can be carried out using a keypad or the Lenze PC software »Engineer«.

For commissioning you require:

- ▶ An EZAEBKx00xkeypad,
- or
- ▶ A computer with Windows® operating system (XP or 2000)
  - ▶ The Lenze PC software »Engineer«
  - ▶ A connection to the regenerative power supply module via an interface, e. g.
    - Diagnostic interface X6 with USB diagnostic adapter
    - CAN system bus
    - Communication modules in the expansion slots M1/M2
  - ▶ The software manual for the technology application used
  - ▶ The communication manual (KHB) for the network of the automation platform
  - ▶ Switch on 24 V supply voltages:
    - for the mains filter
    - for the regenerative power supply module

After the setting has been carried out according to the mains voltage available:

1. Switch on mains voltage.
2. Activate/deactivate regenerative feedback via the digital input RFR.

#### 6.7.3 Further settings

Follow the instructions of the software and/or read the documentation for the parameterisation of the regenerative power supply module.

## 7 DC-bus operation

### 7.1 Introduction



#### Tip!

The information regarding DC-bus operation is based on standard applications.

If you have any questions regarding other possible solutions for DC-bus operation, get in touch with your Lenze contact person.

#### 7.1.1 Terminology and abbreviations used

Term	Description
DC bus	The energy store in the controller or supply module from which the controller modulates the AC voltage for the motor. The DC buses of several controllers can be networked.
DC bus	Electrical connection of the DC connections of several controllers via cable or busbar.
DC-voltage level	DC-voltage level in the DC bus
Power supply module	Module with AC mains connection used to supply the DC bus of a drive system with DC voltage.
Regenerative power supply module	Power supply module with additional power regeneration into the AC mains
Multi-axis controllers (Multi Drive)	Controllers for connection to a DC bus. Multi-axis controllers have no AC mains connection and no brake chopper.
Single-axis controllers (Single Drive)	Controllers for connection to an AC mains or a DC bus. Single-axis controllers have an integrated brake chopper.
Brake chopper	Switching element in the controller used to dissipate excess energy in the DC bus via a brake resistor.
Brake resistor	High-performance resistor used to convert excess energy in the DC-bus into heat.
Braking operation	Motor operation in generator mode with energy feedback from the motor to the controller.

### 7.1.2 Comparison single-axis controllers / multi-axis controllers

As controllers of the "Servo Drives 9400" series, the "Single Drive, E94AS..." are available in the power range up to 695 A (370 kW) and the "Multi Drive, E94AM..." are available up to 32 A (15 kW).

The single-axis controllers ("Single Drive") are designed for connection to AC mains (3/PE AC). They are equipped with mains rectifiers, mains filters and brake choppers.

The multi-axis controllers ("Multi Drive") are exclusively designed for connection to DC mains (2/PE DC). They are equipped with DC busbars for easy assembly. In DC-bus connections, power supply modules are used that contain mains rectifiers and brake choppers. Mains filters must be specially dimensioned for each DC-bus.

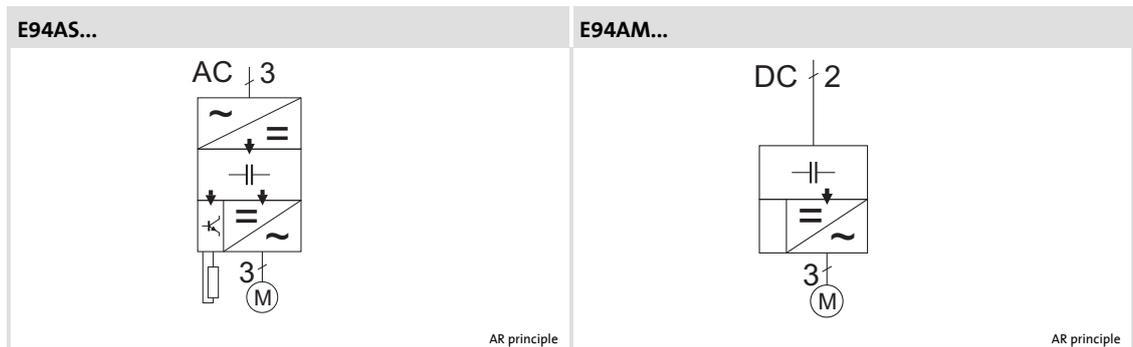


Fig. 7-1 Single Drive/Multi Drive

### **7.1.3 Advantages of a drive system**

When several controllers are operated in a DC-bus connection (DC bus), this offers the following advantages:

- ▶ Energy exchange between controllers in generator-mode (braking) and motor-mode operation.
- ▶ The energy exchange reduces the supply power from the AC mains.
- ▶ DC-supply modules or feeding single-axis controllers can be dimensioned with a lower rated power.
- ▶ The energy exchange reduces the braking losses in generator-mode operation.

Advantages for installation:

- ▶ Only one AC-mains connection (e.g. at the DC-supply module).
- ▶ Reduced wiring costs.

**7.1.4 General information on the accessories****Fuses in the DC bus**

For device protection, multi-axis controllers up to 11 kW are equipped with a fuse in the installation backplane. The fuse is only integrated into the current path if the busbar system (X109) is used.

When operated in a DC-bus connection, single-axis controllers can be retrofit with a fuse in the installation backplane for device protection (see busbar mounting set).

When the alternative terminal connections are used for DC-bus wiring, external fuses must be integrated into both current paths (+UG/-UG).

**Busbar mounting set**

With the busbar mounting set (E94AZJA0xx) you can connect a single-axis controller via a busbar to a DC bus, e.g. to provide additional brake power. The busbar mounting set also includes the corresponding fuse.

**DC-feeding point**

With the DC-input module (E94AZEX100) you can establish the electrical connection between the DC cables and the busbar. Multi-row or distributed arrangements are possible.

**Filters**

RFI filters and mains filters are available for the devices connected to the AC mains (supply modules or single-axis controllers).

Depending on the application, additional filters may be required for compliance with the EMC regulations. When dimensioning the filters, please consider:

- ▶ Motor cable lengths
- ▶ Number of axis controllers
- ▶ Motor powers

## 7.2 Conditions for trouble-free DC-bus operation

### 7.2.1 Voltages

The DC-bus operation of controllers is only possible if the rated values of the mains voltage or DC-bus voltage are identical. The switching thresholds of all brake choppers in the interconnected system have to be set identically and the control has to be synchronised by master/slave interconnection.

### 7.2.2 Number of feeding points

The 9400 servo drives series has been designed for drive systems with a central AC mains feeding point. For this you can use DC supply modules of different power categories.

Several AC mains feeding points are permissible in the interconnected system of two single-axis drive controllers with the same power rating.

### 7.2.3 Other conditions

- ▶ The entire DC power  $P_{DC}$  must be provided by the feeding point (DC-supply module or "Single Drive" controller).
- ▶ The controllers in the DC bus may only start operation when the DC bus has been completely loaded. I.e. controller enable may only be set after "State bus OK" (see terminal X2).
- ▶ Up to a total current of 100 A, devices up to 24 A (device sizes 1 ... 3) can be operated via the integrated DC busbar. Maximum busbar overload for 60 s:  $150 \% * I_r$ , followed by a relief phase of 120 s:  $75 \% * I_r$ .
- ▶ The DC bus must at no time be overloaded through the required maximum total power. For this, a time/performance diagram has to be created and considered (see Basic dimensioning).
- ▶ The cable protection measures described for the DC-bus operation must be observed.

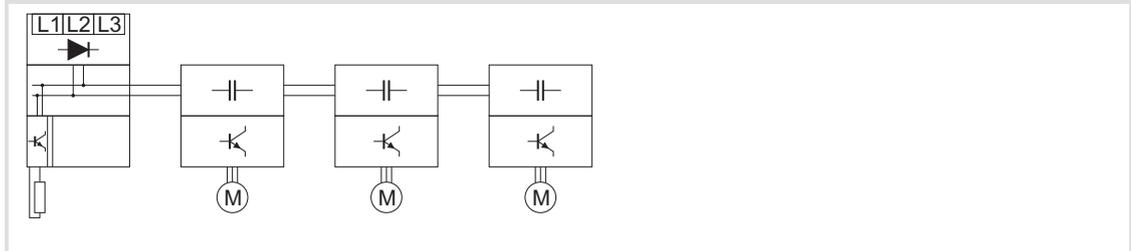
# 7 DC-bus operation

## DC-bus variants

### Supply from a supply module

## 7.3 DC-bus variants

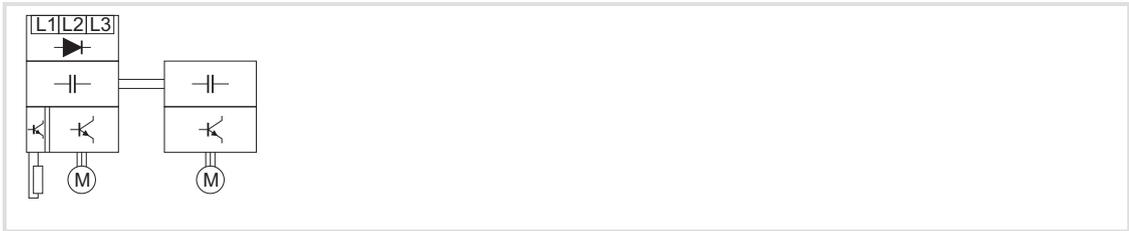
### 7.3.1 Supply from a supply module



A DC supply module with direct AC mains connection supplies energy into the DC bus of several controllers. The DC supply module is equipped with an integrated brake chopper to which you can connect a brake resistor.

Possible combinations	
Components to be used	Components not to be used
<b>For supply</b>	
Power supply modules	
E94APNExxx4 (10 ... 245 A)	-
Regenerative power supply modules	
E94ARNE0xx4 + E94AZMR0xx4xDB (13 ... 24 A)	-
<b>As DC-bus component</b>	
Multi-axis controllers	
E94AMxExxx4 (2 ... 32 A)	-
Single-axis controllers	
E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE0594 (2 ... 59 A or device sizes 1 ... 6)	E94ASxE0864 ... E94ASxE6954 (86 ... 695 A or device size 7 ... 10)

### 7.3.2 Supply from controllers



A single-axis controller with direct AC mains connection supplies energy into the DC bus of other controllers. The single-axis controller is equipped with an integrated brake chopper to which you can connect a brake resistor.

Possible combinations	
Components to be used	Components not to be used
<b>For supply</b>	
Single-axis controllers	
E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE0594 (2 ... 59 A or device sizes 1 ... 6)	E94ASxE0864 ... E94ASxE6954 (86 ... 695 A or device size 7 ... 10) → Possible to a certain degree when considering Application Reports.
<b>As DC-bus component</b>	
Multi-axis controllers	
E94AMxExxx4 (2 ... 32 A)	-
Single-axis controllers	
E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE0594 (2 ... 59 A or device sizes 1 ... 6)	E94ASxE0864 ... E94ASxE6954 (86 ... 695 A or device size 7 ... 10)

## 7 DC-bus operation

Rated data  
General data

### 7.4 Rated data

#### 7.4.1 General data

The total current of the nominal input currents  $I_{DC}$  to be provided by the power supply module or one or several single-axis controllers must be determined. The DC cables must be dimensioned in accordance with the total current.

The number of devices in a drive system can be limited by the DC-bus capacity and the charging current ( $I_{\text{charging, permissible}} > \Sigma(I_{\text{charging at } U_r})$ ).

Type	Additional data					
	Input current	DC-bus capacity	Charging resistor	I <sub>charging</sub> at U <sub>r</sub>		permissible
	I <sub>DC</sub> at I <sub>ar</sub> [A]	[μF]	[Ω]	400 V [A]	500 V [A]	
<b>Power supply modules</b>						
E94APNE0104	-	-	-	-	-	90
E94APNE0364	-	-	-	-	-	154
E94APNE1004	-	-	-	-	-	278
E94APNE2454	-	-	-	-	-	520
<b>Regenerative power supply modules</b>						
E94ARNE0134	20.6	495	100	5.7	7.1	154
E94ARNE0244	35.5	990	50	11.3	14.1	154
<b>Multi Drives</b>						
E94AMxE0024	2.6	165	100	5.7	7.1	-
E94AMxE0034	4.3	165	100	5.7	7.1	-
E94AMxE0044	6.7	330	100	5.7	7.1	-
E94AMxE0074	12.1	330	100	5.7	7.1	-
E94AMxE0094	15.4	495	50	11.3	14.1	-
E94AMxE0134	20.6	495	100	5.7	7.1	-
E94AMxE0174	25.7	825	50	11.3	14.1	-
E94AMxE0244	35.5	990	50	11.3	14.1	-
E94AMxE0324	48.0	1320	50	11.3	14.1	-

Additional data						
Type	Input current $I_{DC}$ at $I_{ar}$ [A]	DC-bus capacity [ $\mu$ F]	Charging resistor [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{charging}$ at $U_{Lr}$		permissible [A]
				400 V [A]	500 V [A]	
<b>Single Drives</b>						
E94ASxE0024	2.6	165	100	5.7	7.1	20.4
E94ASxE0034	4.3	165	100	5.7	7.1	20.4
E94ASxE0044	6.7	330	100	5.7	7.1	49.0
E94ASxE0074	12.1	330	100	5.7	7.1	49.0
E94ASxE0134	20.6	495	100	5.7	7.1	154
E94ASxE0174	25.7	825	50	11.3	14.1	154
E94ASxE0244	35.5	990	50	11.3	14.1	154
E94ASxE0324	35.5	2200	27	21.0	26.2	154
E94ASxE0474	52.6	2200	27	21.0	26.2	154
E94ASxE0594	66.1	2200	27	21.0	26.2	154

Tab. 7-1

DCbus = DC bus

$I_{charging}$  = charging current

The devices listed below are not permissible as direct DC-connection nodes on the DC link level. Get in touch with your Lenze contact person to find out whether solutions and measures have been worked out for your particular application.

Additional data						
Type	Input current $I_{DC}$ at $I_{ar}$ [A]	DC-bus capacity [ $\mu$ F]	Charging resistor [ $\Omega$ ]	$I_{charging}$ at $U_{Lr}$		permissible [A]
				400 V [A]	500 V [A]	
E94ASxE0864	96.8	3300	68	8.3	10.4	358
E94ASxE1044	116	3300	68	8.3	10.4	358
E94ASxE1454	171	7050	32	17.7	22.1	356
E94ASxE1724	203	7050	32	17.7	22.1	423
E94ASxE2024	239	7050	32	17.7	22.1	496
E94ASxE2454	290	7050	32	17.7	22.1	603
E94ASxE2924	343	9040	32	17.7	22.1	713
E94ASxE3664	434	11750	32	17.7	22.1	901
E94ASxE4604	544	14100	32	17.7	22.1	1130
E94ASxE5724	677	18800	32	17.7	22.1	1408
E94ASxE6354	752	18800	32	17.7	22.1	1563
E94ASxE6954	823	18800	32	17.7	22.1	1711

Tab. 7-2

DCbus = DC bus

$I_{charging}$  = charging current

### 7.4.2 DC-supply power

The parameters relevant for the selection of a supply unit with a suitable supply power (even in the overload range) are listed in the below table:

$U_{Lr}$	Rated AC voltage
Cycle 1	Cycle for the second-range
Cycle 2	Cycle for the minute-range
$P_{DC\ 100\%}$	Permanent power of DC-voltage level
$P_{ol}$	Power supply during overload time
$t_{ol}$	Overload time
$P_{re}$	Power supply during unloading time
$t_{re}$	Relief time

Any other cycles are calculated with the following formula:

$$\frac{(P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}) + (P_{re} \cdot t_{re})}{t_{ol} + t_{re}} \leq P_{DC\ 100\%}$$

It must be ensured that other cycles do not exceed the power levels and times indicated, i.e. the values are to be used as maximum values.

The values depend on the rated AC voltage  $U_{Lr}$ .

230 V

Supply power $U_{Lr} = 230\text{ V}$		Cycle 1		Cycle 2	
Type	$P_{DC\ 100\%}$ [kW]	$P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{re} \cdot t_{re}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{re} \cdot t_{re}$ [kW] · [s]
<b>Supply modules (+ filter)</b>					
E94APNE0104	2.1	8.4 · 0.5	1.6 · 4.5	3.2 · 60	1.6 · 120
E94APNE0104 + E94AZMP0084	2.8	11.2 · 0.5	2.1 · 4.5	4.2 · 60	2.1 · 120
E94APNE0364	7.5	22.5 · 0.5	5.6 · 4.5	11.3 · 60	5.6 · 120
E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	10.1	30.3 · 0.5	7.6 · 4.5	15.5 · 60	7.6 · 120
E94APNE1004	20.8	41.6 · 0.5	18.5 · 4.5	31.2 · 60	15.6 · 120
E94APNE1004 + E94AZMP0824	27.9	55.8 · 0.5	24.8 · 4.5	41.9 · 60	20.9 · 120
E94APNE2454	51	76.5 · 0.5	48.2 · 4.5	76.5 · 60	38.3 · 120
E94APNE2454 + E94AZMP2004	68.5	103 · 0.5	64.7 · 4.5	103 · 60	51.3 · 120
<b>Regenerative power supply modules + filters</b>					
E94ARNE0134 + E94AZMR0264xDB	8.6	25.8 · 0.5	6.5 · 4.5	12.9 · 60	6.5 · 120
E94ARNE0244 + E94AZMR0474xDB	15.6	46.6 · 0.5	11.7 · 4.5	23.3 · 60	11.7 · 120
<b>Single Drives</b>					
E94ASxE0024	1.0	4.0 · 0.5	0.8 · 4.5	1.8 · 60	0.8 · 120
E94ASxE0034	1.0	4.0 · 0.5	0.8 · 4.5	1.8 · 60	0.8 · 120
E94ASxE0044	1.6	6.4 · 0.5	1.2 · 4.5	3.0 · 60	1.2 · 120
E94ASxE0074	2.7	10.8 · 0.5	2.0 · 4.5	4.1 · 60	2.0 · 120
E94ASxE0134	5.0	20.0 · 0.5	3.8 · 4.5	9.5 · 60	3.8 · 120
E94ASxE0174	6.3	25.2 · 0.5	4.7 · 4.5	9.5 · 60	4.7 · 120
E94ASxE0244	8.9	35.6 · 0.5	6.7 · 4.5	13.4 · 60	6.7 · 120
E94ASxE0324	15.8	63.2 · 0.5	11.9 · 4.5	23.7 · 60	11.9 · 120
E94ASxE0474	22.3	80.4 · 0.5	15.1 · 4.5	30.2 · 60	15.1 · 120
E94ASxE0594	22.3	80.4 · 0.5	15.1 · 4.5	30.2 · 60	15.1 · 120
E94ASxE0864	39.1	70.4 · 0.5	29.3 · 4.5	58.7 · 60	29.3 · 120
E94ASxE1044	39.1	70.4 · 0.5	29.3 · 4.5	58.7 · 60	29.3 · 120

Tab. 7-3

## 400 V

Power supply $U_{Lr} = 400\text{ V}$		Cycle 1		Cycle 2	
Type	$P_{DC\ 100\%}$ [kW]	$P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{re} \cdot t_{re}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{re} \cdot t_{re}$ [kW] · [s]
<b>Supply modules (+ filter)</b>					
E94APNE0104	3.6	14.4 · 0.5	2.7 · 4.5	5.4 · 60	2.7 · 120
E94APNE0104 + E94AZMP0084	4.9	19.6 · 0.5	3.7 · 4.5	7.4 · 60	3.7 · 120
E94APNE0364	13.0	39.0 · 0.5	9.8 · 4.5	19.5 · 60	9.8 · 120
E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	17.5	52.5 · 0.5	13.1 · 4.5	26.3 · 60	13.1 · 120
E94APNE1004	36.2	72.4 · 0.5	32.2 · 4.5	54.3 · 60	27.2 · 120
E94APNE1004 + E94AZMP0824	48.6	97.2 · 0.5	43.2 · 4.5	72.9 · 60	36.5 · 120
E94APNE2454	88.6	133 · 0.5	83.7 · 4.5	133 · 60	66.4 · 120
E94APNE2454 + E94AZMP2004	119	179 · 0.5	112 · 4.5	179 · 60	89.0 · 120
<b>Regenerative power supply modules + filters</b>					
E94ARNE0134 + E94AZMR0264xDB	15.0	44.9 · 0.5	11.3 · 4.5	22.4 · 60	11.3 · 120
E94ARNE0244 + E94AZMR0474xDB	27.0	81.1 · 0.5	20.3 · 4.5	40.5 · 60	20.3 · 120
<b>Single Drives</b>					
E94ASxE0024	2.0	8.0 · 0.5	1.3 · 4.5	3.0 · 60	1.3 · 120
E94ASxE0034	2.0	8.0 · 0.5	1.3 · 4.5	3.0 · 60	1.3 · 120
E94ASxE0044	3.2	12.8 · 0.5	2.0 · 4.5	4.8 · 60	2.0 · 120
E94ASxE0074	5.7	17.1 · 0.5	3.5 · 4.5	8.6 · 60	3.5 · 120
E94ASxE0134	10.5	31.5 · 0.5	6.3 · 4.5	15.8 · 60	6.3 · 120
E94ASxE0174	13.1	39.3 · 0.5	8.0 · 4.5	19.7 · 60	8.0 · 120
E94ASxE0244	18.7	46.8 · 0.5	11.4 · 4.5	28.1 · 60	11.4 · 120
E94ASxE0324	26.7	64.1 · 0.5	20.0 · 4.5	40.1 · 60	20.0 · 120
E94ASxE0474	37.9	76.8 · 0.5	25.7 · 4.5	56.9 · 60	25.7 · 120
E94ASxE0594	37.9	76.8 · 0.5	25.7 · 4.5	56.9 · 60	25.7 · 120
E94ASxE0864	66.6	133 · 0.5	50.0 · 4.5	100 · 60	50.0 · 120
E94ASxE1044	66.6	133 · 0.5	50.0 · 4.5	100 · 60	50.0 · 120
E94ASxE1454	92.0	166 · 1.0	69.0 · 3.0	138 · 60	69.0 · 120
E94ASxE1724	109	196 · 1.0	81.8 · 3.0	164 · 60	81.8 · 120
E94ASxE2024	129	232 · 1.0	96.8 · 3.0	194 · 60	96.8 · 120
E94ASxE2454	156	281 · 1.0	117 · 3.0	234 · 60	117 · 120
E94ASxE2924	186	345 · 1.0	140 · 3.0	279 · 60	140 · 120
E94ASxE3664	233	419 · 1.0	175 · 3.0	350 · 60	175 · 120
E94ASxE4604	293	527 · 1.0	220 · 3.0	440 · 60	220 · 120
E94ASxE5724	364	655 · 1.0	273 · 3.0	546 · 60	273 · 120
E94ASxE6354	404	727 · 1.0	303 · 3.0	606 · 60	303 · 120
E94ASxE6954	442	796 · 1.0	332 · 3.0	663 · 60	332 · 120

Tab. 7-4

500 V

Power supply $U_{Lr} = 500\text{ V}$		Cycle 1		Cycle 2	
Type	$P_{DC\ 100\%}$ [kW]	$P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{re} \cdot t_{re}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{ol} \cdot t_{ol}$ [kW] · [s]	$P_{re} \cdot t_{re}$ [kW] · [s]
<b>Supply modules (+ filter)</b>					
E94APNE0104	4.5	18.0 · 0.5	3.4 · 4.5	6.8 · 60	3.4 · 120
E94APNE0104 + E94AZMP0084	6.1	24.4 · 0.5	4.6 · 4.5	9.2 · 60	4.6 · 120
E94APNE0364	16.3	48.9 · 0.5	12.2 · 4.5	24.5 · 60	12.2 · 120
E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	21.9	65.7 · 0.5	16.4 · 4.5	32.9 · 60	16.4 · 120
E94APNE1004	45.2	90.4 · 0.5	40.2 · 4.5	67.8 · 60	33.9 · 120
E94APNE1004 + E94AZMP0824	60.8	122 · 0.5	54.0 · 4.5	91.2 · 60	45.6 · 120
E94APNE2454	111	167 · 0.5	105 · 4.5	167 · 60	83.0 · 120
E94APNE2454 + E94AZMP2004	149	224 · 0.5	141 · 4.5	224 · 60	112 · 120
<b>Regenerative power supply modules + filters</b>					
E94ARNE0134 + E94AZMR0264xDB	18.6	56.1 · 0.5	14.0 · 4.5	28.0 · 60	14.0 · 120
E94ARNE0244 + E94AZMR0474xDB	33.8	101.4 · 0.5	25.4 · 4.5	50.7 · 60	25.4 · 120
<b>Single Drive</b>					
E94ASxE0024	2.5	10.0 · 0.5	1.4 · 4.5	3.8 · 60	1.4 · 120
E94ASxE0034	2.5	10.0 · 0.5	1.4 · 4.5	3.8 · 60	1.4 · 120
E94ASxE0044	4.1	16.4 · 0.5	2.2 · 4.5	6.2 · 60	2.2 · 120
E94ASxE0074	7.1	21.3 · 0.5	3.8 · 4.5	10.7 · 60	3.8 · 120
E94ASxE0134	13.0	39.0 · 0.5	6.9 · 4.5	19.5 · 60	6.9 · 120
E94ASxE0174	16.5	49.5 · 0.5	8.7 · 4.5	24.8 · 60	8.7 · 120
E94ASxE0244	23.4	58.5 · 0.5	12.5 · 4.5	35.1 · 60	12.5 · 120
E94ASxE0324	29.1	69.8 · 0.5	21.8 · 4.5	43.7 · 60	21.8 · 120
E94ASxE0474	41.3	82.6 · 0.5	31.0 · 4.5	62.0 · 60	31.9 · 120
E94ASxE0594	41.3	82.6 · 0.5	31.0 · 4.5	62.0 · 60	31.9 · 120
E94ASxE0864	72.7	145 · 0.5	54.5 · 4.5	109 · 60	54.5 · 120
E94ASxE1044	72.7	145 · 0.5	54.5 · 4.5	109 · 60	54.5 · 120
E94ASxE1454	115	207 · 10	86.3 · 30	173 · 60	86.3 · 120
E94ASxE1724	136	245 · 10	102 · 30	204 · 60	102 · 120
E94ASxE2024	160	288 · 10	120 · 30	240 · 60	120 · 120
E94ASxE2454	194	349 · 10	146 · 30	291 · 60	146 · 120
E94ASxE2924	232	418 · 10	174 · 30	348 · 60	174 · 120
E94ASxE3664	290	522 · 10	218 · 30	435 · 60	218 · 120
E94ASxE4604	365	657 · 10	274 · 30	548 · 60	274 · 120
E94ASxE5724	453	815 · 10	340 · 30	680 · 60	340 · 120
E94ASxE6354	503	905 · 10	377 · 30	755 · 60	377 · 120
E94ASxE6954	551	992 · 10	413 · 30	827 · 60	413 · 120

Tab. 7-5

## 7.4.3 DC-power requirements

Use the below tables to determine the power requirements of the devices used in the DC bus and the device-dependent power loss for the rated mains voltage  $U_{Lr}$ .

Power requirements $P_{ar}$ [W] with rated current			
Type	$U_{Lr} = 230\text{ V}$	$U_{Lr} = 400\text{ V}$	$U_{Lr} = 500\text{ V}$
<b>Multi Drives</b>			
E94AMxE0024	500	900	1000
E94AMxE0034	900	1600	1700
E94AMxE0044	1400	2500	2700
E94AMxE0074	2500	4400	4800
E94AMxE0094	3300	5800	6400
E94AMxE0134	4700	8100	8900
E94AMxE0174	5900	10300	11200
E94AMxE0244	8400	14700	16100
E94AMxE0324	11500	20000	20200
<b>Single Drives</b>			
E94ASxE0024	500	900	1000
E94ASxE0034	900	1600	1700
E94ASxE0044	1400	2500	2700
E94ASxE0074	2500	4400	4800
E94ASxE0134	4700	8100	8900
E94ASxE0174	5900	10300	11200
E94ASxE0244	8400	14700	16100
E94ASxE0324	11500	20000	21800
E94ASxE0474	16900	29300	32000
E94ASxE0594	19000	33100	40200
E94ASxE0864	30800	53600	58700
E94ASxE1044	37300	64800	70900
E94ASxE1454	-	90000	113000
E94ASxE1724	-	107000	134000
E94ASxE2024	-	126000	157000
E94ASxE2454	-	153000	191000
E94ASxE2924	-	182000	228000
E94ASxE3664	-	228000	285000
E94ASxE4604	-	287000	359000
E94ASxE5724	-	357000	446000
E94ASxE6354	-	396000	495000
E94ASxE6954	-	433000	542000

Tab. 7-6

Type	Power loss $P_V$ [W]			when controller is inhibited
	$U_{Lr} = 230\text{ V}$	$U_{Lr} = 400\text{ V}$	$U_{Lr} = 500\text{ V}$	
<b>Multi Drives</b>				
E94AMxE0024	65	80	95	40
E94AMxE0034	75	95	110	
E94AMxE0044	90	120	130	
E94AMxE0074	105	145	170	
E94AMxE0094	130	170	205	
E94AMxE0134	160	215	255	
E94AMxE0174	185	255	300	
E94AMxE0244	235	320	385	
E94AMxE0324	290	405	490	
<b>Single Drives</b>				
E94ASxE0024	70	90	105	40
E94ASxE0034	85	105	125	
E94ASxE0044	100	130	150	
E94ASxE0074	125	160	190	
E94ASxE0134	200	260	300	
E94ASxE0174	240	300	350	
E94ASxE0244	310	400	460	
E94ASxE0324	750	750	750	75
E94ASxE0474	1050	1050	1050	
E94ASxE0594	1100	1100	1100	100
E94ASxE0864	1500	1500	1500	
E94ASxE1044	1800	1800	1800	50
E94ASxE1454	-	2100	2100	
E94ASxE1724	-	2200	2200	50
E94ASxE2024	-	2600	2600	
E94ASxE2454	-	3300	3300	50
E94ASxE2924	-	4100	4100	
E94ASxE3664	-	4900	4900	100
E94ASxE4604	-	6200	6200	
E94ASxE5724	-	7200	7200	
E94ASxE6354	-	7700	7700	
E94ASxE6954	-	8700	8700	

## 7.4.4 DC fuses

When using the busbar system (X109/X110), fuse the busbar system in the installation backplane to protect the DC-bus connection. The DC-bus connection is protected against damage through a DC earth fault or short circuit in a device.

Controller (with installation backplane)/DC fuse assignment				
Type	Rated value [A]	Type	Size [mm] or size	Number per backplane
<b>Multi Drives</b>				
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	16	EFSAR0016ARHN	14 x 51	1
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	40	EFSAR0040ARHN	14 x 51	
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174 E94AMxE0244 E94AMxE0324	100	EFSAR0100ARZN	NH00 (screwable)	
<b>Single Drives</b> (can be retrofitted with E94AZJA0xx busbar mounting set))				
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034	16	EFSAR0016ARHN	14 x 51	1
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074	40	EFSAR0040ARHN	14 x 51	
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174 E94ASxE0244	100	EFSAR0100ARZN	NH00 (screwable)	

Tab. 7-7

For protection of the DC-bus system, the +UG/-UG cables are to be fused individually outside the devices. The DC-bus system is protected against damage by means of a DC earth fault or a defective device is protected with a short-circuit.

Controller/DC fuse assignment					
Type	Rated value [A]	Type	Size [mm] or size	Number per +UG/-UG	
<b>Multi Drives</b>					
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	20	EFSGR0200AYHz EFSGR0200AYIz	14 x 51 22 x 58	1	
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	32	EFSGR0320AYHz EFSGR0320AYIz	14 x 51 22 x 58		
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174	63	EFSGR0630AYIz	22 x 58		
E94AMxE0244 E94AMxE0324	100	EFSGR1000AYIz	22 x 58		
<b>Single Drives</b>					
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034	20	EFSGR0200AYHz EFSGR0200AYIz	14 x 51 22 x 58		1
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074	32	EFSGR0320AYHz EFSGR0320AYIz	14 x 51 22 x 58		
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174	63	EFSGR0630AYIz	22 x 58		
E94ASxE0244 E94ASxE0324 E94ASxE0474	100	EFSGR1000AYIz EFSGR1000ANVN	22 x 58 NH1		
E94ASxE0594 E94ASxE0864	200	EFSGR2000ANVN	NH1		
E94ASxE1044	250	EFSGR2500ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE1454	350	EFSGR3500ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	400	EFSGR4000ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE2454	500	EFSGR5000ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE2924	350	EFSGR3500ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE3664	400	EFSGR4000ANWN	NH2	2 (in parallel)	
E94ASxE4604	500	EFSGR5000ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE5724	400	EFSGR4000ANWN	NH2		
E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	500	EFSGR5000ANWN	NH2	3 (in parallel)	

Tab. 7-8

z K = indicator, N = no indicator

Fuse size	Fuse holder	
	2-pole	1-pole
14 x 51	EFH20005	EFH10005
22 x 58	EFH20007	EFH10004
NH1, NH2	Use standard commercially available ones	

Tab. 7-9

If DC fuses have been triggered due to a fault, fuses upstream from other devices may have been damaged beforehand. In this case, we recommend that they be replaced.



### Warnings!

For installation to UL, select approved fuses with the same tripping characteristic and a suitable voltage class.

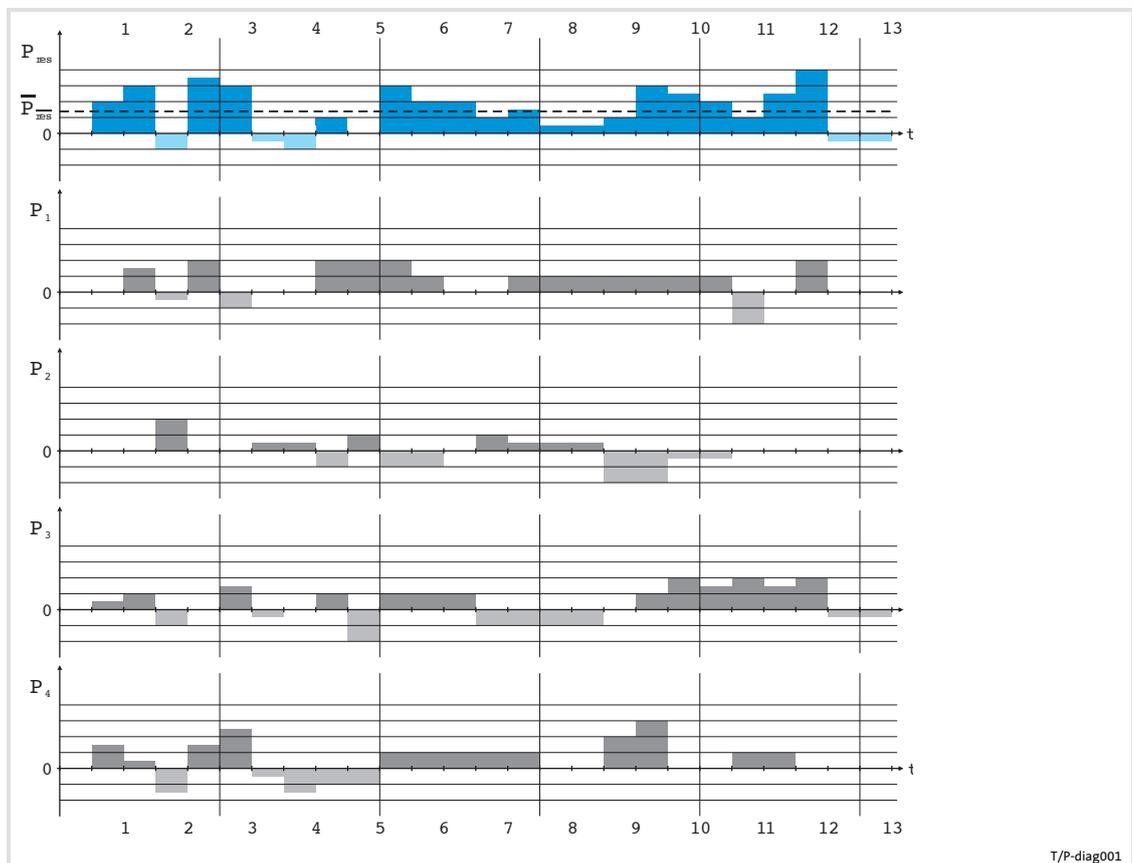
7.5 Basic dimensioning

7.5.1 General information

The Drive Solution Designer (DSD) PC software helps you to dimension your drive network. For expert advice, you may also contact your Lenze sales representative when dimensioning your application.

**Time/performance diagram**

For determining the performance of your drive network, create a time/performance diagram for all axes for a complete machine cycle. The power requirements of the drive network are calculated by adding the individual performances occurring at the same time. Positive results show the AC requirements for the dimensioning of the power supply units. Negative results show the brake power to be dissipated via brake choppers at the brake resistor.



Tab. 7-10 Example time/performance diagram

$P_1 \dots P_4$	Individual performances of axes 1 ... 4
$P_{total}$	Addition of the individual performances
$\overline{P_{total}}$	Average of the individual performances

## DC-bus operation

Basic dimensioning  
Power distribution of controllers

Use the time/performance diagram to optimise the DC-bus performance of all axes for a complete machine cycle.

### Utilisation factor

Please consider the utilisation factors when determining  $P_{DCtotal}$ . Reduce the power requirements if the rated power is not fully used.

### Simultaneity factor

Please consider the simultaneity factor when determining  $P_{DCtotal}$ . Reduce the power requirements if the drives do not run simultaneously or in opposite direction (braking).

### Braking

After determining the brake power  $P_{BRtotal}$ , ensure that the brake power can be provided by the brake choppers and brake resistors in the DC bus.

### Other conditions

The power supply unit must be able to provide the required power (arithmetic mean).

The overload requirements must be within the permissible range:

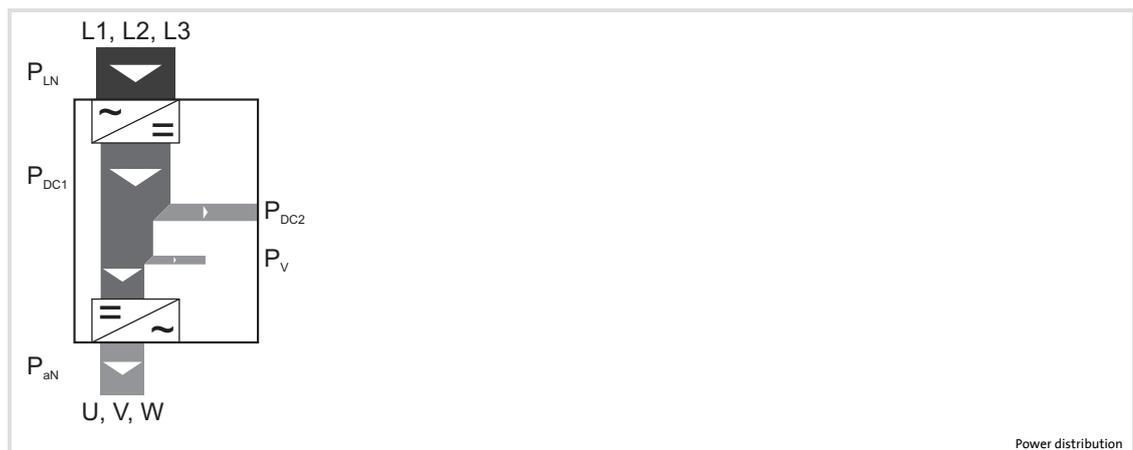
(📖 7.4.2)

- ▶ 3-min cycle (1 min overload with 150 %/2 min recovery time with 75 %)
- ▶ 5-s cycle (0.5 s overload and 4.5 s recovery time with 75 %)

For detailed information on the overload capacity, please see the Technical data.

### 7.5.2 Power distribution of controllers

In a DC-bus operation, the power from the AC mains is stored in the DC bus and consumed by several controllers. Drive groups with non-synchronous power consumption, partial load or excess energy from braking operations are suitable for establishing a DC-bus connection.



L1, L2, L3	Mains connection (3/PE AC)
$P_{Lr}$	Input mains power
$P_{DC1}$	Total DC-bus power
$P_{DC2}$	DC-bus power available for the DC bus
$P_{loss}$	Power loss
$P_{ar}$	Output power
U, V, W	Motor connection

### 7.5.3 Motor efficiency

For determining the power requirements, you have to consider the shaft power  $P_{shaft}$  and the motor efficiency. The motor efficiency can be found under the motor data.

### 7.5.4 Power loss of devices

When determining the power requirements, the power loss of the devices must be considered (Tab. 7-6).

### 7.5.5 Determining the power requirements

For determining the power requirements of the drive system you need to know the rated power of the motors and their efficiency as well as the power losses of the controllers. The power requirements are calculated with the following formula:

$$P_{DCtotal} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left\{ \frac{(P_{shaft})_i}{\eta_i} + (P_{loss})_i \right\}$$

$P_{DCtotal}$	Total power required by the drive system
$P_{shaft}$	Rated power of a connected motor
$P_{loss}$	Power loss of a controller
$\eta$	Motor efficiency
$i$	Index variable for device identification
$n$	Number of devices in the drive system

The supply unit must be able to supply the calculated power requirements.

For application examples, please see 7.7 .

### 7.5.6 Determining the regenerative power requirements

With the regenerative power supply modules of the "Servo Drives 9400" series, power regeneration into the AC mains is possible. Use the determined regenerative power for the dimensioning of the regenerative power supply module.

**7.5.7 Cable protection**

In case of interferences, the cables have to be adequately protected (7.4.4).

Please consider the following when dimensioning the DC bus for a plant or machine:

- ▶ Mains fuses can be used to protect the DC cables if the wiring is designed for 122 % of the rated fuse current. Otherwise, the cable protection for the DC cables must be specially determined.
- ▶ Select the fuses for the currents resulting from power  $P_{DC100\%}$ . Please observe the standards and regulations applicable for the particular location and application.
- ▶ Fuse the DC-supply modules according to the Technical data on the AC mains side.
- ▶ The DC outputs of the supply modules need not be fused if all connected controllers are fused in accordance with the specifications.
- ▶ "Multi Drive" controllers are default equipped with a fuse in the installation backplane. The fuse is only effective if the DC busbar is used. In this case, a single pole fusing against short-circuit is sufficient.
- ▶ "Single Drive" controllers can be retrofit with a fuse in the mounting backplane. The fuse will only be effective if the DC busbar is used. In this case, a single-pole fusing against short-circuit is sufficient.  
For retrofitting, use the E94AZJA0xx busbar mounting set.
- ▶ If the DC bus is wired via the terminals +UG/-UG, always select a 2-pole cable protection.

**7.5.8 Filters**

The following filters can be used for the DC-supply modules.

Mains filter		DC power supply module	
Type	Device size	Type	Device size
E94AZMP0084	2	E94APNE0104	1
E94AZMP0294	3	E94APNE0364	3
E94AZMP0824	4	E94APNE1004	4
E94AZMP2004	5	E94APNE2454	5

The mains filters are designed for the following conditions:

- ▶ 10 interconnected devices,
- ▶ each with a 50 m motor cable,
- ▶ EMC category C2.

RFI filter		DC power supply module	
Type	Device size	Type	Device size
E94AZRP0084	1	E94APNE0104	1
E94AZRP0294	1	E94APNE0364	3
E94AZRP0824	4	E94APNE1004	4
E94AZRP2004	4	E94APNE2454	5

The RFI filters are designed for the following conditions:

- ▶ 6 interconnected devices,
- ▶ each with a 10 m motor cable,
- ▶ EMC category C2.

In applications with a different number of interconnected devices or different motor cable lengths, the filters may have to be specially dimensioned.



**Note!**

To observe EMC category C2, measures must be carried out on the device-internal EMC filters of the drive components in the network system. The measures for the individual devices are described in the chapter "Wiring", section "Earthing of internal EMC filters".

When using the mains filters assigned, conditions must be observed for compliance with EMC class C2:

- ▶ The measures for the use on IT systems must be applied to all axis modules in the interconnection (separation of internal filter components from PE).
- ▶ The maximum sum total of all motor cable lengths ( $\Sigma l_{\text{mot}}$ ) for the filter used must be observed.

### Motor cable lengths in the interconnection

The assigned filters are designed for  $\Sigma I_{\text{mot}}$  for 6 axis modules (E94AZRP...: 60 m (= 6 x 10 m), E94AZMP...: 600 m (= 6 x 100 m)).

For a different number of axis modules,  $\Sigma I_{\text{mot}}$  can be determined from the following diagrams.

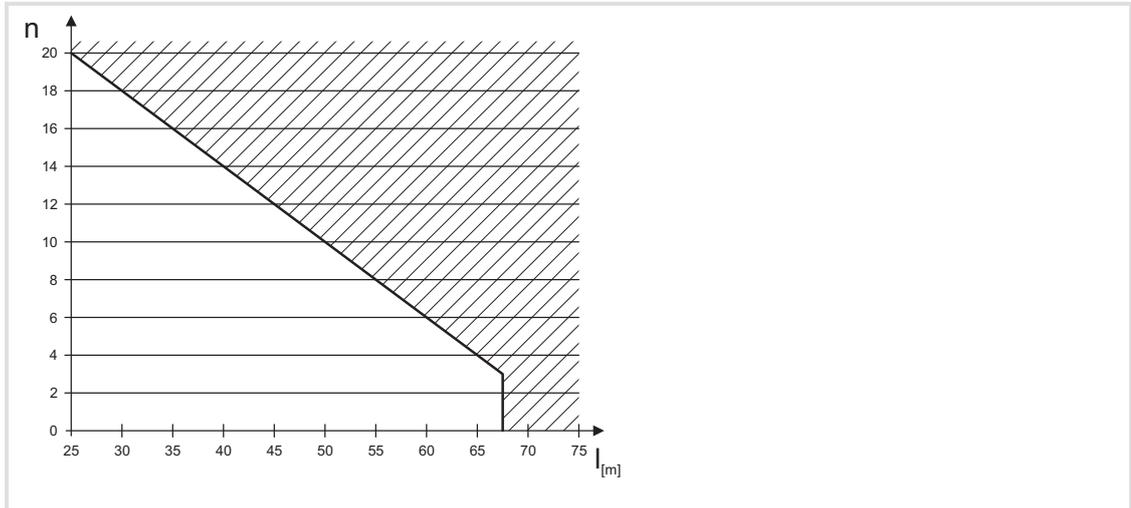


Fig. 7-2 Filter E94AZRP...: Sum total of motor cable lengths as a function of the number of axis modules

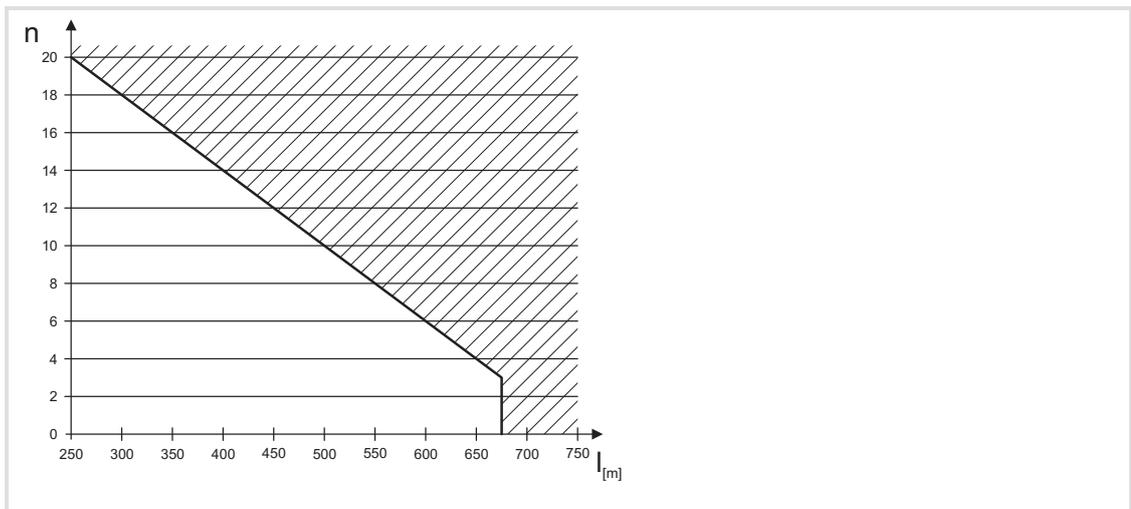


Fig. 7-3 Filter E94AZMP...: Sum total of motor cable lengths as a function of the number of axis modules

**Constellations with unfavourable or intensifying parasitic couplings**

Compliance with EMC category C2 may also be interfered with by other circumstances:

- ▶ Distribution of the axis modules over several control cabinets without efficient HF equipotential bonding between the mounting plates
- ▶ No use of Lenze system cables or cables with the same specifications
- ▶ Poor connection of motor cable shields
- ▶ Motor cable interruptions
- ▶ Other interference sources (e.g. switched-mode power supplies)
- ▶ Isochronous switching of the inverter output stages

With different motor cable lengths, per axis at least 25 % of the longest cable must be considered when calculating the total motor cable length.

Example: 1		Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]	
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1	6	0.25 * 20 = 5	6
2 ... 4	3 * 10		3 * 10
5	20		20
<b>Total</b>	56	max. permissible for 5 axes: $\Sigma < 60$	<b>56</b>
EMC class C2 will be complied with.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Example 2		Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]	
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 4	4 * 5	0.25 * 40 = 10	4 * 10
5	40		40
<b>Total</b>	60	max. permissible for 5 axes: $\Sigma < 60$	<b>80</b>
EMC class C2 will not be complied with.			<input type="checkbox"/>

Example: 3		Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]	
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 3	3 * 100	0.25 * 100 = 25	3 * 100
4	50		50
5 ... 10	6 * 15		6 * 25
<b>Total</b>	410	max. permissible for 10 axes: $\Sigma < 500$	<b>500</b>
EMC class C2 will be complied with.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Example: 4		Motor cable length $l_{mot}$ [m]	
Axis	Actual value	min. 25 % of the longest cable	To be considered
1 ... 4	4 * 100	0.25 * 100 = 25	4 * 100
5 ... 10	6 * 15		6 * 25
<b>Total</b>	490	max. permissible for 10 axes: $\Sigma < 500$	<b>550</b>
EMC class C2 will not be complied with.			<input type="checkbox"/>

### 7.5.9

#### Cables

Select the cable cross-sections for the currents resulting from power  $P_{DC100\%}$ . Please observe the standards and regulations applicable for the particular location and application.

## 7.6 Braking operation in a drive system

### 7.6.1 Basic considerations

If the regenerative power of a drive exceeds the storage capacity of the DC bus, the excessive energy must be consumed or dissipated. Target of the DC bus is to use the excessive energy for other axes.

Check for all DC-bus operations if the brake power provided by the brake choppers is high enough for the maximum regenerative power that may occur. If necessary, controllers with an integrated brake chopper (single-axis controller instead of a multi-axis controller) must be integrated into the drive system to increase the brake power.

If several brake choppers are used, the following conditions must be met:

- ▶ The thresholds of the brake choppers must be the same for all controllers.
- ▶ The brake choppers of several controllers are independent of each other. The brake choppers are protected by changing the duty cycle or switching them off temporarily. They are automatically switched on again.
- ▶ The limiting monitorings must be considered when dimensioning the continuous brake power for the DC bus:
  - Brake chopper monitoring
  - Brake resistor monitoring
- ▶ The temperature monitoring of the brake resistors must lead to power-off, otherwise the brake resistors or devices may be destroyed.
- ▶ The peak brake power can be used for 0.5 s in 5-s cycles.

# 7 DC-bus operation

## Application examples

### Example 1

## 7.7 Application examples

### 7.7.1 Example 1 - supply module with multi-axis controllers

Assumptions:

- ▶ 400 V, 3 AC/PE
- ▶ 7 axes in 2 power categories
- ▶ no particular dynamic performance requirements

The following motors (Mx) are selected:

Index	Motor type	Rated power [kW]	Efficiency	Rated current [A]
M1 ... M5	MCS14H15	2.5	0.92	6.6
M6 ... M7	MCS09F38	1.2	0.90	2.5

For the above motor data, the following controllers (Gx) are selected:

Index	Controller	Rated power [kW]	Typical motor power [kW]	Power loss P <sub>I</sub> [kW]	Rated current [A]
G1 ... G5	E94AMxE0074	4.8	3.0	0.19	7.0
G6 ... G7	E94AMxE0034	1.7	0.75	0.12	2.5

The power required by the drive system is determined with the below formula (☞ 7.5.5):

$$P_{DCtotal} = 5 * (2.5 \text{ kW} / 0.92 + 0.19 \text{ kW}) + 2 * (1.2 \text{ kW} / 0.90 + 0.12 \text{ kW})$$

$$P_{DCtotal} = 17.4 \text{ kW}$$

The calculated power requirement is used to select the supply module:

Index	Supply module (+ mains filter)	Rated power (P <sub>DC100%</sub> ) [kW]
V1	E94APNE0364 + E94AZMP0294	17.5

Note: Only the supply module with mains filter reaches the required power.

Checking the power efficiency:

With 17.5 kW > 17.4 kW, P<sub>DC100%</sub> > P<sub>DCtotal</sub>.

Select cables and fuses in accordance with the Technical data.

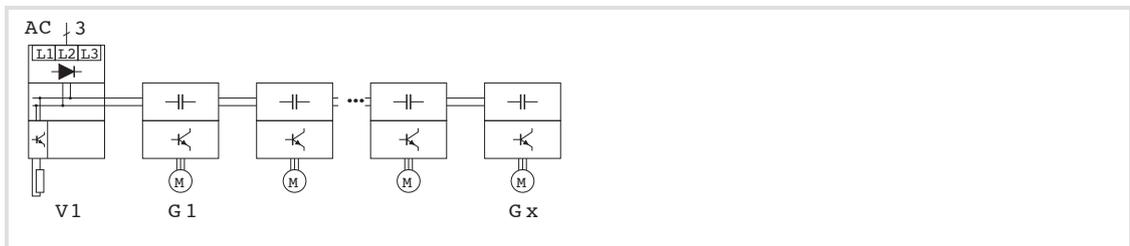


Fig. 7-4 Basic circuit diagram

### 7.7.2 Example 2 - single-axis controller with multi axes

Assumptions:

- ▶ 400 V, 3 AC/PE
- ▶ 4 axes in 3 power categories
- ▶ no particular dynamic performance requirements

The following motors (Mx) are selected:

Index	Motor type	Rated power [kW]	Efficiency	Rated current [A]
M1	MCS19P30	10.0	0.93	19
M2	MCS14H15	2.5	0.92	6.6
M3 ... M4	MCS09F38	1.2	0.90	2.5

For the above motor data, the following controllers (Gx) are selected:

Index	Controller	Rated power [kW]	Typical motor power [kW]	Power loss P <sub>l</sub> [kW]	Rated current [A]
G1	E94ASxE0244	16.3	11.0	0.50	23.5
G2	E94AMxE0074	4.8	3.0	0.19	7.0
G3 ... G4	E94AMxE0034	1.7	0.75	0.12	2.5

The power required by the drive system is determined with the below formula (7.5.5):

$$P_{DCtotal} = (10 \text{ kW} / 0.93 + 0.50 \text{ kW}) + (2.5 \text{ kW} / 0.92 + 0.19 \text{ kW}) + 2 * (1.2 \text{ kW} / 0.90 + 0.12 \text{ kW})$$

$$P_{DCtotal} = 17.1 \text{ kW}$$

The calculated power requirement is used to select the single-axis controller with mains choke:

Index	Controller (+ mains choke)	Rated power (P <sub>DC100%</sub> ) [kW]
(G1)	E94ASxE0244 + E94AZMS0314	18.8

Note: Only the controller with mains choke reaches the required power.

Checking the power efficiency:

With 18.8 kW > 17.1 kW, P<sub>DC100%</sub> > P<sub>DCtotal</sub>.

Select cables and fuses in accordance with the Technical data.

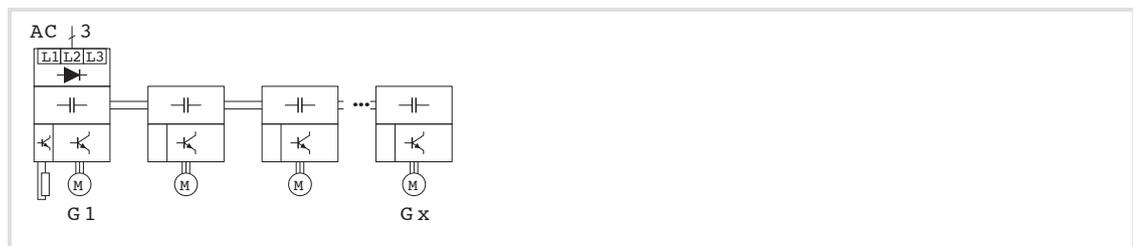


Fig. 7-5 Basic circuit diagram

## 8 Accessories (overview)

Overview  
System overview

## 8 Accessories (overview)



### Note!

You can find additional information on the accessories in the catalogue to this product series.

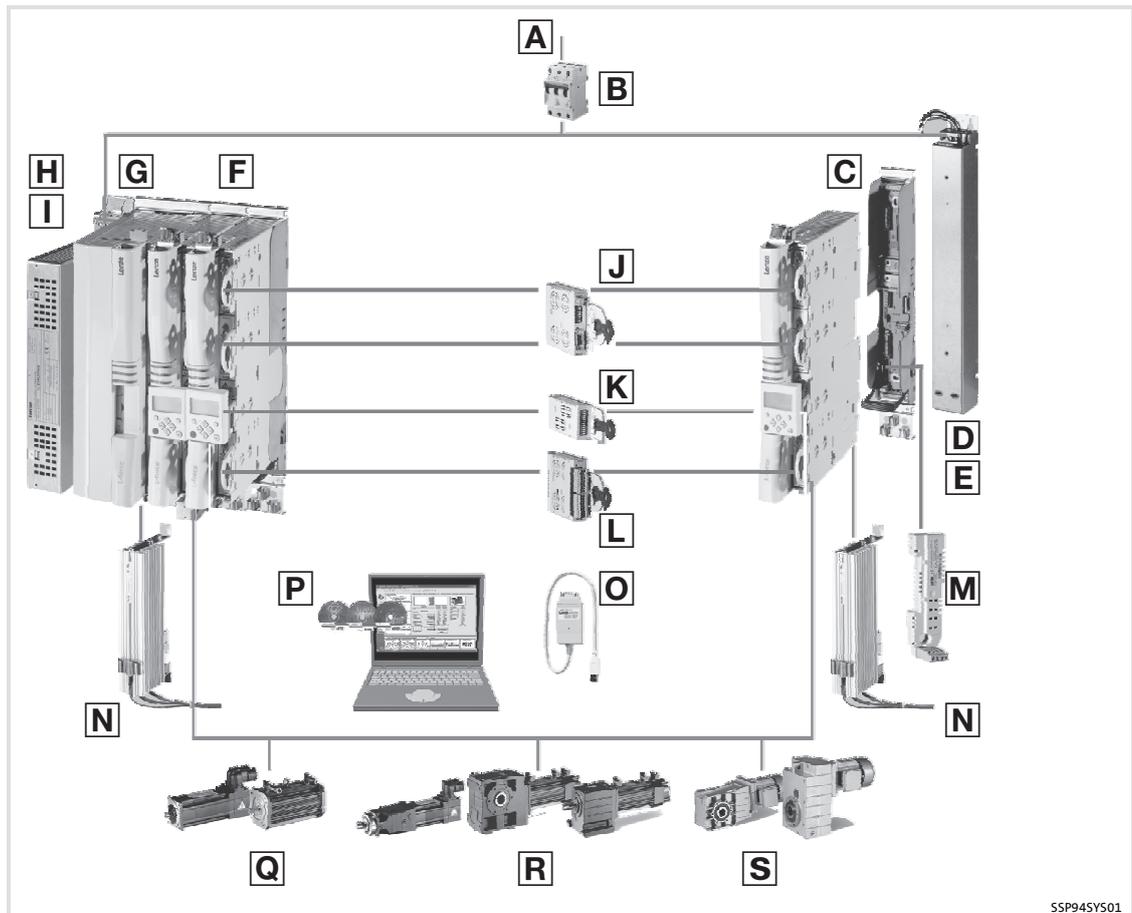
### 8.1 Overview

#### 8.1.1 System overview

The following figure shows the most important components for the implementation of a drive system with the Servo Drives 9400 product range.

On the way from the mains connection to the motor, you can see the basic principle of a drive system on the left path. On the right path, the basic principle of a single-axis drive is described.

In accordance with the requirements of your drive solution, your drive system can be equipped or extended with specially adapted components.



SSP945YS01

- A** Mains voltage 3/PE AC 180 ... 550 V ±0 % or 3/PE AC 380 ... 550 V ±0 %  
(depending on the device size/device power)
- B** Mains fusing (not contained in the delivery programme)
- C** Single Drives 9400 ☞ 30  
and corresponding installation backplanes
- D** Mains filter for Single Drives 9400 ☞ 529
- E** RFI filter for Single Drives 9400 ☞ 553
- F** Multi Drives 9400 ☞ 159  
and corresponding installation backplanes
- G** Power supply modules 9400 ☞ 222, ☞ 276  
(for DC bus installations with Multi Drives 9400)
- H** Mains filter for power supply modules 9400 ☞ 535
- I** RFI filter for power supply modules 9400 ☞ 563
- Equipment for all axis modules (device-dependent options):**
- J** Communication modules and extension modules ☞ 360
- K** Memory modules ☞ 413
- L** Safety modules ☞ 422
- M** Motor holding brake control modules ☞ 441
- N** Brake resistors ☞ 597
- O** Diagnostic adapters ☞ 496
- P** L-force Engineer (software)
- Q** Servo motors (motor catalogue)
- R** Geared servo motors (“)
- S** Standard geared motors (“)
- Motor cables/system cables  
(manual "System cables")

## 8 Accessories (overview)

### Overview Assignment of accessories

#### 8.1.2 Assignment of accessories

With the accessories available, the standard devices of the controllers of the Servo Drives 9400 series are directly equipped with functions, interfaces, etc. required for specific drive solutions.

The following overview shows the accessories assigned to the controllers and power supply modules.

Accessories	Single Drive			Multi Drive	Power supply modules		VR modules	Page
	Device size GG			GG	GG		GG	
	1 ... 3	6 ... 7	8S ... 10	1 ... 3	1 & 3	4 & 5	1 & 3	
<b>Field</b>								
<b>Designation</b>								
<b>Device modules</b>								
Communication modules								
CANopen®	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	from 360
DeviceNet™	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
Ethernet 2 port	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
EtherNet/IP™	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
POWERLINK	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
POWERLINK CN	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
EtherCAT®	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
PROFIBUS®	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
PROFINET®	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
INTERBUS	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
Function modules								
Digital frequency	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	from 407
Cover module	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
Memory modules 1)								
MM220	---	---	---	---	---	---	+	from 413
MM330	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	
MM340	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	
MM430	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	
MM440	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	
Safety modules 1)								
SM0	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	from 422
SM100	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	
SM301	+	+	+	+	---	---	---	
Motor holding brake control modules								
28 V intern. installation backplane	+	---	---	+	---	---	---	from 441
28 V intern. device	---	+	+	---	---	---	---	
180 V extern. (installation backplane)	+	-	-	+	---	---	---	
180 V intern. device	---	+	+	---	---	---	---	
205 V extern. (installation backplane)	+	-	-	+	---	---	---	
205 V intern. device	---	+	+	+	---	---	---	
<b>Filters</b>								
Mains filters								
E94AZMSxxxx	+	+	---	---	---	---	---	from 529

Accessories	Single Drive			Multi Drive	Power supply modules		VR modules	Page
	Device size GG			GG	GG		GG	
	1 ... 3	6 ... 7	8S ... 10	1 ... 3	1 & 3	4 & 5	1 & 3	
<b>Field</b>								
<b>Designation</b>								
E94AZMPxxxx	---	---	---	---	+	+	---	
E94AZMRxxxxSDB	---	---	---	---	---	---	+	
E94AZMRxxxxLDB	---	---	---	---	---	---	+	
<b>RFI filters</b>								
E94AZRSxxxx	+	+	---	---	---	---	---	from 553
E94AZRPxxxx	---	---	---	---	+	+	---	
<b>Sinusoidal filters</b>								
EZS3-xxxA200	+	+	-	-	---	---	---	from 575
<b>Installation accessories</b>								
<b>EMC kit</b>								
E94A...	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	from 594
<b>Busbar mounting sets</b>								
E94AZJA003	+	---	---	^	---	---	---	from 519
E94AZJA007	+	---	---	^	---	---	---	
E94AZJA024	+	---	---	^	---	---	---	
<b>Input module</b>								
E94AZEX100	+	o	o	+	+	+	+	from 510
<b>Brake resistors</b>								
ERBxxxxRxxxW	+	+	+	---	+	+	+	from 597
<b>Diagnostics</b>								
<b>PC connection</b>								
E94ACUS USB adapter	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	from 496
<b>Keypad</b>								
E94AZKAE keypad	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
E94AZKHT hand-held terminal	+	+	+	+	---	---	+	
<b>24 V DC power supply units</b>								
EZV1200-000	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	from 614
EZV2400-000	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
EZV4800-000	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
EZV1200-001	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
EZV2400-001	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
EZV4800-001	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<b>DC fuses</b>								
EFSARxxxxARHN	+	---	---	+	---	---	---	
EFSGRxxxxAYxz	---	+	---	---	---	---	---	
EFSGRXXXXANVN	---	---	+	---	---	---	---	
EFSGRXXXXANWN	---	---	+	---	---	---	---	
<b>System cables</b>								
see manual "System cables"	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

- 1) Component from this range is absolutely necessary  
+ Can be used without restrictions  
o Can be used with restrictions  
- Can be used, but check alternative  
^ Already included  
--- No use

**8.2 Type-specific accessories**

Accessories for L-force 9400:

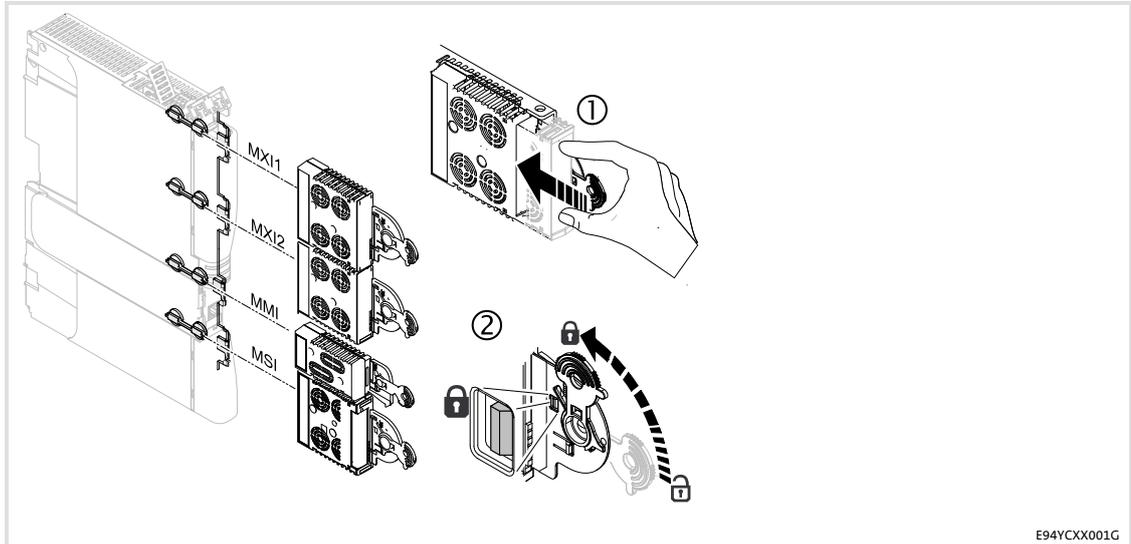
- ▶ Device modules - for different functional areas
  - communication
    - CANopen® E94AYCCA (📖 400)
    - DeviceNet™ E94AYCDN
    - Ethernet (📖 364)
      - Ethernet 2 Port E94AYCEN
      - EtherNet/IP™ E94AYCEO
      - ETHERNET Powerlink hub
    - POWERLINK E94AYCEP
    - POWERLINK CN E94AYCEC
    - EtherCAT® E94AYCET
    - PROFIBUS® E94AYCPM
    - PROFINET® E94AYCER
    - INTERBUS E94AYCIB
  - Extension
    - Digital frequency E94AYFLF
  - Memory
    - MM220 E94AYM220 (only regenerative power supply modules)
    - MM330 E94AYM330 (minimum equipment)
    - MM340 E94AYM340
    - MM430 E94AYM430
    - MM440 E94AYM440
  - Safety
    - SM0 E94AYAA (minimum equipment, if no safety functions are required)
    - SM100 E94AYAB
    - SM301 E94AYAE
- ▶ Keypad E94AKZAE
- ▶ USB diagnostic adapter E94AZCUS
- ▶ DC-feeding point E94AZEX100
- ▶ Mains filter E94AZ...
- ▶ RFI filter
- ▶ Sine filter
- ▶ Brake resistors
- ▶ Prefabricated, ready-for-use system cables
- ▶ Motors with electronic nameplate (ENP)
- ▶ Gearboxes with reduced backlash

- ▶ **Motor brake control module**
- ▶ **Busbar mounting sets** (for retrofitting single-axis controllers for DC-bus operation)

## 8.3

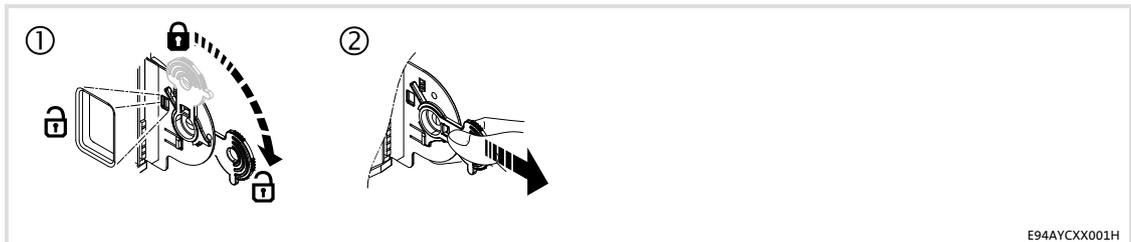
## Communication modules

## Mounting



E94YCX001G

## Dismounting



E94AYCX001H

## Safety instructions

**Danger!**

Inappropriate handling of the communication module and the standard device can cause serious personal injury and material damage.

Observe the safety instructions and residual hazards described in the documentation for the standard device.

**Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.



**Stop!**

The communication module contains electronic components that may be damaged or destroyed through electrostatic discharge.

Take appropriate measures to protect the components before touching the communication module.

## 8.3.1 Possible device module combinations

Communication and extension modules can be used to adapt the Servo Drives 9400 to the machine requirements. For this, the HighLine version is equipped with module slots MXI1 and MXI2.

The following possible combinations are permissible:

MXI2	MXI1										
	E94AYFLF	E94AYCCA	E94AYCDN	E94AYCET	E94AYCEN	E94AYCEP	E94AYCEC	E94AYCPM	E94AYCER	E94AYCEO	E94AYCIB
E94AYFLF	-	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCCA	☑	-	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCDN	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCET	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCEN	☑	☑	☑	☑	-	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCEP	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCEC	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCPM <sup>1)</sup>	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCER <sup>1)</sup>	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCEO	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
E94AYCIB	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑

☑ Permissible

- Not possible

1) PROFIsafe can only be used in MXI1

E94AYFLF	Digital frequency
E94AYCCA	CANopen
E94AYCDN	DeviceNet
E94AYCET	EtherCAT
E94AYCEN	Ethernet 2 port
E94AYCEP	Ethernet POWERLINKMaster
E94AYCEC	Ethernet POWERLINK slave
E94AYCPM	PROFIBUS
E94AYCER	PROFINET
E94AYCEO	EtherNet/IP
E94AYCIB	INTERBUS

### 8.3.2 Ethernet interface

#### Ethernet cable specifications

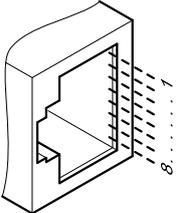


#### Note!

Only use cables complying with the below specifications.

Ethernet cable specifications	
Ethernet standard	Standard Ethernet (according to IEEE 802.3), 100base TX (fast Ethernet)
Cable type	S/FTP (Screened Foiled Twisted Pair), ISO/IEC 11801 or EN 50173, CAT 5e
Damping	23.2 dB (at 100 MHz and per 100 m)
Crosstalk damping	24 dB (at 100 MHz and per 100 m)
Return loss	10 dB (per 100 m)
Surge impedance	100 Ω

#### Ethernet connection

RJ45 socket	PIN	Signal
 <p>E94AYCXX004C</p>	1	Tx +
	2	Tx -
	3	Rx +
	4	-
	5	-
	6	Rx -
	7	-
	8	-



#### Note!

Plug/remove the Ethernet cable plug in a straight manner (at right angles) into/from the socket to make sure that the RJ45 socket will not be damaged.

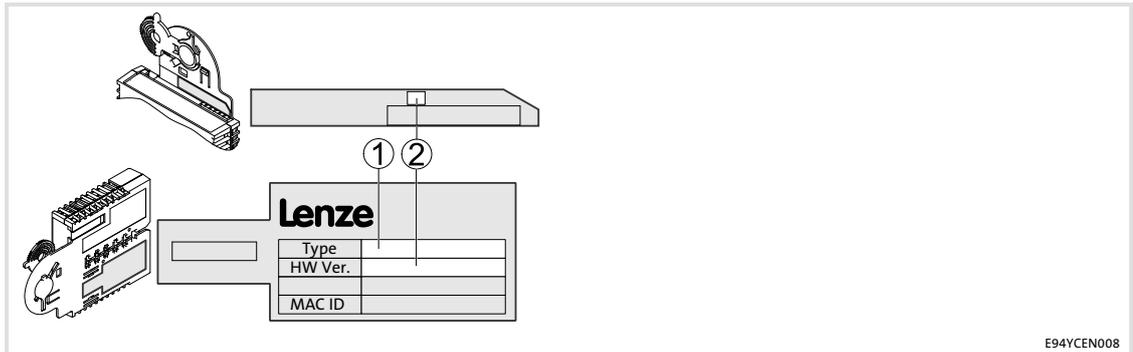
**8.3.2.1 Ethernet**

For detailed information, please see the Ethernet communication manual.

Quick introduction:

Type designation: E94AYCEN

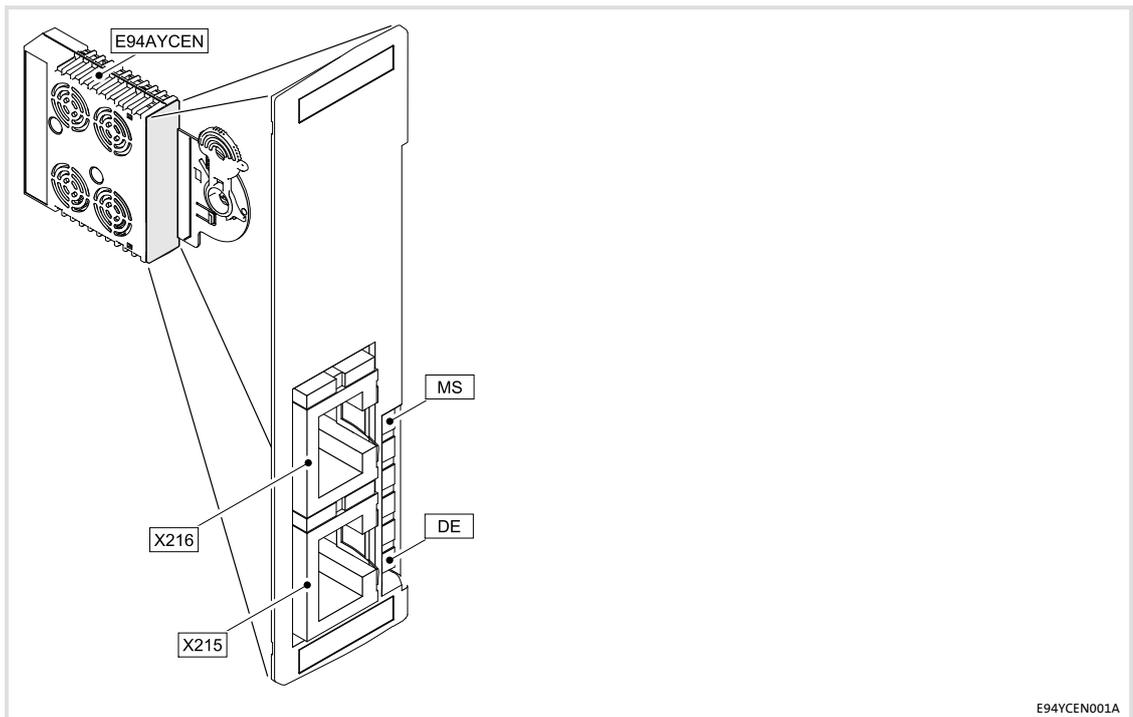
**Identification**



E94YCEN008

	①				②	
<b>Type code</b>	E94	A	Y	C	EN	Vx
Product series						
Device generation						
Module identification: extension module						
Module type: communication module						
Ethernet						
Hardware version						

**Scope of supply**



E94YCEN001A

**Connections**

Pos.	Description
X215	Ethernet connections
X216	Design: RJ45 socket to IEC 60603-7

**Displays**

LED			Description
Pos.	Colour	Condition	
MS	green	on	The communication module is supplied with voltage.
DE	red	on	The communication module is not accepted by the standard device (see notes provided in the instructions for the standard device).
<b>LEDs at connection X215/X216:</b>			
-	yellow	On / blinking	Data is being exchanged via Ethernet.
-	green	on	Ethernet connection is available.

**8.3.2.2 Ethernet POWERLINK**

Supported functionalities:

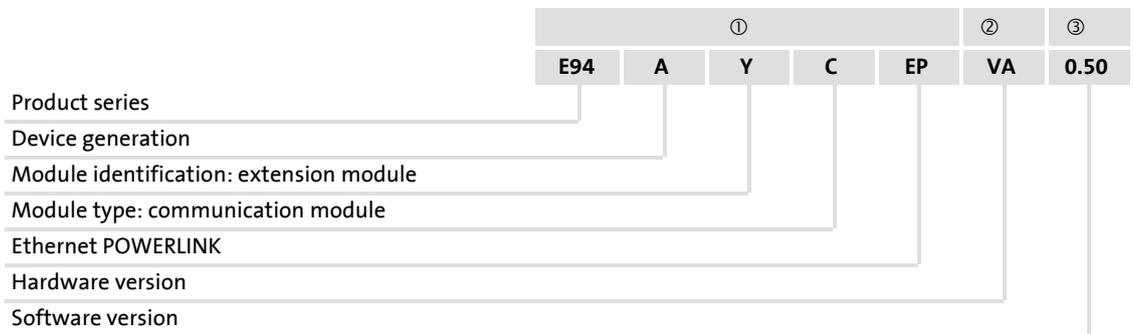
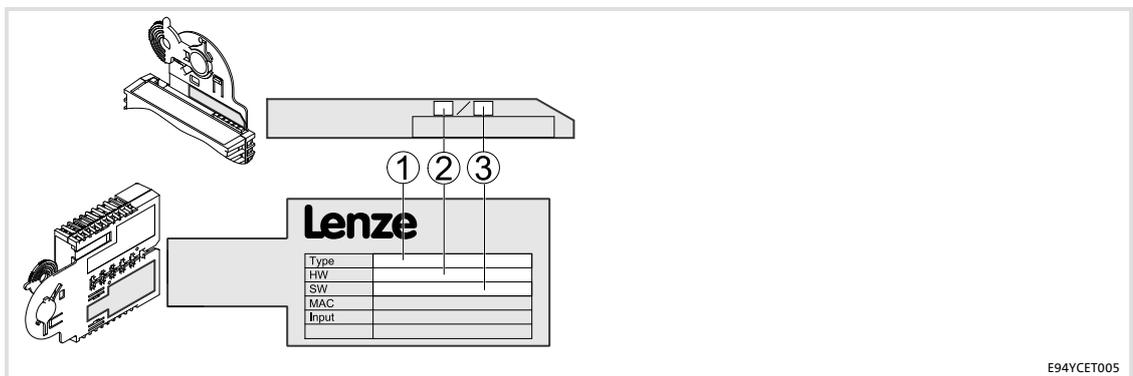
- ▶ Managing node (with up to 50 nodes)
- ▶ Controlled node

For detailed information, please see the Ethernet communication manual.

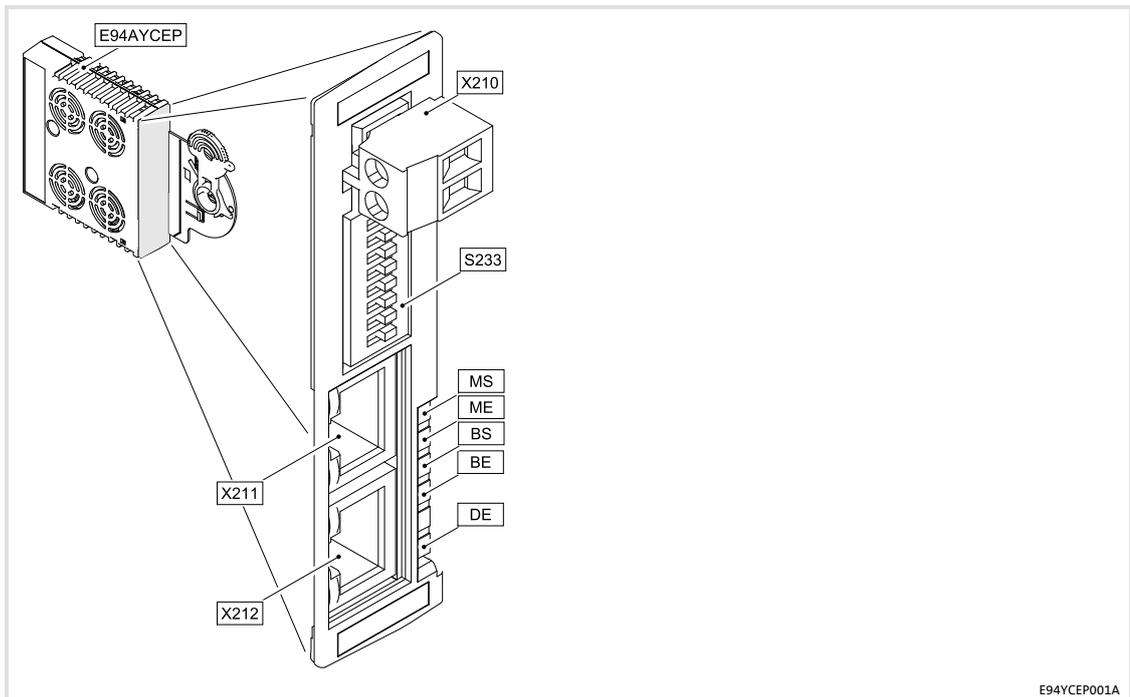
Quick introduction:

Type designation: E94AYCEP

**Identification**



**Scope of supply**



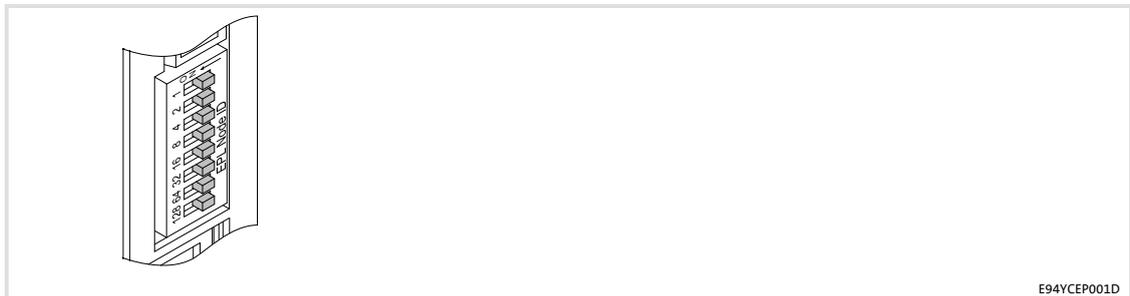
**Connections**

Pos.	Description
X210	Connection to the external supply of the communication module Design: plug connector with screw connection, 2-pole
X211	Connection for ETHERNET Powerlink
X212	Design: RJ45 socket in accordance with IEC 60603-7, with integrated LEDs

## Displays

LED			Description
Pos.	Colour	Condition	
MS	Green	Blinking	The communication module is supplied with voltage, but has no connection to the basic device (basic device is either switched off, in the initialisation phase, or not available).
		On	Communication module is supplied with voltage and has a connection to the standard device.
ME	Red	On	There is an error in the area of the communication module.
BS	Green	The LED functions are controlled by the NMT state machine.	
		Off	The communication module is not active at the fieldbus. Status NMT_CS_OFF, NMT_CS_INITIALISATION, NMT_CS_NOT_ACTIVE / NMT_MS_NOT_ACTIVE
			The Ethernet POWERLINK network is in the initialisation phase. (The LED flashes once per second.) Status NMT_CS_PREOPERATIONAL_1 / NMT_MS_PREOPERATIONAL_1
			The Ethernet POWERLINK network is in the initialisation phase with cyclic traffic. (The LED flashes twice per second.) Status NMT_CS_PREOPERATIONAL_2 / NMT_MS_PREOPERATIONAL_2
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node waits for the starting signal. (The LED flashes three times per second.) Status NMT_CS_READY_TO_OPERATE / NMT_MS_READY_TO_OPERATE
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node has not found any managing node and is in the "BASIC-Ethernet" operating mode. (The LED is blinking at a frequency of 10 Hz.) Status NMT_CS_BASIC_ETHERNET
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node is in the "Stopped" status. Waiting for disconnection. (The LED is blinking at a frequency of 2.5 Hz.) Status NMT_CS_STOPPED
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node is in the operating phase. (The LED is lit permanently.) Status NMT_CS_OPERATIONAL / NMT_MS_OPERATIONAL
BE	Red	On	There is a fieldbus error.
DE	Red	On	The communication module is not accepted by the standard device. See notes given in the documentation on the standard device.
Signalling at the RJ45 sockets (X211, X212):			
-	Red	On	An Ethernet POWERLINK collision is available.
-	Green	Off	No Ethernet POWERLINK connection
		On	Ethernet POWERLINK connection is available.
		Blinking	Active data communication via Ethernet POWERLINK

### DIP switch



Pos.	Description
S233	Node addressing: The node address results from the sum of all switches being set to "ON". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Example: Switches 32, 8, 4 = ON → address = 44</li> <li>● E94AYCEP address as master: 240</li> <li>● E94AYCEP address as slave:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 ... 100 with E94AYCEP as master</li> <li>1 ... 239 with another master</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



#### Note!

The Lenze setting of all switches is OFF.  
 Observe the information on how to set the node address in the ETHERNET Powerlink Communication Manual.

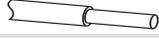
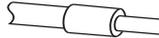
### External voltage supply

Supply the communication module via the connection X210 by means of a separate supply voltage.

Designation	Explanation
+	External voltage supply $U = 24 \text{ V DC (20.4 V - 0 \% \dots 28.8 V + 0 \%)}$ $I = 140 \text{ mA}$
-	Reference potential for external voltage supply

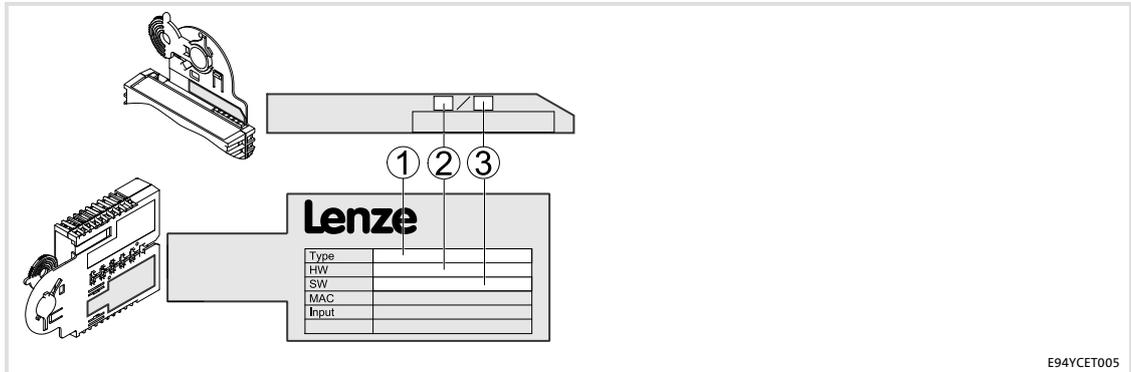
For greater distances between the control cabinets, use a power supply unit in each control cabinet.

## Screw terminal data

Area	Values
Electrical connection	Plug connector with screw connection
Possible connections	rigid:  1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	flexible:  without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	 with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	 with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
Tightening torque	0.5 ... 0.6 Nm (4.4 ... 5.3 lb-in)
Stripping length	6 mm

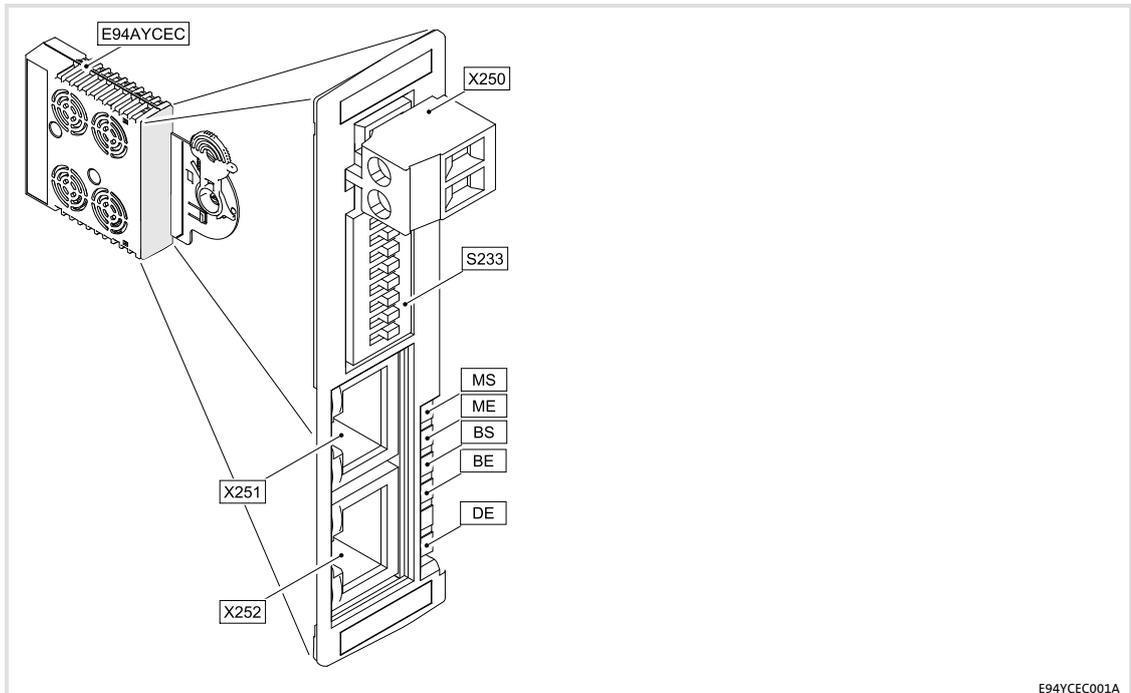
8.3.2.3 Ethernet POWERLINK slave

Identification



	①				②	③
Product series	E94	A	Y	C	EC	VC
Version						1.0
Module identification: extension module						
Module type: communication module						
ETHERNET Powerlink (CN)						
Hardware version						
Software version						

Scope of supply



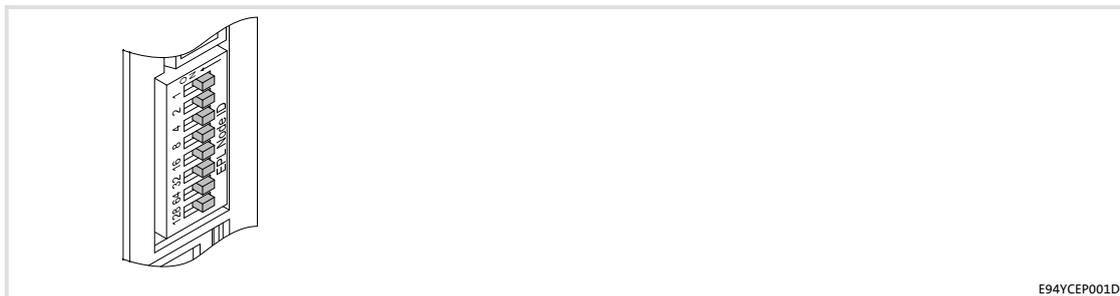
## Connections

Pos.	Description
X250	Connection to the external supply of the communication module Design: plug connector with screw connection, 2-pole
X251	Connection for ETHERNET Powerlink
X252	Design: RJ45 socket in accordance with IEC 60603-7, with integrated LEDs

## Displays

LED			
Pos.	Colour	Condition	Description
MS	Green	Blinking	The communication module is supplied with voltage, but has no connection to the basic device (basic device is either switched off, in the initialisation phase, or not available).
		On	Communication module is supplied with voltage and has a connection to the standard device.
ME	Red	On	There is an error in the area of the communication module.
BS	Green	The LED functions are controlled by the NMT state machine.	
		Off	The communication module is not active at the fieldbus. Status NMT_CS_OFF, NMT_CS_INITIALISATION, NMT_CS_NOT_ACTIVE / NMT_MS_NOT_ACTIVE
			The Ethernet POWERLINK network is in the initialisation phase. (The LED flashes once per second.) Status NMT_CS_PREOPERATIONAL_1 / NMT_MS_PREOPERATIONAL_1
			The Ethernet POWERLINK network is in the initialisation phase with cyclic traffic. (The LED flashes twice per second.) Status NMT_CS_PREOPERATIONAL_2 / NMT_MS_PREOPERATIONAL_2
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node waits for the starting signal. (The LED flashes three times per second.) Status NMT_CS_READY_TO_OPERATE / NMT_MS_READY_TO_OPERATE
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node has not found any managing node and is in the "BASIC-Ethernet" operating mode. (The LED is blinking at a frequency of 10 Hz.) Status NMT_CS_BASIC_ETHERNET
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node is in the "Stopped" status. Waiting for disconnection. (The LED is blinking at a frequency of 2.5 Hz.) Status NMT_CS_STOPPED
			The Ethernet POWERLINK node is in the operating phase. (The LED is lit permanently.) Status NMT_CS_OPERATIONAL / NMT_MS_OPERATIONAL
BE	Red	On	There is a fieldbus error.
DE	Red	On	The communication module is not accepted by the standard device. See notes given in the documentation on the standard device.
Signalling at the RJ45 sockets (X211, X212):			
-	Red	On	An Ethernet POWERLINK collision is available.
-	Green	Off	No Ethernet POWERLINK connection
		On	Ethernet POWERLINK connection is available.
		Blinking	Active data communication via Ethernet POWERLINK

## DIP switch



Pos.	Description
S233	<p>Node addressing: The node address results from the sum of all switches being set to "ON".</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Example: Switches 32, 8, 4 = ON → address = 44</li> <li>• Address area: 1 ... 100 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 ... 100 with E94AYCEP as master</li> <li>1 ... 239 with another master</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



### Note!

The Lenze setting of all switches is OFF.  
Observe the information on how to set the node address in the ETHERNET Powerlink Communication Manual.

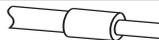
## External voltage supply

Supply the communication module via the connection X210 by means of a separate supply voltage.

Designation	Explanation
+	<p>External voltage supply U = 24 V DC (20.4 V - 0 % ... 28.8 V + 0 %) I = 140 mA</p>
-	Reference potential for external voltage supply

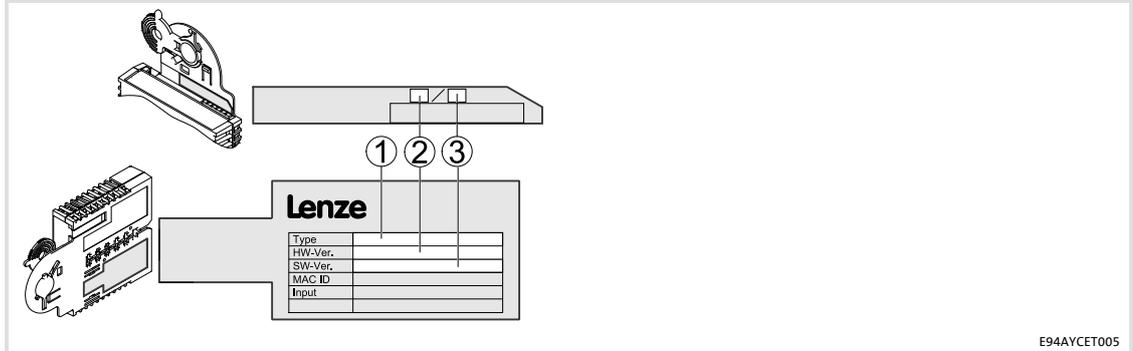
For greater distances between the control cabinets, use a power supply unit in each control cabinet.

## Screw terminal data

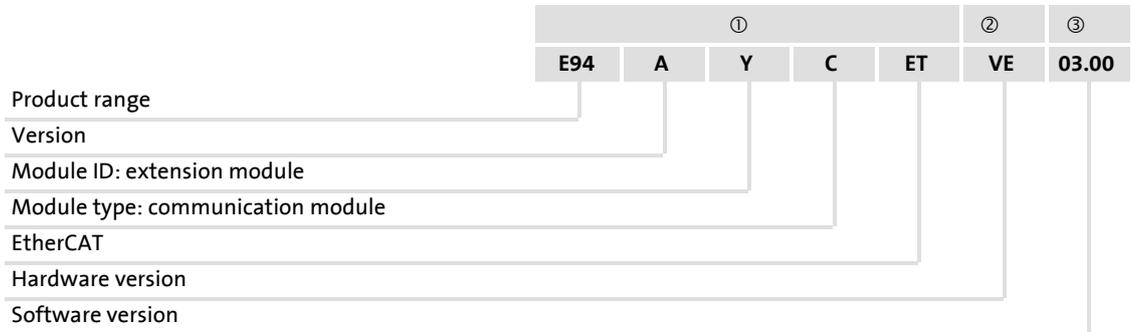
Area	Values
Electrical connection	Plug connector with screw connection
Possible connections	<p>rigid:</p>  1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	<p>flexible:</p>  without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	 with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	 with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
Tightening torque	0.5 ... 0.6 Nm (4.4 ... 5.3 lb-in)
Stripping length	6 mm

8.3.2.4 EtherCAT

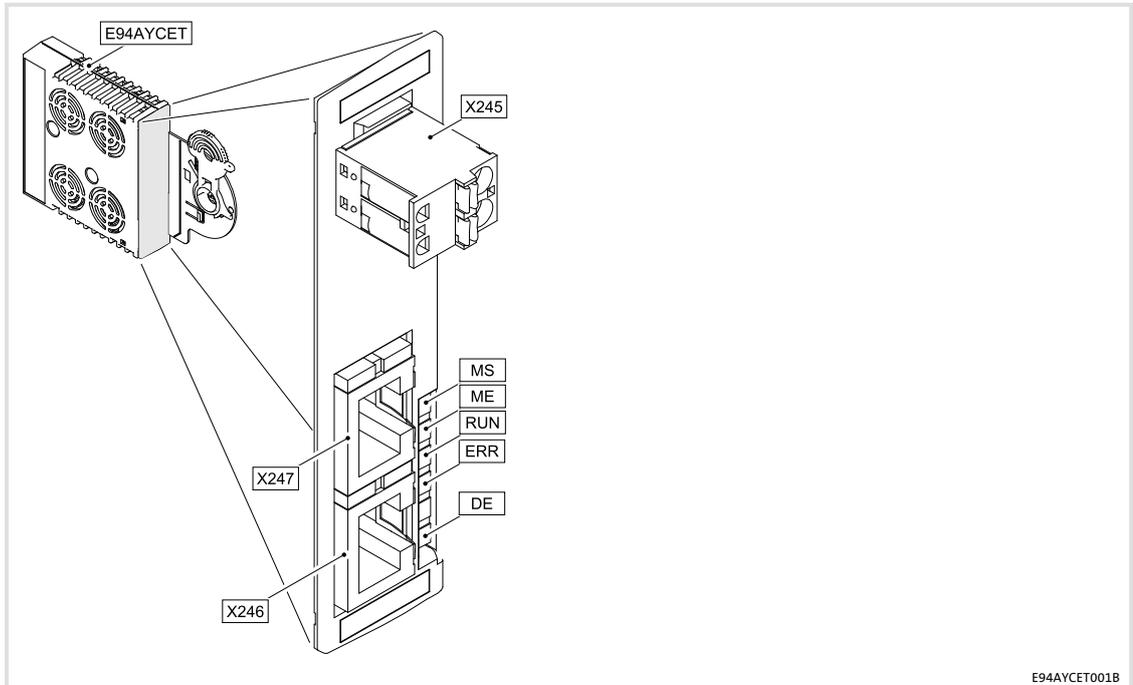
Identification



E94AYCET005



Scope of supply



E94AYCET001B

## Connections

Pos.	Description
X245	Connection for the external supply of the communication module Design: Plug connector with spring connection, 2-pole
X246	EtherCAT input (IN) Design: RJ45 socket according to IEC 60603-7
X247	EtherCAT output (OUT) Design: RJ45 socket according to IEC 60603-7

## Displays

LED			
Pos.	Colour	Condition	Description
MS	green	on	 The communication module is supplied with voltage and has a connection to the standard device.
		blinking	 The communication module is supplied with voltage but has no connection to the standard device (standard device is either switched off, in the initialisation phase, or not available).
ME	red	on	 An error in the communication module has occurred.
RUN	green	off	The communication module is not active on the fieldbus or is in the "Init" status.
		blinking	 "Pre-operational" status active: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Access to parameters and objects possible.</li> <li>• No process data exchange</li> </ul>
		blinking once (single flash)	 "Safe-operational" status active: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The data are not active in the standard device yet.</li> </ul>
		on	 The communication module is in the "Operational" status.
ERR	red	off	No error
		blinking	 The configuration is invalid/faulty.
		blinking once (single flash)	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A state change that was not requested has occurred. (The slave application has changed the EtherCAT status independently.)</li> <li>• Synchronisation error (The EtherCAT node changes to the "Safe-operational" status automatically.)</li> </ul>
		blinking twice (double flash)	 An "Application Watchdog Timeout" or a "Sync Manager Watchdog Timeout" has occurred.
DE	red	on	 The communication module is not accepted by the standard device, or the standard device is not active. (See notes in the documentation for the standard device.)
L/A	green	on	 Physical EtherCAT connection is available.
		flickering	 Data are exchanged via EtherCAT.
B	red	off	This LED is not used.

## External voltage supply

**Note!**

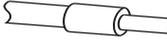
In the case of an external voltage supply and for greater distances between the control cabinets, always use a separate power supply unit (SELV/PELV) that is safely separated in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 in each control cabinet.

The external voltage supply of the communication module is required if EtherCAT communication is to remain intact in case the supply of the standard device fails.

Supply the communication module via the 2-pole plug connector (X245) with a separate supply voltage.

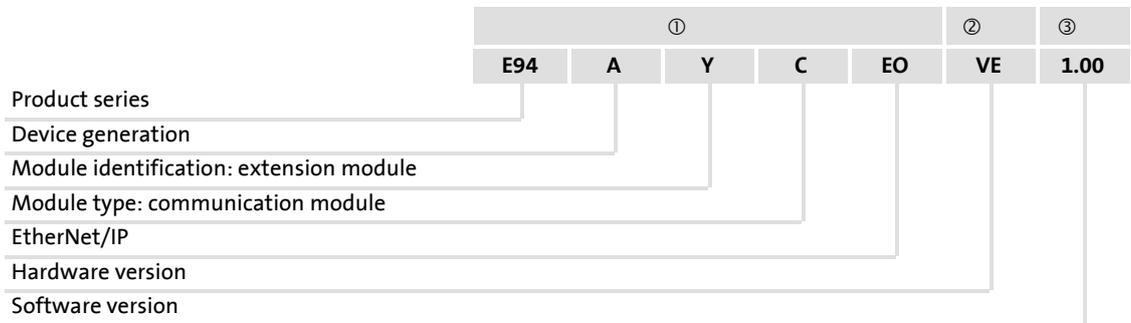
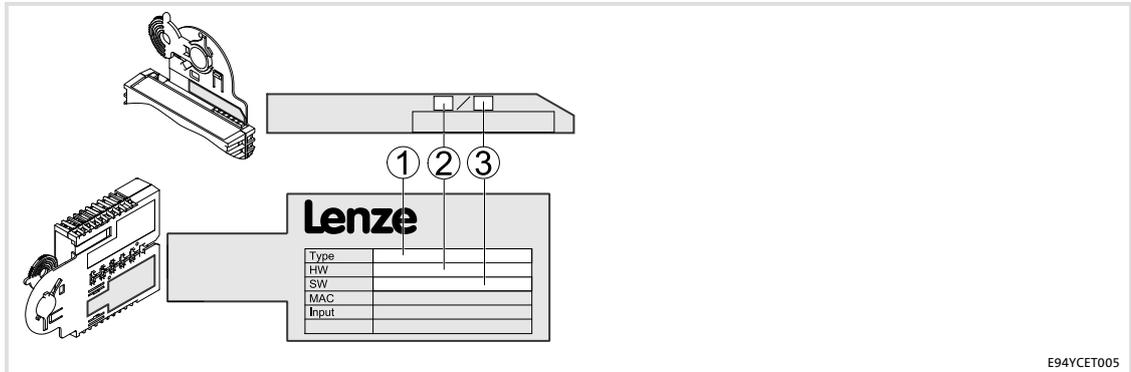
Designation	Description
+	External voltage supply U = 24 V DC (20.4 V - 0 % ... 28.8 V + 0 %) I = 130 mA
-	Reference potential for external voltage supply

## Terminal data

Field	Values
Electrical connection	2-pin plug connector with spring connection
Possible connections	rigid:  1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	flexible:  without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	 with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	 with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
Stripping length	9 mm

### 8.3.2.5 EtherNet/IP

#### Identification



#### Scope of supply

- ▶ E94AYCEO communication module (EtherNet/IP)
- ▶ Mounting Instructions

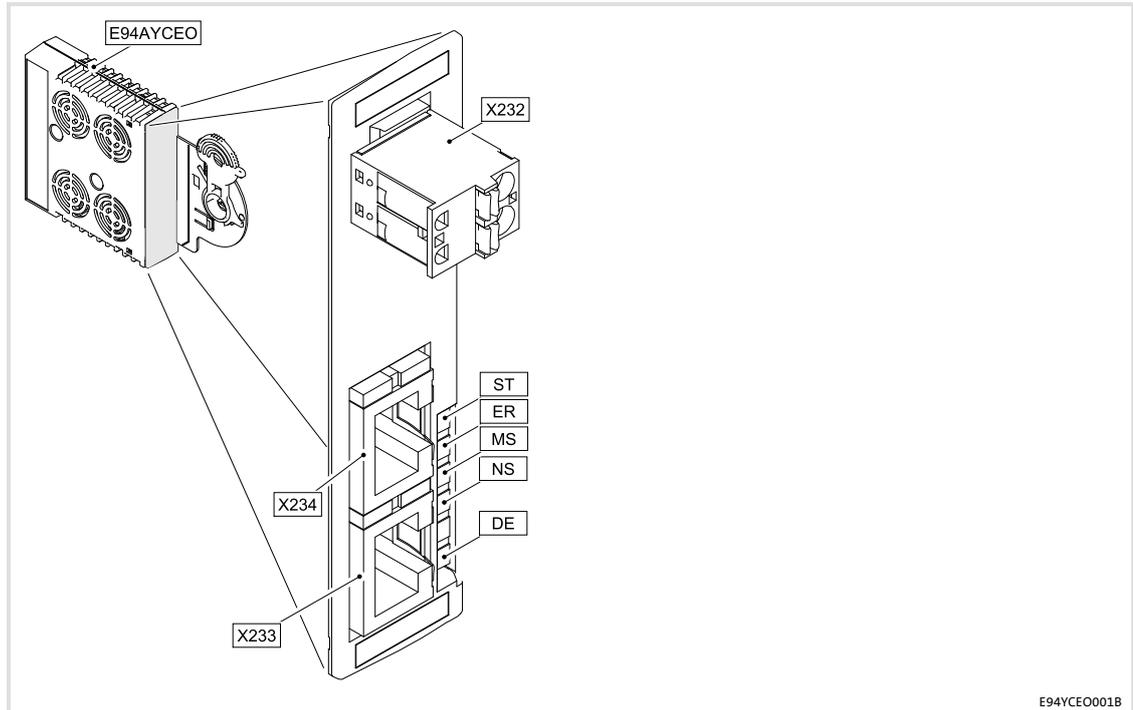


#### Tip!

Further information regarding this communication module can be found in the corresponding communication manual.

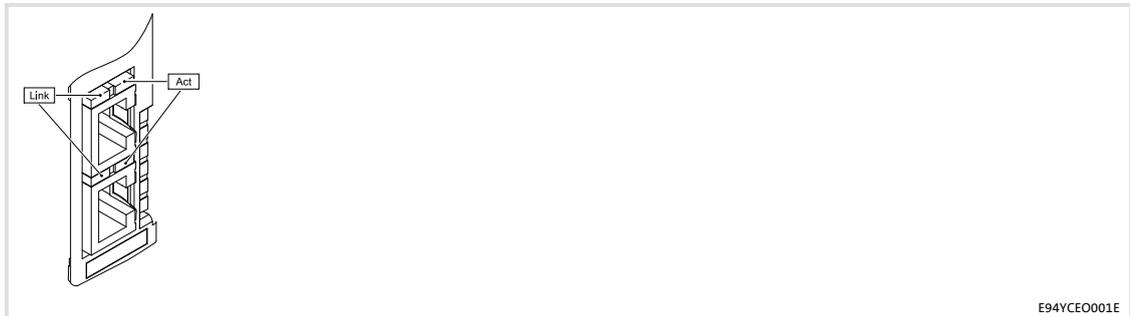
The PDF file can be found in the download area at

<http://www.Lenze.com>

**Connections****Displays**

### 8.3.3 Status displays at the RJ45 sockets (X233, X234)

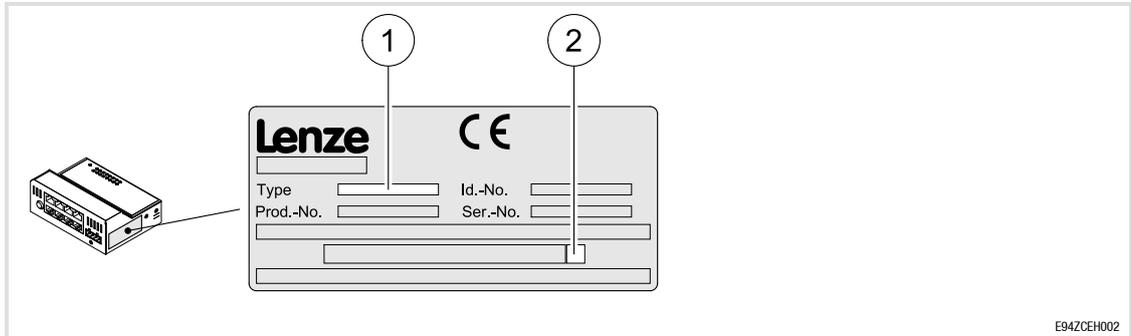
The LEDs **Link** and **Act** at the RJ45 sockets display the Ethernet connection status.



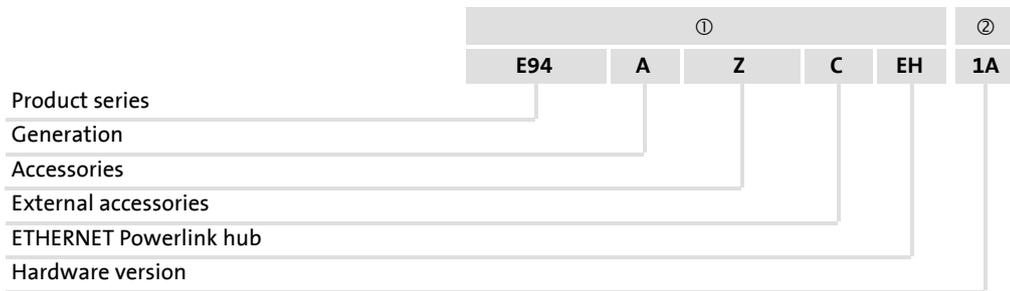
LED	Colour	Status	Description
Link	Green	Off	No Ethernet connection
		On	 Physical Ethernet connection is available.
Act	yellow	Off	No Ethernet data transfer
		On or flickering	  Data is being exchanged via Ethernet.

**8.3.3.1 Ethernet POWERLINK hub**

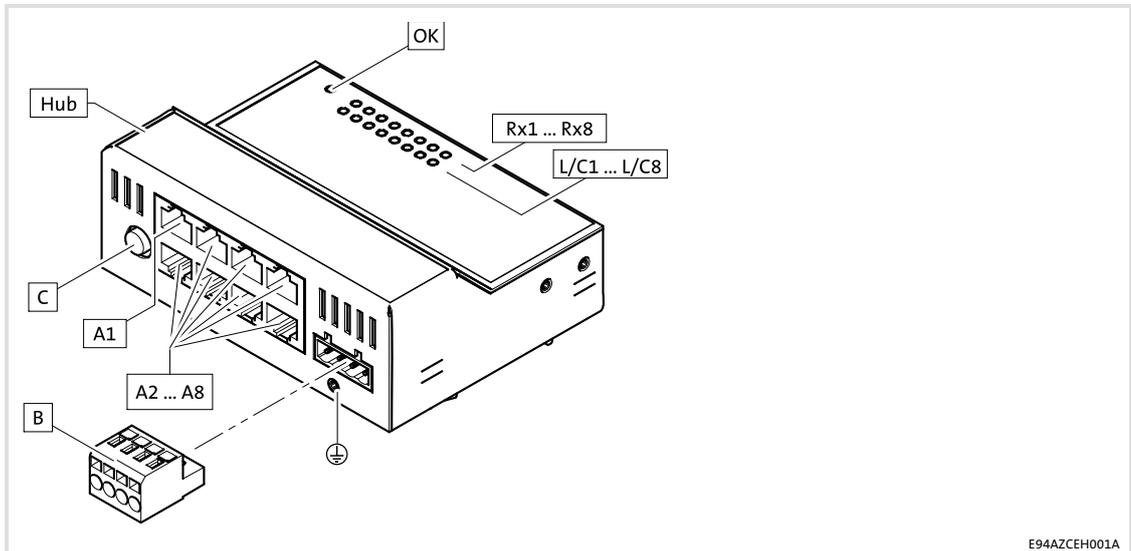
**Identification**



E94ZCEH002



**Scope of supply**



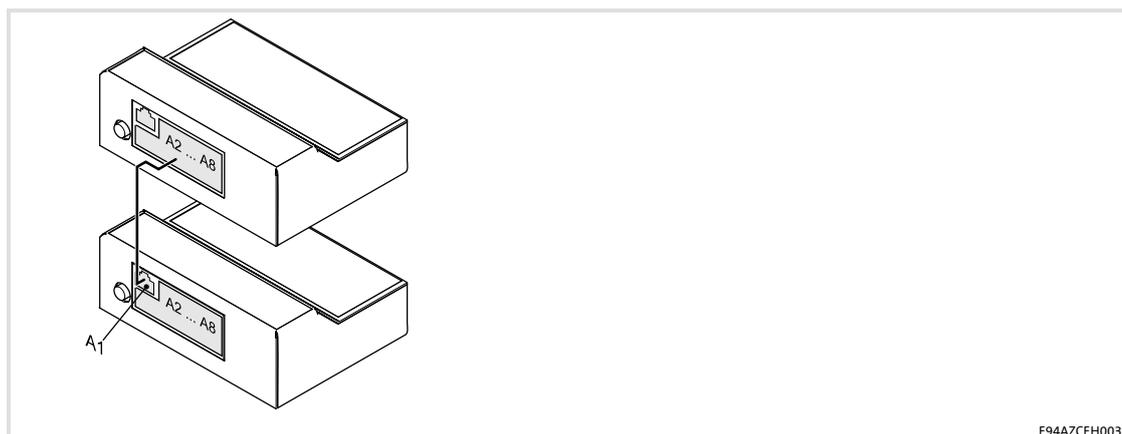
E94AZCEH001A

Pos.	Description
-	ETHERNET Powerlink hub
-	Mounting Instructions

## Connections

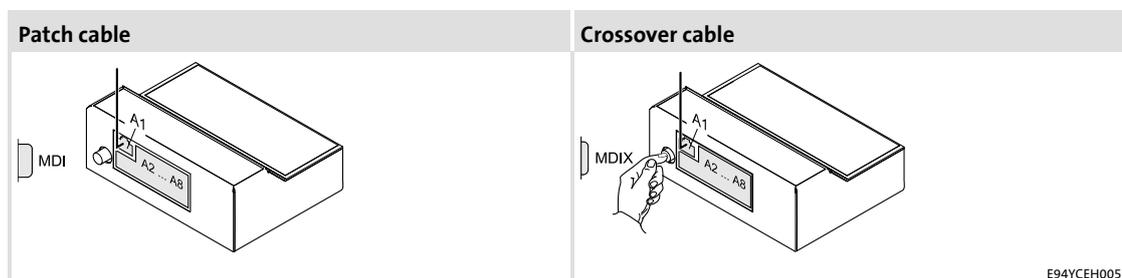
Pos.	Connection	Description
A1, A2 ... A8	Ethernet	RJ45 socket to EN 50173
B	DC voltage supply	Plug connector with spring connection, 4-pole
⊕	PE	M3 thread

Use the uplink port A1 to cascade the hubs:



The hubs can be connected using a patch or a crossover cable.

Use the MDI / MDIX switch to select the uplink mode as shown in the following figure:



## Switch

Pos.	Element	Explanation
C	Pushbutton switch	Activates Rx/Tx crossing for connection A1: ● ON: MDIX ● OFF: MDI

## Displays

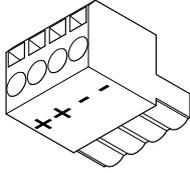
LED			Description
Pos.	Colour	Condition	
OK	Yellow	On	Device is supplied with voltage.
Rx1 ... Rx8	Yellow	On Blinking	<b>Activity</b> Connections A1 ... A8 send or receive data.
L/C1 ... L/C8	Green	On	<b>Link</b> Connections A1 ... A8 are connected to the Ethernet network.
	Red	On	<b>Collision</b> Connection between connections A1 ... A8 and the Ethernet network is inhibited due to collision.

## Accessories (overview)

Communication modules

Status displays at the RJ45 sockets (X233, X234)

### External voltage supply



E94AZCEH001C



### Stop!

The double plug connector terminals are used to conduct the voltage supply. The total current resulting from the series connection of several devices must not exceed  $I_{\max.} = 10 \text{ A}$  per terminal.

Plug connector connection:

Plug connector	Explanation
+	Voltage supply $U = 24 \text{ V DC (20.4 V - 0 \% \dots 28.8 V + 0 \%)}$ $I = 210 \text{ mA}$
-	Reference potential for voltage supply

### Screw terminal data

Terminal data	
Electrical connection	Plug connector with spring connection
Possible connections	 rigid: $2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (AWG 12)
	flexible:
	 without wire end ferrule $2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (AWG 12)
	 with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve $2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (AWG 12)
	 with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve $2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (AWG 12)
Stripping length	10 mm

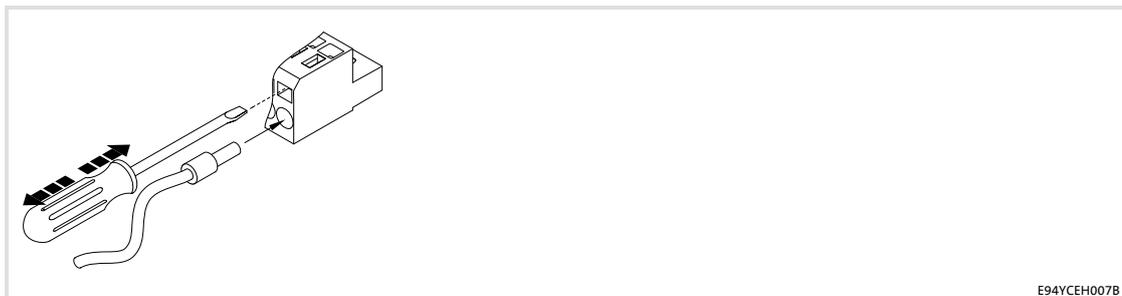
### Use of pluggable terminal strips



#### Stop!

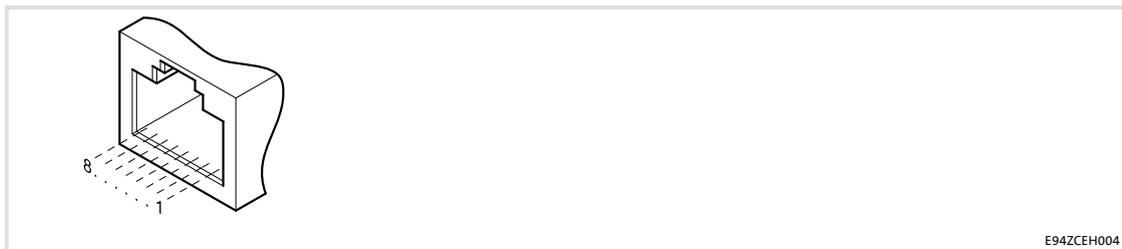
To avoid damage to pluggable terminal strips and contacts:  
Wire pluggable terminal strips prior to connection!

### Use of the pluggable terminal strip with spring connection



E94YCEH007B

### Ethernet connection



E94ZCEH004

PIN	Pin assignment for port 1 (connection A1)		Pin assignment for ports 2 - 8 (connections A2 ... A8)
	MDI (not crossed)	MDIX (crossed)	
1	Tx +	Rx +	Rx +
2	Tx -	Rx -	Rx -
3	Rx +	Tx +	Tx +
4	-	-	-
5	-	-	-
6	Rx -	Tx -	Tx -
7	-	-	-
8	-	-	-



#### Note!

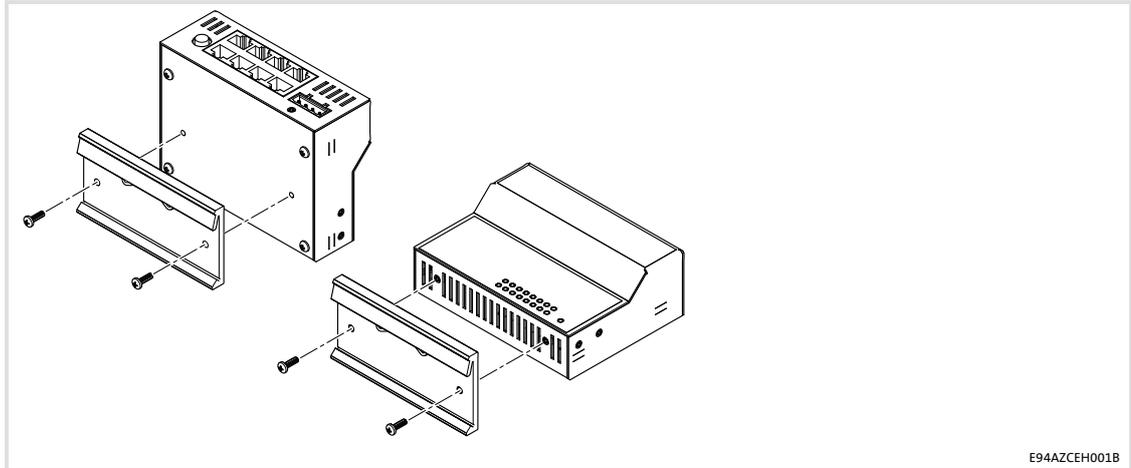
Plug/remove the Ethernet cable plug in a straight manner (at right angles) into/from the socket to make sure that the RJ45 socket will not be damaged.

## Accessories (overview)

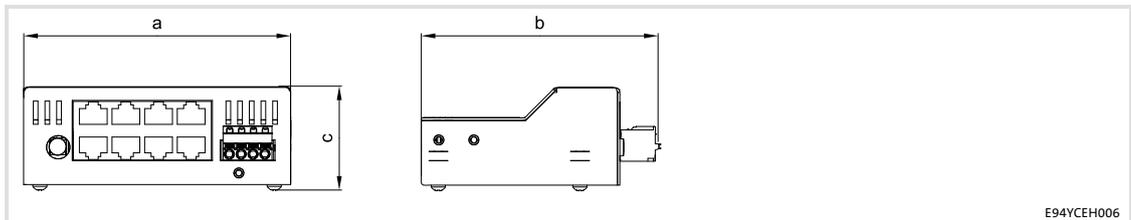
Communication modules

Status displays at the RJ45 sockets (X233, X234)

### Mounting



### Dimensions



a	114 mm
b	102 mm
c	44 mm

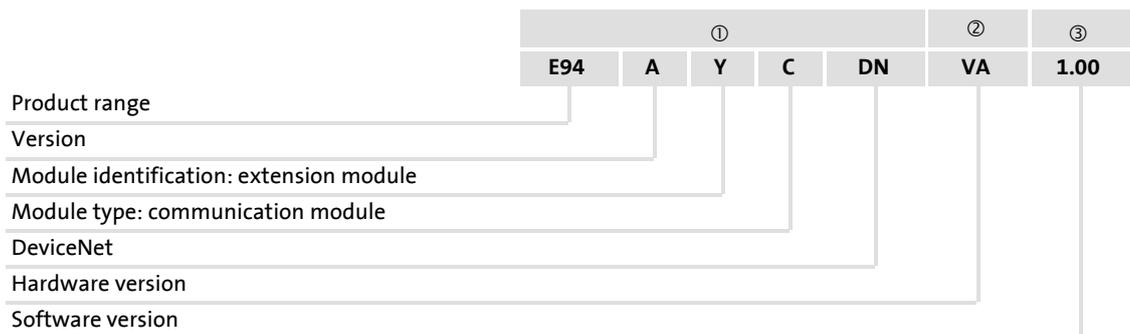
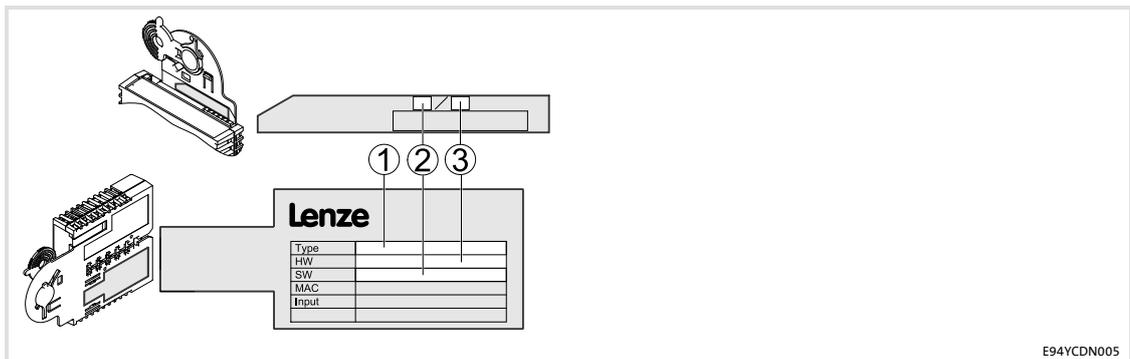
### 8.3.4 DeviceNet

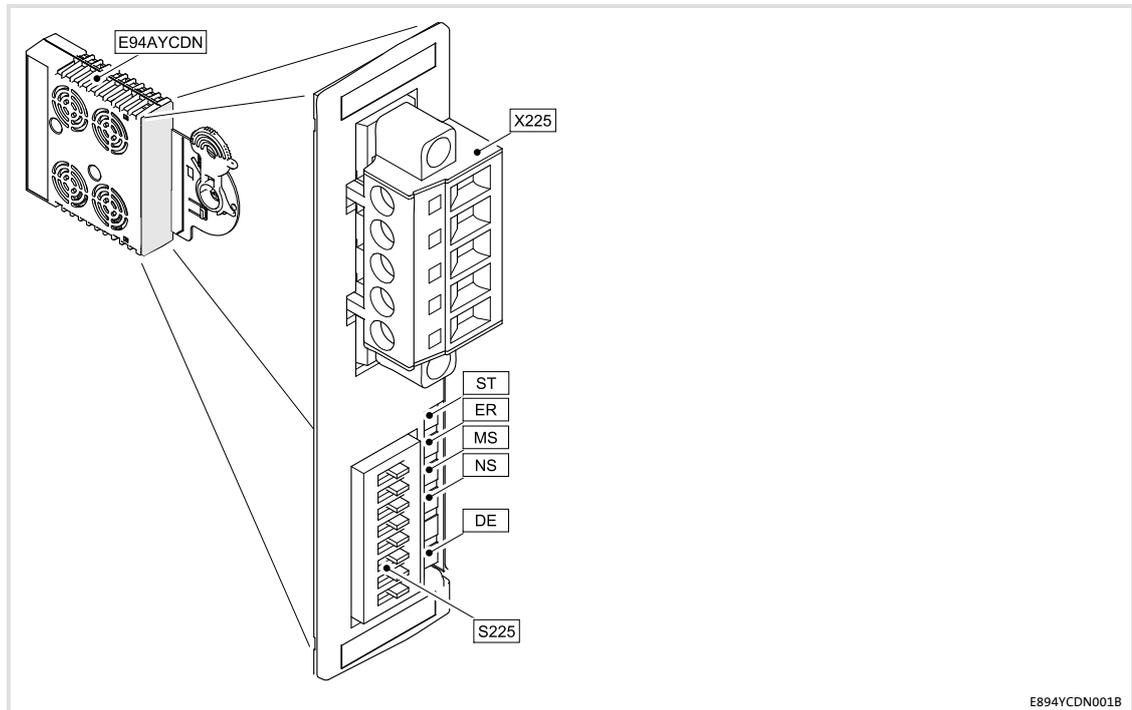
For detailed information, please see the DeviceNet communication manual.

Quick introduction:

Type designation: E94AYCDN

#### Identification



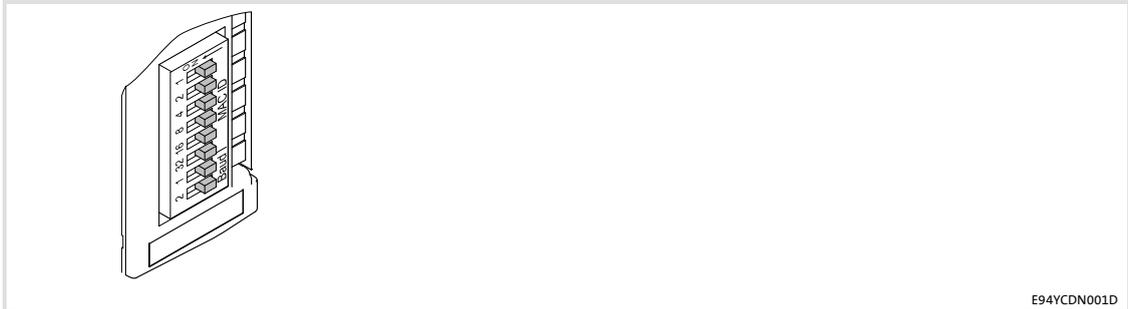
**Scope of supply****Connections**

X225 | Connection to DeviceNet with external voltage supply of the communication module  
Design: Plug connector with screw connection, 5-pole

## Displays

Pos.	Colour / status		Description
ST	green is on		The communication module is supplied with voltage and has a connection to the standard device.
	green is blinking		The communication module is supplied with voltage but is not connected to the standard device (standard device is switched off, being initialised, or not available).
ER	red is on		An error has occurred on the communication module.
MS	<b>green</b>	<b>red</b>	
	off	off	The communication module is not supplied with voltage.
	off	on	The communication module is defective and must be replaced.
	off	blinking	The error in the communication module can be removed.
	on	off	The communication module works properly.
	blinking	off	The communication module has not been completely configured yet or configuration is faulty.
NS	blinking	blinking	The communication module is in self-test mode.
	<b>green</b>	<b>red</b>	
	off	off	The communication module is not supplied with voltage via DeviceNet or the "Duplicate MAC ID" test has not been completed yet.
	off	on	The communication module cannot access the bus ( e.g. "Duplicate MAC ID", bus off, invalid baud rate etc.).
	off	blinking	The error in the communication module can be removed.
	on	off	The communication module works properly and has established a connection to the scanner.
DE	blinking	off	The communication module ... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>works properly;</li> <li>has completed the "Duplicate MAC ID" test;</li> <li>has not yet been integrated by the scanner.</li> </ul>
	blinking	blinking	The communication module ... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>is in error status;</li> <li>has received and accepted a telegram for identifying the faulty devices ("Identify Communication Faulted Request").</li> </ul>
DE	red is on		The communication module is not accepted by the standard device (see notes given in the documentation of the standard device).

## DIP switch



E94YCDN001D

Pos.	Switch positions			Node address (MAC ID)					
	Baud rate			32	16	8	4	2	1
	2	1	kbps						
S225	OFF	OFF	125	The station address results from the sum of the binary values of switches 1 ... 32. ● Example: Station address 44 → switches 32, 8, 4 = ON (32 + 8 + 4 = 44) ● Valid address range: 0 ... 63 ● The Lenze setting for all switches is OFF.					
	OFF	ON	250						
	ON	OFF	500						
	ON	ON	No function						

**Note!**

Please observe the information about the setting of the DIP switches given in the "Commissioning" and "Appendix" chapters of the E94AYCDN communication manual (DeviceNet).

## Bus cable length

Depending on the baud rate and the cable type used (thick cable/thin cable), the following bus cable lengths are possible:

Baud rate [kbps]	Bus cable lengths [m]	
	Thick cable	Thin cable
125	500	100
250	250	
500	100	

If both thick and thin cable types are used, the maximum cable lengths can be defined according to the baud rates as follows:

Baud rate [kbps]	Max. bus cable length
125	500 m = $L_{\text{thick}} + 5 L_{\text{thin}}$
250	250 m = $L_{\text{thick}} + 2.5 L_{\text{thin}}$
500	100 m = $L_{\text{thick}} + L_{\text{thin}}$

$L_{\text{thick}}$ : thick cable length

$L_{\text{thin}}$ : thin cable length

**Note!**

Select a baud rate in dependency of the data volume, cycle time and number of nodes just high enough to suit your application.

### External voltage supply



**Note!**

The communication module must be supplied externally via the DeviceNet cable!

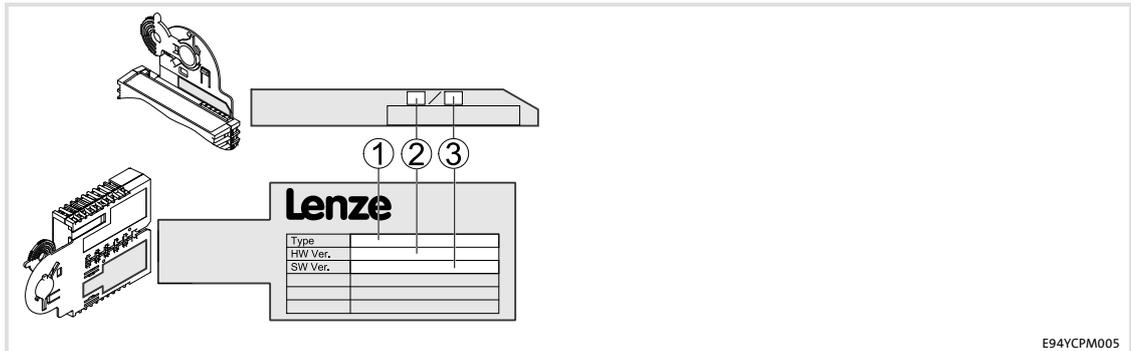
**8.3.5 PROFIBUS®**

You can find detailed information in the PROFIBUS communication manual.

Quick introduction:

Type designation: E94AYCPM

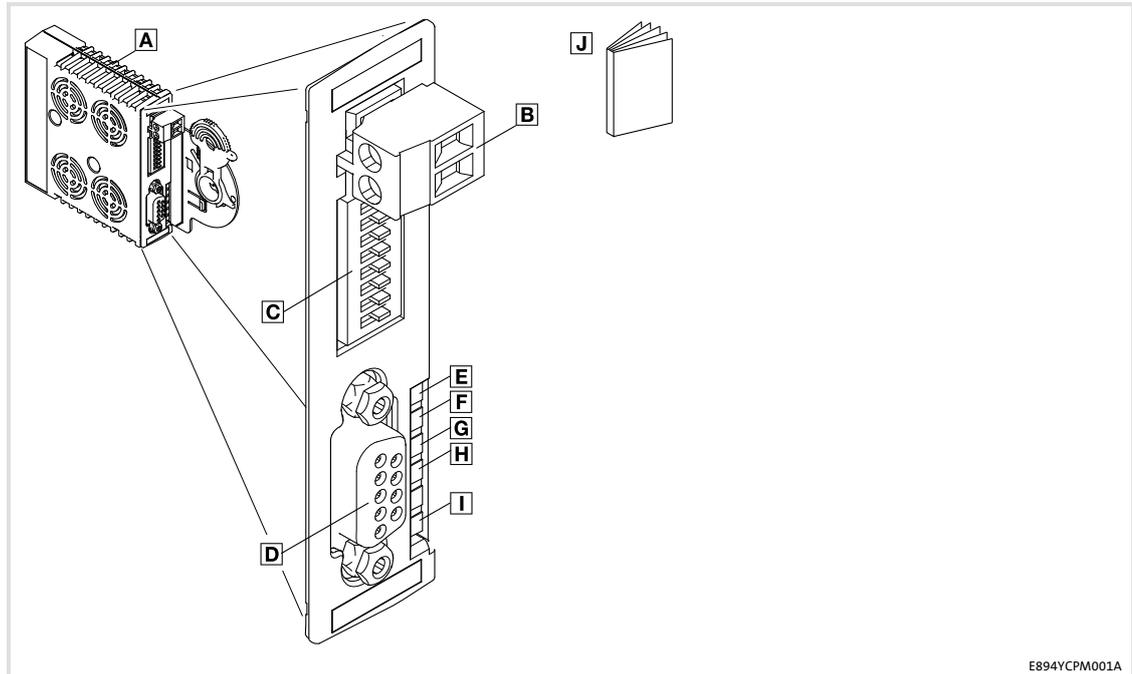
**Identification**



E94YCPM005

	①				②	③
	<b>E94</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>PM</b>	<b>1A</b>
Product series						
Version						
Module identification: extension module						
Module type: communication module						
PROFIBUS						
Hardware version						
Software version						

### Scope of supply



E894YCPM001A

### Connections

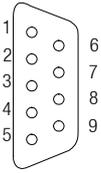
Pos.	Description
X200	External supply of the communication module Design: Plug connector with screw connection, 2-pole
X201	Connection for PROFIBUS Design: Sub-D socket, 9-pole

### Displays

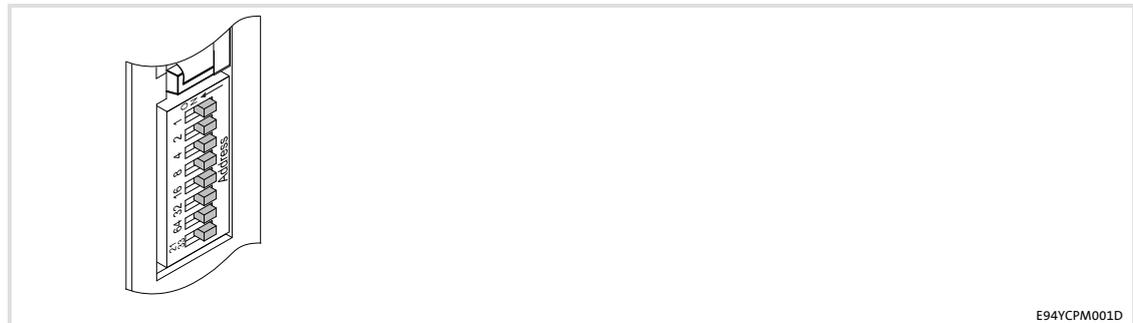
LED			
Pos.	Colour	Condition	Description
MS	Green	On	The communication module is supplied with voltage and connected to the standard device.
		Blinking	The communication module is supplied with voltage, but has no connection to the standard device. (The standard device is switched off, initialising, or not present.)
ME	Red	On	An error in the communication module has occurred.
BS	Green	Blinking	Communication via the communication module has been established. PROFIBUS communication is active.
BE	Red	On	Bus monitoring has been triggered.
DE	Red	On	The communication module is not accepted by the standard device. (See notes in the documentation for the standard device.)

## Assignment of the Sub-D socket

Connection of PROFIBUS to 9-pin Sub-D socket (X201):

View	Pin	Designation	Explanation
	1	free	-
	2	free	-
	3	RxD/TxD-P	Data line B (received data/transmitted data plus)
	4	RTS	Request To Send (received data/transmitted data, no differential signal)
	5	M5V2	Data ground (ground to 5V)
	6	P5V2	5 V DC / 30 mA (bus termination)
	7	free	-
	8	RxD/TxD-N	Data line A (received data/transmitted data minus)
	9	free	-

## DIP switch



E94YCPM001D

Pos.	Description
S200	<p><b>Switches 1 ... 64:</b> bus station addressing</p> <p>The station address results from the sum of all switches in "ON" position.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Example: switches 32, 8, 4 = ON → address = 44</li> <li>● Address range: 1 ... 126</li> </ul> <p><b>Switch 2133:</b> establishing compatibility with the communication module EMF2133IB</p>

**Note!**

The Lenze setting of all switches is OFF.

Please observe the information provided in the PROFIBUS Communication Manual about the setting of the station address and the EMF2133IB compatibility.

## External voltage supply



### Note!

In the case of an external voltage supply and for greater distances between the control cabinets, always use a separate power supply unit (SELV/PELV) that is safely separated in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 in each control cabinet.

The external voltage supply of the communication module is required if communication via the bus system is to continue in the event of a power supply failure of the standard device.

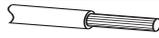
- ▶ The external voltage supply of the communication module is required if communication is to continue when the power supply of the standard device fails.
- ▶ Access to parameters of a standard device disconnected from the mains is not possible.
- ▶ The external voltage supply is effected via the 2-pole plug connector.

### Assignment of the 2-pole plug connector (X200)

Designation	Description
+	U = 24 V DC (20.4 V - 0 % ... 28.8 V + 0 %) I = 130 mA
-	Reference potential for external voltage supply

Connect the communication module to the bus system according to the description (📖 394).

### Terminal data

Area	Values
Electrical connection	Plug connector with screw connection
Possible connections	rigid:  1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16) flexible:  without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)  with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)  with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
Tightening torque	0.5 ... 0.6 Nm (4.4 ... 5.3 lb-in)
Stripping length	6 mm

**Wiring of the PROFIBUS**

- ▶ Wire the PROFIBUS nodes to each other.  
Only use cables which correspond to the listed specifications (📖 395).
- ▶ Activate the bus terminating resistor in the bus connector at the first and last physical node.
  - PROFIBUS cables with an integrated bus terminating resistor can be freely purchased from various cable manufacturers.
  - The bus terminator is supplied by the node. The external supply of the communication module feeds the bus terminator independently of the standard device supply (📖 LEERER MERKER).

**Note!**

- ▶ If you want to disconnect individual bus stations, ensure that the bus terminators at the first and last physical bus station remain active.
- ▶ The bus terminator is no longer active if ...
  - the connector has been pulled out e.g. in the event of service;
  - the voltage supply of the communication module has been switched off.

## Specification of the transmission cable



### Note!

Only use cables complying with the listed specifications of the PROFIBUS user organisation.

Field	Values
Specific resistance	135 ... 165 $\Omega$ /km, (f = 3 ... 20 MHz)
Capacitance per unit length	$\leq$ 30 nF/km
Loop resistance	$<$ 110 $\Omega$ /km
Core diameter	$>$ 0.64 mm
Core cross-section	$>$ 0.34 mm <sup>2</sup>
Cores	Twisted double, insulated and shielded

## Baud rate / length of bus cable

The length of the bus cable depends on the baud rate used:

Baud rate [kbps]	Length [m]
9.6 ... 93.75	1200
187.5	1000
500	400
1500	200
3000 ... 12000	100



### Note!

The baud rate depending of the data volume, cycle time and number of nodes should only be selected as high as required for the application.



### Tip!

For high baud rates we recommend to consider the application of optical fibres.

Advantages of optical fibres:

- ▶ Electromagnetic interferences on the transmission path remain ineffective.
- ▶ Bus lengths of several kilometres are also possible with higher baud rates.  
The bus length is
  - independent of the baud rate.
  - dependent on the optical fibre used.

# 8 Accessories (overview)

## Communication modules

### PROFINET®

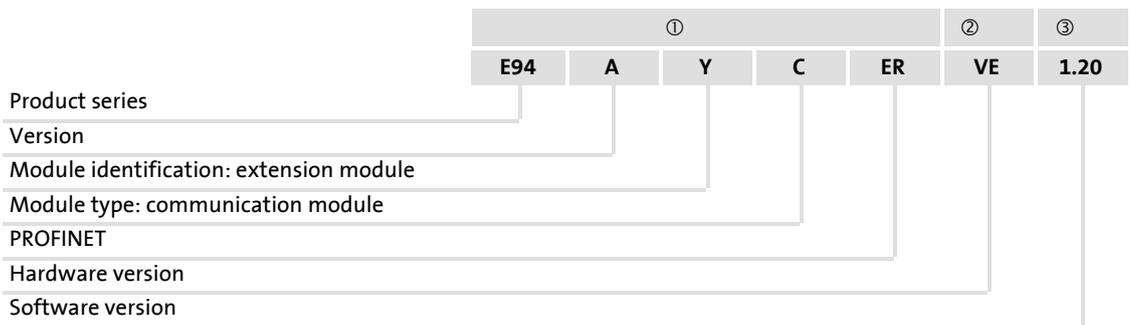
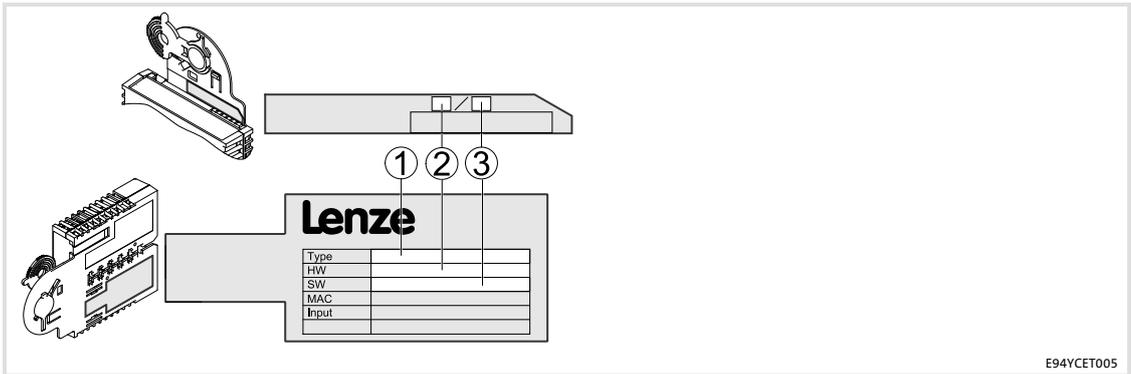
#### 8.3.6 PROFINET®

You can find detailed information in the PROFINET communication manual.

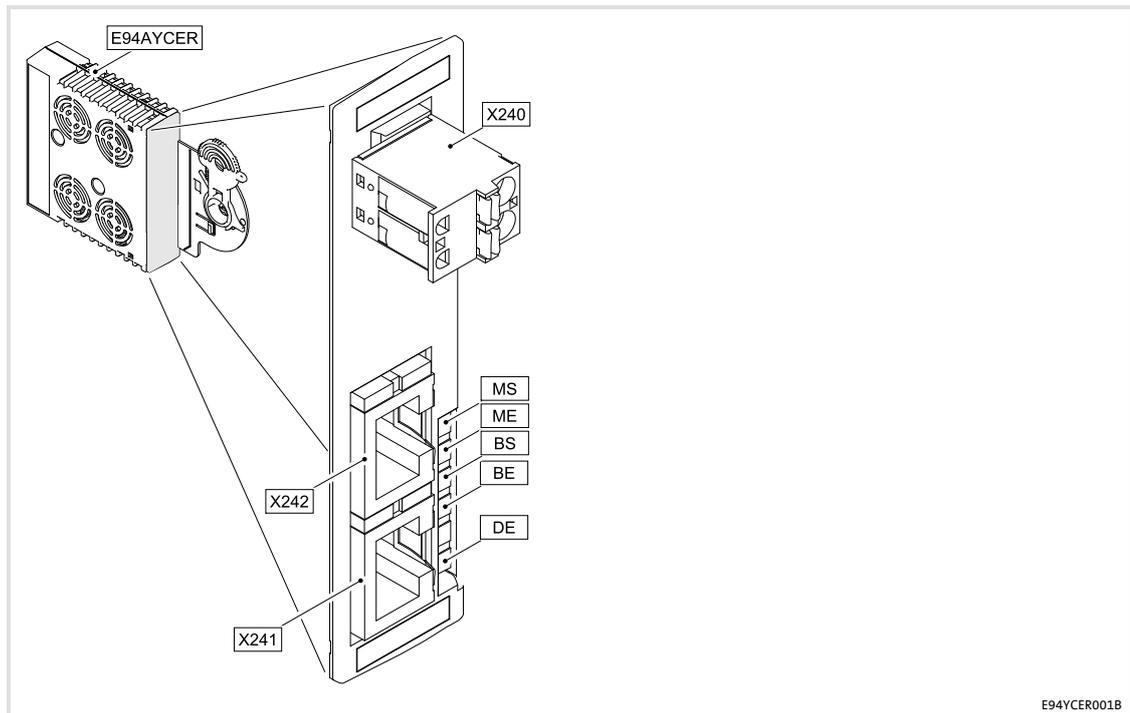
Quick introduction:

Type designation: E94AYCER

#### Identification



## Scope of supply



## Connections

Pos.	Description
X240	Connection for the external supply of the communication module Design: Plug connector with spring connection, 2-pole
X241	PROFINET connections
X242	Design: RJ45 socket according to IEC 60603-7

## Displays

LED			
Pos.	Colour	Condition	Description
MS	Green	Blinking	The communication module is supplied with voltage but has no connection to the basic device (basic device is either switched off, in the initialisation phase, or not available).
		On	The communication module is supplied with voltage and has a connection to the basic device.
ME	Red	On	There is an error in the area of the communication module.
BS	Green	Off	The PROFINET module is not active at the fieldbus.
		Blinking	The PROFINET module is in the "Data_Exchange" state.
BE	Red	On	Bus error/trouble is active, e.g. the Ethernet cable is unplugged. (The LED is blinking in parallel to the BS LED.)
DE	Red	On	The communication module is not accepted by the basic device (see notes in the instructions for the basic device) or the standard device is not active.

Signalling on the connection X241/X242:

-	yellow	on/blinking	Data is exchanged via PROFINET.
-	Green	On	PROFINET connection is available.

## External voltage supply

**Note!**

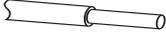
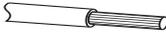
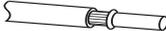
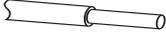
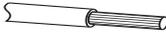
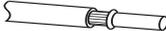
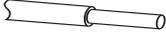
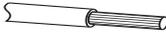
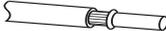
In the case of an external voltage supply and for greater distances between the control cabinets, always use a separate power supply unit (SELV/PELV) that is safely separated in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 in each control cabinet.

The external voltage supply of the communication module is required if PROFINET communication is to remain intact in case the supply of the standard device fails.

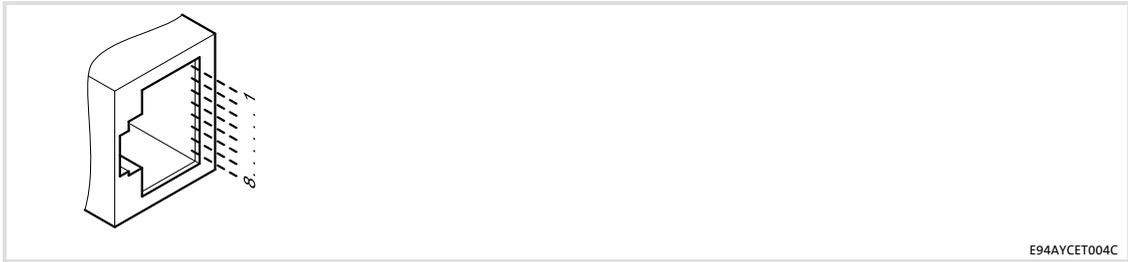
If required, feed the communication module with a separate supply voltage via the 2-pin plug connector (X240).

Designation	Explanation
+	External voltage supply U = 24 V DC (20.4 ... 28.8 V) I = 140 mA
-	Reference potential for external voltage supply

## Terminal data

Field	Values								
Electrical connection	2-pin plug connector with spring connection								
Possible connections	rigid: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)</td> </tr> </table> flexible: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)</td> </tr> </table>		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)		without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)		with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)		with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)								
	without wire end ferrule 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)								
	with wire end ferrule, without plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)								
	with wire end ferrule, with plastic sleeve 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)								
Stripping length	9 mm								

### Ethernet connection



Pin	Signal
1	Tx +
2	Tx -
3	Rx +
4	-
5	-
6	Rx -
7	-
8	-



#### Note!

Plug/remove the Ethernet cable plug in a straight manner (at right angles) into/from the socket to make sure that the RJ45 socket will not be damaged.

# 8 Accessories (overview)

## Communication modules

### CAN port

#### 8.3.7 CAN port

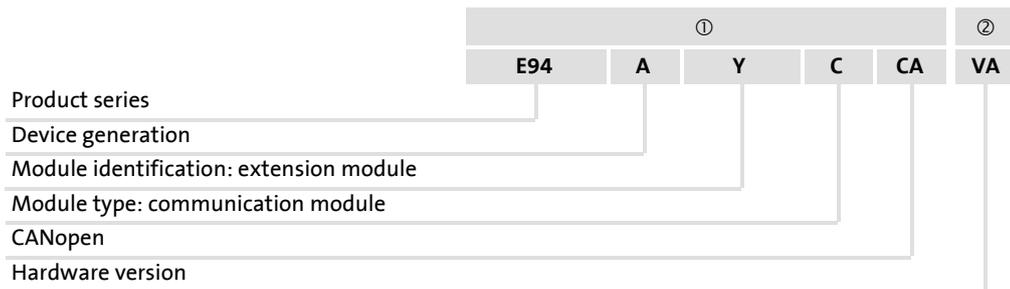
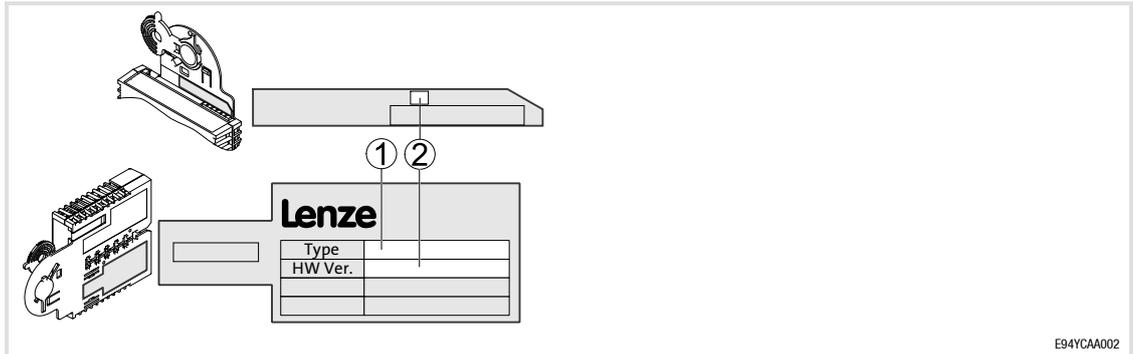
##### CANopen

You can find detailed information in the CANopen communication manual.

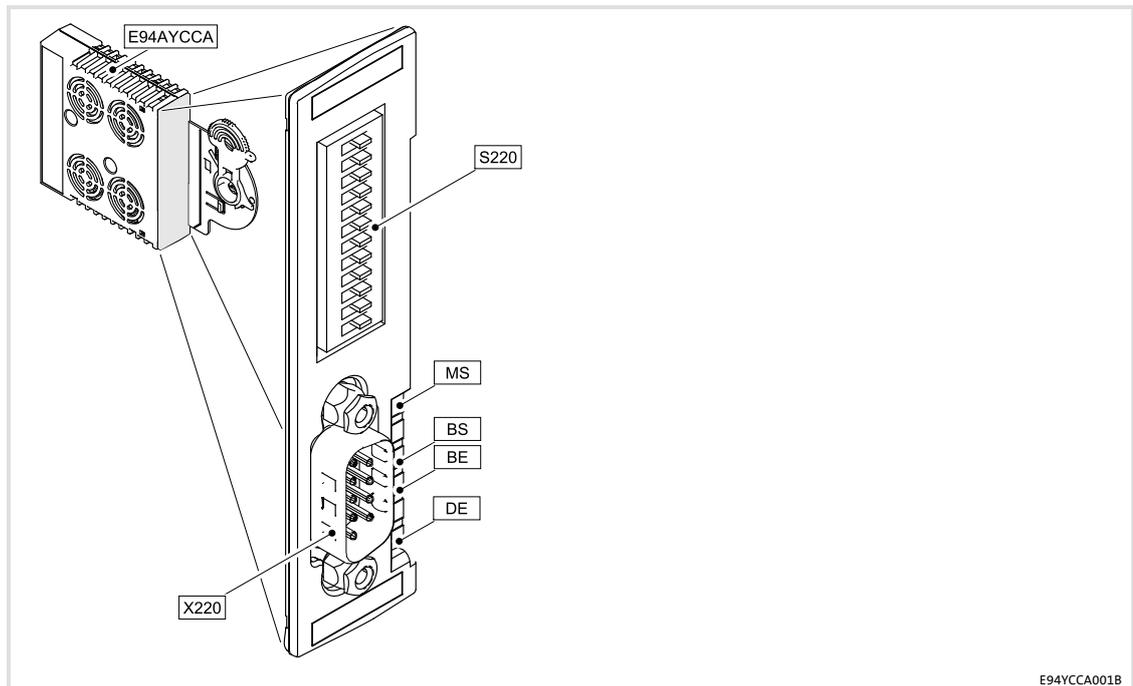
Quick introduction:

Type designation: E94AYCCA

##### Identification



### Scope of supply



### Connections

Pos.	Description
X220	Connection for CAN Design: Sub-D plug connector, 9-pin

### Displays

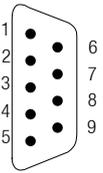
Pos.	Colour	Status	Description
MS	Green	On	Communication module is supplied with voltage.
DE	Red	On	The communication module is not accepted by the basic device (see notes in the Instructions for the basic device)
BS	Green	see table 403; "Signalling according to DR303-3"	CANopen status ("Z")
BE	Red		CANopen error ("F")

### DIP switch

Pos.	Description
A	Addressing of the bus node

**Assignment of the Sub-D plug connector**

Connection of the CAN to the 9-pin Sub-D plug connector, pos. "X220":

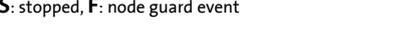
View	Pin	Designation	Explanation
	1	-	
	2	CAN_L	Signal core CAN
	3	CAN_GND	Ground CAN
	4	-	
	5	-	
	6	-	
	7	CAN_H	Signal core CAN
	8	-	
	9	-	
	Housing	CAN_Shield	Shield (connected to the housing)

**Specification of the transmission cable**

We recommend the use of CAN cables in accordance with ISO 11898-2:

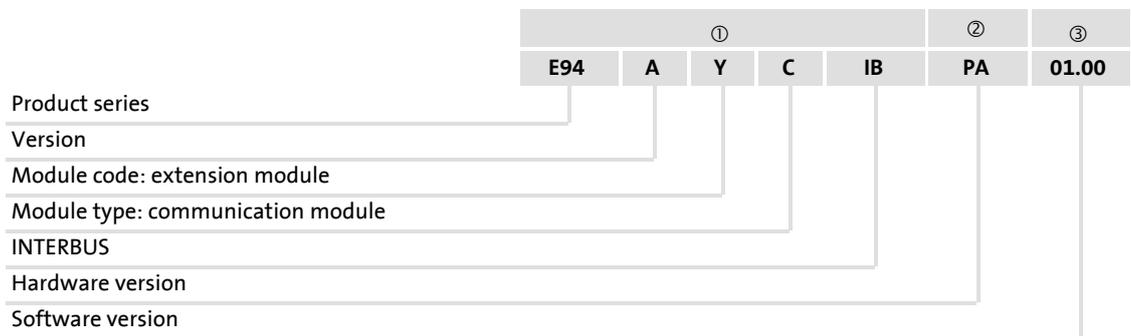
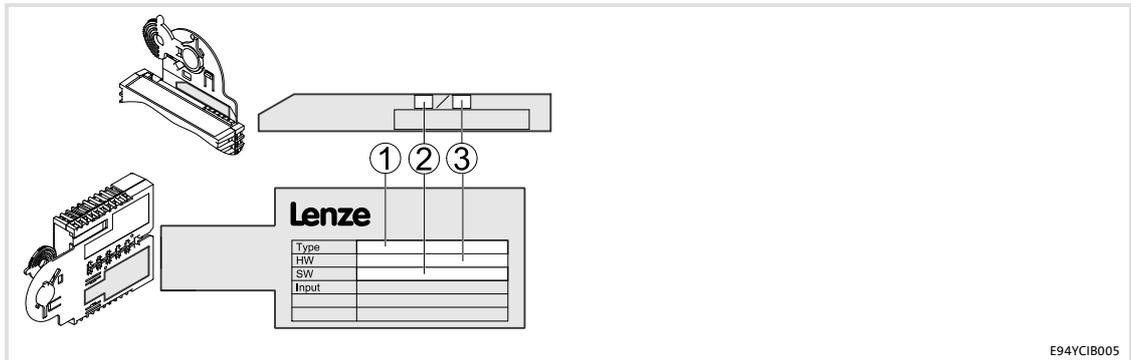
CAN cable in accordance with ISO 11898-2	
Cable type	Paired with shielding
Impedance	120 Ω (95 ... 140 Ω)
Cable resistance/cross-section	
	Cable length ≤ 300 m ≤ 70 mΩ/m / 0.25 ... 0.34 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG22)
	Cable length 301 ... 1000 m ≤ 40 mΩ/m / 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)
Signal propagation delay	≤ 5 ns/m

## Signalling

Status display (LED)	Explanation
Connection status to the bus with the following signalling:	
off green  red 	No connection to the master CANopen status ("S") CANopen fault ("F")
Constant red	<b>F:</b> bus off 
Flickering	Automatic detection of the baud rate is active 
Green blinking every 0.2 s	<b>S:</b> pre-operational, <b>F:</b> none 
Green blinking every 0.2 s Red blinking 1 x, 1 s OFF	<b>S:</b> pre-operational, <b>F:</b> warning limit reached 
Green blinking every 0.2 s Red blinking 2 x, 1 s OFF	<b>S:</b> pre-operational, <b>F:</b> node guard event 
Constant green	<b>Z:</b> operational, <b>F:</b> no errors 
Constant green Red blinking 1 x, 1 s OFF	<b>Z:</b> operational, error: warning limit reached 
Constant green Red blinking 2 x, 1 s OFF	<b>Z:</b> operational, <b>F:</b> node guarding event 
Constant green Red blinking 3 x, 1 s OFF	<b>Z:</b> operational, <b>F:</b> sync message error 
Green blinking every 1 s	<b>Z:</b> stopped, <b>F:</b> no errors 
Green blinking every 1 s Red blinking 1 x, 1 s OFF	<b>S:</b> stopped, <b>F:</b> warning limit reached 
Green blinking every 1 s Red blinking 2 x, 1 s OFF	<b>S:</b> stopped, <b>F:</b> node guard event 

Tab. 8-1 Signalling according to DR303-3

8.3.7.1 **INTERBUS**



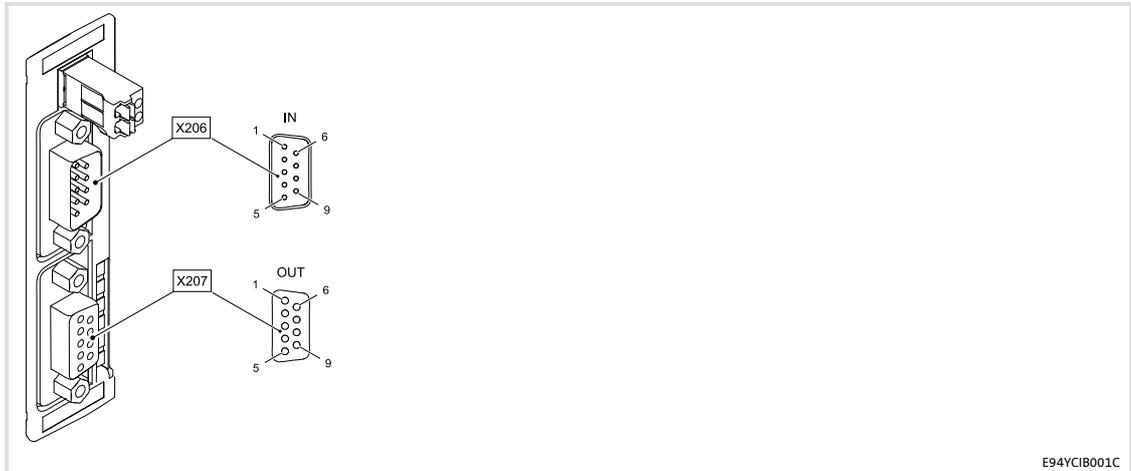
- ▶ Communication module E94AYCIB
- ▶ Mounting Instructions



**Tip!**

Further information regarding this communication module can be found in the corresponding communication manual.  
 The PDF file can be found in the download area at <http://www.Lenze.com>

The INTERBUS is connected to the communication module by means of X206 (input, 9-pin Sub-D connector) and X207 (output, 9-pin Sub-D socket).



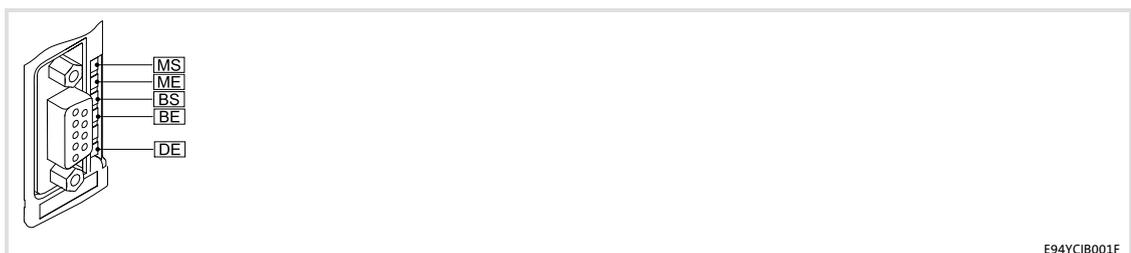
E94YCI001C

### Assignment of the 9-pin Sub-D connector X206 (IN)

Pin	Designation	Input/Output	Description
1	DO1	Input	RS485: DO1 not inverted
2	DI1	Output	RS485: DI1 not inverted
3	GND		Reference potential
4	free		not assigned
5	Vcc5	Output	5 V DC
6	/DO1	Input	RS485: DO1 inverted
7	/DI1	Output	RS485: DI1 inverted
8	Vcc5	Output	5 V DC
9	free		not assigned

### Assignment of the 9-pin Sub-D socket X207 (OUT)

Pin	Designation	Input/Output	Description
1	DO2	Output	RS485: DO2 not inverted
2	DI2	Input	RS485: DI2 not inverted
3	GND		Reference potential
4	GND		
5	Vcc5	Output	5 V DC
6	/DO2	Output	RS485: DO2 inverted
7	/DI2	Input	RS485: DI2 inverted
8	Vcc5	Output	5 V DC
9	RBST	Signal input	Connection to outgoing INTERBUS plugged in.

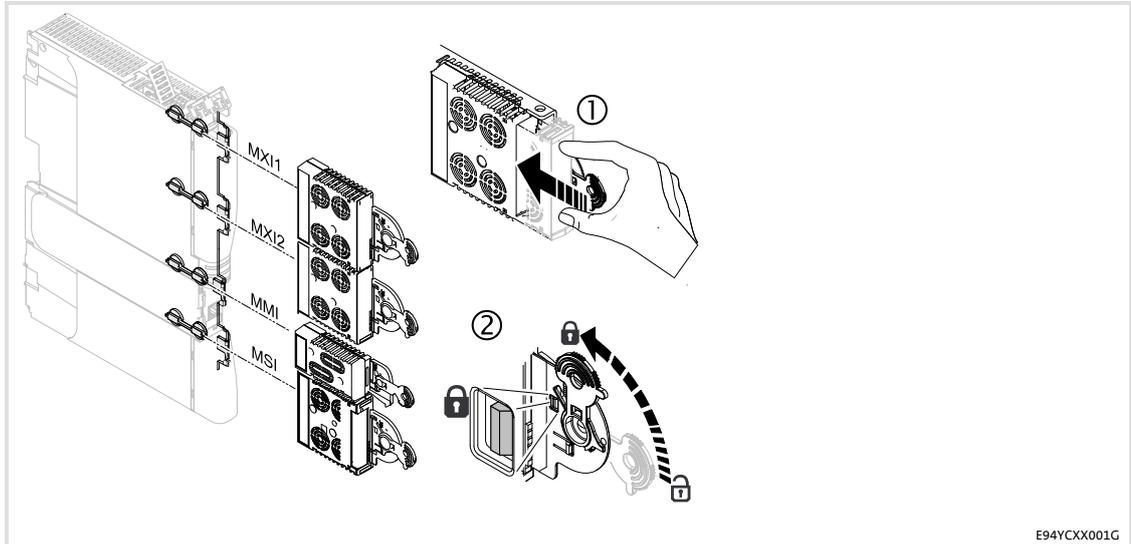


E94YCI001F

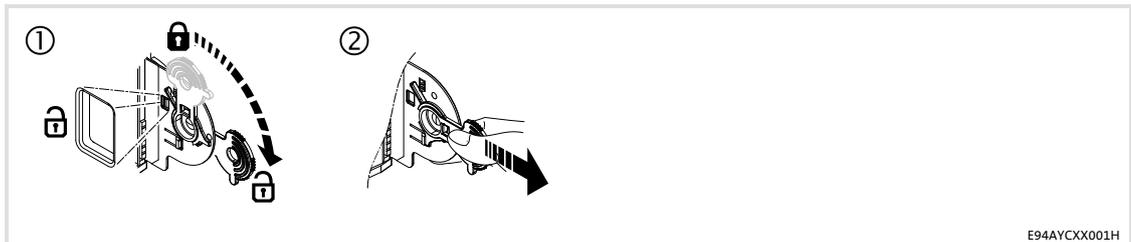
LED			Description
Pos.	Colour	Condition	
MS	green	flashes	The communication module is being supplied with voltage but is not connected to the standard device. (The standard device has been switched off in the initialisation phase or does not exist.)
MS	green	on	The communication module is being supplied with voltage and is connected to the standard device.
ME	red	on	There is a fault in the area of the communication module.
BS	green	off	The communication module is not active on the field bus. Data cycles are not being executed.
		flashes	Communication via the communication module has been set up. The INTERBUS is active. Data cycles are being executed.
BE	red	flashes	Impermissible setting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Total number of data words (PD + PCP) &gt; 10</li> <li>● Total number of data words (PD + PCP) = 0</li> </ul> The communication module has been initialised and is working internally with the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● PD = 2 (words)</li> <li>● PCP = 1 (word)</li> </ul>
		on	INTERBUS communication interrupted. Data cycles are not being executed.
DE	red	on	The communication module is not accepted by the standard device (see notes in the documentation for the standard device) or the standard device is not active.

8.4 Function modules

Mounting



Dismounting



**Safety instructions****Danger!**

Improper use of the module and the standard device may cause serious injury and property damage.

Observe the chapters "Safety instructions" and "Residual hazards" contained in the instructions for the standard device.

**Stop!**

The device contains components that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge!

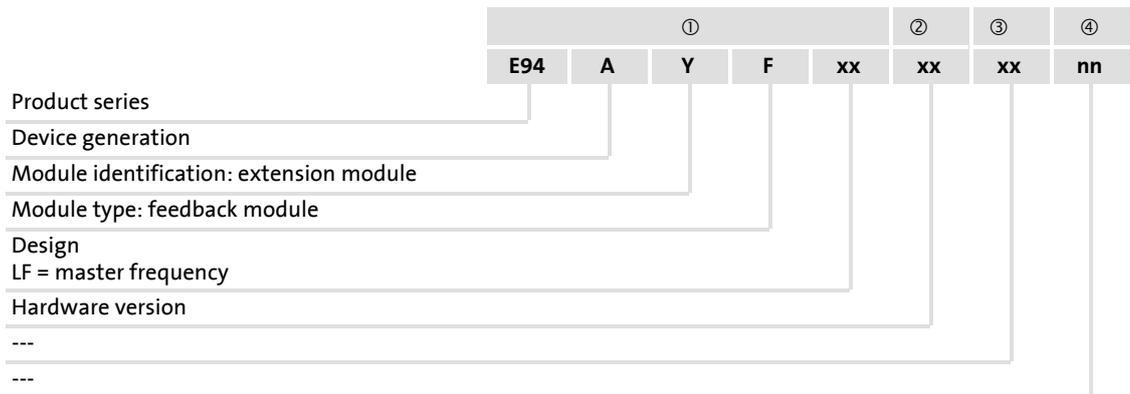
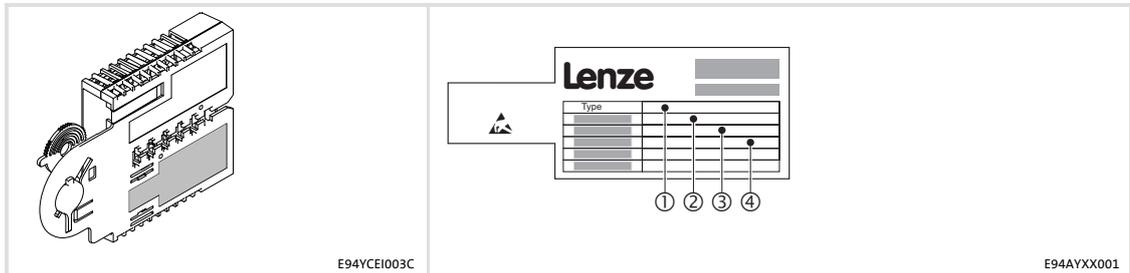
Before working on the device, the personnel must ensure that they are free of electrostatic charge by using appropriate measures.

**Stop!**

Before mounting/dismounting, switch off the supply voltage to prevent electronic modules from damage.

8.4.1 Digital frequency

Identification



Application range

This module may be used in conjunction with basic devices of the 9400 product series as of nameplate designation

● Type	E94AxxExxxx
● HW version	VB
● SW version	04.01



**Stop!**

**Malfunctions**

If E94AxHExxx4 standard devices, firmware (SW) up to and including 04.00.21.00, are used, the output signals of the digital frequency module can be faulty.

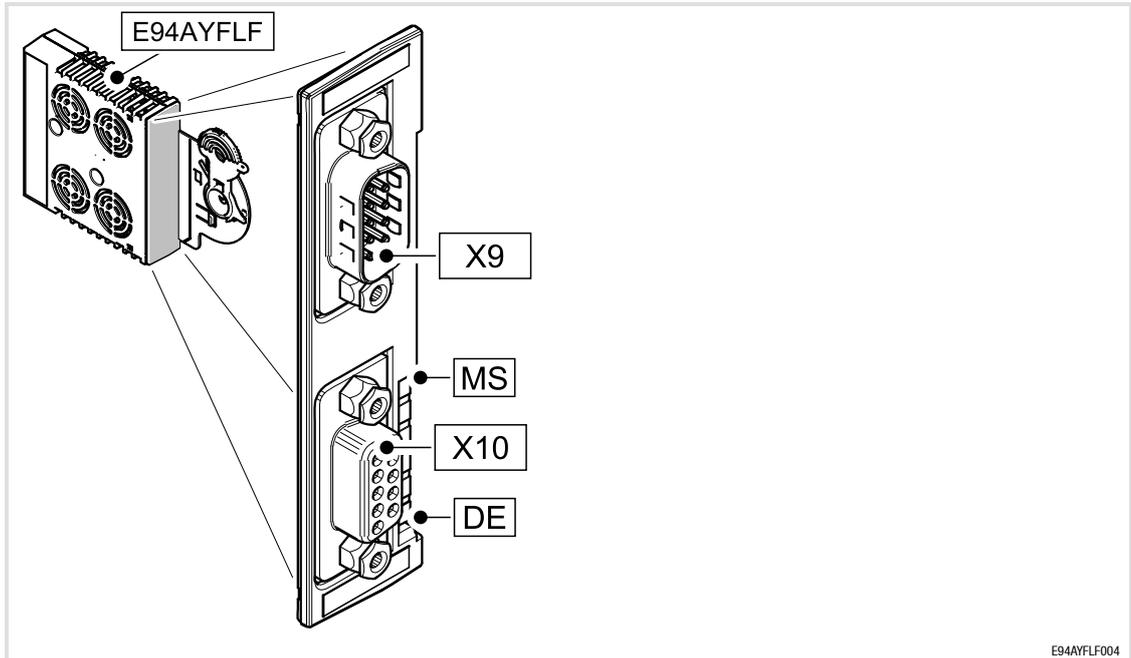
**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Damage to machines through unexpected movements of slave drives.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Only use digital frequency modules together with E94AxHExxx4 standard devices of firmware (SW) 04.01.00.00 or higher. The firmware version is indicated in parameter C00099 and on the nameplate.  
Example: C00099 = 04.01.00.00 or SW nameplate data: 04.01

## Scope of supply



E94AYFLF004

## Elements on the front

Pos.	Description
X9	Input for digital frequency, 9-pole Sub-D plug
X10	Output for digital frequency, 9-pole Sub-D socket

## Displays

Pos.	Colour	Condition	Description
MS	Green	ON	The module is supplied with voltage.
DE	Red	ON	The module is not accepted by the standard device (see notes given in the documentation for the standard device).

**Note!**

Only one module per basic device may be used, either in module receptacle MXI1 or MXI2.

**Rated data**

Logic level [V]	Inputs		Outputs	
	low	high	low	high
TTL 5 V (standard)	0 ... 0.8	2.0 ... 5.0	0 ... 0.4	2.4 ... 5.0

**Functions on X9**

- ▶ Input for encoder signals with TTL level
- ▶ Voltage supply +5 V for encoder
- ▶ Sensor lead (sense) at regulated voltage supply (Lenze setting)
  - max. control range of the voltage drop on the cable: 4 V (corresponds to 5 ... 9 V output voltage on X9/4)
- ▶ Digital input signal (only with regard to unused or external voltage supply)

**Functions on X10**

- ▶ Output for encoder signals with TTL level, directly or simulated
- ▶ Voltage supply +5 V
- ▶ Digital output signal

## Assignment of the Sub-D plug connector

**Stop!**

The output voltages on X9/4 and on X10/4 may only be charged at a total of max. 150 mA.

If the output voltage on X9/4 is used, no digital input signal may be applied to X9/8. In this case, the cable serves as a sensor lead. In case of a connection error, the components connected to X9 are damaged.

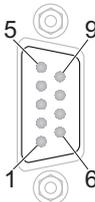
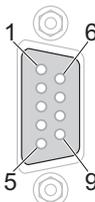
**Stop!**

The output voltages on X9/4 and on X10/4 may not be interconnected. This applies to both the wiring of several modules and to the wiring of one module (e. g. for purposes of simulation).

Use system cables not connecting pin 4 for this applications only.

**Tip!**

We recommend the use of Lenze system cables. For this purpose, please read the documentation for the basic device.

X9	Pin	Designation	Explanation
 SUBD09010	1	B	
	2	$\bar{A}$	TTL input signal by encoder or encoder simulation
	3	A	
	4	+5 V	Regulated voltage supply for encoder (pin 8 = sense must be used, max. control range 5 ... 9 V)
	5	GND	-
	6	$\bar{Z}$	TTL input signal by encoder or encoder simulation
	7	Z	
	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• S</li> <li>• Lc</li> <li>• E</li> </ul>	The function of this cable has to be set in the basic device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sense (sensor lead for voltage regulation, <b>Lenze setting</b>)</li> <li>• Lamp control</li> <li>• Enable</li> </ul>
	9	$\bar{B}$	TTL input signal by encoder or encoder simulation
X10	Pin	Designation	Explanation
 SUBD09010	1	B	
	2	$\bar{A}$	TTL output signal from the encoder or encoder simulation Maximum output current: 20 mA per channel
	3	A	
	4	+5 V	$V_{CC} \pm 6\%$
	5	GND	-
	6	$\bar{Z}$	TTL output signal from the encoder or encoder simulation Maximum output current: 20 mA per channel
	7	Z	
	8	Enable	Digital output signal
	9	$\bar{B}$	TTL output signal from the encoder or encoder simulation Maximum output current: 20 mA per channel

## 8.5 Memory modules

Use these modules in slot  MXI1  MXI2  MMI  MSI.

### Safety instructions



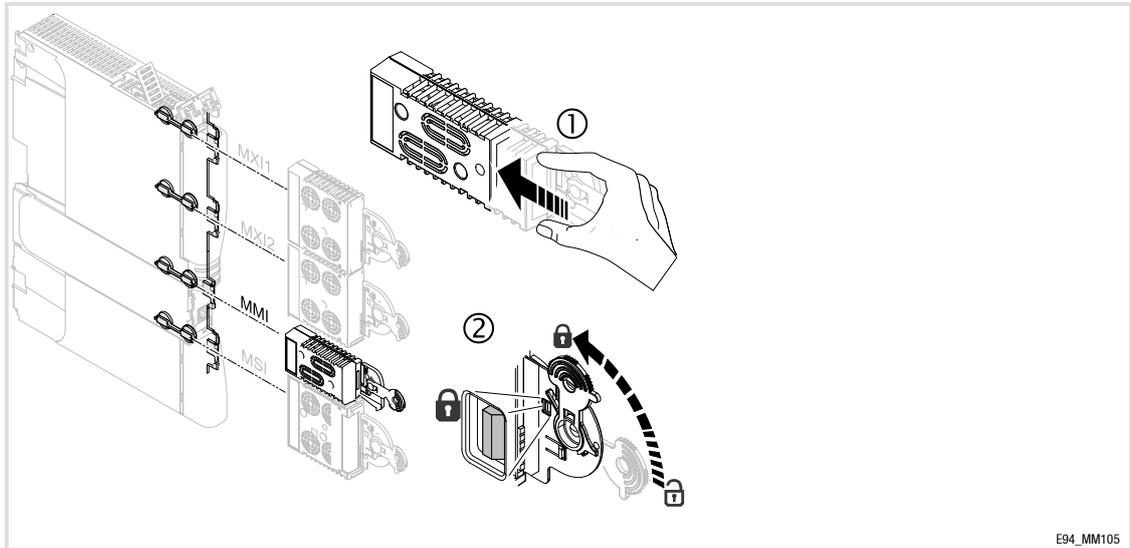
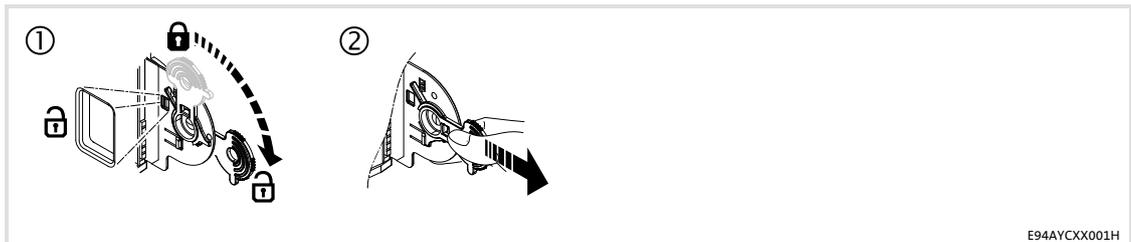
#### Stop!

The  symbol visible at the front indicates the presence of electronic components which can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. Take appropriate measures to protect these components before touching the module!



#### Stop!

Before mounting/dismounting, switch off the supply voltage to prevent electronic modules from damage.

**Mounting****Dismantling**

### 8.5.1 Setting CAN node address and baud rate

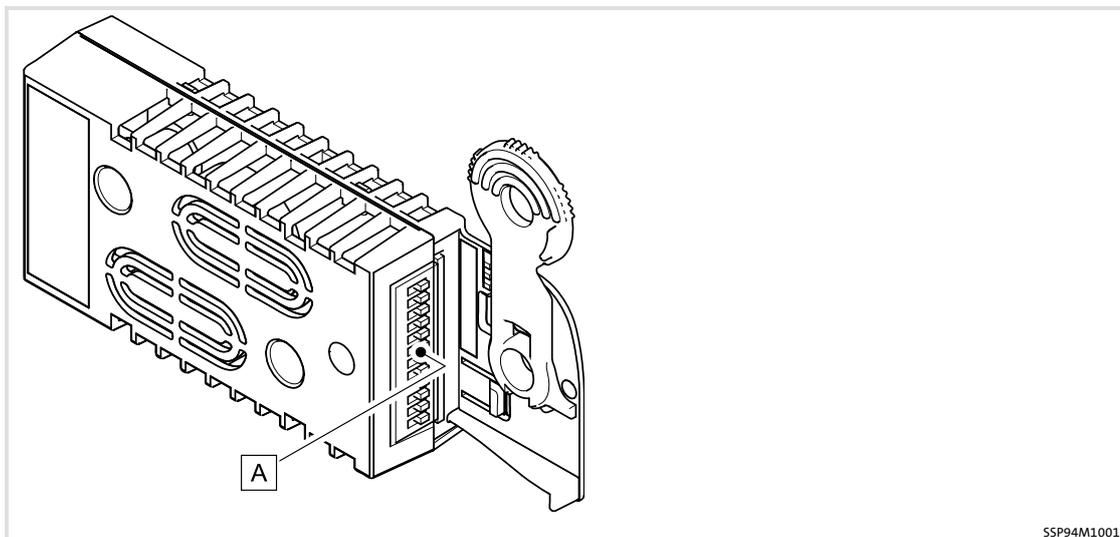


Fig. 8-1 Memory module with DIP switch (as of order designation E94AYM22)

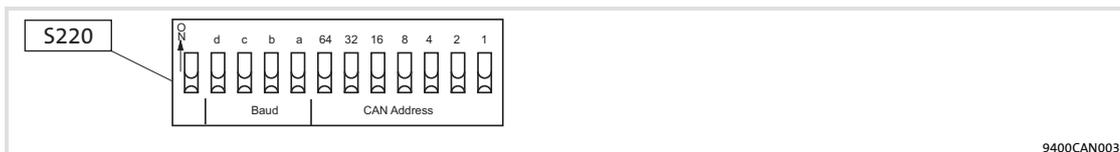


Fig. 8-2 Arrangement and labelling of the DIP switches

Via the DIP switches on the front, you can set:

- ▶ the node address (labelling "1" ... "64") and
- ▶ baud rate (labelling "a" ... "d")



#### Note!

If DIP switches 1 ... 64 = OFF ("Lenze setting"): When the standard device is switched on, the parameterisation of codes C00350 (node address) and C00351 (baud rate) is activated.

Switch the voltage supply of the standard device off and then on again to activate altered settings.

#### Setting the node address

The node address of the drive is calculated from the sum of all address switches in the "ON" position.

**Setting the baud rate**

d	c	b	a	Baud rate
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	10 kbps
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	20 kbps
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	50 kbps
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	125 kbps
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	250 kbps
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	500 kbps
ON	ON	ON	OFF	800 kbps
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	1000 kbps
OFF	ON	ON	ON	Automated recognition

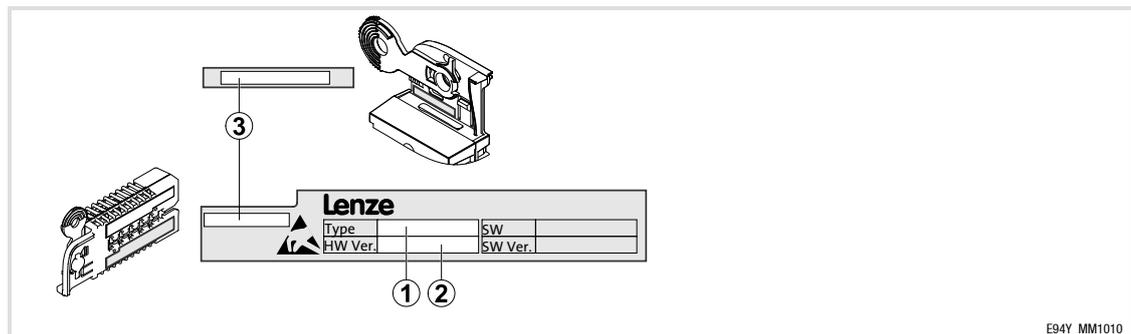
## 8.5.2 Memory module MM220

- ▶ E94AYM22 (MM220) memory modules as of version VA

### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	MM220 memory module with front panel DIP switch (position "A") for setting the address and baud rate, order designation E94AYM22
	Mounting Instructions

### Identification



	①					②
	E94	A	Y	M	22	VA
Designation ③: <b>MM220</b>						
Product range						
Version						
Module description: extension module						
Module type: memory module						
Design:						
• 2 MB flash						
• Possible logbook entries: 7						
• DIP switch						
Licence: Motion Control HighLevel						
Hardware version						

## 8 Accessories (overview)

Memory modules  
Memory module MM330

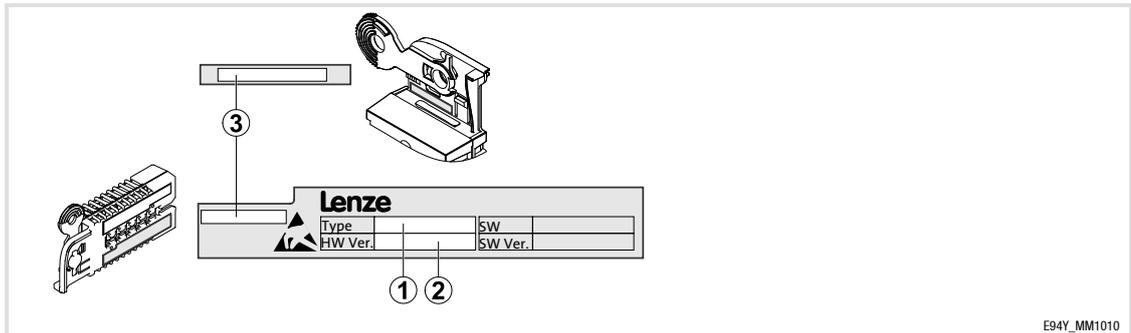
### 8.5.3 Memory module MM330

► E94AYM33 (MM330) memory modules as of version VA

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	MM330 memory module with front panel DIP switch (position "A") for setting the address and baud rate, order designation: E94AYM33
	Mounting Instructions

#### Identification



Designation ③: **MM330**

	①					②
	E94	A	Y	M	33	VA
Product range	E94AYM33					VA
Version	E94AYM33					VA
Module description: extension module	E94AYM33					VA
Module type: memory module	E94AYM33					VA
Design:	E94AYM33					VA
• 4 MB flash	E94AYM33					VA
• Possible logbook entries: 439	E94AYM33					VA
• DIP switch	E94AYM33					VA
Licence: Motion Control TopLevel	E94AYM33					VA
Hardware version	E94AYM33					VA

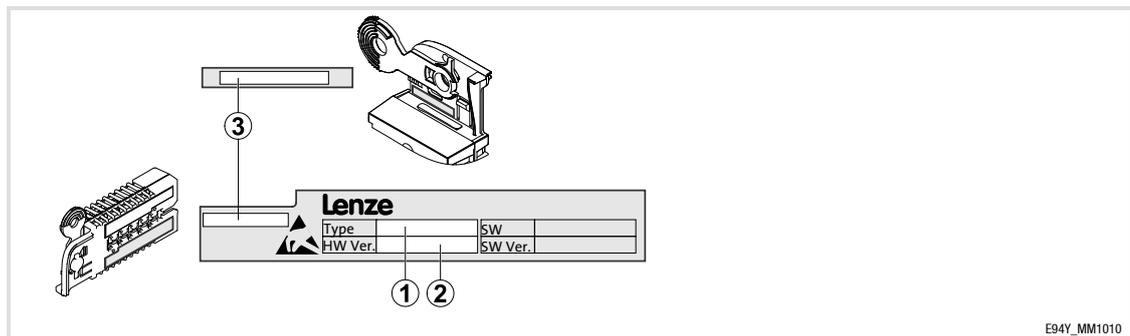
### 8.5.4 Memory module MM340

- ▶ E94AYM34 (MM340) memory modules as of version VA

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	MM340 memory module with front panel DIP switch (position "A") for setting the address and baud rate, order designation: E94AYM34
	Mounting Instructions

#### Identification



Designation ③: **MM340**

①					②
<b>E94</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>VA</b>

Product range

Version

Module description: extension module

Module type: memory module

Design:

- 4 MB flash
- Possible logbook entries: 439
- DIP switch

Licence: Motion Control PLC

Hardware version

## 8 Accessories (overview)

Memory modules  
Memory module MM430

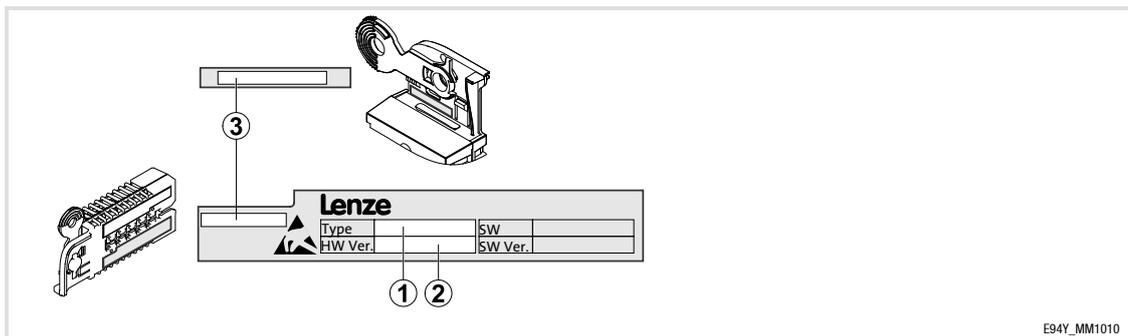
### 8.5.5 Memory module MM430

- ▶ E94AYM43 (MM430) memory modules as of version VA

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	MM430 memory module with front panel DIP switch (position "A") for setting the address and baud rate, order designation: E94AYM43
	Mounting Instructions

#### Identification



Designation ③: **MM430**

	①					②
	E94	A	Y	M	43	VA
Product range						
Version						
Module description: extension module						
Module type: memory module						
Design:						
• 8 MB flash						
• Possible logbook entries: 439						
• DIP switch						
• Real-time clock						
Licence: Motion Control TopLevel						
Hardware version						

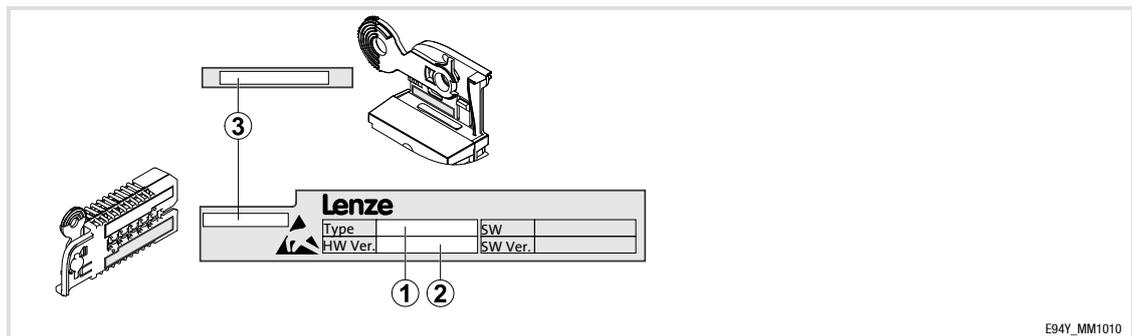
### 8.5.6 Memory module MM440

- ▶ E94AYM44 (MM440) memory modules as of version VA

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	MM440 memory module with front panel DIP switch (position "A") for setting the address and baud rate, order designation: E94AYM44
	Mounting Instructions

#### Identification



Designation ③: **MM440**

①					②
<b>E94</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>VA</b>

Product range

Version

Module description: extension module

Module type: memory module

Design:

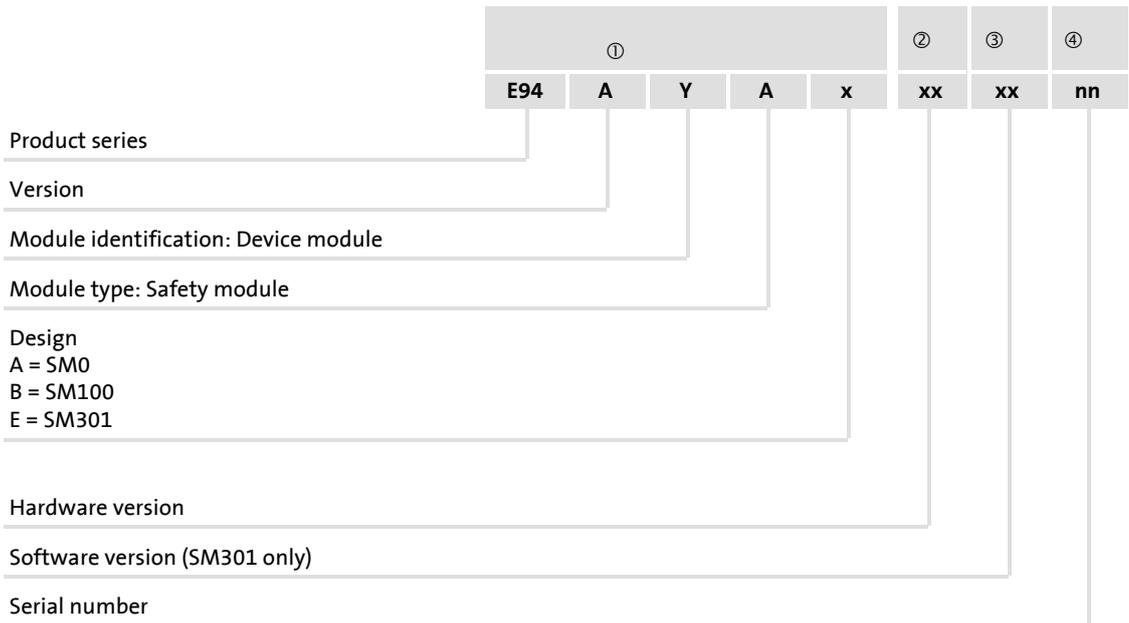
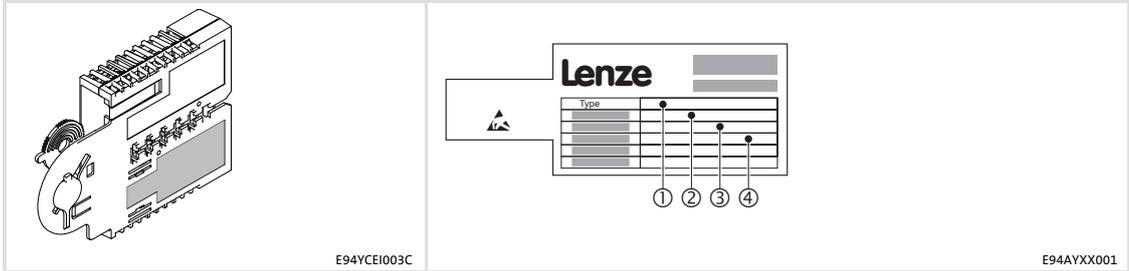
- 8 MB flash
- Possible logbook entries: 439
- DIP switch
- Real-time clock

Licence: Motion Control PLC

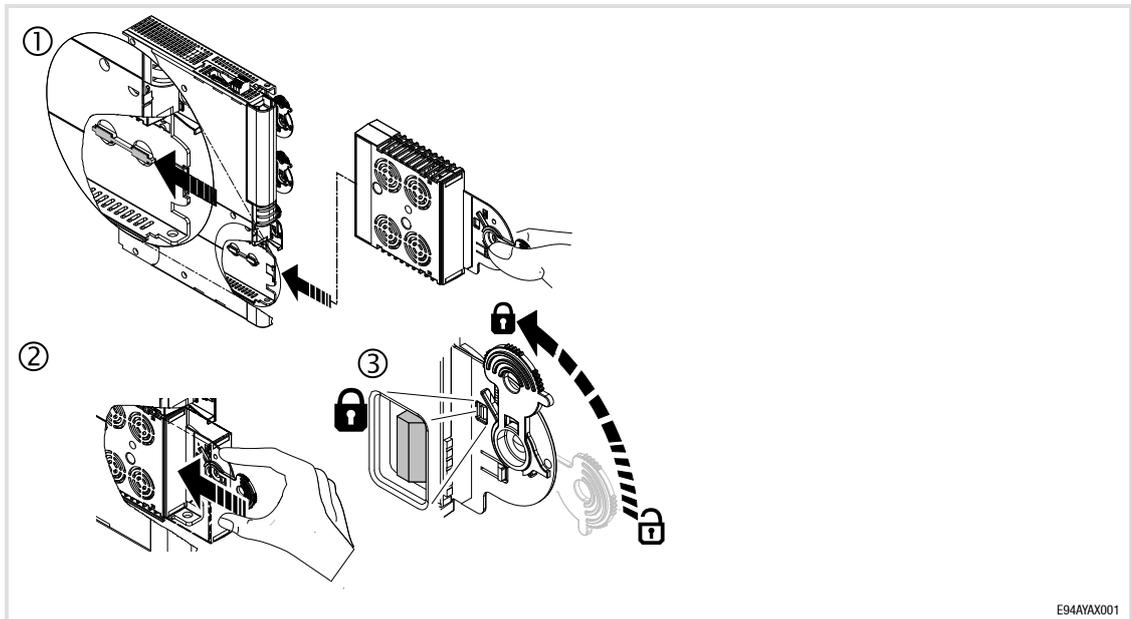
Hardware version

8.6 Safety modules

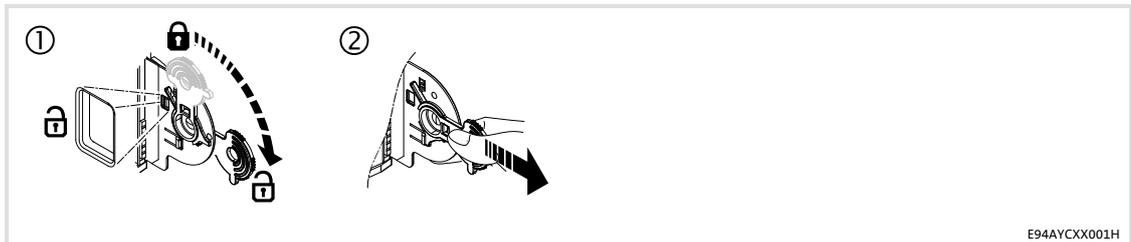
Identification



### Mounting



### Dismounting



**Safety instructions****Danger!**

Improper use of the module and the standard device may cause serious injury and property damage.

Observe the chapters "Safety instructions" and "Residual hazards" contained in the instructions for the standard device.

**Stop!**

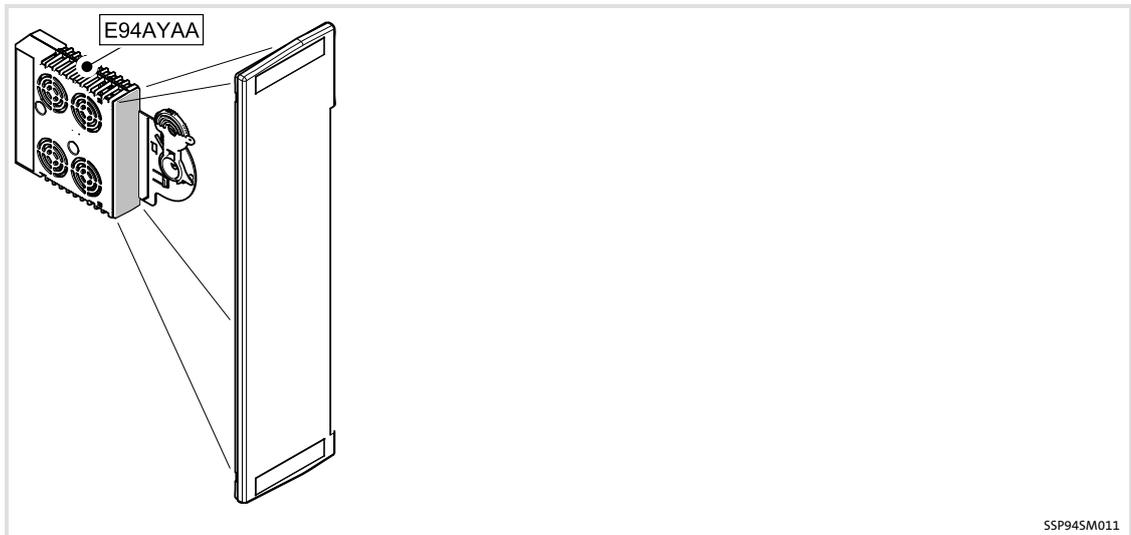
Mounting/dismounting must be carried out when the supply voltage is switched off to protect the electronic components against damage.

Only use safety modules in the module slot for safety modules (MSI).

**Note!**

The entry in code C00214 must correspond to the type of the plugged-on safety module. Otherwise, the controller will report the following error: "Safety module: Incompatible to setting in C00214".

8.6.1 SM0



Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	SM0 safety module, type E94AYAA
	Mounting Instructions

Elements on the front

Pos.	Description
-	There are no elements.

Technical data

Function

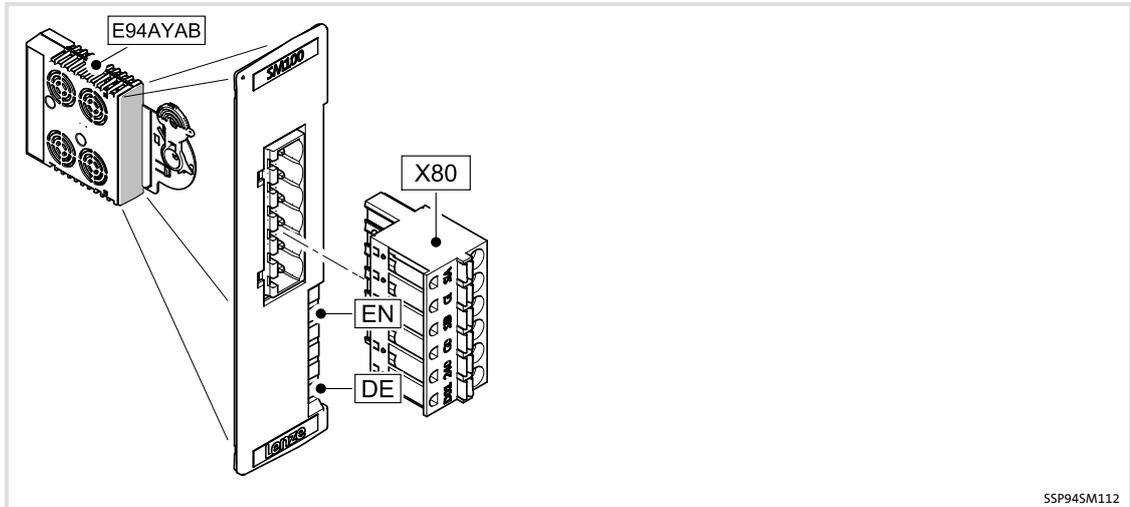
- ▶ There are **no** safety functions available.
- ▶ This module is required to operate the controller without safetyfunctions.



**Note!**

If safety functions are required, replace the SM0 module by a module with safety functions (e.g. SM100, SM301).

## 8.6.2 SM100



## Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	SM100 safety module, type E94AYAB
	Mounting Instructions

## Elements on the front

Pos.	Description
X80	Pluggable terminal strip for input and output signals

## Displays

Pos.	Colour	Condition	Description
EN	Yellow	On	Controller enabled
		Off	Non-safe display "Safe pulse inhibit"
DE	Red	On	The module is not accepted by the standard device (see notes given in the documentation for the standard device).

## Application range

This accessory component may only be used in conjunction with

- E94AxxExxxx axis module

as of nameplate data

	HW	SW
E94AxxExxxx	VA	1.10

## Safety instructions



### Danger!

If the request for the safety function is cancelled, the drive will restart automatically.

You must provide external measures which ensure that the drive only restarts after a confirmation (EN 60204).



### Danger!

#### Unexpected motor rotation possible

In the event of a short-circuit between two power transistors, a residual movement of the motor of up to  $180^\circ$ /number of pole pairs may occur!  
(Example.: 4-pole motor  $\Rightarrow$  residual movement max.  $180^\circ/2 = 90^\circ$ )

#### Possible consequences:

- ▶ People may be injured by the machine movements (unexpected start-up).

#### Protective measures:

- ▶ The residual movement must be considered in the risk analysis, e.g. safe torque off for main spindle drives.



### Warnings!

- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ External fuse for 24 Vdc supply voltage. Rated 4 A DC fuse UL248-14.

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Fusible externe pour tension d'alimentation 24 VCC. Fusible CC 4 A UL248-14 (tension assignée).

**Technical data****Function**

- ▶ Safe torque off  
(previously: safe standstill, protection against unexpected start-up)

**Rated data input (sensor)**

Type	Voltage $U_N$ [V]	Current $I_{max}$ [A]
E94AYAB - SM100	24	0.9

**Rated data output (feedback)**

Type	Voltage $U_N$ [V]	Current $I_{max}$ [A]
E94AYAB - SM100	24	0.7

**Block diagram**

SM100  
SIA, SIB, GI

Safety module  
Two-channel sensor signal connections, supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)  
(old labelling up to HW version VB: SI1, SI2, GI)

240, DO1, GO

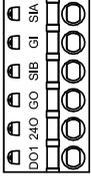
Non-safe feedback connections, supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)

$\mu$ C  
PWM

Microcontroller  
Pulse width modulation

SSP94S1010

## Connection data

X80	Marking	Description	Electrical data
 <p>SSP9400X80</p>	SIA	Input first shutdown path	SIA: $I_{typ} = 160 \text{ mA}$
	GI	GND potential for SIA/SIB	LOW: $-3 \dots 5 \text{ V}$ , HIGH: $15 \dots 30 \text{ V}$ ,
	SIB	Input second shutdown path	SIB: $I_{typ} = 28 \text{ mA}$
	GO	GND potential feedback	Supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)
	240	24 V supply feedback	24 V, max. 0.7 A, short-circuit-proof, LOW-active,
	DO1	Non-safe signalling output: "Safe pulse inhibit"	Supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)

## Terminal data

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Rigid	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
Wire end ferrule, insulated	0.2 ... 1.5	24 ... 16		
Twin wire end ferrule	0.5 ... 1.0	20 ... 18		

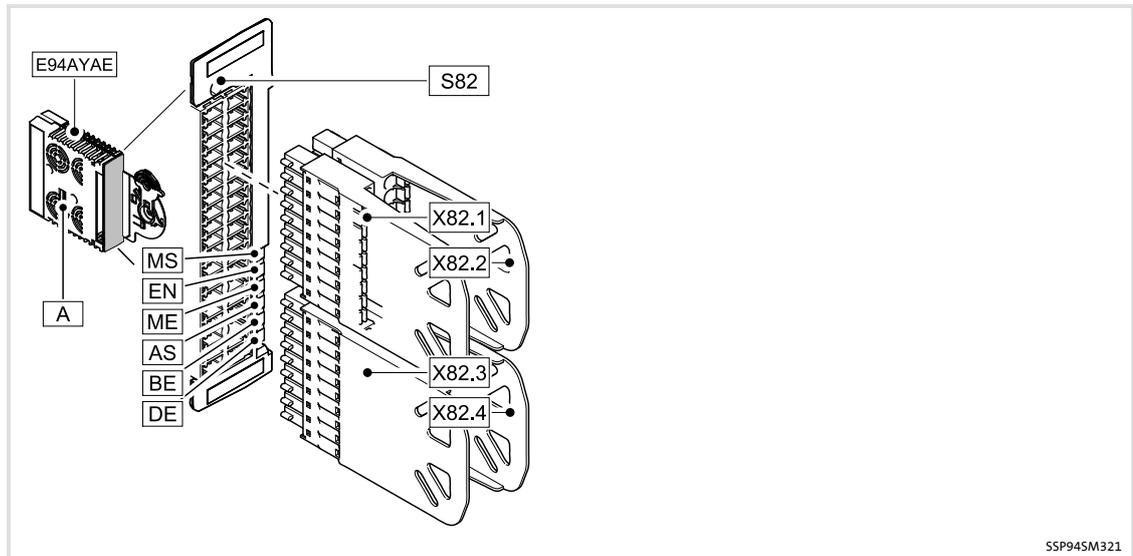
Stripping length / contact length: 10 mm

## Information for the exchange of modules of different hardware versions

up to HW: VB	from HW: VC	Comment
SI1	SIA	The exchange of the spring terminal is required!
GI	GI	
SI2	SIB	
GO	GO	
240	240	
DO1	DO1	

## 8.6.3

## SM301



## Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	SM301 safety module, type E94AYAE
	Mounting Instructions

## Elements on the front

Pos.	Description
A	Safety address switch (in the left part of the housing)
S82	Module switch for parameter set adoption from the memory module
X82.1	Plug-in terminal strips for input and output signals
X82.2	
X82.3	
X82.4	

## Displays

Pos.	Colour	State	Description
MS (Module State)	Green	On	Drive-based safety has initialised without a fault.
		Blinking	Drive-based safety has initialised without a fault. Internal communication to the standard device is not possible.
		Flashing	Drive-based safety is in service status. For exiting, parameterise the drive-based safety.
		Off	Drive-based safety is not initialised. Acknowledgement is not possible.
EN (Enable)	Yellow	On	Controller enabled
		Off	Non-safe display "STO"
ME (Module Error)	Red	On	System error
		Blinking	Trouble
		Flashing	Warning
		Off	Error-free operation
AS (Acknowledge Stop)	Yellow	On	Request of an acknowledgement for the restart or the parameter set adoption
		Blinking	SS1/STO active
		Flashing	SS2/SOS active
		Off	No stop function active
BE (Bus Error)	Red	On	Safety bus error: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Communication is not possible.</li> <li>• Acknowledgement is possible.</li> </ul>
		Blinking	Safety bus error: no valid configuration.
		Off	Safety bus: error-free operation.
DE (Drive Error)	Red	On	Drive-based safety is not accepted by the standard device (see notes in the instructions for the standard device).
		Off	Drive-based safety is correctly recognised by the standard device.

Blinking: on/off every 0.5 s Flashing: on/off every 0.1/0.9 s

### Application range

The use of this module is permissible with standard devices of the 9400 product series from nameplate designation

Type	HW	SW
E94AxHExxxx	VA	01.49
E94AxPExxxx	2A	02.xx

The use of this module is permissible with the PROFIBUS communication module from nameplate designation

Type	HW	SW
E94AYCPM	VB	01.10

## Safety instructions



### Danger!

When the request for the safety function is deactivated, the drive can restart automatically. The behaviour can be set via the parameter "Restart behaviour" (C15300/1/2).

In the case of an automatic restart, you must provide external measures which ensure that the drive only restarts after an acknowledgement (EN 60204).



### Danger!

#### Danger to life through improper installation

Improper installation of the safety engineering systems can cause an uncontrolled starting action of the drives.

#### Possible consequences:

- ▶ Death or severe injuries

#### Protective measures:

**Total cable length between X82 and its connected components (e.g. sensors, devices, ...) > 3 m:**

- ▶ Up to HW version 1A, a shielded laying system must be used for the cable between X82 and its connected components:
  - The shield must at least cover the shield connection at the installation backplane.
  - The shield should also cover the connected component if possible.
- ▶ From HW version 1A onwards, unshielded wiring is permissible.

**Total cable length between X82 and its connected components (e.g. sensors, devices, ...) < 3 m:**

- ▶ Unshielded wiring is permissible.



### Warnings!

- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ External fuse for 24 Vdc supply voltage. Rated 4 A DC fuse UL248-14.

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Fusible externe pour tension d'alimentation 24 VCC. Fusible CC 4 A UL248-14 (tension assignée).

### Technical data

If safety functions with SM301, which require reliable speed and position detection, are used, the cable length for motor and feedback must be restricted to 100 m. In addition, the maximum permissible cable lengths in relation to the drive controllers must be adhered to (c.f. respective chapter "General data").

The module and the safe output must be supplied with 24 V from safely separated power supply units. If electrical isolation is required, separate voltage supply lines must be used.

Detailed features of the 24-V supply					
Terminal	Specification	[Unit]	min.	typ.	max.
+, -	Supply voltage of the module via a safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)	[V]	19,2	24	30
	Input current	[mA]			350
240, GO	Supply voltage of the safe output via a safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)	[V]	18	24	30
	Input current	[mA]			1100

If the voltage of the SELV/PELV power supply unit can exceed 30 V in the event of an error, provide for an external fuse (📖 3.6.2).

**Functions from SM301 V1.0 onwards**

- ▶ Safe torque off (STO)  
(formerly: safe standstill, protection against unexpected start-up)
- ▶ Safe stop 1 (SS1)
- ▶ Safe stop 2 (SS2) - see SOS
- ▶ Safe stop emergency (SSE)
- ▶ Safe operational stop (SOS) - in accordance with EN 61800-5-2: SOS is designed with speed monitoring
- ▶ Safe maximum speed (SMS)
- ▶ Safely limited speed 1 (SLS1)
- ▶ Safe operation mode selector (OMS)
- ▶ Safe enable switch (ES)
- ▶ Safe speed monitor (SSM)
- ▶ Safe monitor (output)
- ▶ Connection of safety sensors
- ▶ Safe parameterisation
- ▶ Safety bus connection (PROFIsafe V1)

**Additional functions as of SM301 V1.1**

- ▶ Safely limited speed 2 (SLS2)
- ▶ Safely limited speed 3 (SLS3)
- ▶ Safely limited speed 4 (SLS4)
- ▶ Safe cascading (CAS) via SD-In4/SD-Out1
- ▶ Safety bus connection (PROFIsafe V2)

**Additional functions from SM301 V1.2**

- ▶ Parameterisable response time of encoder monitoring

**Additional functions from SM301 V1.3**

- ▶ Safe operational stop (SOS) - compliant with EN 61800-5-2: SOS is designed with position monitoring
- ▶ Safe direction (SDI)
- ▶ Safe speed measurement and position detection with resolver using a motor encoder and an additional position encoder (two-encoder-concept)

**Additional functions as of SM301 V1.4**

- ▶ Safely limited increment (SLI)
- ▶ Safely monitored brake ramp for SS1/SS2
- ▶ Safe speed and position detection with resolver selected as the motor encoder

## Addressing

The safety address serves to clearly assign the safety modules of the SM301 type in systems with several drives. The address "0" is not permissible.

## Address switch

The safety address can be set in the left part of the housing by means of the DIP switch . For setting the switch, use an appropriately small tool, e. g. a probe. The switch can only be set if the module is not connected to a standard device. Via the switch, addresses in the range of 0 ... 1023 can be set. Alterations by the switch with regard to the address are only activated when the 24-V supply is switched on. The address setting "0" requires the setting by the address code.

DIP switch 	Labelling									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Value of the address bit	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256	512

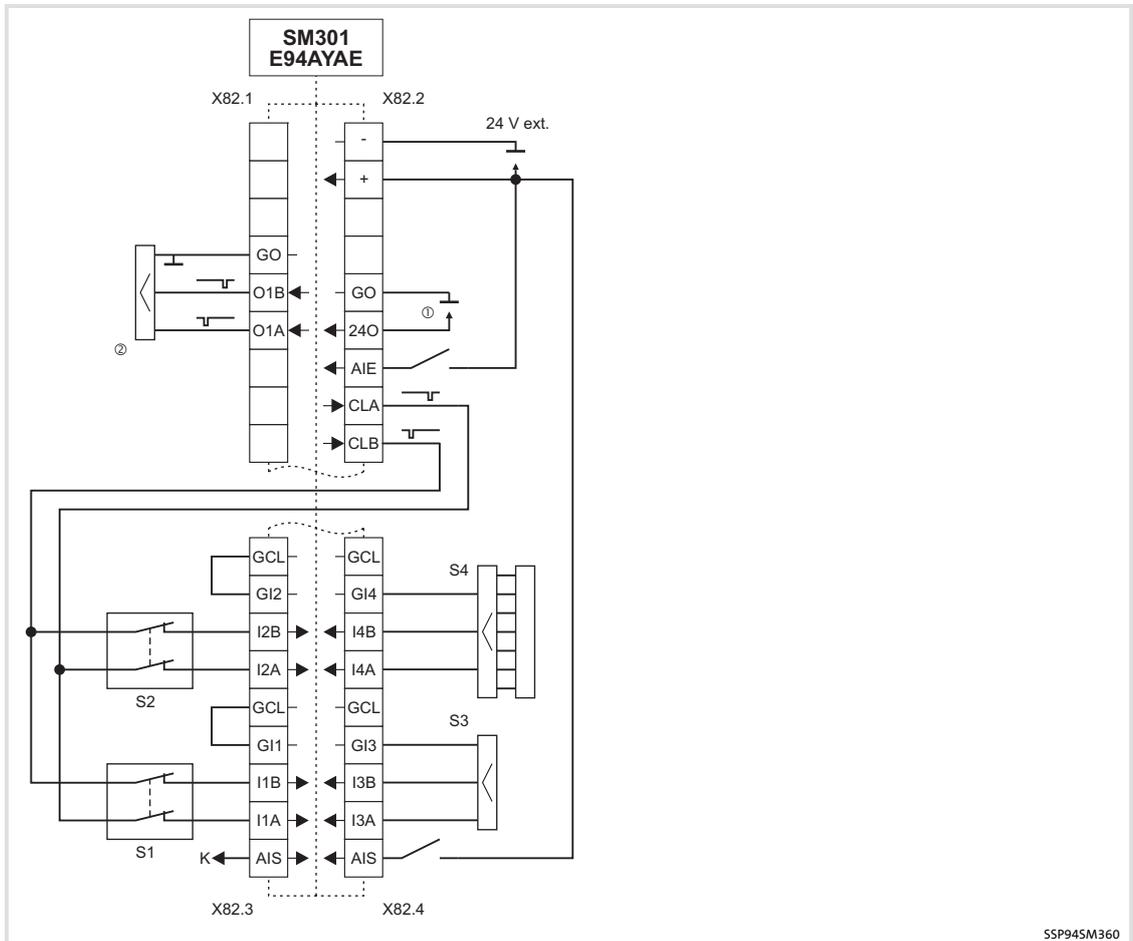


### Note!

In the SM301 safety module as of version VA 1.xx, the address 0 is replaced as follows:

- ▶ With the address saved in the safety module in the parameter "Safety address" (C15111).
- ▶ If the address 0 cannot be replaced, the module reports an error.

## Block diagram



SSP945M360

Fig. 8-3 Wiring example

E94AYAE	SM301 safety module
S1	passive sensor with channel A and B
S2	passive sensor with channel A and B
S3	higher-level safety control (active sensor)
S4	lightgrid (active sensor)
24 V ext.	24-V voltage supply of the module (SELV/PELV)
①	24-V voltage supply of the output (SELV/PELV)
②	safe output to higher-level safety control
K	to AIS of the next module

## Connection data

**Note!**

Provide for a sufficient strain relief, so that the terminals are not pulled from the plug connectors, in particular when you use rigid cables.

**Cable cross-sections and tightening torques**

Type	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[Nm]	AWG	[lb-in]
Wire end ferrule, insulated	0.25 ... 0.75	Spring terminal	24 ... 18	Spring terminal
Rigid	0.14 ... 1.5		26 ... 16	

Stripping length or contact length: 9 mm

X82.1	Labelling	Description
		This part of the terminal strip is not assigned.
	GO	GND SD-Out1
	O1B	Safe monitor SD-Out1, channel B
	O1A	Safe monitor SD-Out1, channel A
		This part of the terminal strip is not assigned.

X82.2	Labelling	Description
	-	GND external supply
	+	+24 V external supply via a safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)
	GIR	This part of the terminal strip is reserved.
	RI1	
	GO	GND 240
	240	+24 V external supply for the safe monitor SD-Out1 (SELV/PELV)
	AIE	Error acknowledgement input ("Acknowledge In Error")
	CLA	Clock output for passive sensors, channel A (Clock A)
CLB	Clock output for passive sensors, channel B (Clock B)	

X82.3	Labelling	Description
	GCL	GND clock output
	GI2	GND SD-In2
	I2B	Sensor input SD-In2, channel B
	I2A	Sensor input SD-In2, channel A
	GCL	GND clock output
	GI1	GND SD-In1
	I1B	Sensor input SD-In1, channel B
	I1A	Sensor input SD-In1, channel A
	AIS	Restart acknowledgement input ("Acknowledge In Stop", 1-channel, bridged to X82.4/AIS)

X82.4	Labelling	Description
	GCL	GND clock output
	G14	GND SD-In4
	I4B	Sensor input SD-In4, channel B
	I4A	Sensor input SD-In4, channel A
	GCL	GND clock output
	G13	GND SD-In3
	I3B	Sensor input SD-In3, channel B
	I3A	Sensor input SD-In3, channel A
	AIS	Restart acknowledgement input ("Acknowledge In Stop", 1-channel, bridged to X82.3/AIS)

## 8.7 Motor holding brake control modules

The motor brake control modules differ in the following features:

- ▶ Rated voltage
- ▶ Device size assignment
- ▶ Mounting

The table shows the module/controller assignments according to the features listed.

Axis module		Rated voltage of motor holding brake (control module)		
		24 V	230 V	180 V
E94AMxE0024 ... E94AMxE0324	GG1 ... GG3	E94AZHX0051 ① ③	E94AZHN0025 ④ ⑤	E94AZHN0026 ④ ⑤
E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE0244		E94AZHX0051 ① ③  E94AZHA0051 ① ④		
E94ASxE0324 ... E94ASxE6954	GG6 ... GG10	E94AZHY0101 ② ③  E94AZHB0101 ② ④	E94AZHN0025 ④ ⑤  E94AZHY0025 ② ③	E94AZHN0026 ④ ⑤  E94AZHY0026 ② ③

Tab. 8-2 Motor holding brake/control module assignment

- GGx Device size
- ① integrated in the installation backplane, already used or retrofittable
  - ② integrated in the device, already used or retrofittable  
(recommended variant for the same rated voltage)
  - ③ integrated control module (automatic brake operation can be activated)
  - ④ external control (via digital output/digital input)
  - ⑤ external mounting (DIN rail or mounting plate)

The information applicable to all modules is provided in advance.

The information applicable to the individual modules is provided afterwards:

- ▶ E94AZHX0051 - (📖 448)
- ▶ E94AZHA0051 - (📖 454)
- ▶ E94AZHY0101 - (📖 461)
- ▶ E94AZHB0101 - (📖 468)
- ▶ E94AZHY0025 - (📖 475)
- ▶ E94AZHN0025 - (📖 479)
- ▶ E94AZHY0026 - (📖 485)
- ▶ E94AZHN0026 - (📖 490)

## Monitoring functions

Motor brake control module		
Brake status	Module-internal monitoring	No monitoring
Brake is not controlled (brake is applied)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply voltage of brake               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– not available</li> <li>– not connected correctly</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply voltage               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– too high</li> <li>– too low</li> <li>– e.g. 18 V instead of 24 V</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Brake is controlled (brake is released)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Short circuits               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– cable "+" or "-"</li> <li>– cable "BD1" or "BD2"</li> </ul> </li> <li>Open circuit               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– cable "+" or "-"</li> <li>– cable "BD1" or "BD2"</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Brake current               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– too high</li> <li>– too low</li> </ul> </li> <li>Brake cable not connected correctly</li> </ul>

- ▶ Single Drives E94AS...: monitoring active from  $V_{DC\ bus} > 250\ V$
- ▶ Multi Drives E94AM...: monitoring active independently of  $V_{DC\ bus}$   
 $V_{DC\ bus} =$  DC-bus voltage
- ▶ Errors can be evaluated under code C02609/8.

The externally controllable E94AZHN002x modules can be monitored via the digital output (recommended).

Digital output DO	
Status	Description
HIGH	No faults
LOW	Fault <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply voltage for motor holding brake is missing</li> <li>Motor holding brake not connected to power supply</li> <li>Brake cable defective               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Open circuit</li> <li>– Short circuit</li> </ul> </li> <li>Supply voltage for motor brake control is missing</li> </ul>

**Note!**

The supply status can be reported to the standard device via the error channel. For more information, please see the software manual or the online help (see description of C02609/8).

## Operating conditions

Protection of persons and equipment		
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP00
Protective measures		Against short circuit

The operating conditions correspond to the operating conditions for the standard device to which the DC-feeding point is connected.

Environmental conditions		
Climate		
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)		
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6

## Safety instructions



During installation the notes given in the documentation for the standard device must be observed!

**Danger!****Dangerous electrical voltage!**

Dangerous electrical voltages may be applied to the connections of the brake switch.

**Possible consequences:**

- ▶ Death or severe injuries when touching the terminals.

**Protective measures:**

- ▶ Disconnect the standard device and the brake switch from the mains before carrying out any operations.
- ▶ Check that all power terminals are deenergised.

**Stop!**

The motor brake control includes an electronic switch which can control a motor holding brake.

The motor brake control module may only be connected to holding brakes which correspond to the permissible data specified in the technical data.

If the permissible values specified in the technical data are not complied with:

- ▶ The motor brake control module can be destroyed.
- ▶ A safe operation of the motor holding brake cannot be guaranteed.

Further notes in the documentation of the standard device must be observed!

**Stop!****Requirements on the brake cable (connection BD1/BD2):**

- ▶ If the brake cable is part of the motor cable, it must be shielded.
  - An operation with unshielded brake cables can destroy the motor brake control module.
  - We recommend the use of Lenze system cables (motor cable with separately shielded additional cores).
  - Connect the shield to PE on both sides.
- ▶ When using a permanent magnet holding brake, ensure the correct polarity of the brake cable.
  - If the terminals are reversed, the brake does not release. Since the motor runs against the closed brake, the brake can be destroyed.

Safety instructions for the installation according to UL/CSA

Original - English

E94AZHX0051, E94AZHA0051



**Warnings!**

- ▶ Only for use with series E94.
- ▶ Load at "Brake Output" is provided for "dc pilot duty".
- ▶ The voltage rating of the fuses must at least be suitable for the input voltage of the device.
- ▶ Use 60/75 °C wire, except for control circuits.
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

E94AZHY0101, E94AZHA0101, E94AZHY0025, E94AZHN0025, E94AZHY0026, E94AZHN0026



**Warnings!**

- ▶ Only for use with series E94.
- ▶ Load at "Brake Output" is provided for "dc pilot duty".
- ▶ The voltage rating of the fuses must at least be suitable for the input voltage of the device.
- ▶ E94AZHx0101, E94AZHx0025:
  - Use 105 °C wire only (min. wire size 20 AWG), except for control circuits.
- ▶ E94AZHx0026:
  - Use 60/75 °C wire only (min. wire size 20 AWG), except for control circuits.
- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C.
- ▶ These products are intended for use in a pollution degree 2 environment.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248	
	Fuse [A]	
E94AZHX0051	7.5	
E94AZHA0051	7.5	
E94AZHY0101	7.5	
E94AZHB0101	7.5	
E94AZHY0025	5	
E94AZHN0025	5	
E94AZHY0026	5	
E94AZHN0026	5	

Original - French

## E94AZHX0051, E94AZHA0051

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Equipement destiné uniquement à être utilisé avec la série E94.
- ▶ Charge côté "sortie du frein" fournie pour "cycle pilote CC".
- ▶ La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'équipement (exigence minimale).
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/75 °C, sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

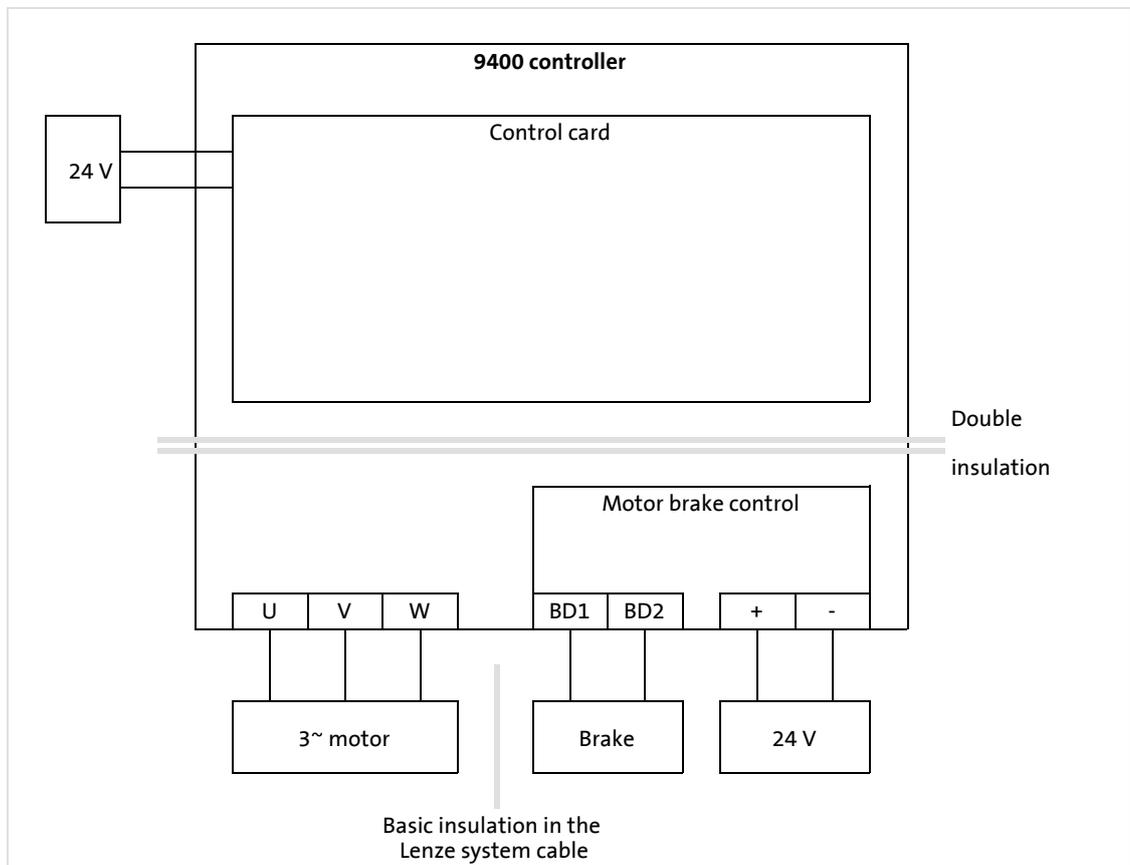
## E94AZHY0101, E94AZHA0101, E94AZHY0025, E94AZHN0025, E94AZHY0026, E94AZHN0026

**Avertissement !**

- ▶ Equipement destiné uniquement à être utilisé avec la série E94.
- ▶ Charge côté "sortie du frein" fournie pour "cycle pilote CC".
- ▶ La tension des fusibles doit être adaptée à la tension d'entrée de l'équipement (exigence minimale).
- ▶ E94AZHx0101, E94AZHx0025:
  - Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs 105 °C (20 AWG minimum), sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ E94AZHx0026:
  - Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs 60/75 °C (20 AWG minimum), sauf pour la partie commande.
- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C.
- ▶ Ces produits sont destinés à un environnement caractérisé par le degré de pollution 2.

Type	Branch circuit/short circuit protection with fuses in accordance with UL248
	Fuse [A]
E94AZHX0051	7.5
E94AZHA0051	7.5
E94AZHY0101	7.5
E94AZHB0101	7.5
E94AZHY0025	5
E94AZHN0025	5
E94AZHY0026	5
E94AZHN0026	5

Electrical isolation / protection against accidental contact



The principle of electrical isolation can be analogously transferred to the modules with other voltages for motor holding brakes.

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHX0051

### 8.7.1

#### Motor holding brake control module E94AZHX0051



#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	Motor brake control E94AZHX0051
	Mounting Instructions

#### Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Connection of the installation backplane
X107	Connection of supply and brake

#### Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	x	005	1
Product series							
Device generation							
Accessories							
Motor brake control type							
Rated current 005 = 2.5 A							
Voltage class 1 = 24 V							

**Standards**

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cULUS	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada	

**General electrical data**

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on control cable:	1 kV (1.2 $\mu$ s/50 $\mu$ s; control cable - PE)

**Rated data**

Type	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Current $I_{DC}$ [A]	Power $P_{DC}$ [W]	Breaking energy E [Ws]
E94AZHX0051	18 ... 30	0.3 ... 2.5	max. 55	max. 5

## Accessories (overview)

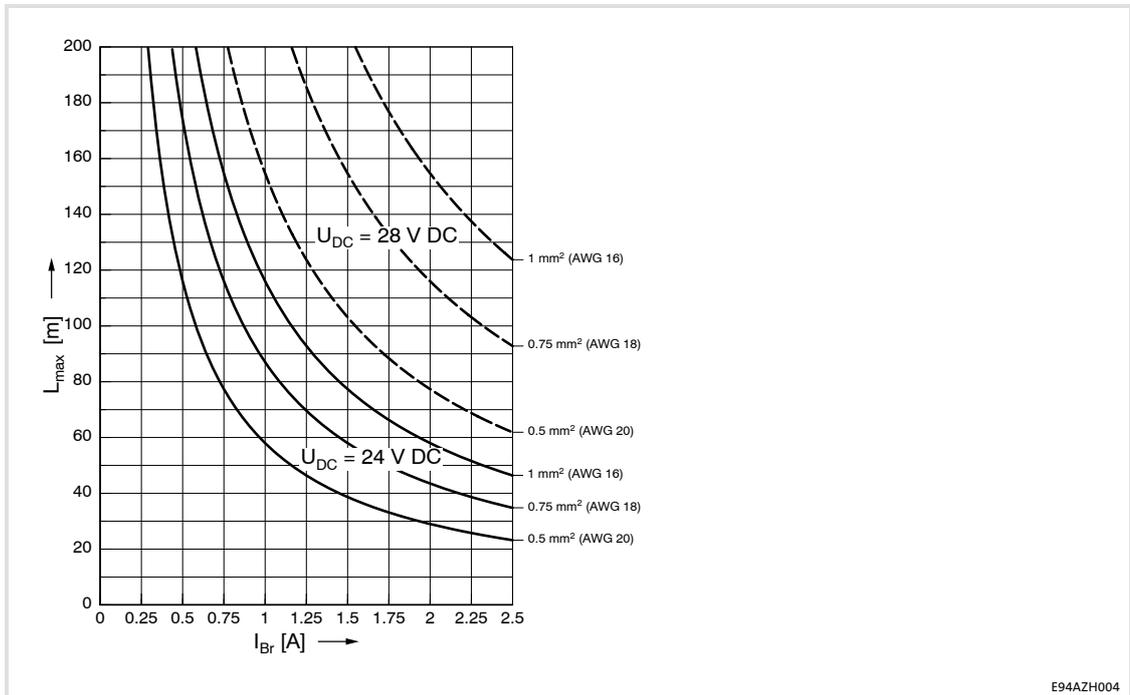
Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHX0051

Field	Values
Input voltage	DC 24 V (18 ... 30 V)
Output voltage	Corresponds to input voltage
Brake current	0.3 ... 2.5 A
Switching capacity	Max. 55 W
Breaking energy	Max. 5 Ws
Cable protection	Recommendation: 7.5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
Maximum cable length	In the chapter "Electrical installation" the dependency of the cable length on the brake current and the cable cross-section is described.
Operating frequency	Max. 6/min
Operating times	Can be ignored compared to the delay time of the brake. See documentation of the brake.
Service life	> 10 millions of cycles
Protection against	
Overload	No
Short circuit of the terminals	Yes
Polarity reversal at the input	Yes
Insulation <sup>1)</sup>	Double insulation (EN61800-5-1: $V_{rated} = 300$ V AC), Separation (UL: $V_{rated} = 500$ V AC)

<sup>1)</sup> Brake connection against control card of the controller

Cable length



E94AZH004

- $L_{max}$  Maximum brake cable length in [m]
- $I_{BR}$  Brake current in [A]
- $U_{DC}$  Supply voltage of the motor brake control

Terminal data

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
	BD1	Connection of the motor holding brake
	BD2	+ (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHX0051: 24 V DC, max. 2.5 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

SSP940X107



Note!

The supply terminals (+/-) are protected against polarity reversal.  
The supply status can be reported to the basic device via the error channel.  
Further information can be obtained from the documentation of the basic device.

Terminal data	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Single core	0.25 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.4 ... 5.3
2 conductors <sup>1)</sup>				

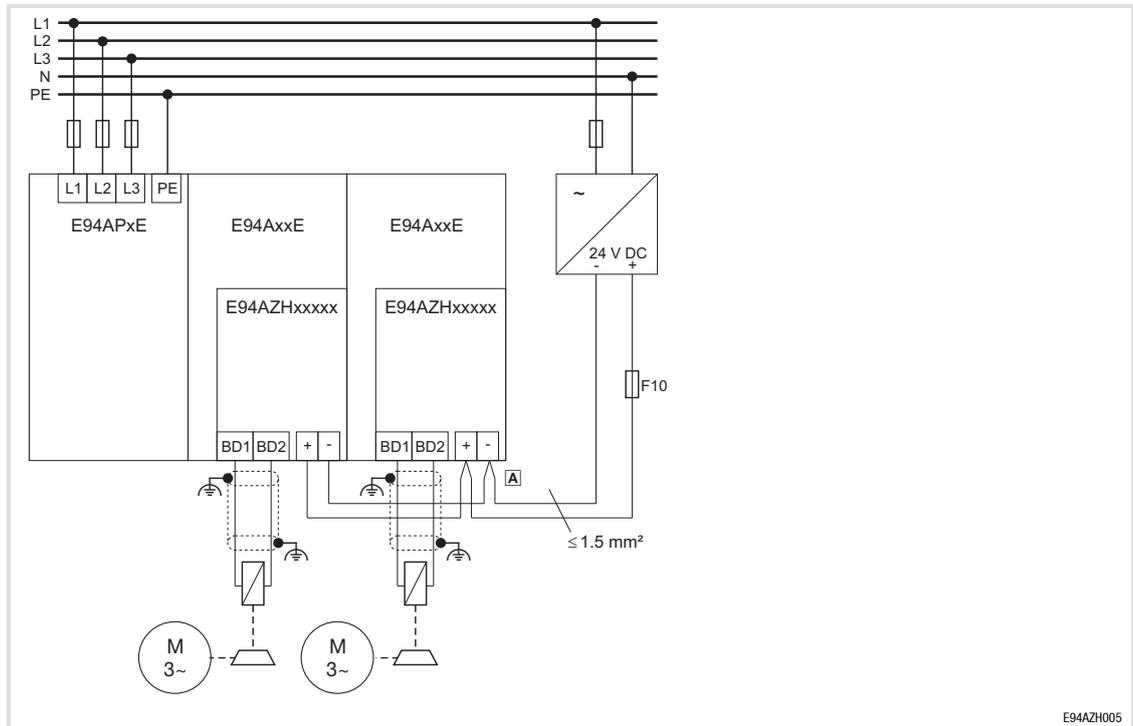
<sup>1)</sup> Two conductors of the same cross-section with a twin wire end ferrule

## Accessories (overview)

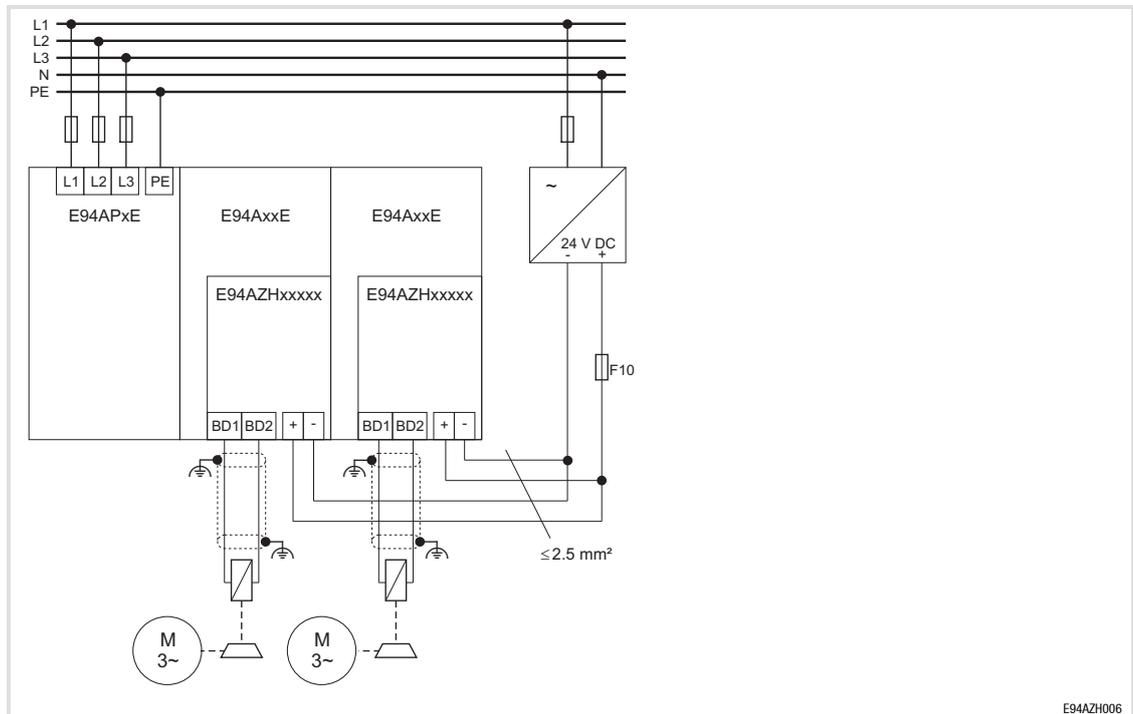
Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHX0051

### Connection plan



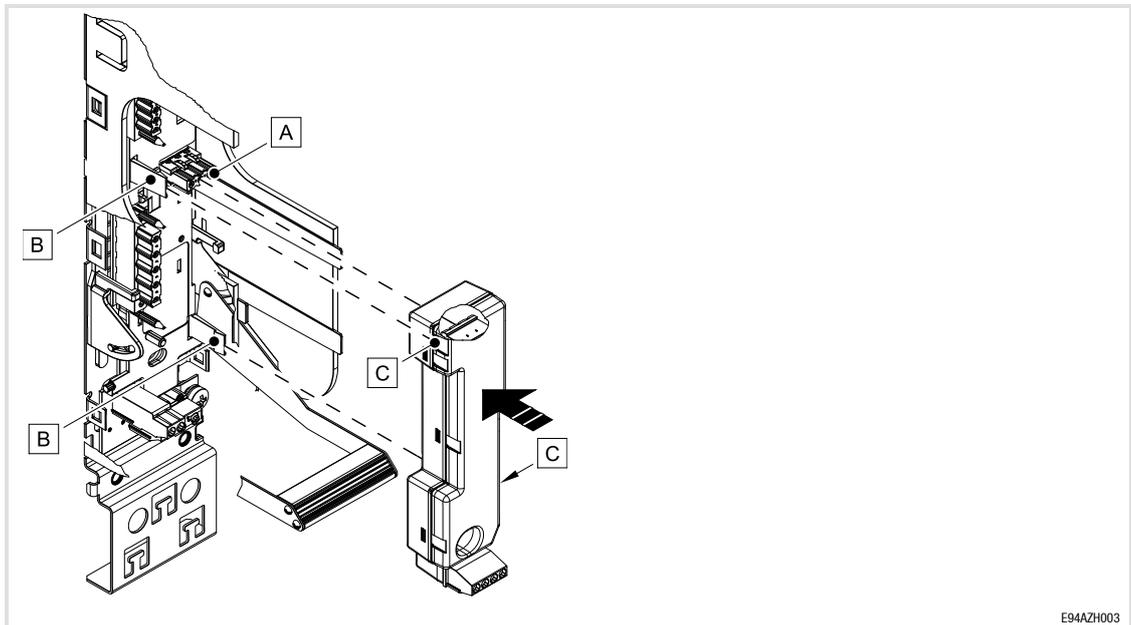
E94AZH005



E94AZH006

- F10 Secondary cable protection. Observe the standards of the cable protection when selecting the fuse!
- Ⓐ Use twin wire end ferrules.
- ⚡ HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

## Installation steps



E94AZH003

3. Insert the motor brake control into the terminal **A** of the installation backplane.
4. Ensure that both clips **B** snap in the slots **C** of the motor brake control.

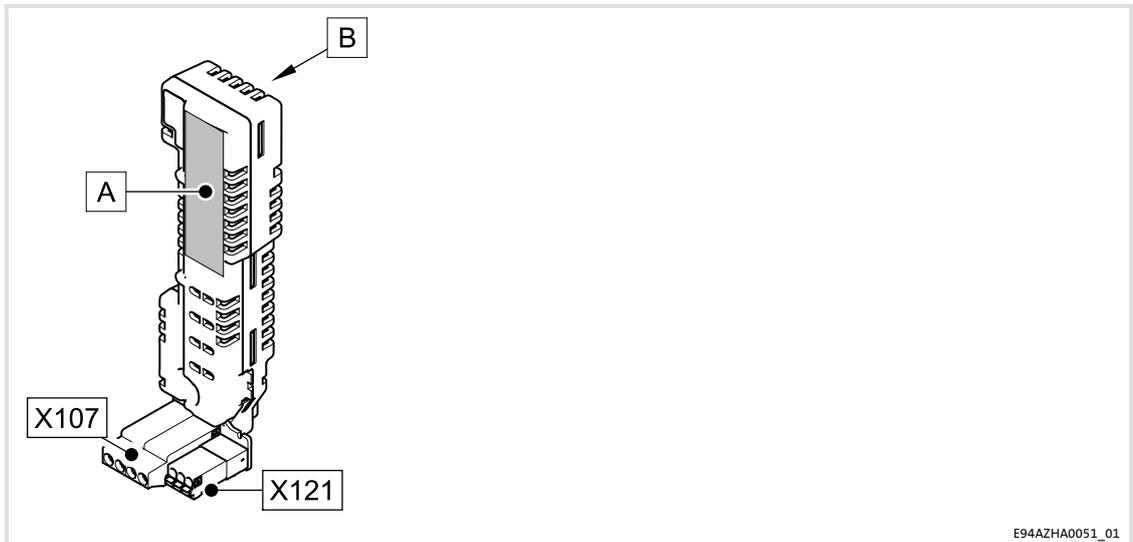
## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHA0051

### 8.7.2

#### Motor holding brake control module E94AZHA0051



E94AZHA0051\_01

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	E94AZHA0051 motor brake control
	Mounting Instructions

#### Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Terminal for the installation backplane
X107	Terminal for supply and brake
X121	Terminal for external control and feedback

#### Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	A	005	1
Product series							
Version							
Accessories							
Type of motor brake control							
Rated current							
005 = 2.5 A							
Voltage class							
1 = 24 V							

**Standards**

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cULUS	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada	

**General electrical data**

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on control cable:	1 kV (1.2 $\mu$ s/50 $\mu$ s; control cable - PE)

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

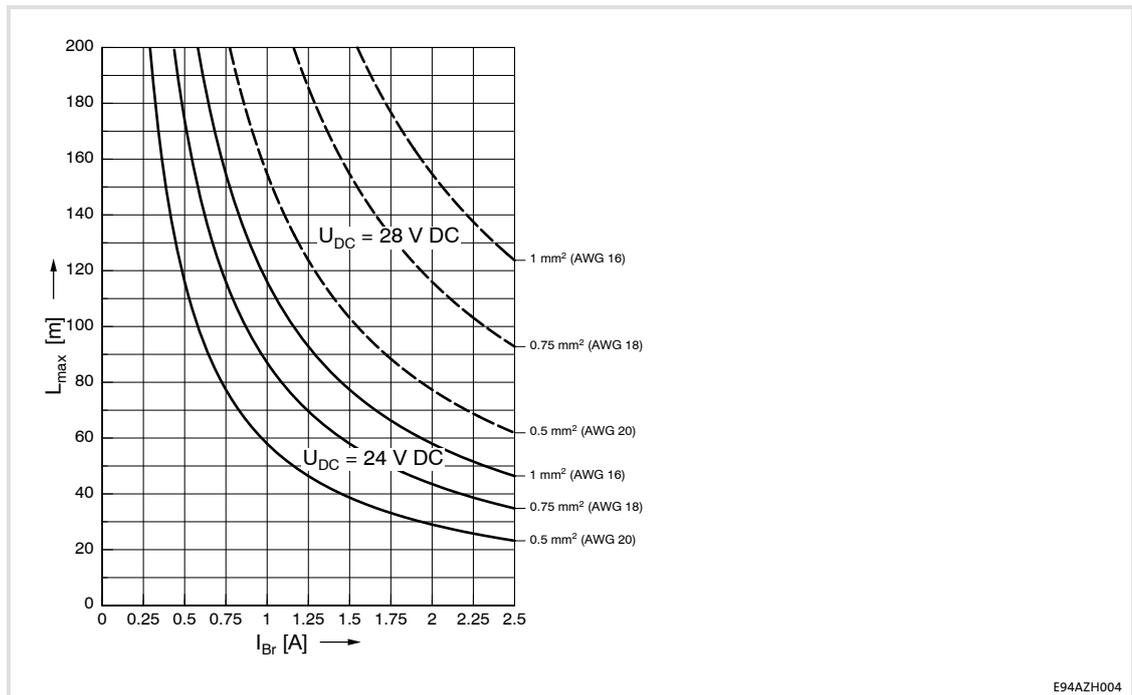
Motor holding brake control module E94AZHA0051

### Rated data

Field	Values
Input voltage	DC 24 V (18 ... 30 V)
Output voltage	Corresponds to input voltage
Brake current	0.3 ... 2.5 A
Switching capacity	Max. 55 W
Breaking energy	Max. 5 Ws
Cable protection	Recommendation: 7.5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
Control input	
Input voltage	PLC input, IEC 61131-2, 24 V
Input current	Typically 15 mA
Control output	
Output voltage	PLC output, IEC 61131-2, 24 V
Output current	Typically 15 mA
Maximum cable length	In the chapter "Electrical installation" the dependency of the cable length on the brake current and the cable cross-section is described.
Operating frequency	Max. 6/min
Operating times	Can be ignored compared to the delay time of the brake. See documentation of the brake.
Service life	> 10 millions of cycles
Protection against	
Overload	No
Short circuit of the terminals	Yes
Polarity reversal at the input	Yes
Insulation <sup>1)</sup>	Double insulation (EN61800-5-1: $V_{rated} = 300$ V AC), Separation (UL: $V_{rated} = 500$ V AC)

<sup>1)</sup> Brake connection against control card of the controller

Cable length



E94AZH004

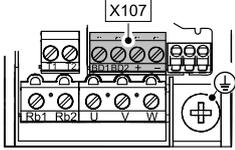
- $L_{max}$  Maximum brake cable length in [m]
- $I_{BR}$  Brake current in [A]
- $U_{DC}$  Supply voltage of the motor brake control

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

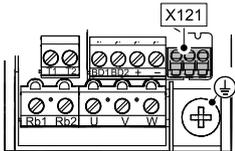
Motor holding brake control module E94AZHA0051

### Terminal data

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X107</p>	BD1	Terminal for the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0051: 24 V DC, max. 2.5 A Observe correct polarity!
	BD2	
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

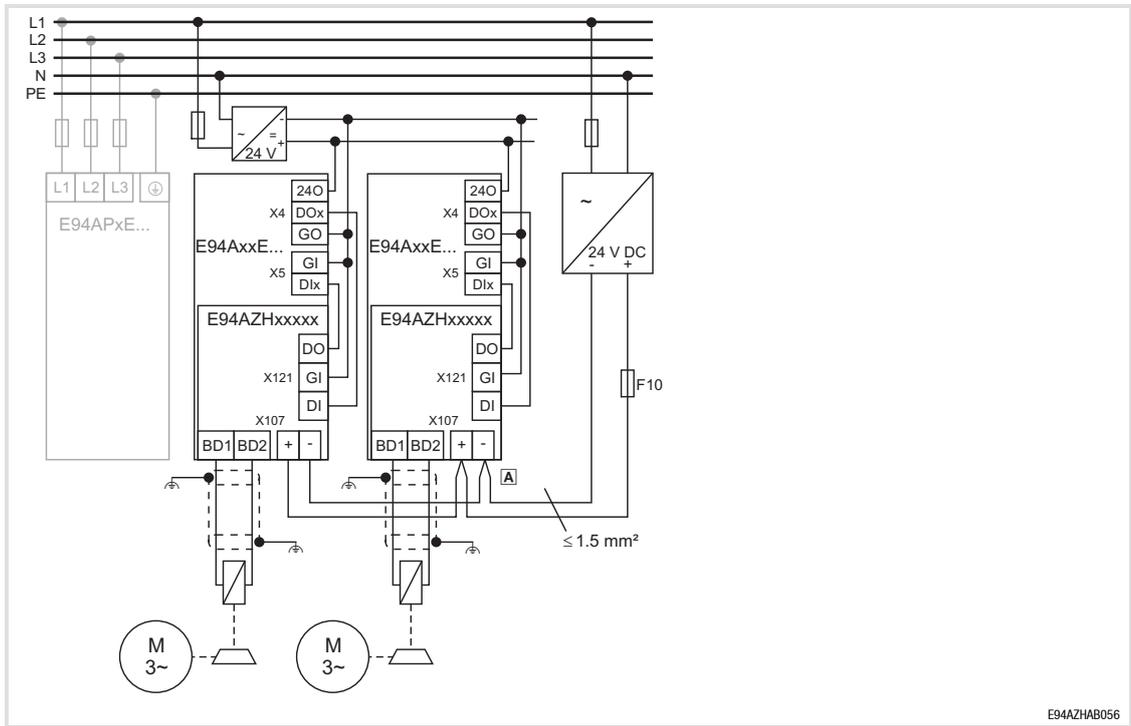
Terminal data	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Single core	0.25 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	0.5 ... 0.6	4.4 ... 5.3
2 conductors <sup>1)</sup>	0.25 ... 1.5	24 ... 16		

<sup>1)</sup> Two conductors of the same cross-section with a twin wire end ferrule

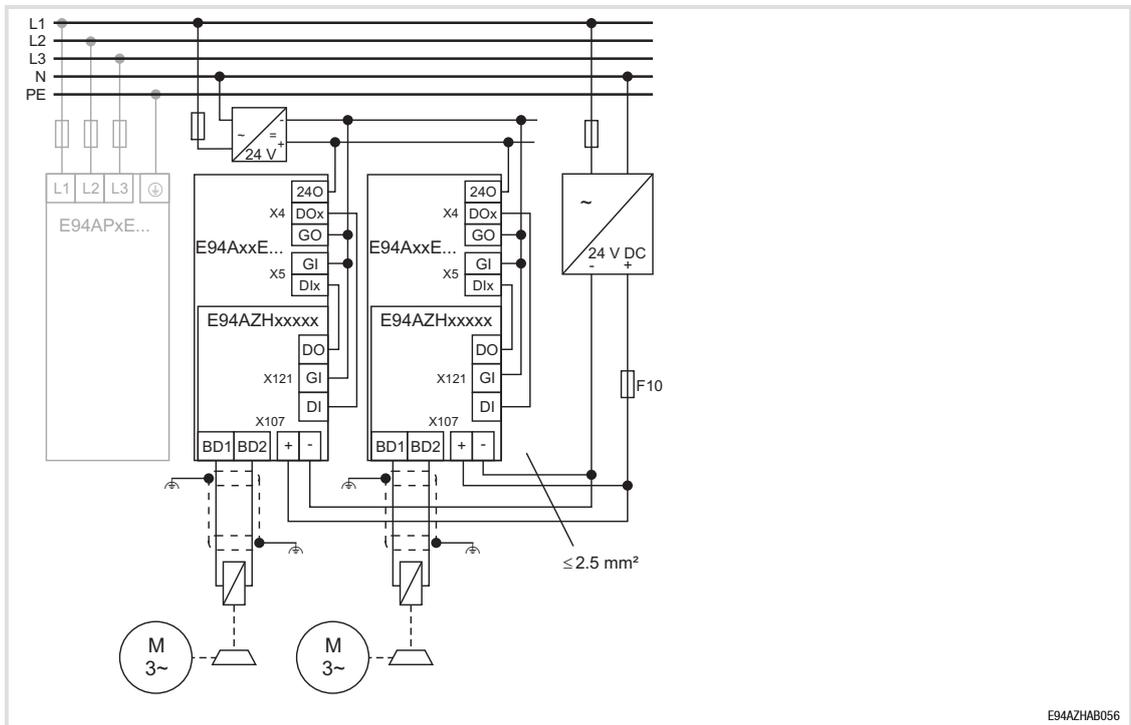
Terminal X121	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP940X121</p>	DI	Terminal for external control in accordance with IEC 61131-2
	GI	Reference potential
	DO	Terminal for external feedback in accordance with IEC 61131-2

Terminal data	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 1.5	24 ... 16	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule	0.25 ... 0.75	24 ... 18	Spring terminal	

Connection plan



E94AZHAB056



E94AZHAB056

- F10 Secondary cable protection. Observe the standards of the cable protection when selecting the fuse!
- A Use twin wire end ferrules.
- B HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

## Accessories (overview)

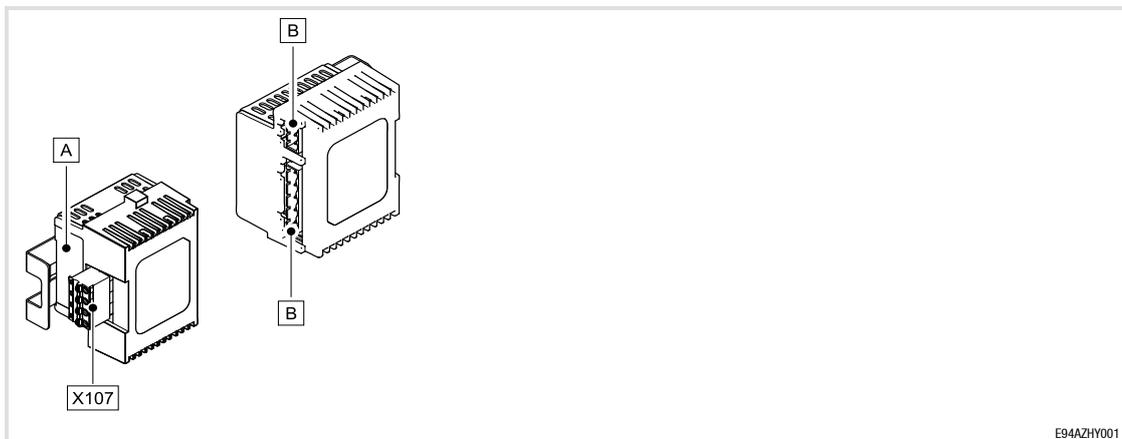
Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHA0051

### Installation steps

5. Insert the motor brake control into the terminal  of the installation backplane.
6. Ensure that both clips  snap in the slots  of the motor brake control.

8.7.3 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0101



Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	Motor brake control E94AZHY0101
	Mounting Instructions

Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Connection of standard device
X107	Connection of supply and brake

Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	Y	xxx	x
Product series							
Version							
Accessories							
Motor brake control type							
Rated current							
002 = 0.75 A							
010 = 5.0 A							
Voltage class							
1 = 24 V DC							
5 = 205 V DC							
6 = 180 V DC							

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0101

### Standards

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUR <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for Canada	

### General electrical data

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on mains cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on mains cable:	1 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - phase)
			2 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - PE)

### Rated data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZHY0101	24	0 (DC)	0.3 ... 5	0.3 ... 5	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Motor holding brake control modules  
 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0101

Area	Values
Input voltage	DC 24 V (18 ... 30 V)
Output voltage	Corresponds to input voltage
Brake current	0.3 ... 5 A
Switching capacity	Max. 110 W
Breaking energy	Max. 10 Ws
Cable protection	Recommendation: 7.5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
Control input	
Control voltage	
Control current	Internal
Protective function	
Maximum cable length	In the chapter "Electrical installation" the dependency of the cable length on the brake current and the cable cross-section is described.
Operating frequency	Max. 6/min
Operating times	Can be ignored compared to the delay time of the brake. See documentation of the brake.
Service life	> 10 millions of cycles
Protection against	
Overload	No
Short circuit of the terminals	Yes
Polarity reversal at the input	Yes
Insulation <sup>1)</sup>	Double insulation (EN61800-5-1: V <sub>rated</sub> = 300 V AC), Separation (UL: V <sub>rated</sub> = 500 V AC)

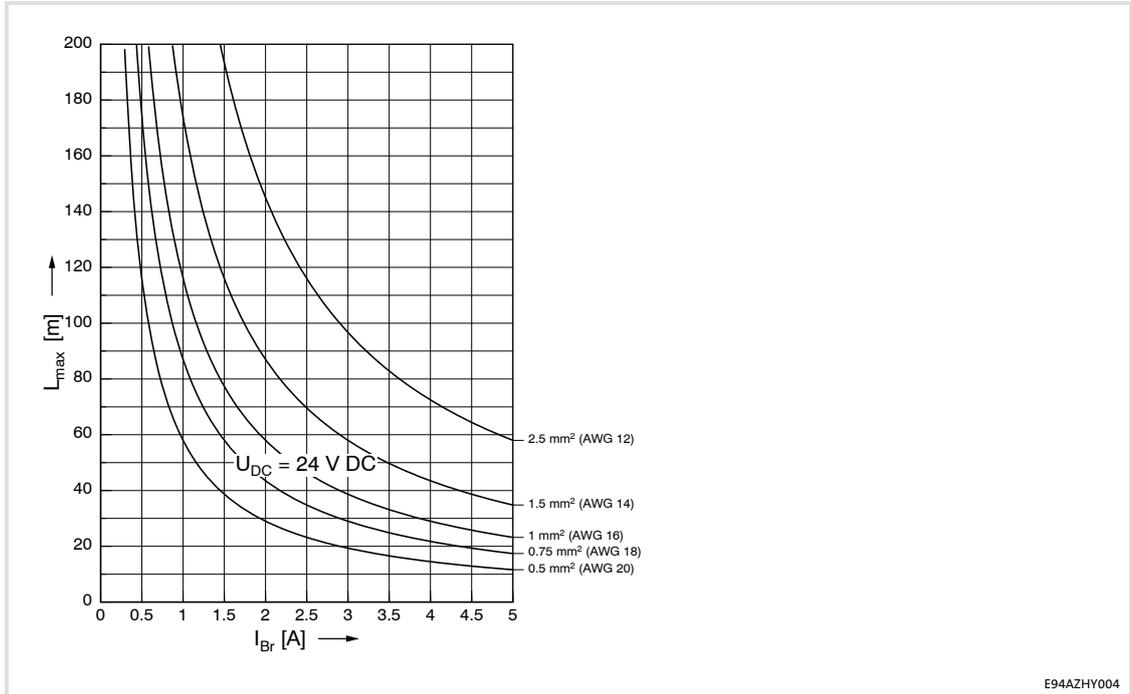
<sup>1)</sup> Brake connection against control card of the controller

## Accessories (overview)

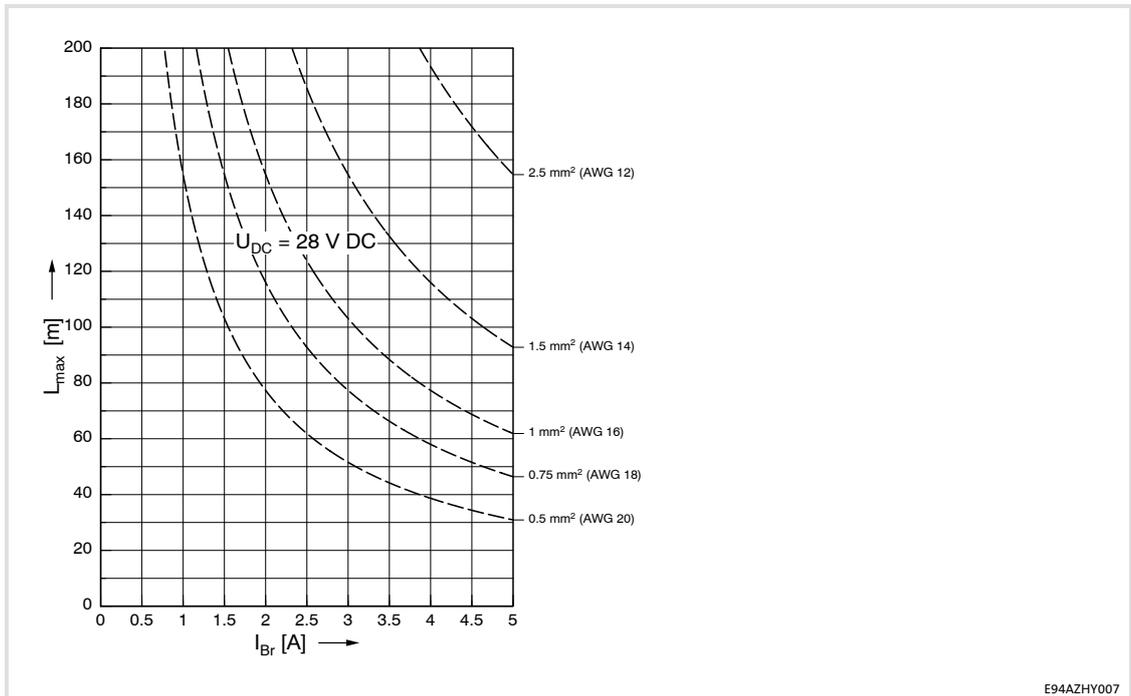
Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0101

### Cable length



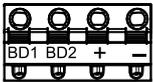
E94AZHY004



E94AZHY007

$L_{max}$  Maximum brake cable length in [m]  
 $I_{BR}$  Brake current in [A]  
 $U_{DC}$  Supply voltage of the motor brake control

## Terminal data

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 <small>SSP94X6107</small>	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0101: 24 V DC, max. 5.0 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

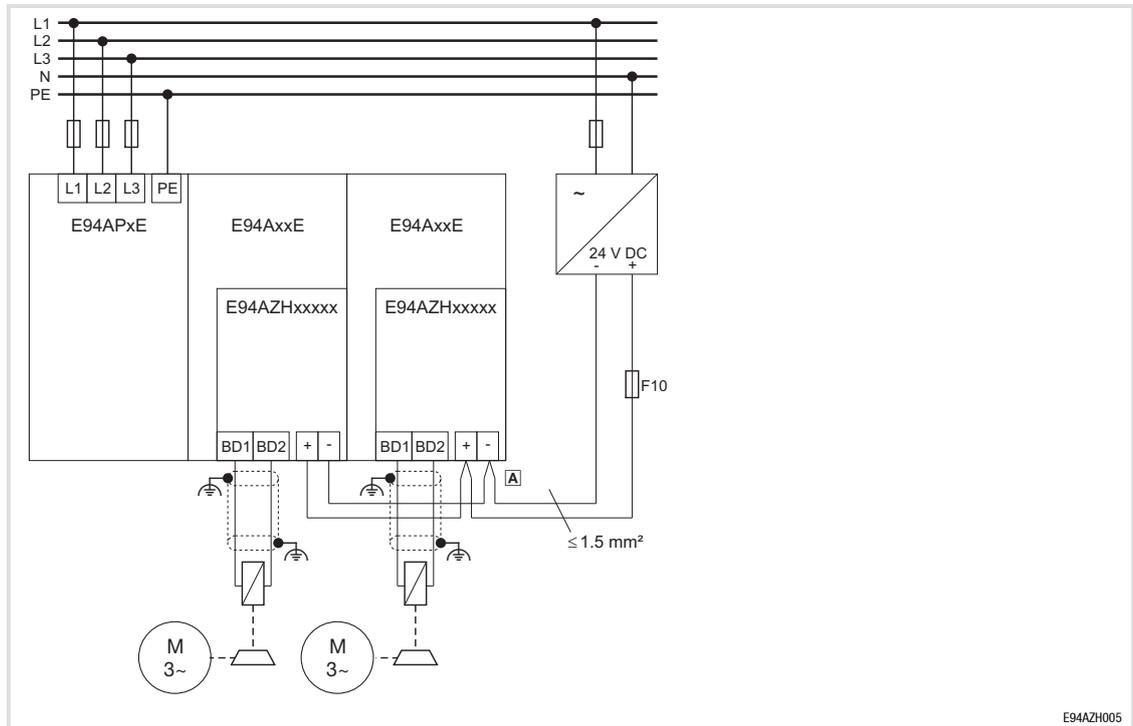
Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

# Accessories (overview)

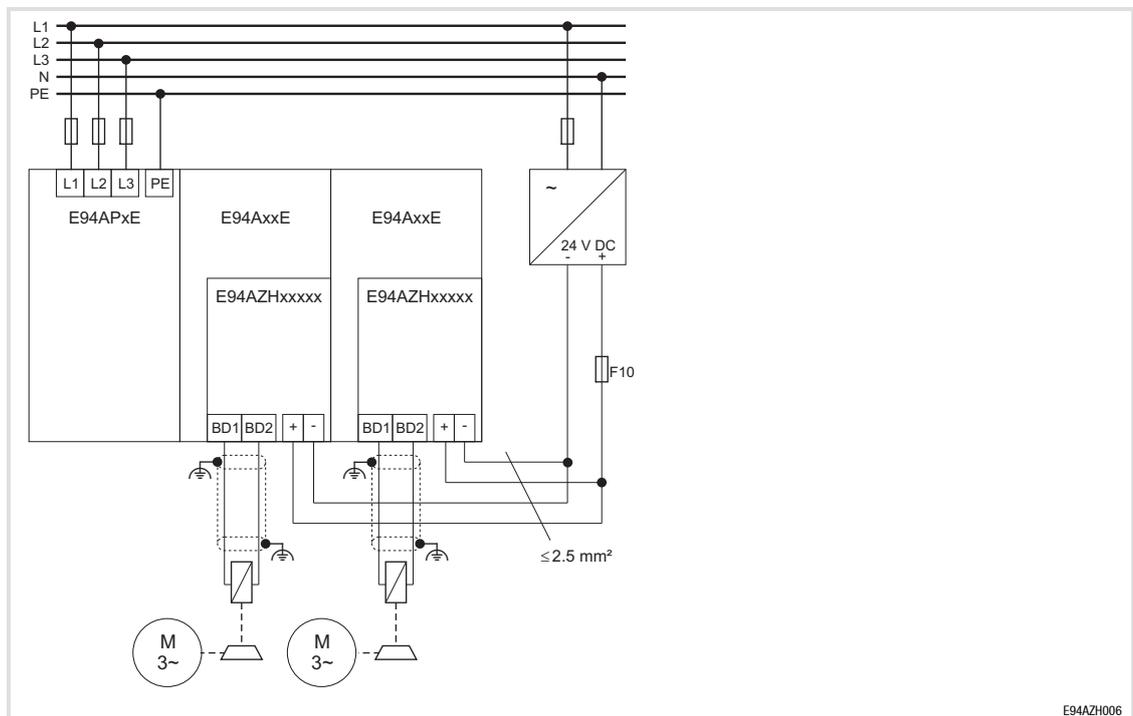
Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0101

## Connection plan



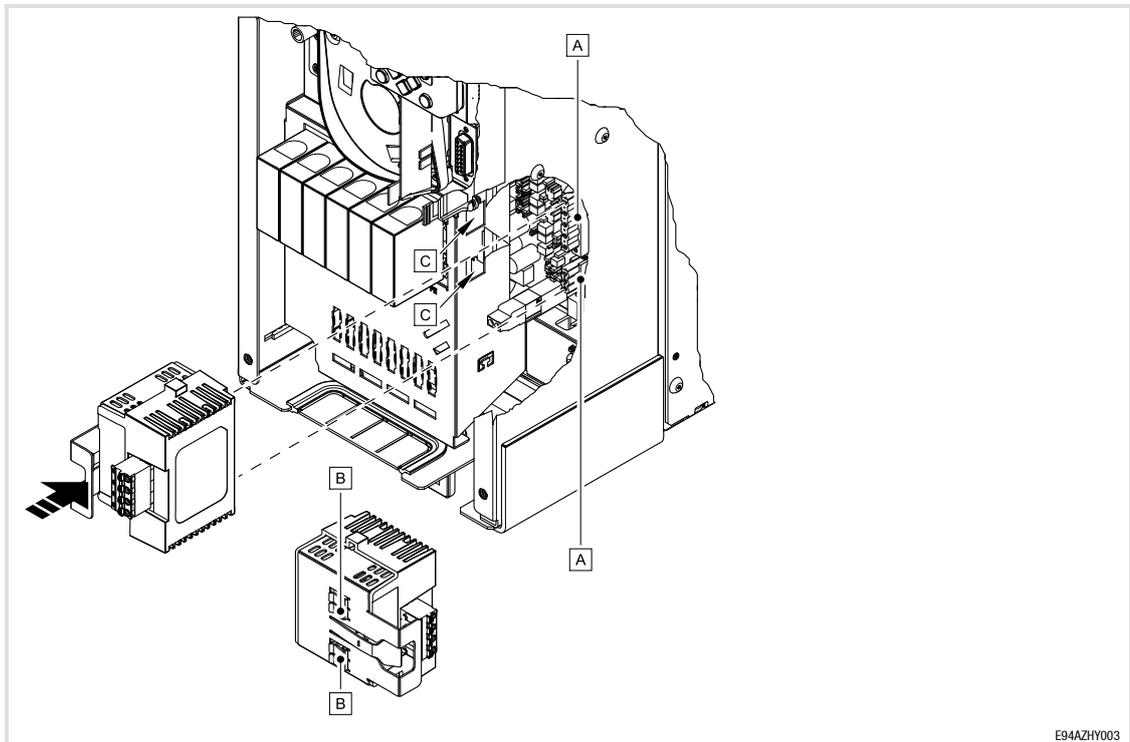
E94AZH005



E94AZH006

- F10 Secondary cable protection. Observe the standards of the cable protection when selecting the fuse!
- A Use twin wire end ferrules.
- HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

## Installation steps



E94AZHY003

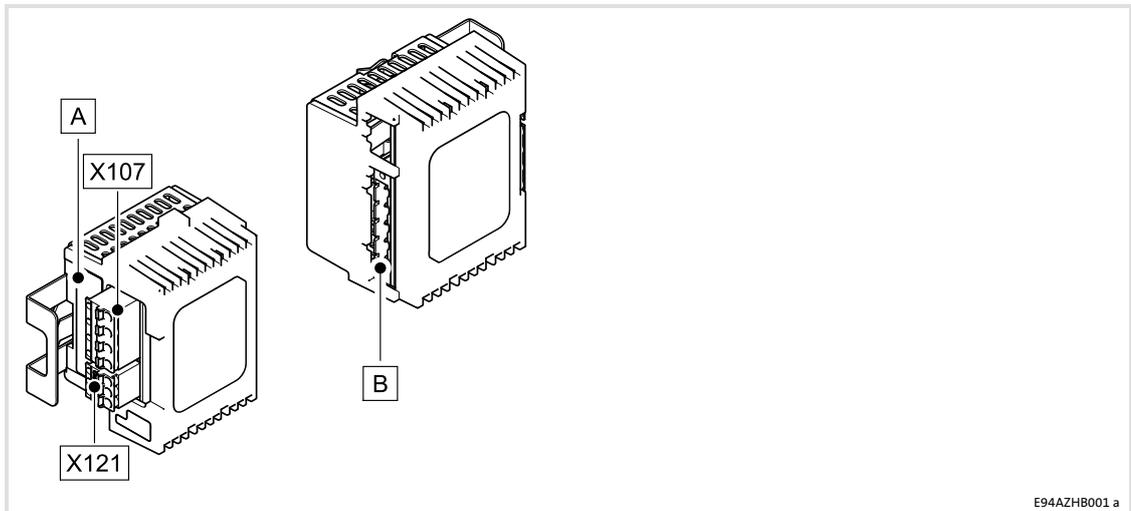
1. Plug the motor brake control module onto the terminals **A** of the standard device.  
– Ensure that both clips **B** snap into the slots **C** of the standard device!
2. Check that the motor brake control module is securely connected.

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHB0101

### 8.7.4 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHB0101



E94AZHB001 a

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	E94AZHB0101 motor brake control
	Mounting Instructions

#### Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Terminal for standard device
X107	Terminal for supply and brake
X121	Terminal for external control and feedback

#### Identification

##### Type code

	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	B	xxx	x
Product series							
Version							
Accessories							
Type of motor brake control							
Rated current							
010 = 5.0 A							
Voltage class							
1 = 24 V DC							

## Standards

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
		Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUR <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for Canada	

## Safety instructions

### Safety instructions for the installation according to UL/CSA

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHB0101

### General electrical data

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on control cable:	1 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; control cable - PE)

### Rated data

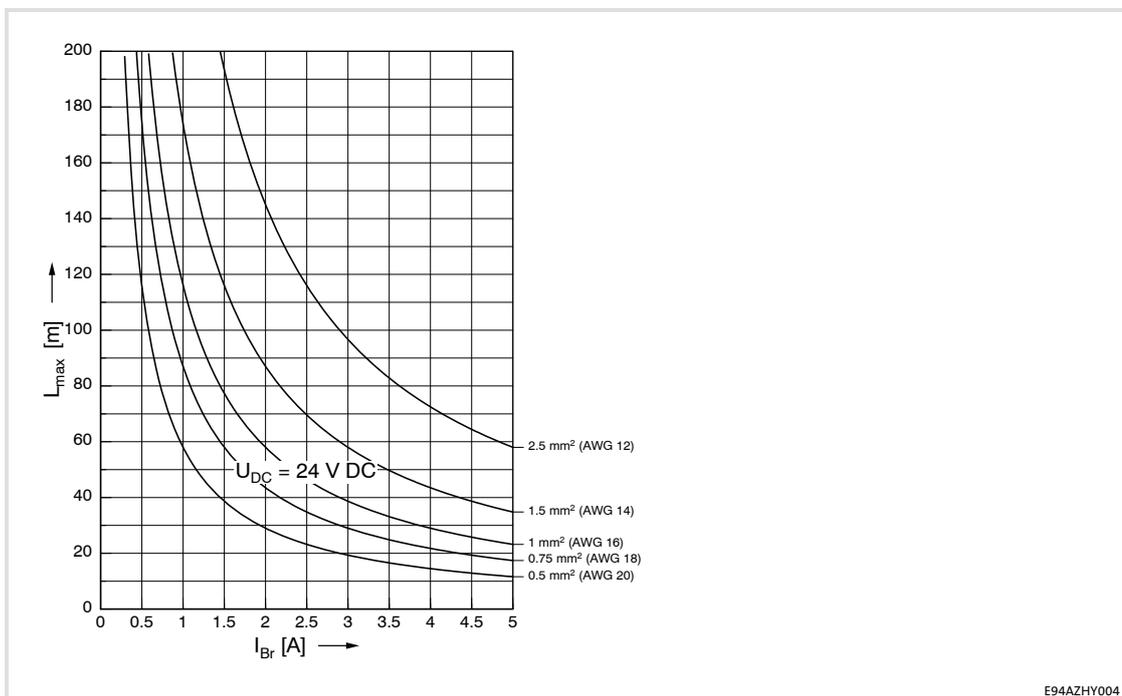
	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZHB0101	24	0 (DC)	0.3 ... 5	0.3 ... 5	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

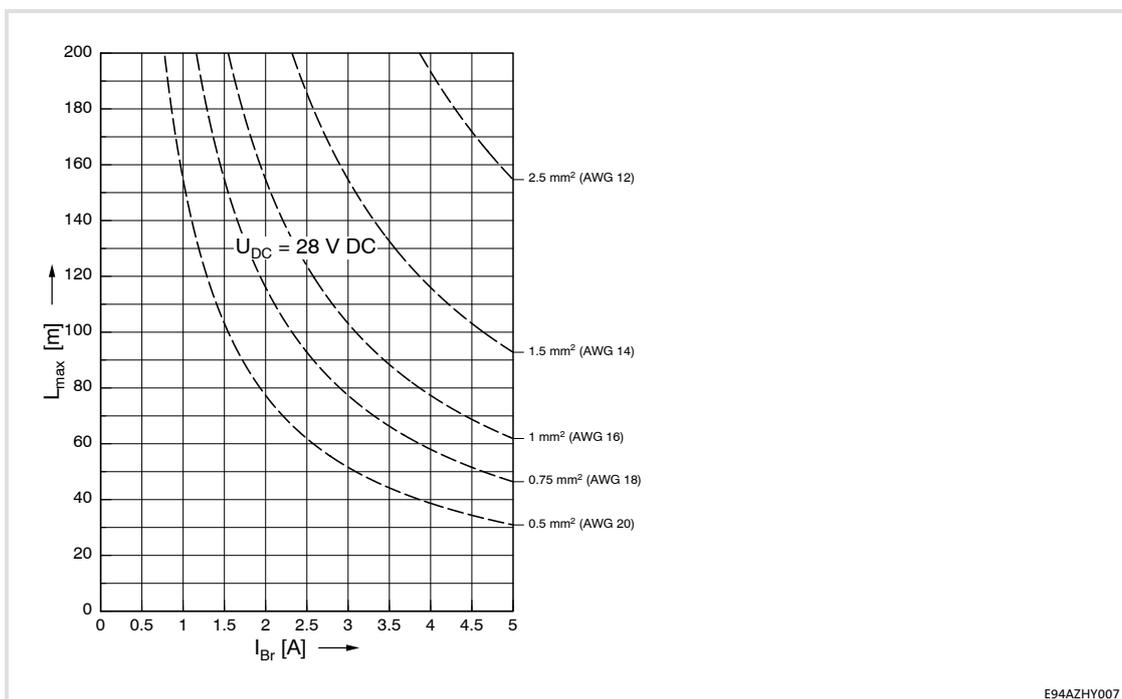
Area	Values
Input voltage	DC 24 V (18 ... 30 V)
Output voltage	Corresponds to input voltage
Brake current	0.3 ... 5 A
Switching capacity	Max. 110 W
Breaking energy	Max. 10 Ws
Cable protection	Recommendation: 7.5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
Maximum cable length	In the chapter "Electrical installation" the dependency of the cable length on the brake current and the cable cross-section is described.
Operating frequency	Max. 6/min
Operating times	Can be ignored compared to the delay time of the brake. See documentation of the brake.
Service life	> 10 millions of cycles
Protection against	
Overload	No
Short circuit of the terminals	Yes
Polarity reversal at the input	Yes
Insulation <sup>1)</sup>	Double insulation (EN61800-5-1: V <sub>rated</sub> = 300 V AC), Separation (UL: V <sub>rated</sub> = 500 V AC)

<sup>1)</sup> Brake connection against control card of the controller

Cable length



E94AZHY004



E94AZHY007

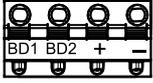
- $L_{max}$  Maximum brake cable length in [m]
- $I_{BR}$  Brake current in [A]
- $U_{DC}$  Supply voltage of the motor brake control

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHB0101

### Terminal data

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94X6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHx0101: 24 V DC, max. 5.0 A Observe correct polarity!
	+ / -	Supply voltage for the motor holding brake (18 ... 30 V DC) Observe correct polarity!

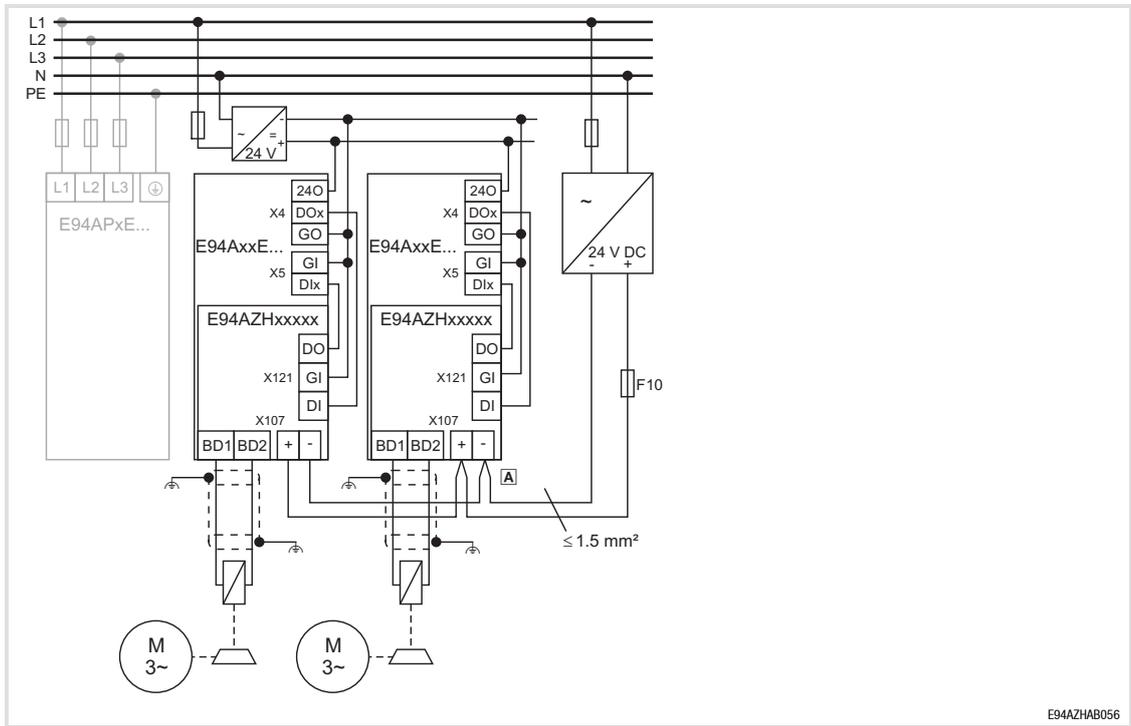
Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

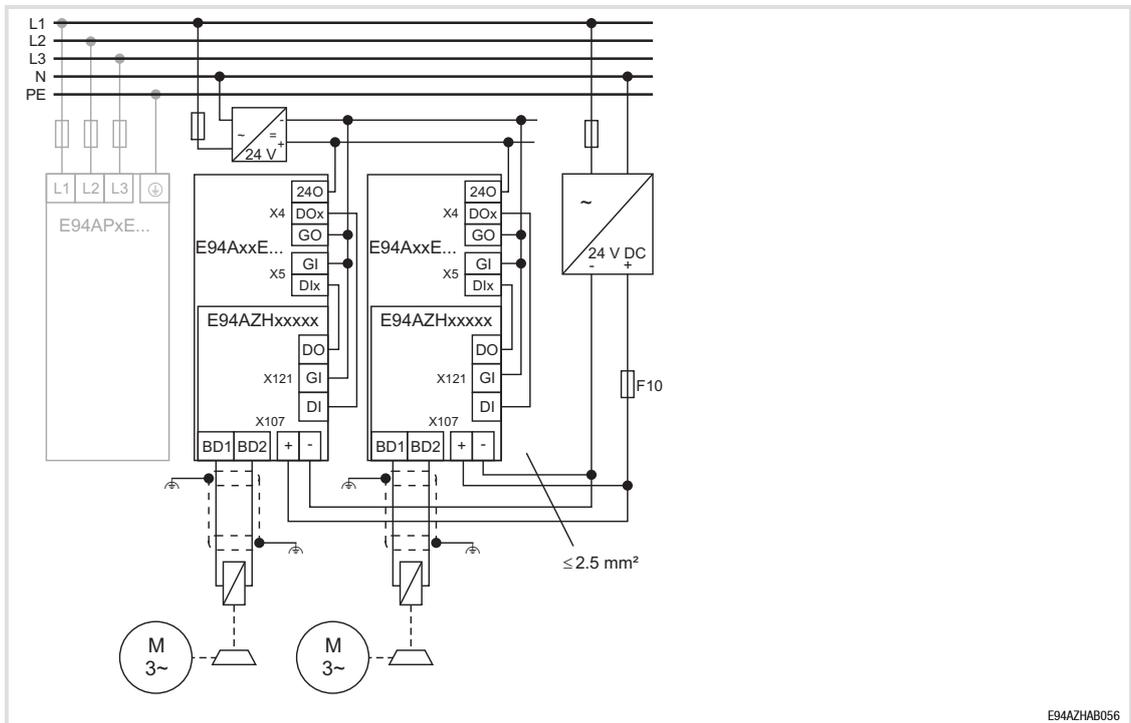
Terminal X121	Labelling	Description
 SSP940X121	DI	Connection for external control in accordance with IEC 61131-2
	GI	Reference potential
	DO	Connection for external feedback in accordance with IEC 61131-2

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

### Connection plan



E94AZHB056



E94AZHB056

F10 Secondary cable protection. Observe the standards of the cable protection when selecting the fuse!

⊠ Use twin wire end ferrules.

⊕ HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

## Accessories (overview)

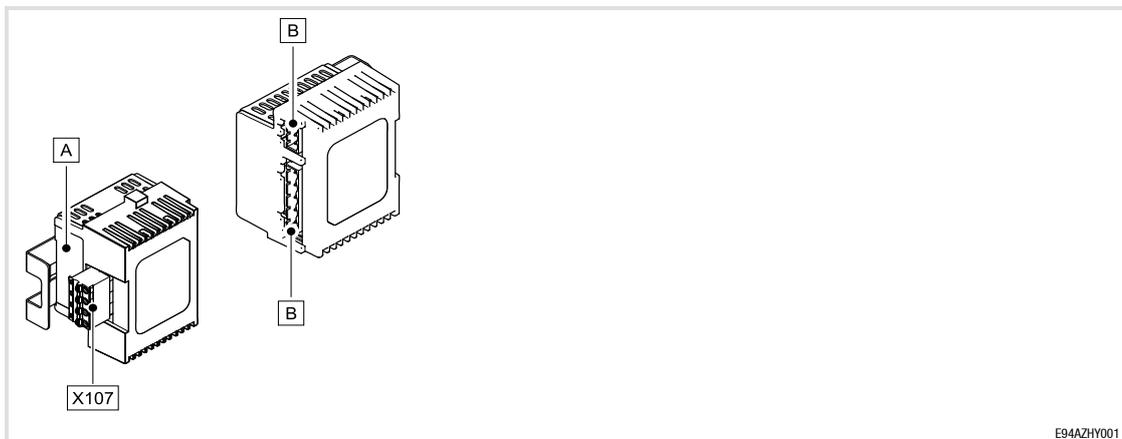
Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHB0101

### Installation steps

1. Plug the motor brake control module onto the terminals **A** of the standard device.
  - Ensure that both clips **B** snap into the slots **C** of the standard device!
2. Check that the motor brake control module is securely connected.

8.7.5 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0025



Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	Motor brake control E94AZHY0025
	Mounting Instructions

Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Connection of standard device
X107	Connection of supply and brake

Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	Y	xxx	x
Product series							
Version							
Accessories							
Motor brake control type							
Rated current							
002 = 0.75 A							
010 = 5.0 A							
Voltage class							
1 = 24 V DC							
5 = 205 V DC							
6 = 180 V DC							

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0025

### Standards

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUR <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for Canada	

### General electrical data

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on mains cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on mains cable:	1 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - phase)
			2 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - PE)

### Rated data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZHY0025	230/290	50/60	0.75/0.75	0.54/0.54	1
E94AZHY0025	205/260	0 (DC)	0.75/0.75	0.54/0.54	1

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Area	Values
Input voltage	AC 230 V (180 ... 317 V), 45 ... 65 Hz
Output voltage	DC 205 V With mains voltage of AC 230 V
Brake current	0.1 ... 0.75 A
Cable protection	Recommendation: 5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
Control input	
Control voltage	
Control current	Internal
Protective function	
Max. connectable cable cross-section	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 12
Maximum cable length	150 m

## Permissible operating frequencies

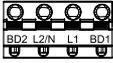
Recommended brake Type	Power P [W]	Coil: Voltage DC 205 V		Permissible operating frequency [1/min]
		L [H]	I [A] (20 °C)	
BFK457-06E BFK458-06E	20	76	0.10	60
BFK457-08E BFK458-08E	25	66	0.12	60
BFK457-10E BFK458-10E	30	85	0.15	60
BFK457-12E BFK458-12E	40	107	0.20	40
BFK457-14E BFK458-14E	50	102	0.24	30
BFK457-16E BFK458-16E	55	127	0.27	20
BFK457-18E BFK458-18E	85	100	0.41	10
BFK457-20E BFK458-20E	100	115	0.49	8
BFK457-25E BFK458-25E	110	134	0.54	6

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0025

### Terminal data

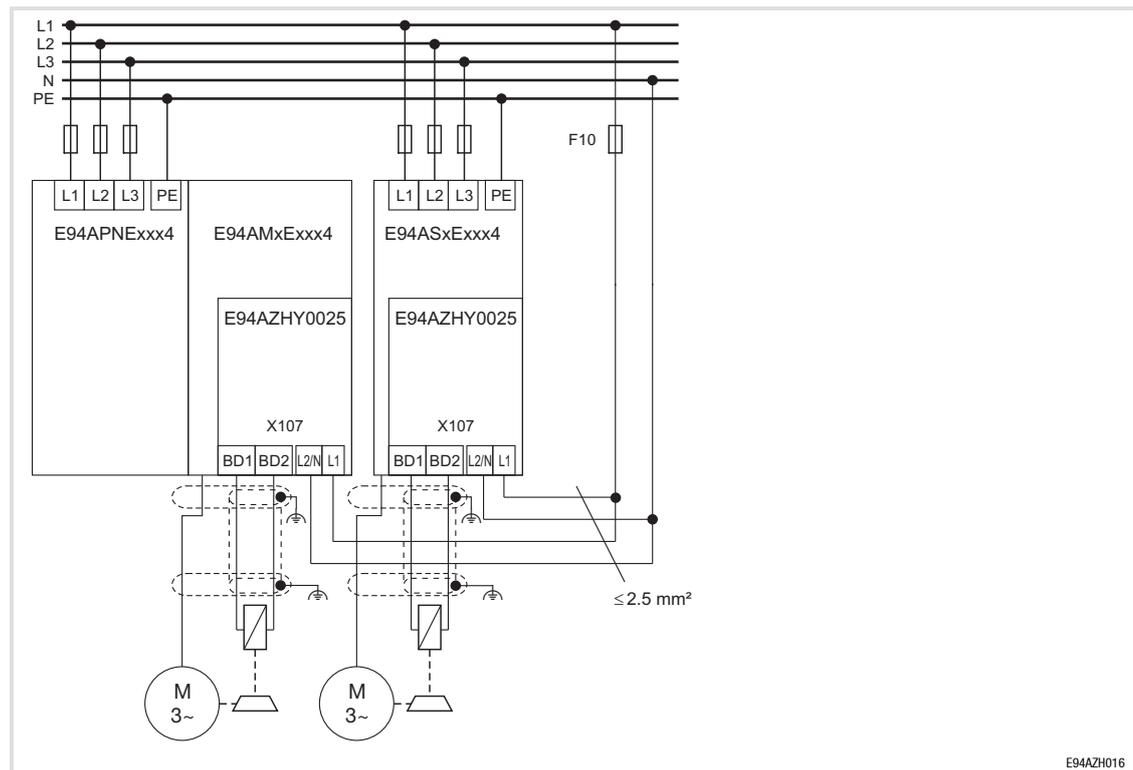
Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake: + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHY0025: 205 V DC, max. 0.75 A Ensure correct polarity!
	L1 L2/N	Supply voltage of the motor holding brake

SSP94A6107

Terminal data		Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
		[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible					
With wire end ferrule		0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12		
				Spring terminal	

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

### Connection plan

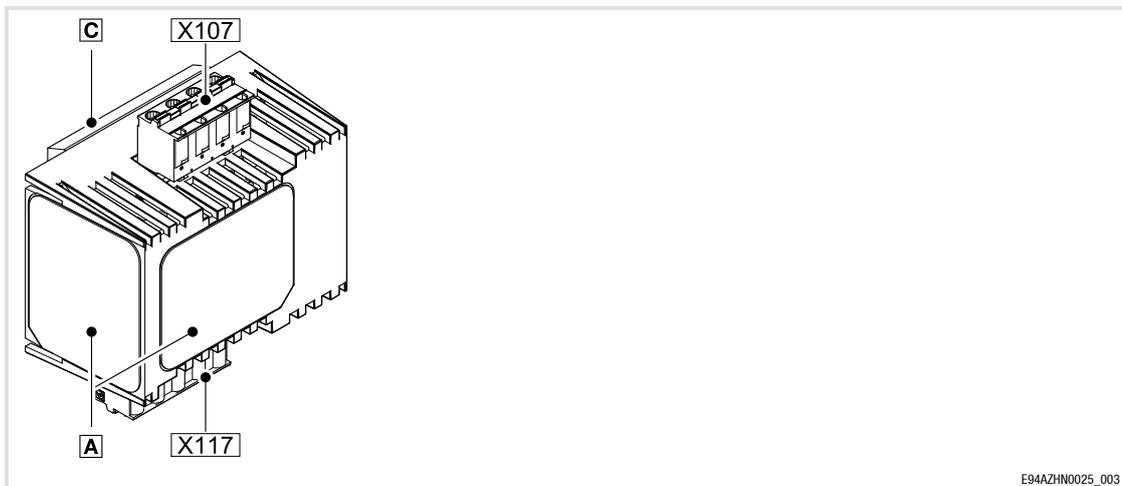


F10 Observe the cable protection standards for fuse dimensioning!  
 HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

### Installation steps

1. Plug the motor brake control module onto the terminals **A** of the standard device.  
– Ensure that both clips **B** snap into the slots **C** of the standard device!
2. Check that the motor brake control module is securely connected.

8.7.6 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0025



Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	Motor brake control E94AZHN0025
	Mounting Instructions
ⓐ	DIN rail adapter

Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
Ⓐ	Nameplate
X117	Control connection
X107	Connection of supply and brake

Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	N	xxx	x
Product series							
Accessories							
Motor brake control type							
Rated current 002 = 0.75 A							
Voltage class 5 = 205 V DC 6 = 180 V DC							

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0025

### Standards

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUR <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for Canada	

### General electrical data

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on mains cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on mains cable:	1 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - phase)
			2 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - PE)
Mounting conditions			
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertically	
Mounting clearances			
	Above/below	≥ 25 mm	
	To the sides	Side-by-side mounting without clearance	

Motor holding brake control modules  
Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0025

## Rated data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZHN0025	230/290	50/60	0.75/0.75	0.54/0.54	1
E94AZHN0025	205/260	0 (DC)	0.75/0.75	0.54/0.54	1

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Area	Values
<b>Input voltage</b>	AC 230 V (180 ... 317 V), 45 ... 65 Hz
<b>Output voltage</b>	DC 205 V With mains voltage of AC 230 V
<b>Brake current</b>	0.1 ... 0.75 A
<b>Cable protection</b>	Recommendation: 5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
<b>Control input DI</b>	
<b>Signalling output DO</b>	
Control voltage	DC 24 V, PLC level
	HIGH DC +15 ... 30 V
	LOW DC 0 ... +3 V
Control current	
Input	5 ... 10 mA
Output	5 ... 50 mA
Protective function	Protected against polarity reversal up to DC 60 V
<b>Max. connectable cable cross-section</b>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 12
<b>Maximum cable length</b>	150 m

## Permissible operating frequencies

Recommended brake Type	Power P [W]	Coil: Voltage DC 205 V		Permissible operating frequency [1/min]
		L [H]	I [A] (20 °C)	
BFK457-06E BFK458-06E	20	76	0.10	60
BFK457-08E BFK458-08E	25	66	0.12	60
BFK457-10E BFK458-10E	30	85	0.15	60
BFK457-12E BFK458-12E	40	107	0.20	40
BFK457-14E BFK458-14E	50	102	0.24	30
BFK457-16E BFK458-16E	55	127	0.27	20
BFK457-18E BFK458-18E	85	100	0.41	10
BFK457-20E BFK458-20E	100	115	0.49	8
BFK457-25E BFK458-25E	110	134	0.54	6

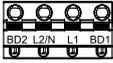
## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0025

### Terminal data

#### Motor holding brake connection

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94A6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake: + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHN0025: 205 V DC, max. 0.75 A Ensure correct polarity!
	L1 L2/N	Supply voltage of the motor holding brake

#### Terminal data

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

#### Control connection

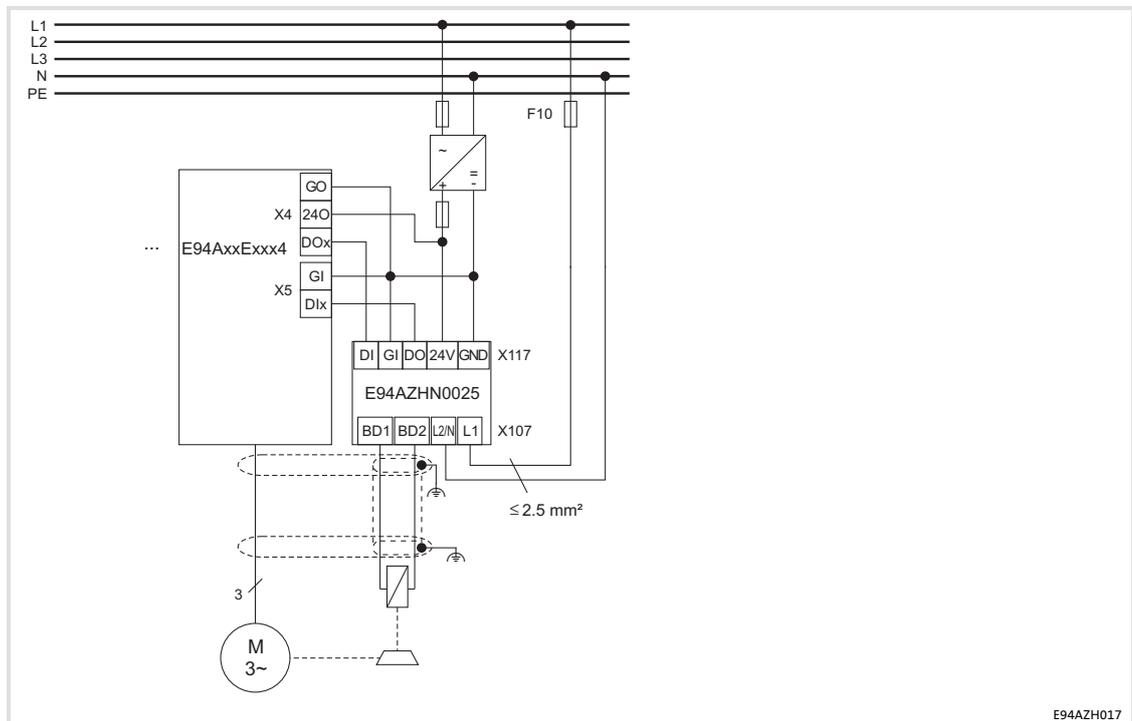
Terminal X117	Labelling	Description
 SSP94A6117	DI	Digital input
	GI	GND digital in
	DO	Signalling output
	24V	24-V supply by safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)
	GND	GND digital out

#### Terminal data

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

## Connection plan



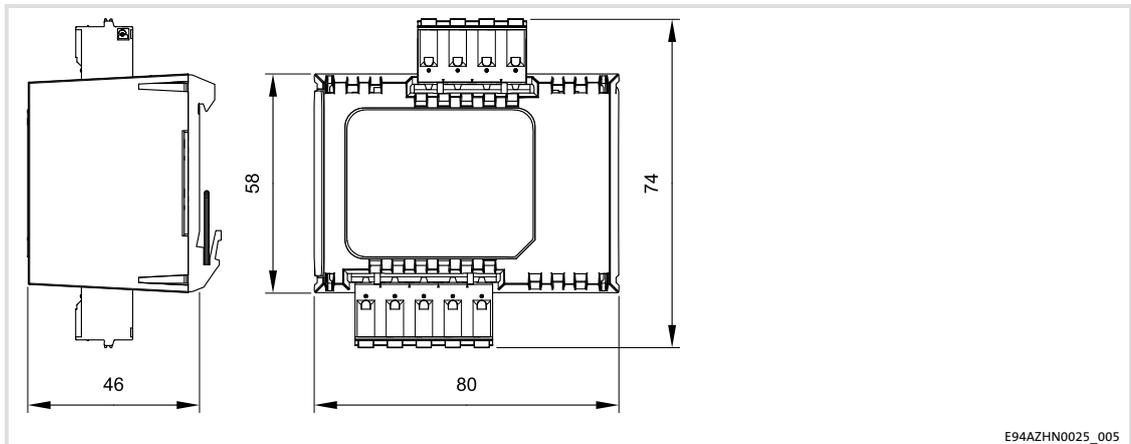
- F10 Cable protection of the motor holding brake  
Observe the cable protection standards for fuse dimensioning!
- E94A.. Components of the 9400 series
- 
- ⚡ HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0025

### Dimensions



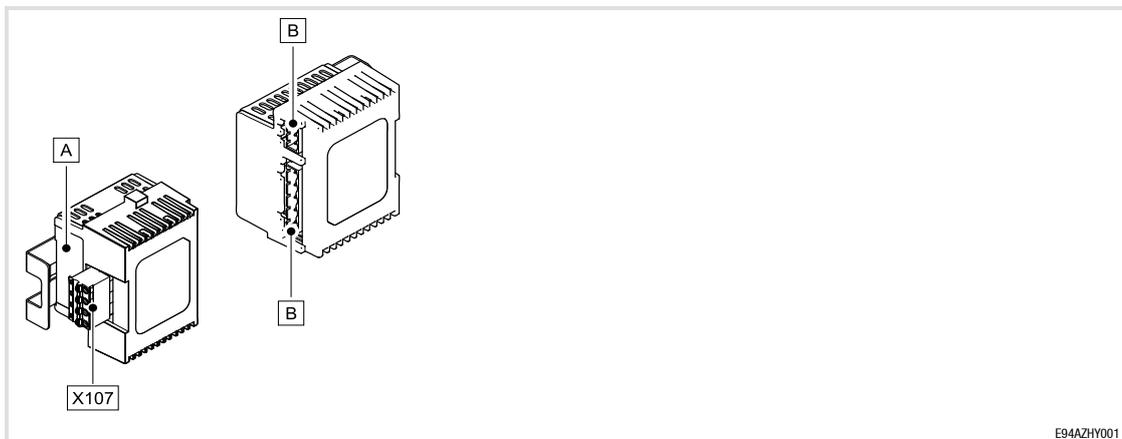
All dimensions in millimetres.

### Installation steps

#### DIN rail mounting

1. Position the motor brake control module with the DIN rail adapter  at the bottom of the DIN rail.
2. Let the motor brake control module snap into the upper DIN rail edge against the resistance of the spring force.
3. Check that the motor brake control module is securely connected.

8.7.7 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0026



Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	Motor brake control E94AZHY0026
	Mounting Instructions

Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Connection of standard device
X107	Connection of supply and brake

Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	Y	xxx	x
Product series							
Version							
Accessories							
Motor brake control type							
Rated current							
002 = 0.75 A							
010 = 5.0 A							
Voltage class							
1 = 24 V DC							
5 = 205 V DC							
6 = 180 V DC							

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0026

### Standards

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUR <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for Canada	

### General electrical data

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on mains cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on mains cable:	1 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - phase)
			2 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - PE)

Motor holding brake control modules  
Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0026

## Rated data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZHY0026	400/500	50/60	0.61/0.61	0.61/0.61	1
E94AZHY0026	180/225	0 (DC)	0.61/0.61	0.61/0.61	1

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Area	Values
Input voltage	AC 400 V (320 ... 550 V), 45 ... 65 Hz
Output voltage	DC 180 V With mains voltage of AC 400 V
Brake current	0.1 ... 0.61 A
Cable protection	Recommendation: 5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
Control input	
Control voltage	
Control current	Internal
Protective function	
Max. connectable cable cross-section	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 12
Maximum cable length	150 m

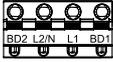
## Permissible operating frequencies

Recommended brake Type	Power P [W]	Coil: Voltage DC 180 V		Permissible operating frequency [rpm]
		L [H]	I [A] (20 °C)	
BFK457-06E BFK458-06E	20	60	0.11	60
BFK457-08E BFK458-08E	25	50	0.14	60
BFK457-10E BFK458-10E	30	69	0.17	60
BFK457-12E BFK458-12E	40	81	0.22	40
BFK457-14E BFK458-14E	50	78	0.28	30
BFK457-16E BFK458-16E	55	102	0.31	20
BFK457-18E BFK458-18E	85	77	0.47	10
BFK457-20E BFK458-20E	100	92	0.56	8
BFK457-25E BFK458-25E	110	102	0.61	6

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules  
 Motor holding brake control module E94AZHY0026

### Terminal data

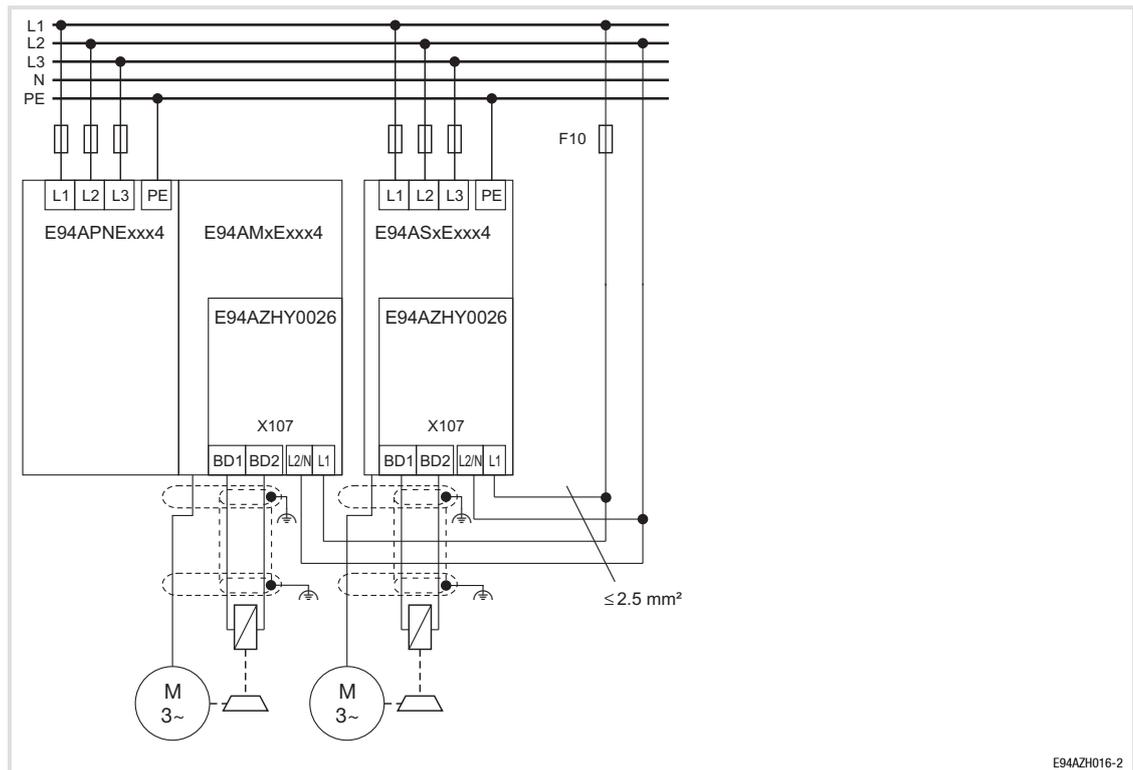
Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake: + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHY0026: 180 V DC, max. 0.61 A Ensure correct polarity!
	L1 L2/N	Supply voltage of the motor holding brake

SSP94A6107

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

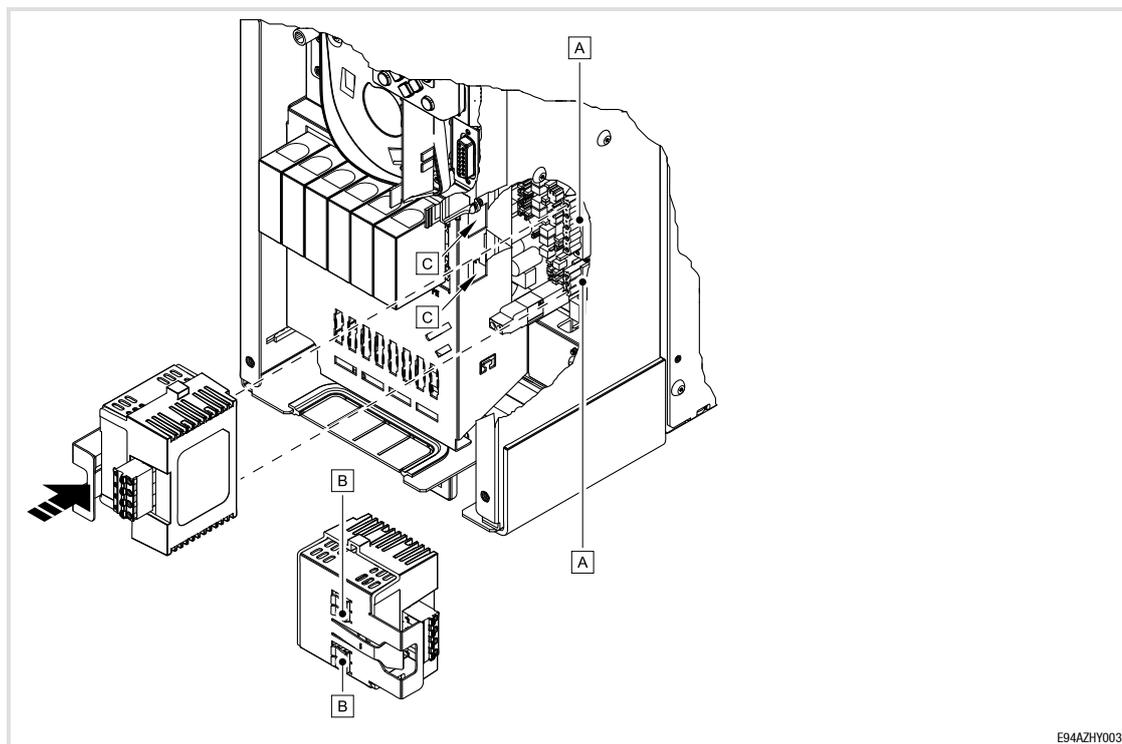
Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

### Connection plan



- F10 Observe the cable protection standards for fuse dimensioning!
- ⚡ HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

## Installation steps



1. Plug the motor brake control module onto the terminals **A** of the standard device.  
– Ensure that both clips **B** snap into the slots **C** of the standard device!
2. Check that the motor brake control module is securely connected.

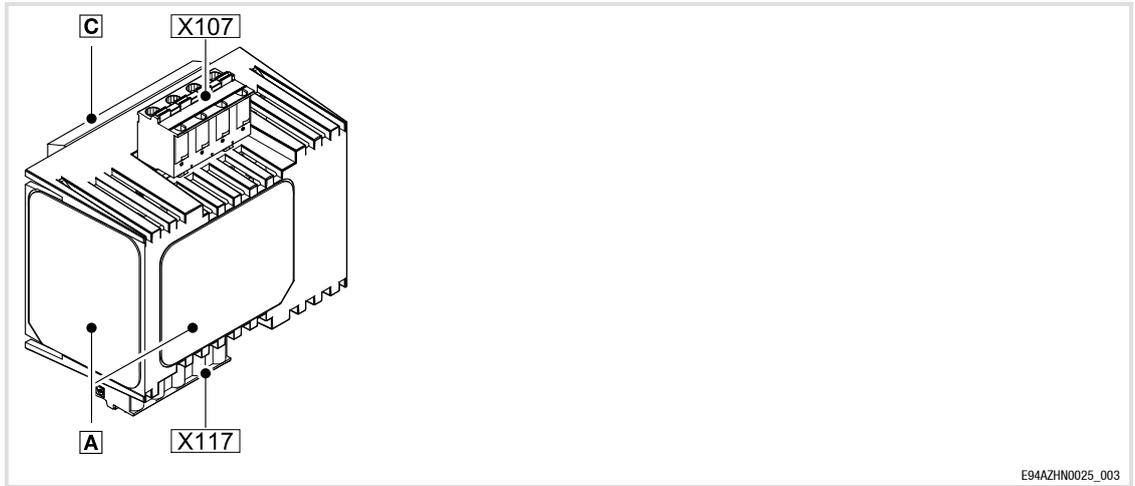
## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0026

### 8.7.8

#### Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0026



E94AZHN0025\_003

#### Scope of supply

Pos.	Description
	Motor brake control E94AZHN0026
	Mounting Instructions
ⓐ	DIN rail adapter

#### Elements of the motor brake control

Pos.	Description
Ⓐ	Nameplate
X117	Control connection
X107	Connection of supply and brake

#### Identification

Type code	①						
	E94	A	Z	H	N	xxx	x
Product series							
Accessories							
Motor brake control type							
Rated current 002 = 0.75 A							
Voltage class 5 = 205 V DC 6 = 180 V DC							

**Standards**

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cUR <sub>US</sub>	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Power Conversion Equipment - Component (File No. E132659) for Canada	

**General electrical data**

EMC			
Noise emission	EN 61800-3	Conducted, category C2.	
Noise immunity	EN 61800-3	Burst on mains cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Burst on control cable:	2 kV/5 kHz
		Surge on mains cable:	1 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - phase)
			2 kV (1.2 μs/50 μs; phase - PE)
Mounting conditions			
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertically	
Mounting clearances			
	Above/below	≥ 25 mm	
	To the sides	Side-by-side mounting without clearance	

## Accessories (overview)

Motor holding brake control modules

Motor holding brake control module E94AZHN0026

### Rated data

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZHN0026	400/500	50/60	0.75/0.75	0.61/0.61	1
E94AZHN0026	180/225	0 (DC)	0.75/0.75	0.61/0.61	1

① Temperature in the control cabinet

Area	Values
<b>Input voltage</b>	AC 400 V (320 ... 550 V), 45 ... 65 Hz
<b>Output voltage</b>	DC 180 V With mains voltage of AC 400 V
<b>Brake current</b>	0.1 ... 0.61 A
<b>Cable protection</b>	Recommendation: 5 A, tripping characteristic "B" or "C"
<b>Control input DI</b>	
<b>Signalling output DO</b>	
Control voltage	DC 24 V, PLC level
	HIGH DC +15 ... 30 V
	LOW DC 0 ... +3 V
Control current	
	Input 5 ... 10 mA
	Output 5 ... 50 mA
Protective function	Protected against polarity reversal up to DC 60 V
<b>Max. connectable cable cross-section</b>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 12
<b>Maximum cable length</b>	150 m

### Permissible operating frequencies

Recommended brake Type	Power P [W]	Coil: Voltage DC 180 V		Permissible operating frequency [rpm]
		L [H]	I [A] (20 °C)	
BFK457-06E BFK458-06E	20	60	0.11	60
BFK457-08E BFK458-08E	25	50	0.14	60
BFK457-10E BFK458-10E	30	69	0.17	60
BFK457-12E BFK458-12E	40	81	0.22	40
BFK457-14E BFK458-14E	50	78	0.28	30
BFK457-16E BFK458-16E	55	102	0.31	20
BFK457-18E BFK458-18E	85	77	0.47	10
BFK457-20E BFK458-20E	100	92	0.56	8
BFK457-25E BFK458-25E	110	102	0.61	6

## Terminal data

### Connection of the motor holding brake

Terminal X107	Labelling	Description
 SSP94A6107	BD1 BD2	Connection of the motor holding brake: + (Lenze: WH) - (Lenze: BN) E94AZHN0026: 180 V DC, max. 0.75 A Ensure correct polarity!
	L1 L2/N	Supply voltage of the motor holding brake

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

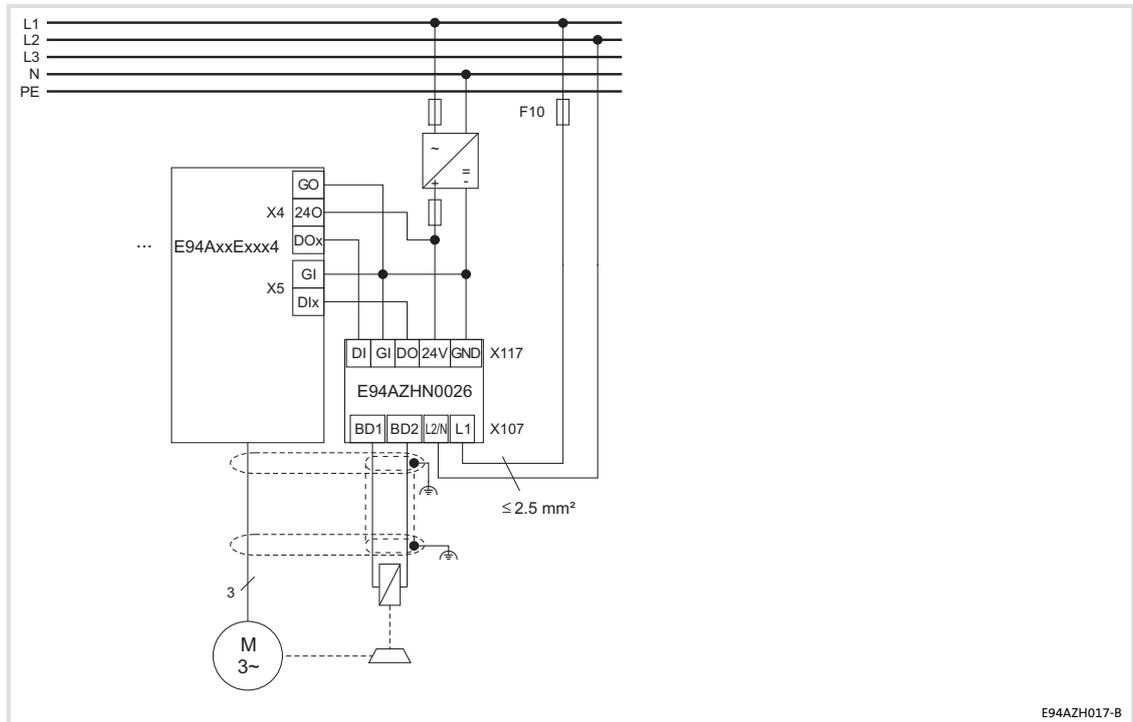
### Control connection

Terminal X117	Labelling	Description
 SSP94A6117	DI	Digital input
	GI	GND digital in
	DO	Signalling output
	24V	24-V supply by safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)
	GND	GND digital out

Terminal data				
	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.5 ... 2.5	20 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

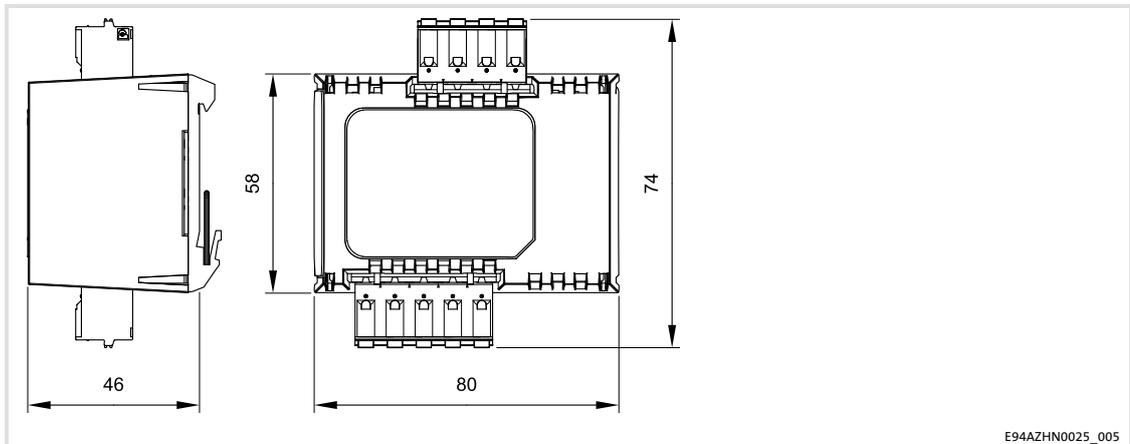
Stripping length or contact length: 8 mm

**Connection plan**



- F10 Cable protection of the motor holding brake  
Observe the cable protection standards for fuse dimensioning!
- E94A.. Components of the 9400 series
- 
- ⚡ HF shield termination through large-surface PE connection

### Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

### Installation steps

#### DIN rail mounting

1. Position the motor brake control module with the DIN rail adapter  at the bottom of the DIN rail.
2. Let the motor brake control module snap into the upper DIN rail edge against the resistance of the spring force.
3. Check that the motor brake control module is securely connected.

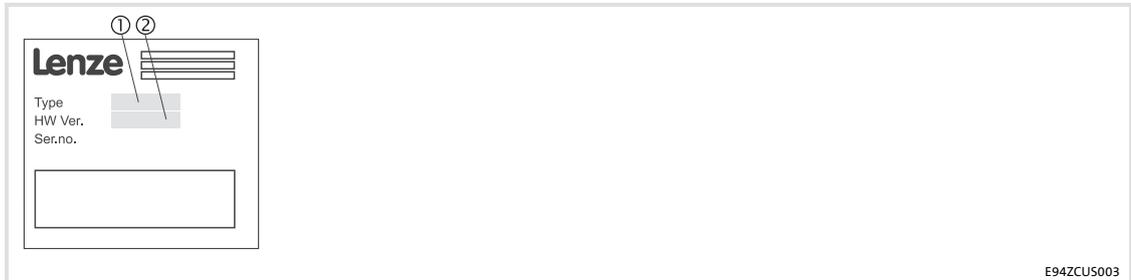
# 8 Accessories (overview)

Accessories for diagnostics  
USB diagnostic adapter

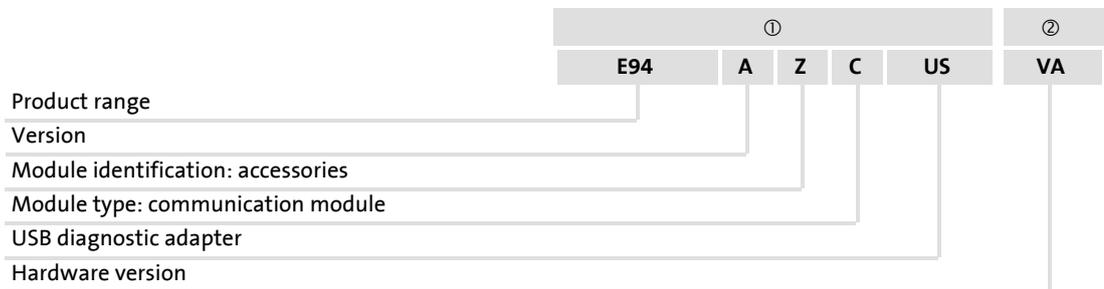
## 8.8 Accessories for diagnostics

### 8.8.1 USB diagnostic adapter

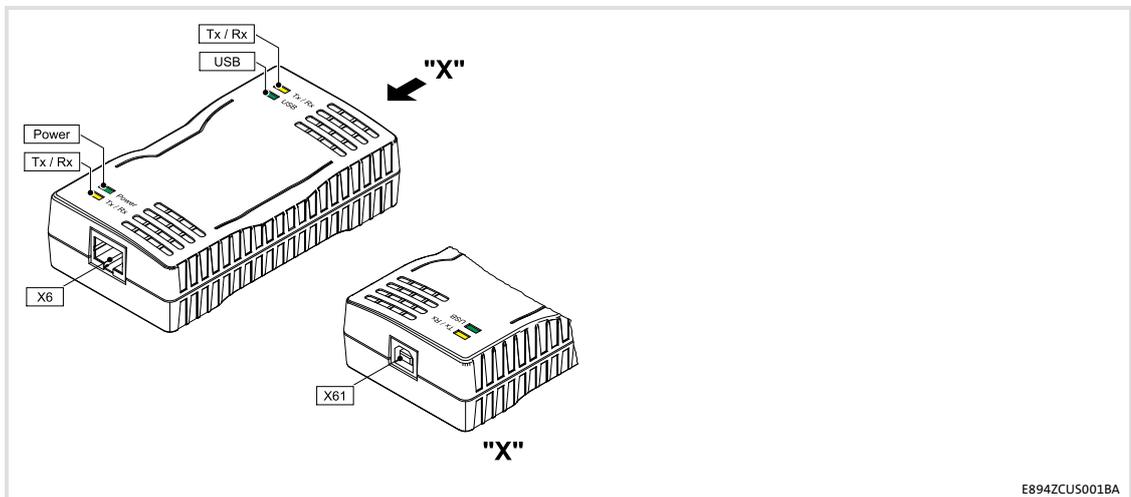
#### Identification



E94ZCUS003



#### Scope of supply



E894ZCUS001BA

Pos.	Description
	USB diagnostic adapter E94AZCUS
	USB cable
	Mounting Instructions

#### Connections

Pos.	Description
X61	USB connection
X6	Connection of the basic device (RJ69 socket)

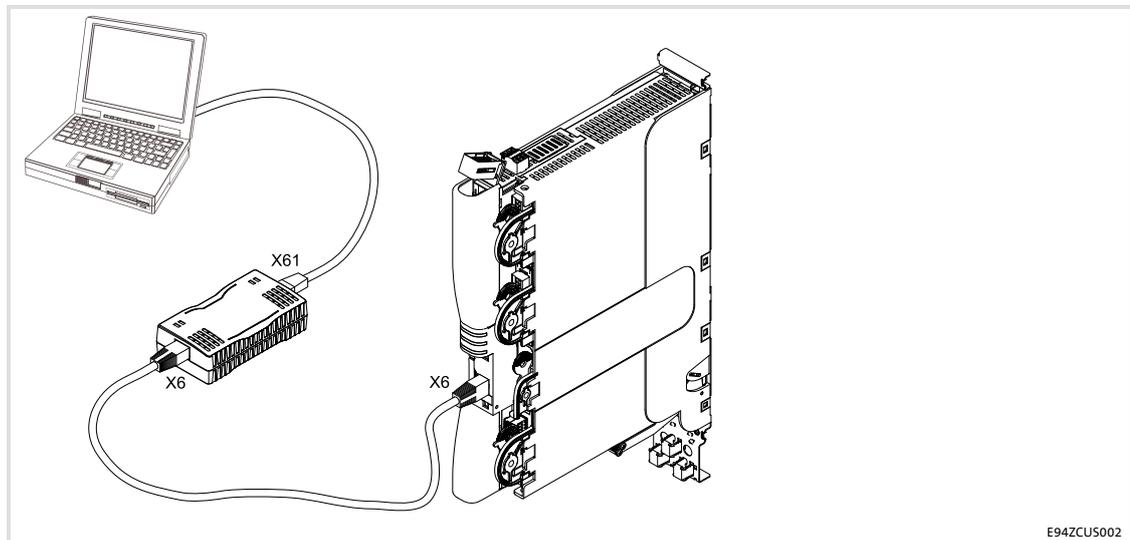
## Displays

LED			Description
Pos.	Colour	Condition	
Power	Green	On	Diagnostic adapter is supplied with voltage by the basic device.
Tx / Rx	Yellow	Blinking	Basic device and PC communicate with each other via the diagnostic adapter.
USB	Green	On	Diagnostic adapter is connected to the PC and configured via USB.

## Rated data

Field	Details
USB connection (X61)	Maximum current consumption: 100 mA

## Installation steps



E94ZCU5002

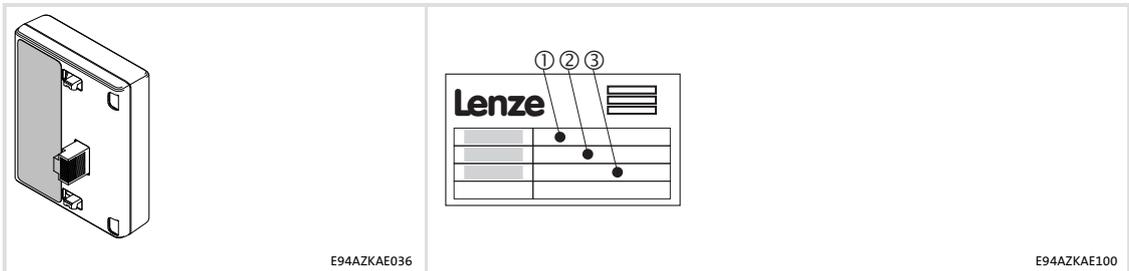
# 8 Accessories (overview)

## Accessories for diagnostics

### Keypad

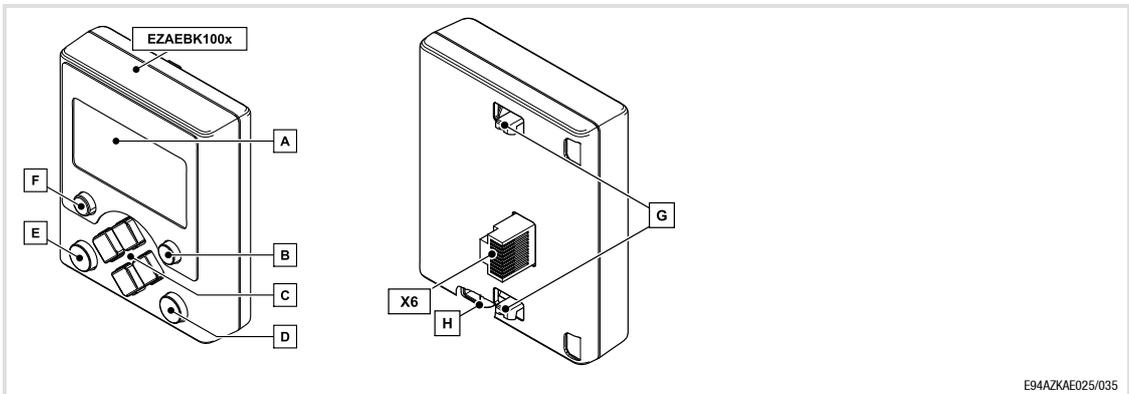
#### 8.8.2 Keypad

##### Identification



	①	②	③
	EZ	AE	B
Product range: accessories			
Design			
AE = display unit			
Version			
Module type: keypad			
100x = Keypad			
200x = Diagnosis terminal			
Hardware version			
Software version			

##### Scope of supply



##### Elements on the front

Pos.	Description
A	LCD display
B	Right function key
C	Navigation keys
D	key
E	key
F	Left function key

### Elements on the back side

Pos.	Description
Ⓔ	Lock hook
Ⓗ	Release button
X6	RJ69 connector, connection on diagnostic interface (X6) on the basic device

### Application range

The use of this module is permissible with basic devices as of nameplate designation:

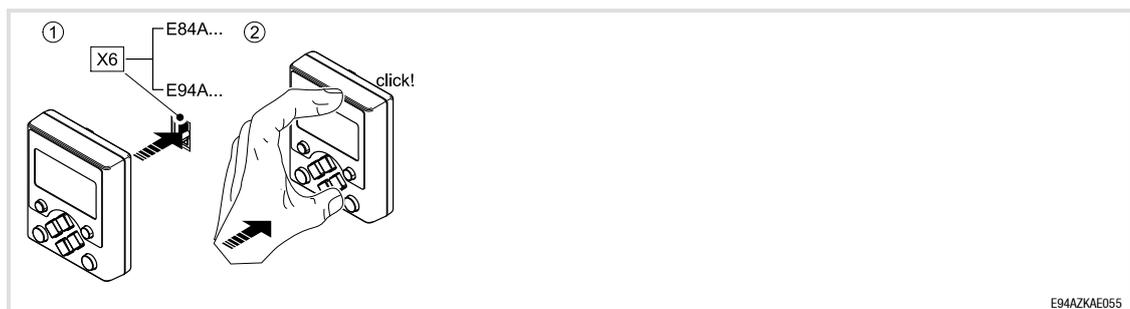
Inverter				Keypad X400		
	Type	HW	SW	Type	HW	SW
Servo Drives 9400	E94A...	VB	01.10	EZAEBK1001	VA	02.00
Inverter Drives 8400	E84AV...	VA	00.07	EZAEBK1001	VA	02.00 <sub>1)</sub>
				EZAEBK1001	VA	04.xx

### General electrical data

#### Rated data

Field	Values	
Enclosure	IP20	IP65 (EZAEBK200x with EZAMSHHT)
Ambient temperature	In operation:	-10 °C ... +55 °C
	Transport:	-25 °C ... +70 °C
	Storage:	-25 °C ... +55 °C
Climatic conditions	Class 3K3 in accordance with EN 50178 (without condensation, average relative humidity 85 %)	
Degree of pollution	EN 61800-5-1, degree of pollution 2	

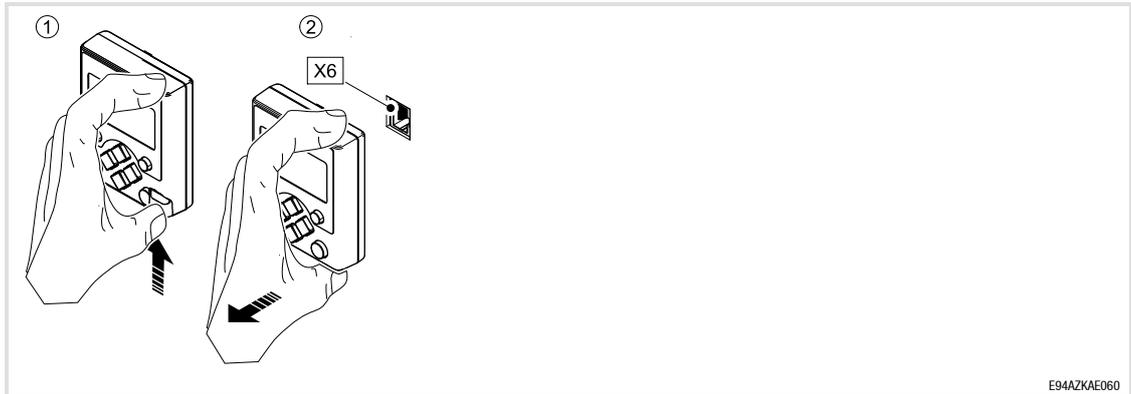
### Mounting



## Accessories (overview)

Accessories for diagnostics  
Keypad

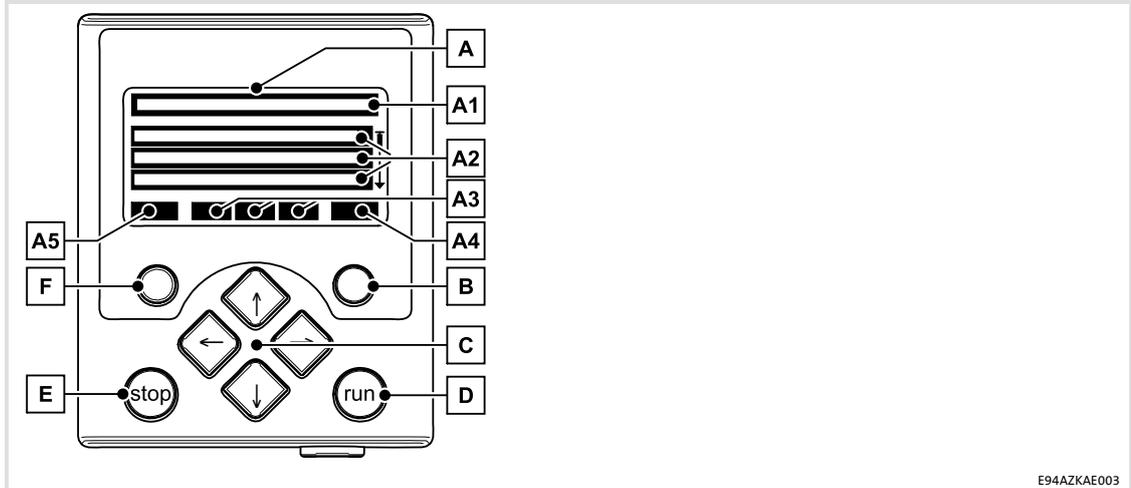
### Dismounting



E94AZKAE060

### Commissioning steps

Commissioning step	Comment
1. Connect keypad to the diagnostic interface.	<b>You can also connect or remove the keypad during operation.</b>
2. If the keypad is supplied with voltage, it carries out a short self test.	
3. The keypad is ready for operation if it displays the main menu.	If you commission the keypad for the <b>first time</b> , you are requested to select the dialog language.
4. You can now communicate with the basic device.	How to navigate through the menus and how to view and alter parameters can be learned here: LEERER MERKER



E94AZKAE003

Display	Meaning	Comment
<b>A</b>	<b>LCD display</b>	
<b>A 1</b>	<b>Headline</b>	
	<MM M>	Meaning of the menu In the menu level only
	<PPP>	Meaning of the parameter In the parameter level only
<b>A 2</b>	<b>Triple-spaced display</b>	
	<M1> <M2> <...>	List of the menus available In the menu level only
	<P1> <P2> <...>	List of the parameters available In the parameter level only
	<xxx>	Setting of the selected parameter
<b>A 3</b>	<b>Status of the basic device</b>	
	<b>RDY</b>	The basic device is ready for operation.
	<b>RUN</b>	The basic device is enabled.
	<b>STP</b>	Application in the basic device is stopped.
	<b>QSP</b>	Quick stop active
	<b>CINH</b>	The basic device is inhibited. The power outputs are inhibited.
	<b>OFF</b>	The basic device is ready to start.
	<b>Mmax</b>	Speed controller 1 in the limitation The drive is torque-controlled.
	<b>Imax</b>	Set current limit exceeded in motor or generator mode
	<b>IMP</b>	Pulse inhibit active The power outputs are inhibited.
	<b>ISFLT</b>	System error active
	<b>IFLT</b>	Error active
	<b>ITRB</b>	Fault active
	<b>ITSP</b>	Quick stop by trouble active
	<b>WRN</b>	Warning active
<b>A 4</b>	<b>Current function of the right function key</b>	
	<b>OK</b>	Confirm and accept changes
	<b>HELP</b>	Call up help Is only displayed if a detailed help is available.
	<b>NEXT</b>	Browse to the next page.
<b>A 5</b>	<b>Current function of the left function key</b>	
	<b>☰</b>	Back to the main menu
	<b>SAVE</b>	Save parameter set in the drive non-volatily.
	<b>EDIT</b>	Alter parameter
	<b>ESC</b>	Cancel action without accepting the change.
	<b>PREV</b>	Browse to the previous page.
	<b>PLCI</b>	Parameter can only be altered if the application of the basic device is stopped.
	<b>CINH</b>	Parameter can only be altered if the basic device is inhibited.

## Accessories (overview)

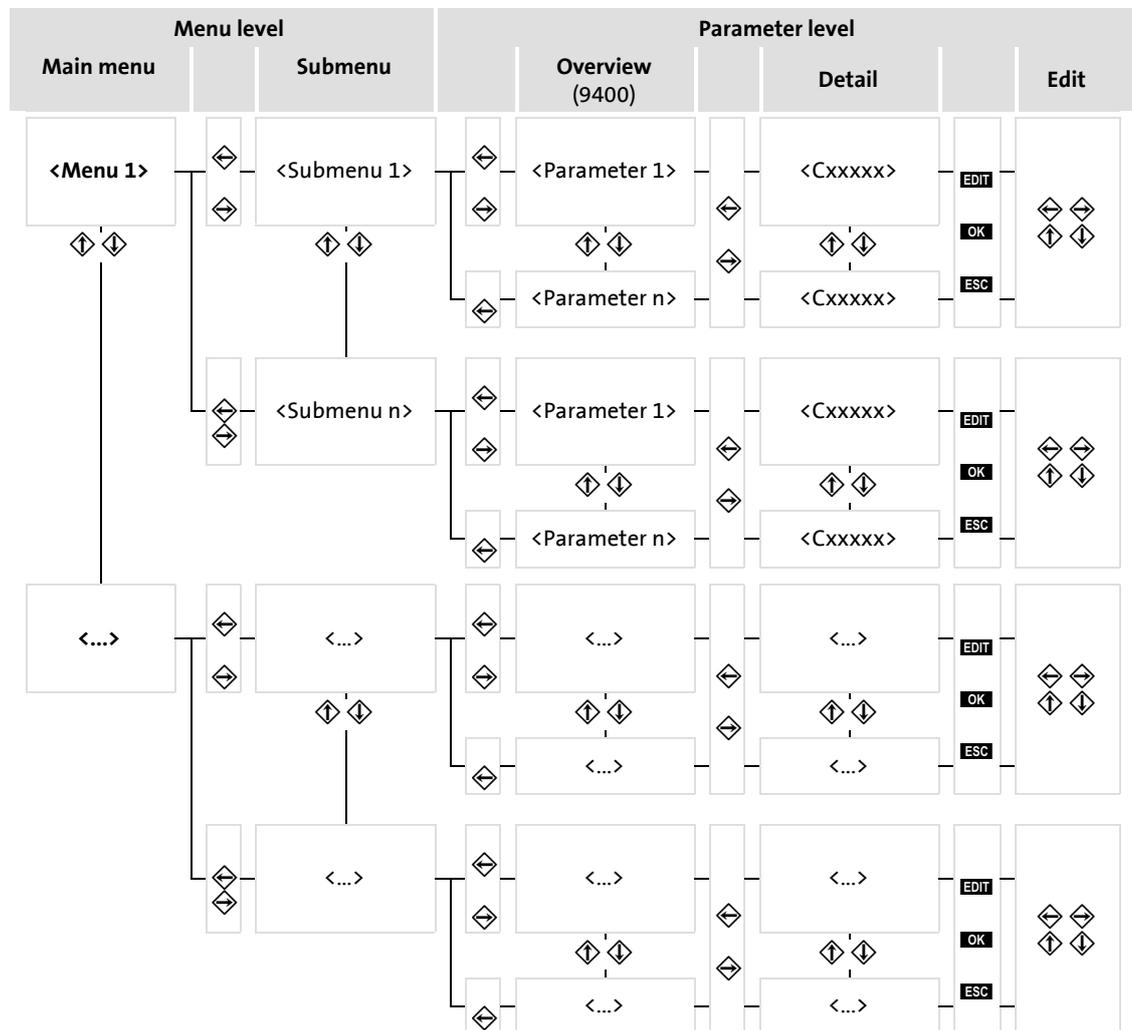
Accessories for diagnostics

Keypad

Key		Function	Comment
<b>B</b>	○	Carry out the function indicated in the field A4.	
<b>D</b>	Ⓞ	Deactivate the function of the Ⓞ key. The LED in the Ⓞ key goes out.	
<b>E</b>	Ⓞ	Carry out the function selected in C00469 in the "Keypad" menu. The LED in the key is on.	Lenze setting: activate quick stop.
<b>F</b>	○	Carry out the function indicated in the field A5.	

Key		Function				
		Menu level		Parameter level		
		Main menu	Submenu	Overview (9400)	Detail	Editing mode
<b>G</b>	⏏	Select menu	Select submenu	Select parameter		Alter selected digit
	⏏	To the submenu	To the parameter level	To the detail view		Cursor to the right
	⏏		Back to the main menu	Back to the menu level	Back to the overview	Cursor to the left

Operation



In the main menu, you'll find the self-explanatory "Keypad" menu.

In the "Keypad" menu, you'll find parameters by means of which you can adapt the keypad to your needs:

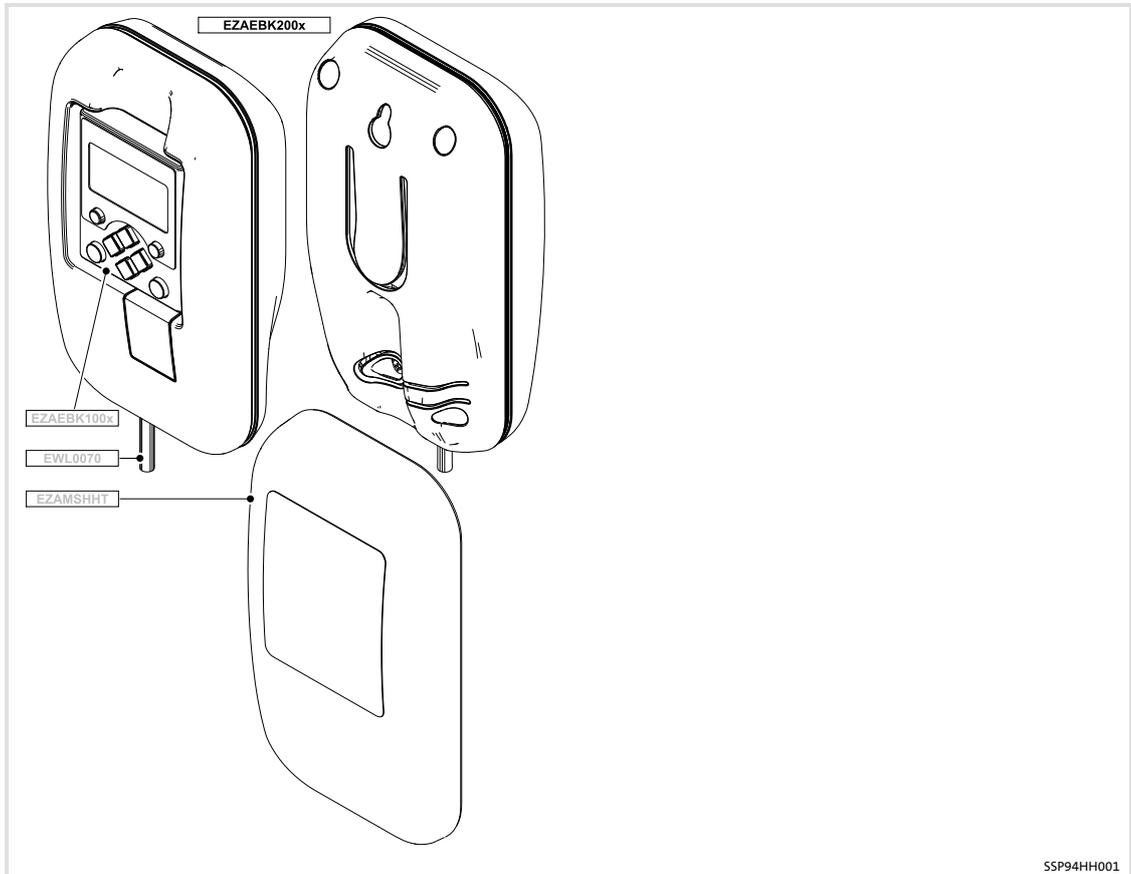
- ▶ Settings for the LCD display:
  - Duration and brightness of the background lighting
  - Contrast
- ▶ Starting values:
  - Display after the initialisation
  - Display of error messages
  - Representation of integers
- ▶ Function of the STOP key

In the "Keypad" menu, you can also call up status information on the keypad:

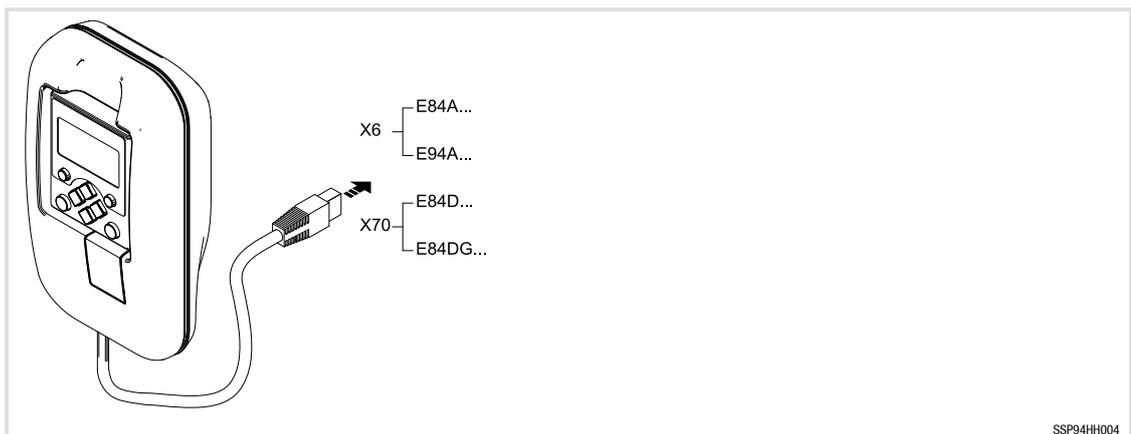
- ▶ Manufacturing data
- ▶ Hardware version and software version
- ▶ Serial number

### 8.8.3 Hand-held terminal

#### Scope of supply



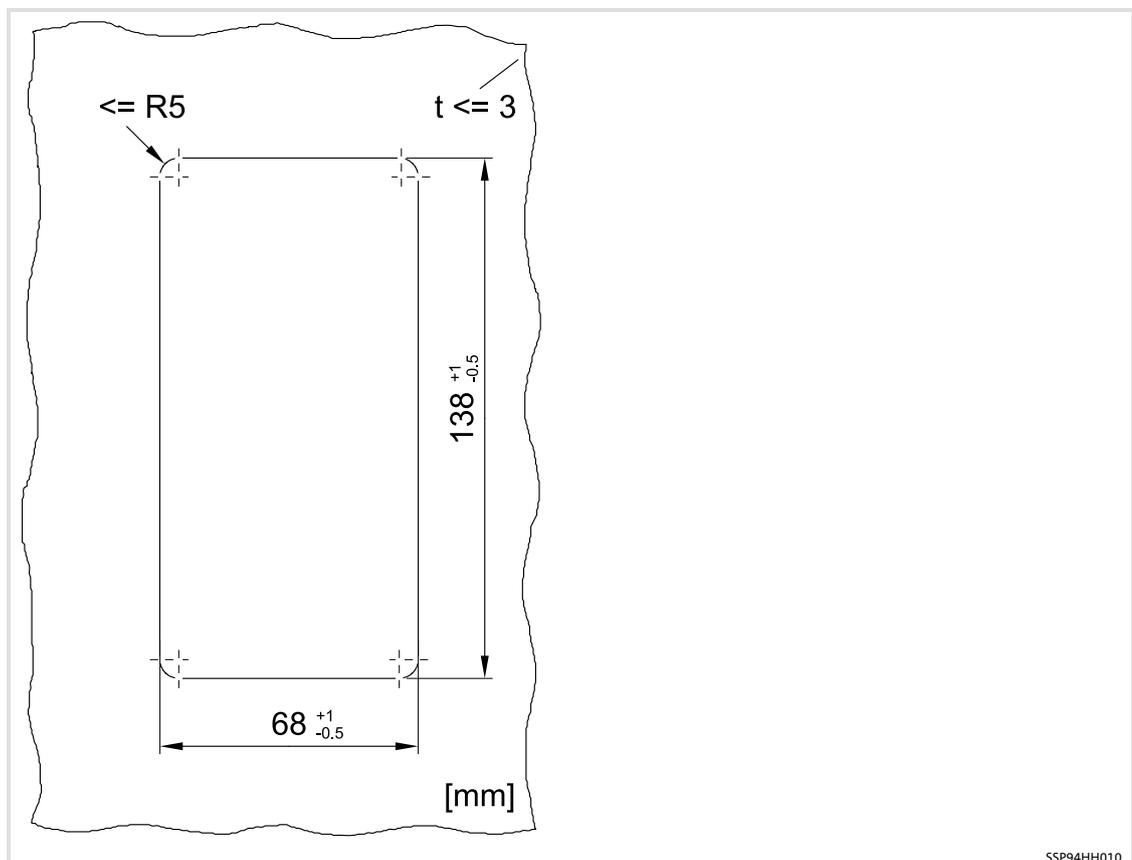
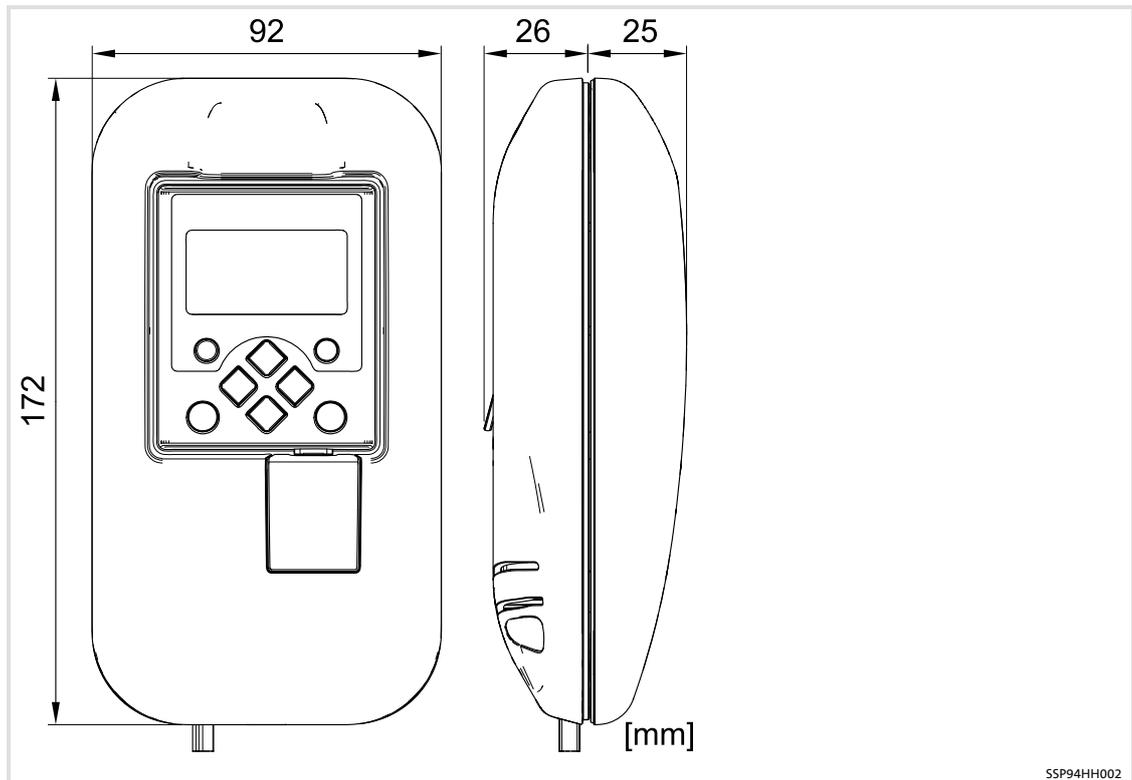
#### Connection



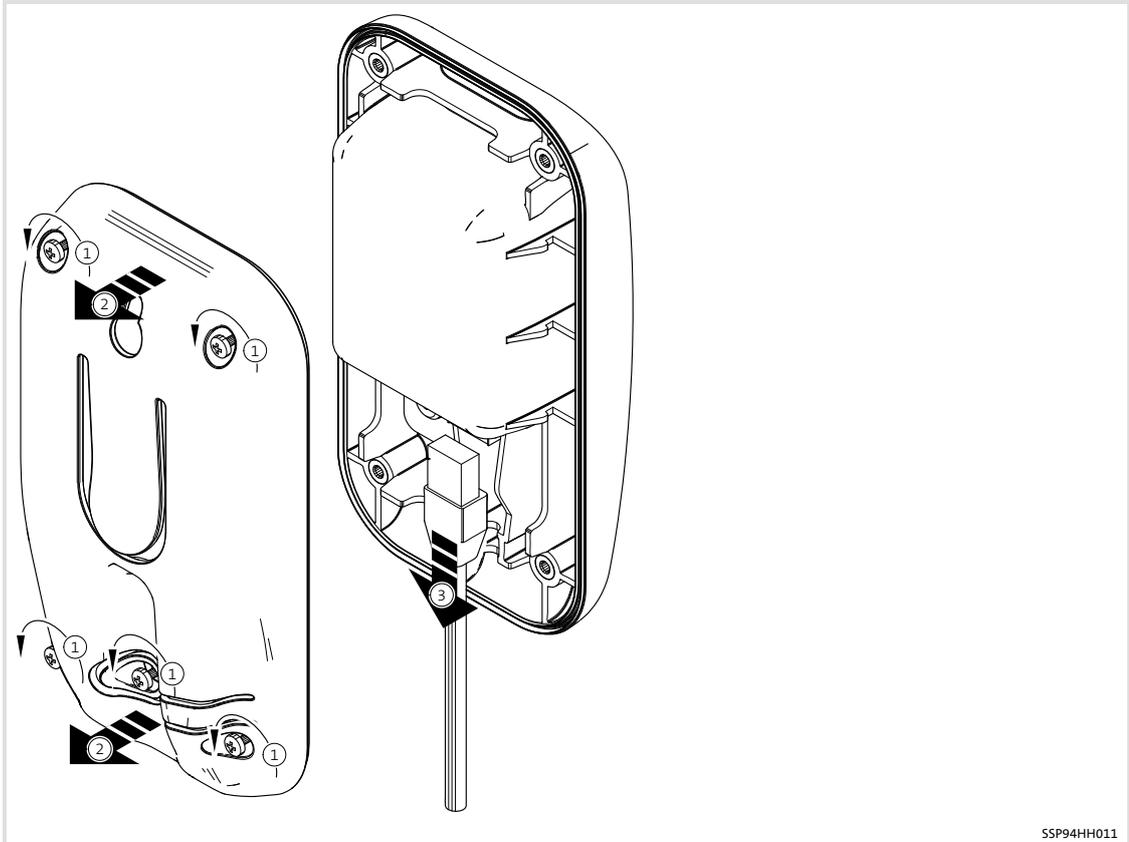
## Accessories (overview)

Accessories for diagnostics  
Hand-held terminal

### Dimensions



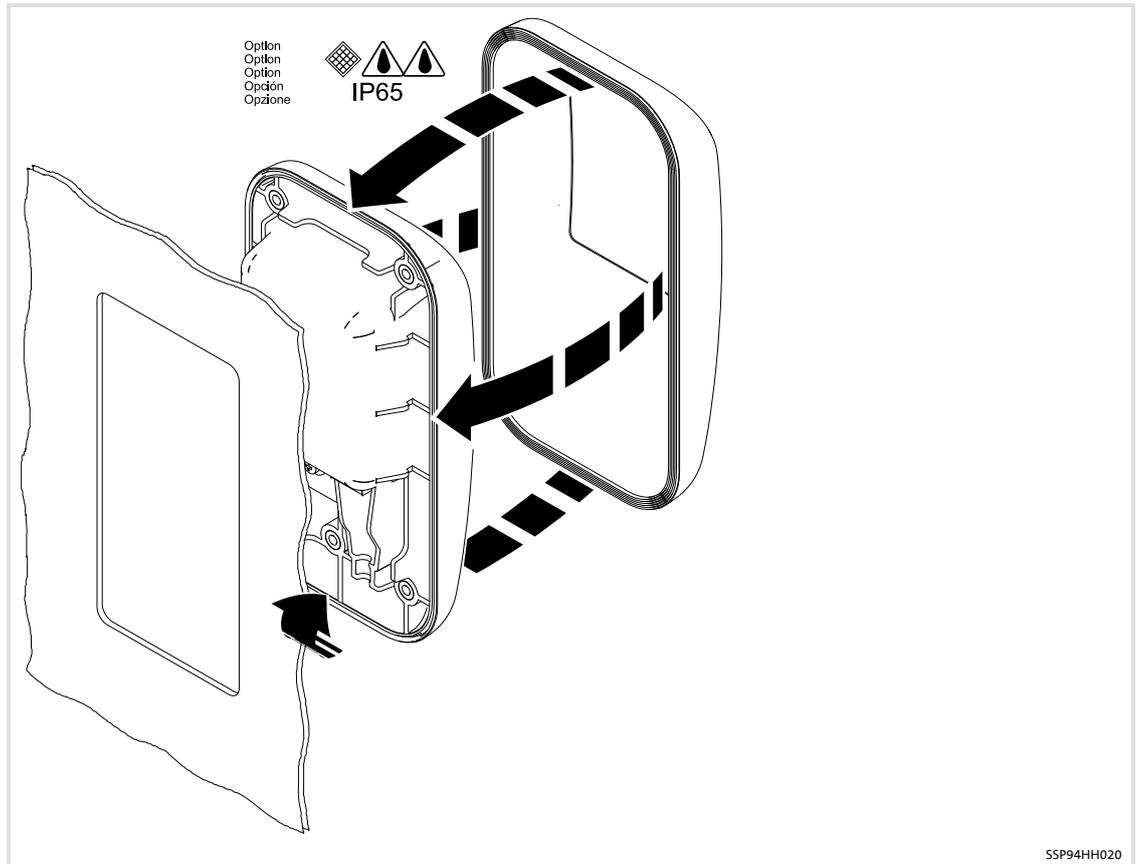
Installation steps

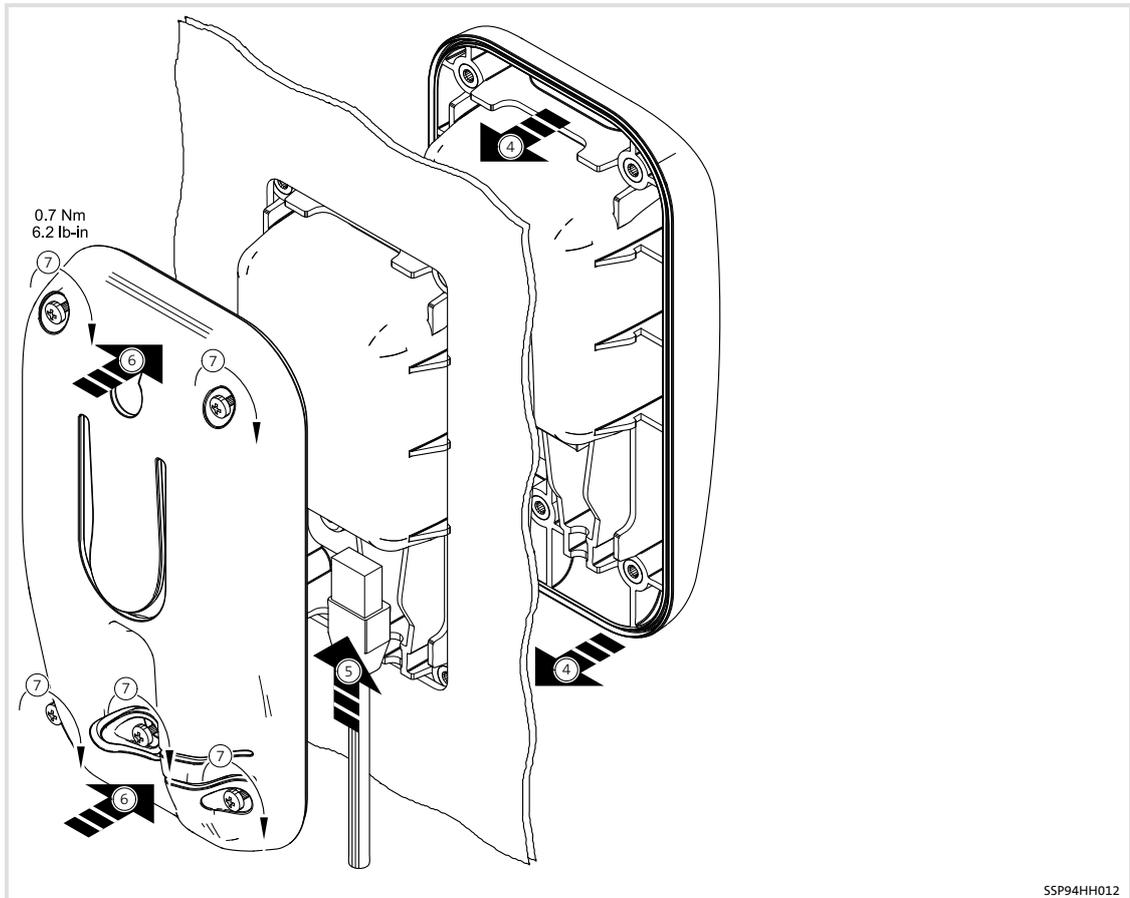


SSP94HH011

# Accessories (overview)

Accessories for diagnostics  
Hand-held terminal





SSP94HH012

**8.9 Components for operation in the DC-bus connection**

**8.9.1 DC-feeding point**

**Identification**



**Type code**

①					
E94	A	Z	E	X	100

Product range

Device generation

Accessories

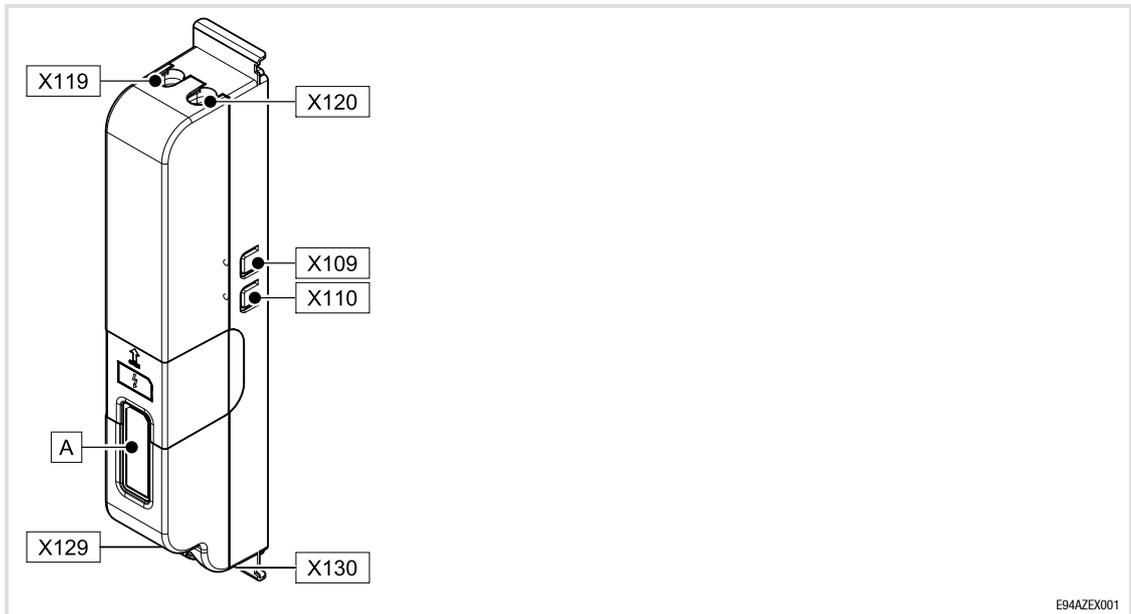
Type

E = input module

Rated current

100 = 100 A

**Scope of supply**



Pos.	Description
	DC input module
	Mounting Instructions

## DC input module components

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
X109	+UG busbar input
X110	-UG busbar input
X119	+UG cable input
X120	-UG cable input
X129	+UG cable output
X130	-UG cable output

## Standards

## Conformity and approval

## Conformity

CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union

## Approval

cULUS	UL 508C	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for USA
	CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	Power Conversion Equipment (File No. E132659) for Canada

## Protection

Enclosure	EN 60529	IP 20
	NEMA 250	Protection against accidental contact acc. to type 1
Insulation resistance	EN 61800-5-1	Overvoltage category III Reduction from 2000 m: Overvoltage category II

## Operating conditions

## Environmental conditions

## Climate

Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5%/1000 m
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2

Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup> = 1 g)

Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g
	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g

## Accessories (overview)

Components for operation in the DC-bus connection  
DC-feeding point

### Rated data

Mains	Voltage $U_{DC}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{DC}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
2/PE DC	325	260 - 0 % ... 370 + 0 %	-
2/PE DC	565	455 - 0 % ... 620 + 0 %	-
2/PE DC	705	565 - 0 % ... 775 + 0 %	-

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZEX100	325/565/705	0 (DC)	100/100/100	75/75/75	2

① Temperature in the control cabinet

### Safety instructions



#### Danger!

##### Hazardous electrical voltage

During operation and **up to 3 minutes after power-off**, hazardous electrical voltages may occur at the DC input module connections.

##### Possible consequences:

- ▶ Death or serious injuries when touching the connections.

##### Protective measures:

- ▶ Disconnect all devices in the DC-bus connection from the mains before working on the input module.
- ▶ Check if no voltage is applied to the power terminals.



#### Warnings!

- ▶ Maximum surrounding air temperature: 55 °C
- ▶ Use 60/70 °C copper wires only.
- ▶ Use appropriate listed (ZMVV) wire connectors and soldering lugs, suitable for current and voltage.



#### Warnings!

- ▶ Température ambiante maximale : 55 °C
- ▶ Utiliser exclusivement des conducteurs en cuivre 60/70 °C.
- ▶ Utiliser les connecteurs de câble et les cosses à souder indiqués (ZMVV), à sélectionner en fonction du courant et de la tension d'alimentation.

**Note!**

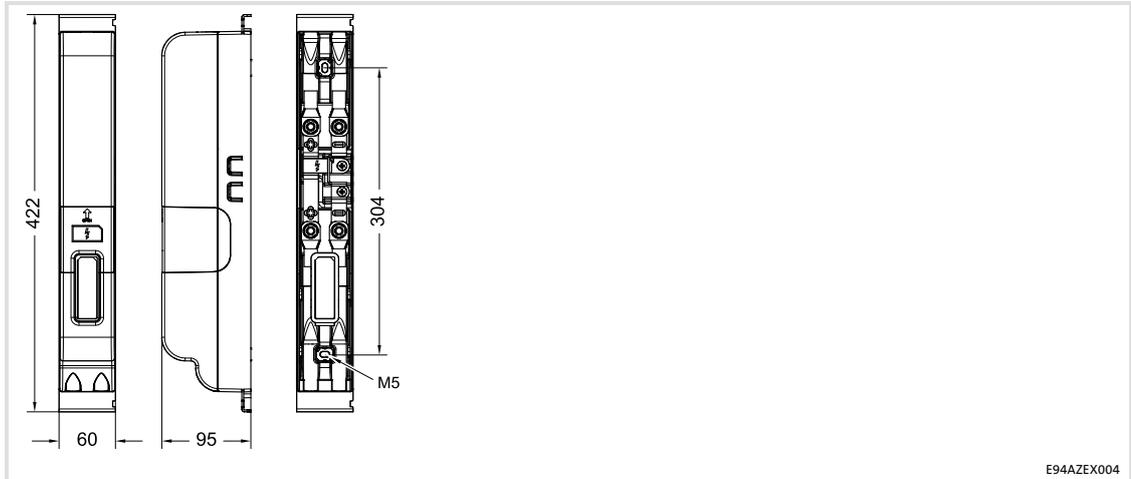
The place of installation and mounting material must ensure a permanent mechanical connection.

We recommend to keep to the hole patterns of the axis modules when fixing the DC input module. The hole spacing corresponds to device size I. For further information, please see the Mounting Instructions for the axis module installation backplane (EDK94ZPM113).

## Accessories (overview)

Components for operation in the DC-bus connection  
DC-feeding point

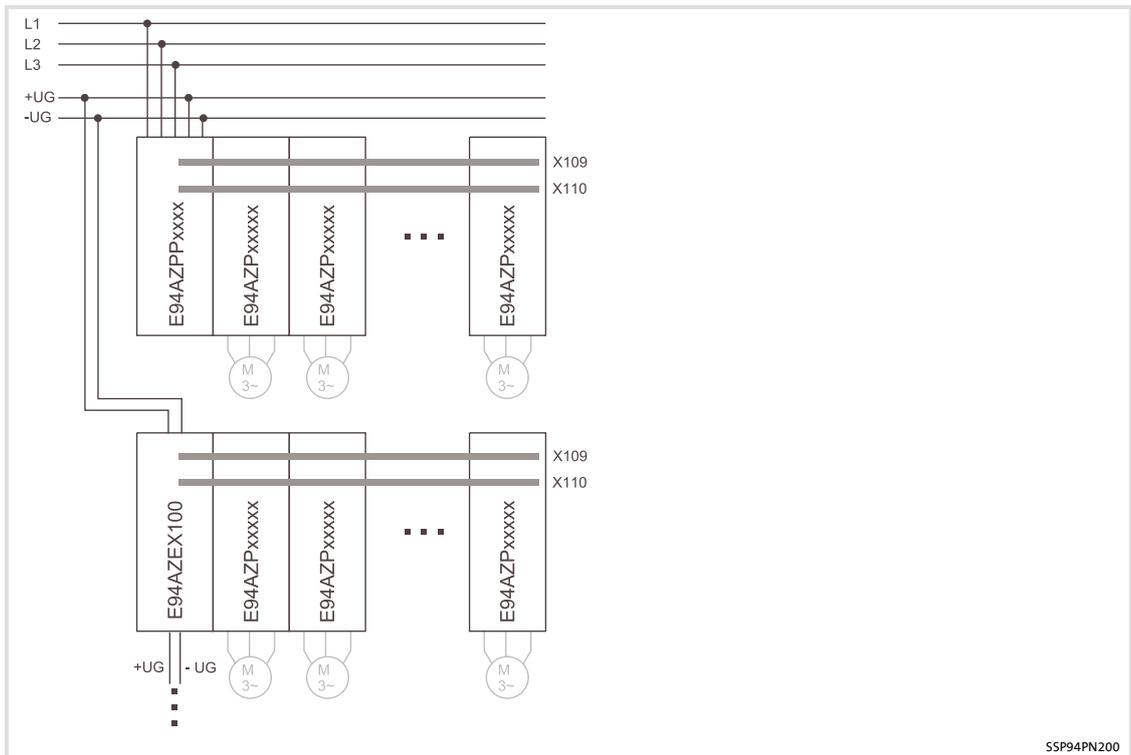
### Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

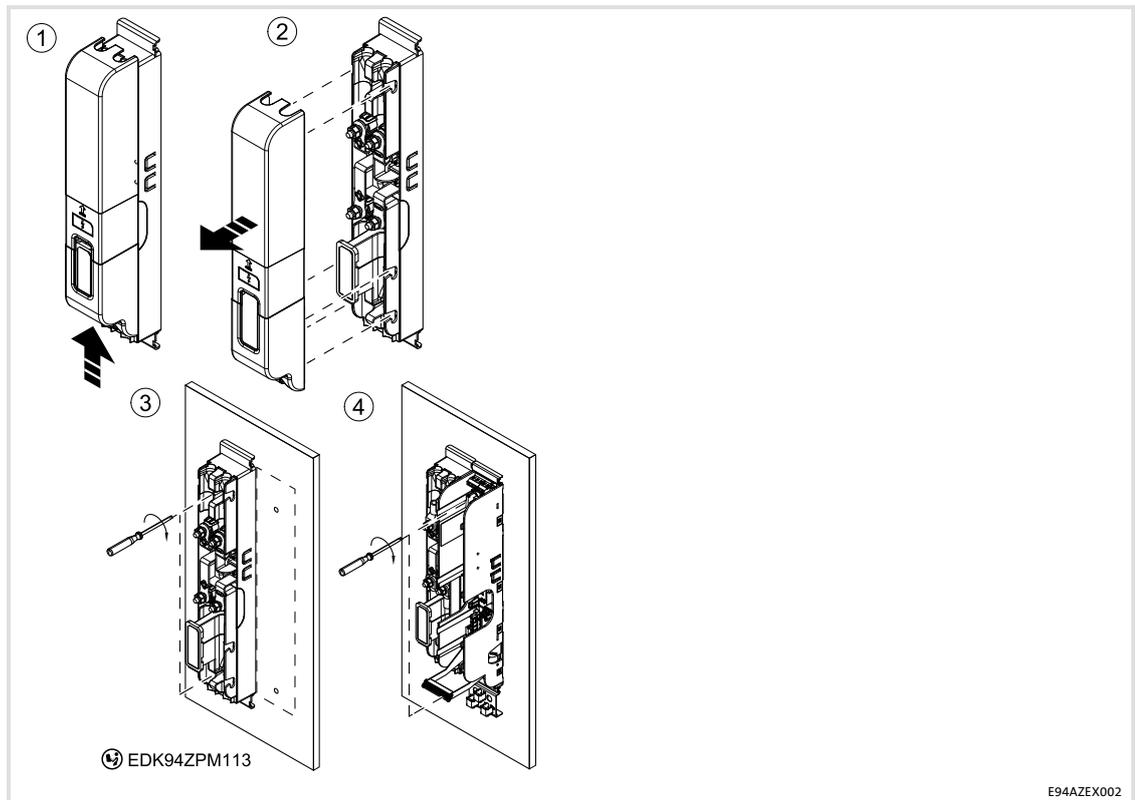
Type	Weight [kg]
E94AZEX100	0.9

### Arrangement of the devices



- E94AZEX100 DC input module
- E94AZPPxxxx Installation backplane - 9400 DC power supply module
- E94AZPxxxx Installation backplane - 9400 axis module

## Installation steps



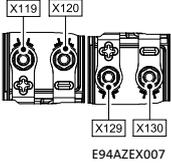
## Accessories (overview)

Components for operation in the DC-bus connection  
DC-feeding point

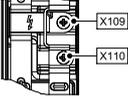
### Electrical installation



## Components for operation in the DC-bus connection DC-feeding point

Terminal X119/X120/X129/X130	Labelling	Description
 <p>E94AZEX007</p>	*/-	Threaded bolt for connecting the input and output cables (+UG, -UG) with M8 ring cable lug

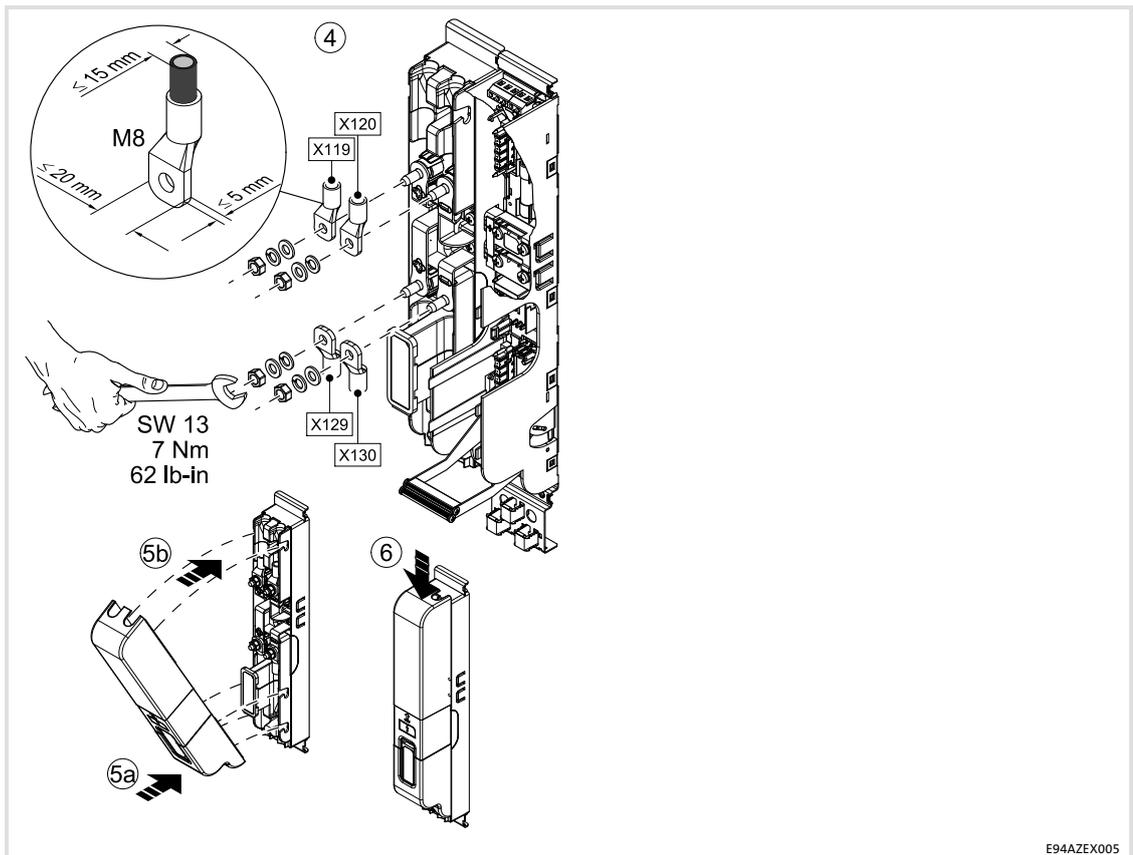
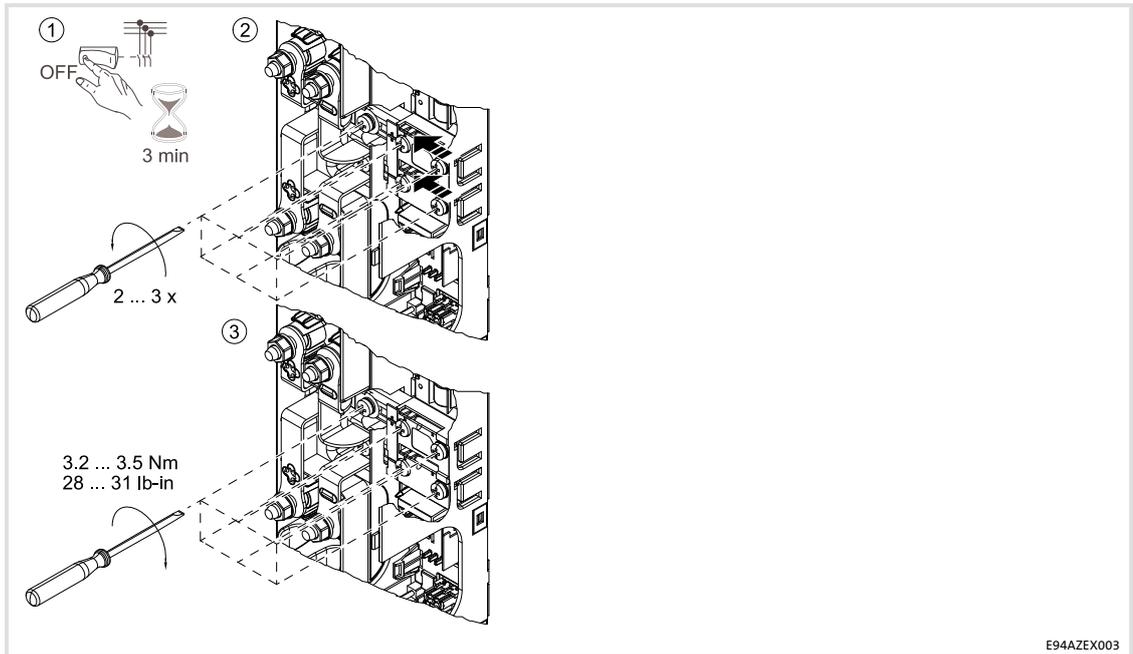
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZEX100	50	1	7	62	SW13

Terminal X109/X110	Labelling	Description
 <p>E94AZEX008</p>	*/-	Busbar connection (+UG, -UG)

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZEX100	–	–	3.2 ... 3.5	28 ... 31	PH2

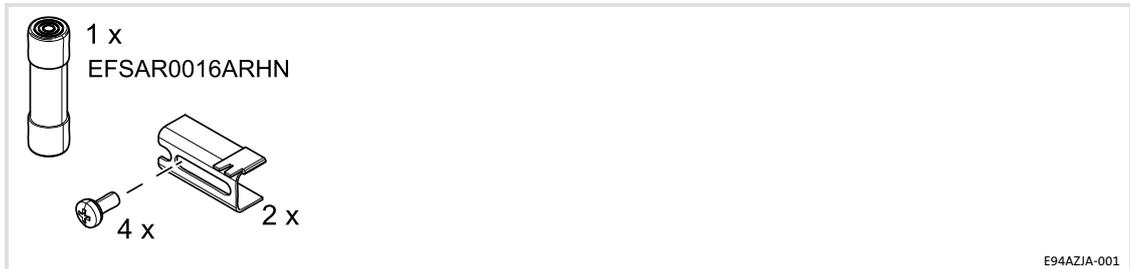
## Accessories (overview)

Components for operation in the DC-bus connection  
DC-feeding point



## 8.9.2 GG1 busbar mounting set

## Scope of supply



## General electrical data



## Safety instructions



Please read these instructions and the documentation of the standard device before you start working!  
Observe the safety instructions given therein!

**Warnings!**

The busbar mounting set needs to be installed in accordance with the Mounting Instructions of Lenze Power Conversion Equipment, E94 servo system.

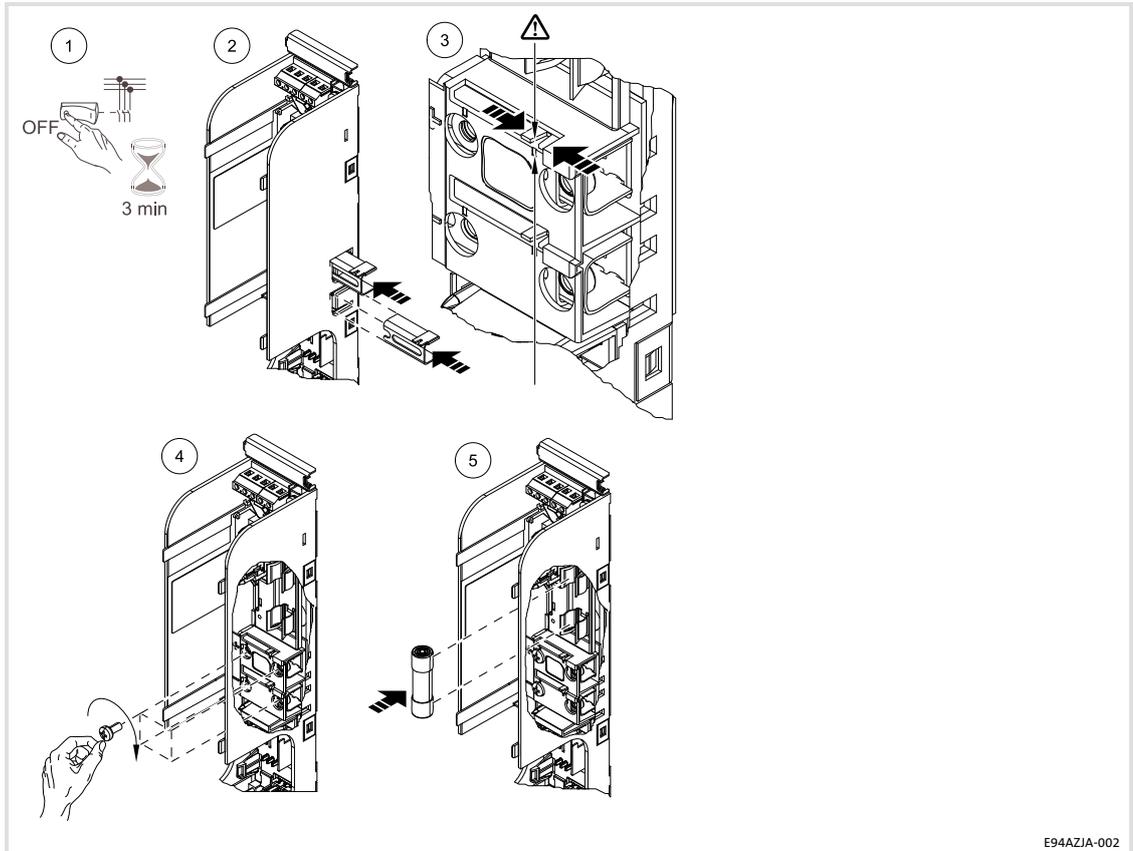
Risk of electrical shock - Disconnect power supply before you start working with the busbar mounting set.

**Avertissement !**

Le kit de montage de barres conductrices doit être utilisé conformément aux instructions de montage des convertisseurs de puissance Lenze, système servo E94.

Risque d'électrocution - Débrancher l'alimentation avant le début des travaux de montage des barres conductrices.

## Installation steps

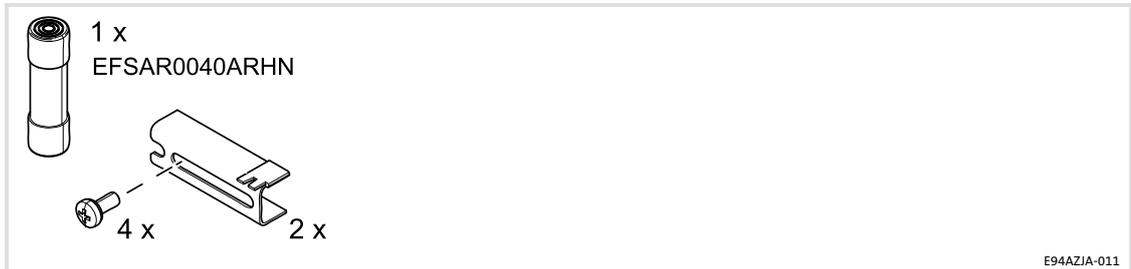


## 8 Accessories (overview)

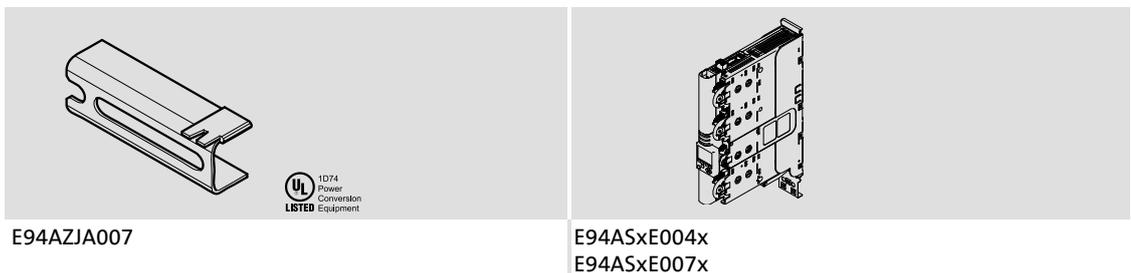
### GG2 busbar mounting set

#### 8.9.3 GG2 busbar mounting set

##### Scope of supply



##### General electrical data



##### Safety instructions



Please read these instructions and the documentation of the standard device before you start working!  
Observe the safety instructions given therein!



##### Warnings!

The busbar mounting set needs to be installed in accordance with the Mounting Instructions of Lenze Power Conversion Equipment, E94 servo system.

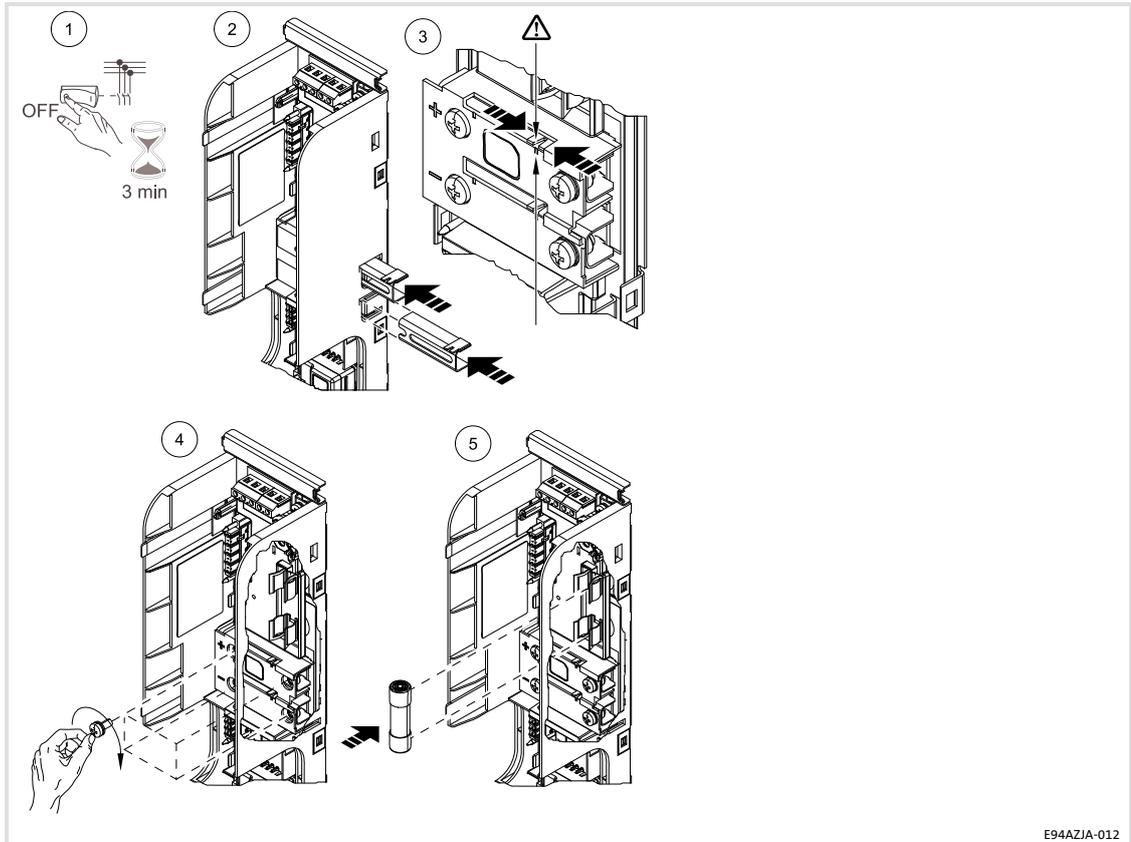
Risk of electrical shock - Disconnect power supply before you start working with the busbar mounting set.

**Warnings!**

The busbar mounting set needs to be installed in accordance with the Mounting Instructions of Lenze Power Conversion Equipment, E94 servo system.

Risk of electrical shock - Disconnect power supply before you start working with the busbar mounting set.

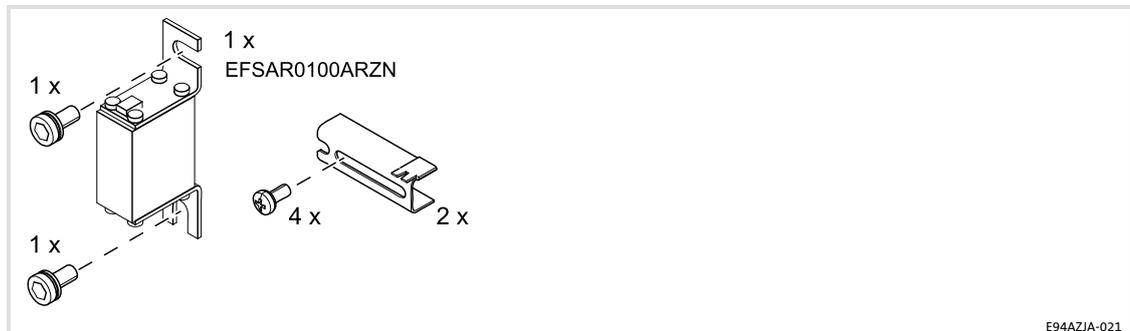
## Installation steps



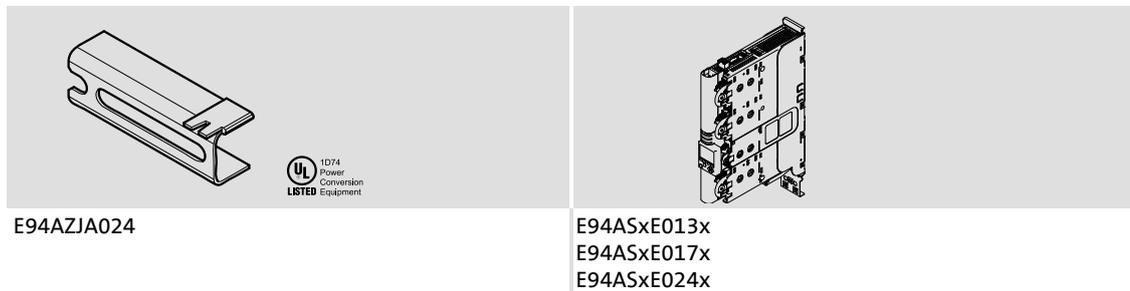
E94AZIA-012

## 8.9.4 GG3 busbar mounting set

### Scope of supply



### General electrical data



### Safety instructions



Please read these instructions and the documentation of the standard device before you start working!  
Observe the safety instructions given therein!



#### Warnings!

The busbar mounting set needs to be installed in accordance with the Mounting Instructions of Lenze Power Conversion Equipment, E94 servo system.

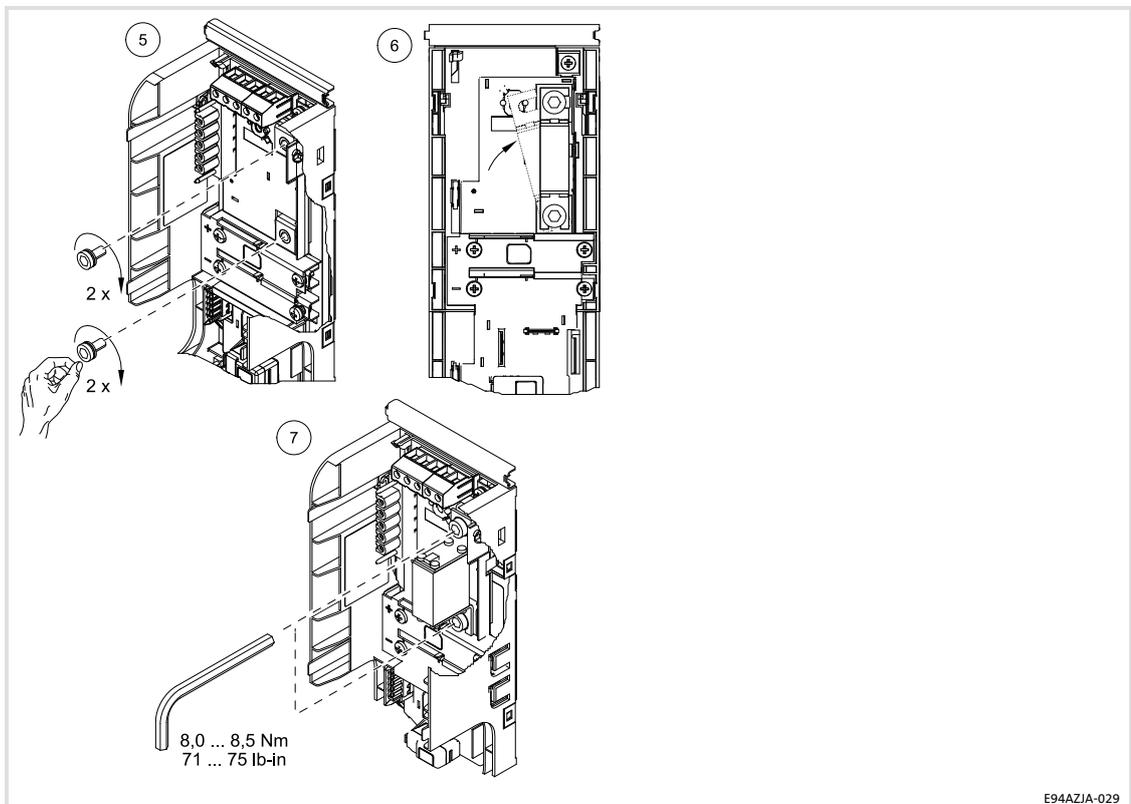
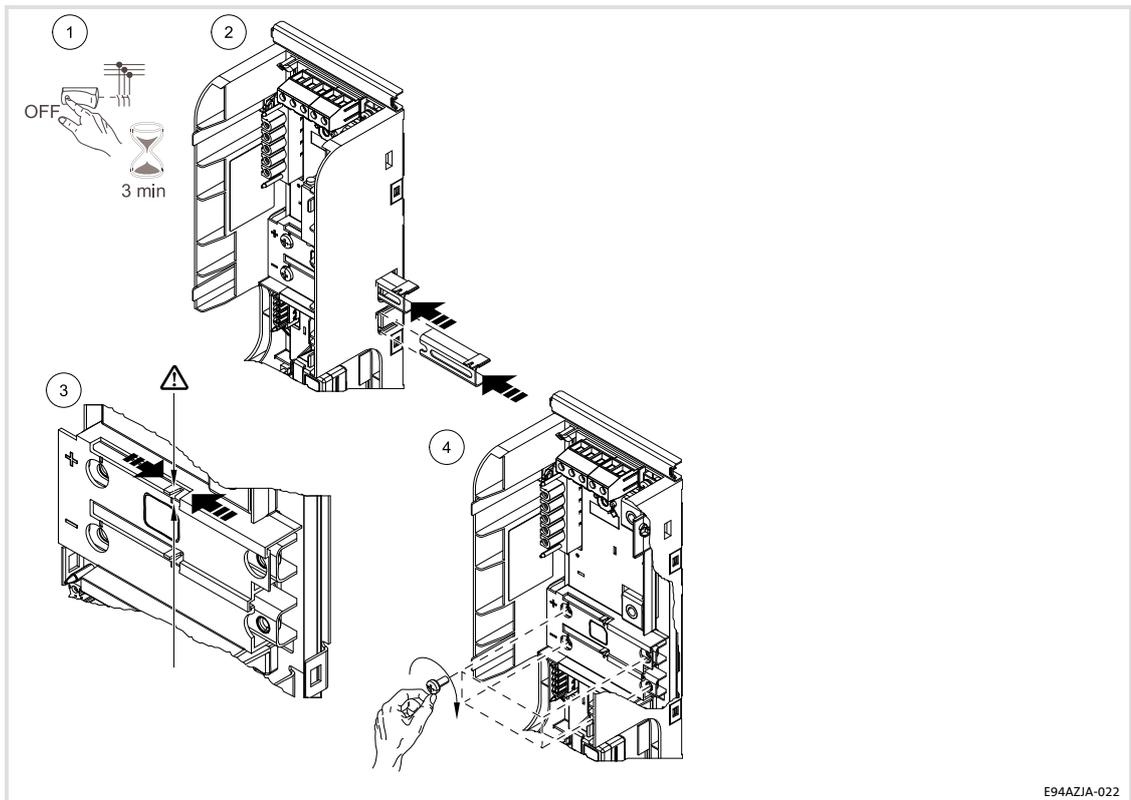
Risk of electrical shock - Disconnect power supply before you start working with the busbar mounting set.

**Warnings!**

The busbar mounting set needs to be installed in accordance with the Mounting Instructions of Lenze Power Conversion Equipment, E94 servo system.

Risk of electrical shock - Disconnect power supply before you start working with the busbar mounting set.

Installation steps



## 8.10 Filters

Advantages by the use of filters:

- ▶ Compliance with EMC requirements
- ▶ Reduction of the current load
- ▶ Positive effects on the service life of the controllers possible
  - Strong reliability
  - Reduction of the failure rate
- ▶ Operation on 30 mA residual-current circuit breakers for device sizes 1 ... 3 (up to 24 A/11 kW) is enabled.

Mains chokes:

Inductances for damping conducted harmonic interferences which may arise from reloading the DC bus and the switching frequency of the inverter.

RFI filters:

RFI filters are capacitive accessories for compliance with the requirements acc. to EN 61800-3 for conducted interference emission. RFI filters can be directly connected upstream of the power supply modules. RFI filters are also called EMC filters.

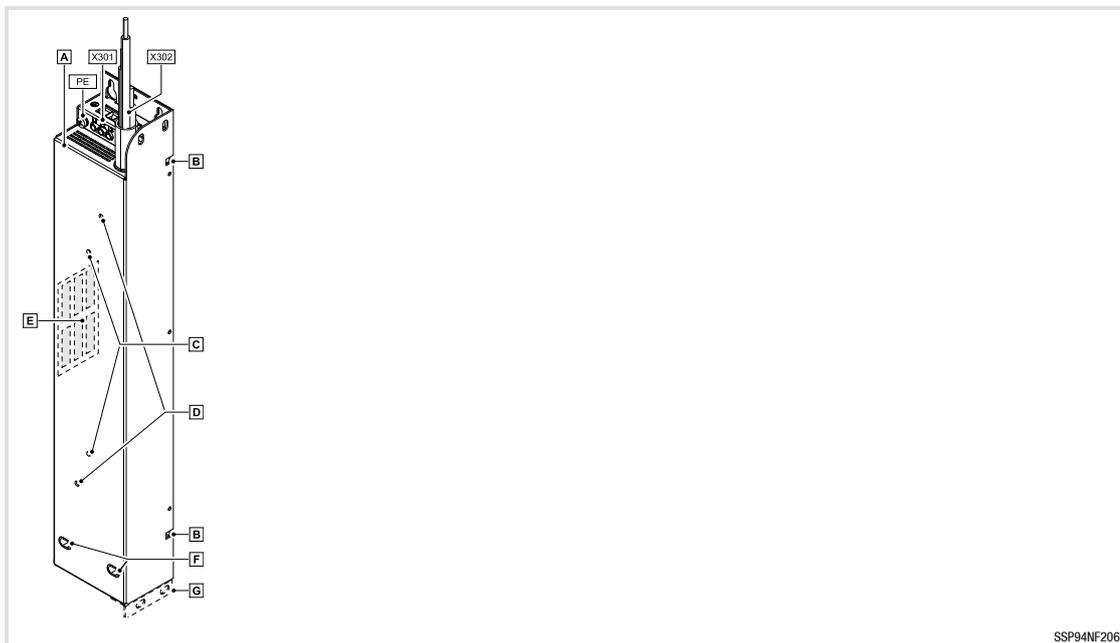
Mains filters:

Mains filters reduce the conducted interference emission into the mains for compliance with the requirements acc. to EN 61800-3. Mains filters are a combination of mains choke and RFI filter in one housing.

A sinusoidal filter (LC filter) in the motor cable limits the rate of rise of voltage ( $du/dt < 500 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ ) and the capacitive charge/discharge currents which occur during inverter operation. This enables considerably larger shielded motor cables and the service life of the motor is increased.

Accessories	Single Drive			Multi Drive	Power supply modules		VR modules	Page
	Device size GG			GG	GG		GG	
	1 ... 3	6 ... 7	8S ... 10	1 ... 3	1 & 3	4 & 5	1 & 3	
<b>Field</b>								
<b>Designation</b>								
<b>Filters</b>								
Mains filters								from 529
E94AZMSxxxx	+	+	---	---	---	---	---	
E94AZMPxxxx	---	---	---	---	+	+	---	
E94AZMRxxxxSDB	---	---	---	---	---	---	+	
E94AZMRxxxxLDB	---	---	---	---	---	---	+	
RFI filters								from 553
E94AZRSxxxx	+	+	---	---	---	---	---	
E94AZRPxxxx	---	---	---	---	+	+	---	
Sinusoidal filters								from 575
EZS3-xxxA200	+	+	-	-	---	---	---	

## 8.10.1 Mains filters for single-axis controllers



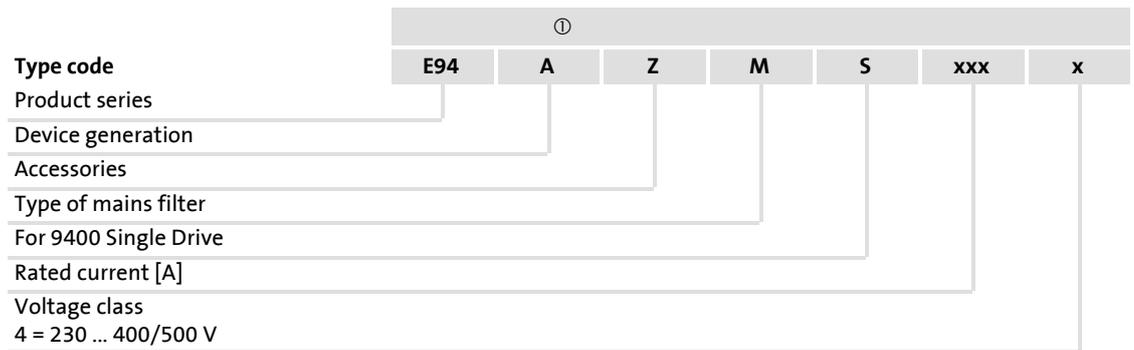
## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
PE	PE connection (for M5 ring or fork-type cable lug)
X301	Mains terminal L1 ... L3
X302	Connection cable to controller, 4-core
B	Mounting aid for mounting base
C	Guide pins for mounting base
D	Mounting thread for mounting base
E	Nameplate
F	Fastening at the bottom
G	Angle bracket for "side-by-side" mounting variant, device sizes 2 and 3

## Identification

<b>Lenze</b>	
①	
Type:	

SSP94NF002



## Assignment of filters to standard devices

Mains filter type	Single-axis controller type	Device size
E94AZMS0034	E94ASxE002x	1
	E94ASxE003x	
E94AZMS0094	E94ASxE004x	2
	E94ASxE007x	
E94AZMS0184	E94ASxE013x	3
	E94ASxE017x	
E94AZMS0314	E94ASxE024x	

## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
UR	UL508	Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada	
Mains data			
Mains types			
With grounded neutral (TT/TN systems)		Operation permitted without restrictions	
Other mains types		Observe instructions for special measures in the documentation for the basic device!	
Protection of persons and equipment			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP20	Not in the wire range of the terminals
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Earth leakage current	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Insulation resistance	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	< 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category III	
		> 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category II	
Environmental conditions			
Climate			
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)	
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)	
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C)	
		Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C	
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m	
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2	
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)			
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2	
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm	
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
		200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm	
		13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g	
	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm	
		57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g	

Mounting conditions		
Mounting place		In the control cabinet
Mounting position		Vertical
Free spaces		☐ 533
Dimensions		
Weights		

### Rated data

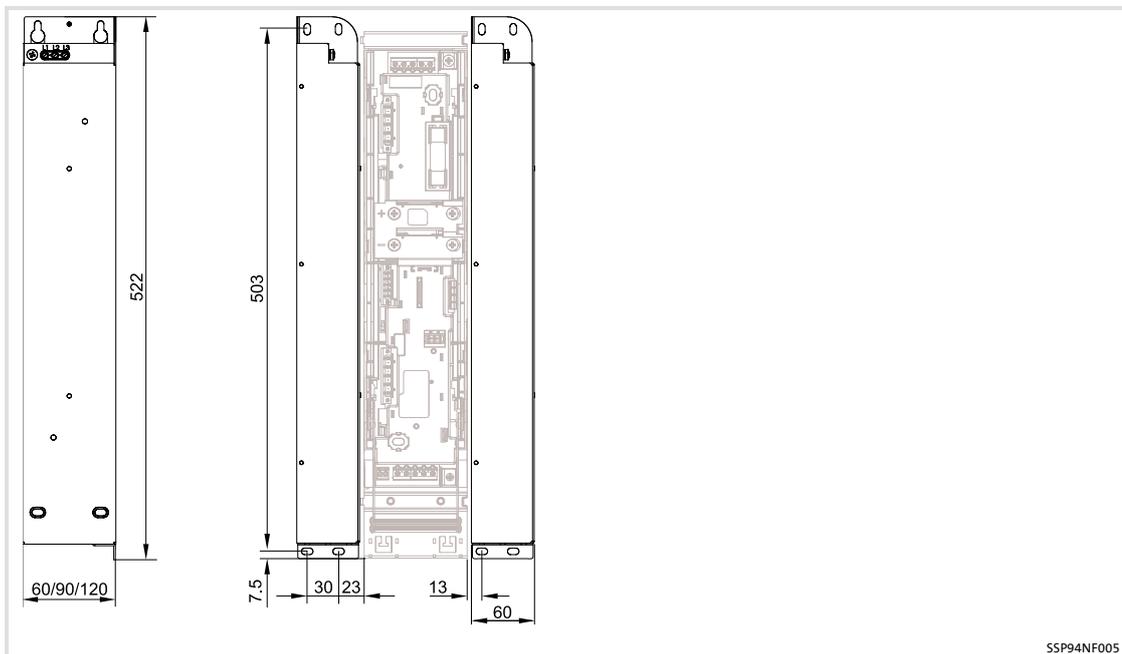
Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range f [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

	Voltage [V]	Freq. [Hz]	Current [A] ① max. +45° C	Current [A] ① max. +55° C	Number of phases
E94AZMS0034	230/400/500	50/60	3.2/3.2/3.2	2.0/2.0/2.0	3
E94AZMS0094	230/400/500	50/60	9.0/9.0/9.0	5.6/5.6/5.6	3
E94AZMS0184	230/400/500	50/60	18/18/18	11/11/11	3
E94AZMS0314	230/400/500	50/60	31/31/31	19/19/19	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

	Power loss $P_{loss}$ [W]	Inductance L [mH]	Voltage drop $\Delta U$ [V]
E94AZMS0034	15	10	10
E94AZMS0094	23	3.5	10
E94AZMS0184	38	1.1	7.4
E94AZMS0314	48	0.75	7.3

Dimensions



SSP94NF005

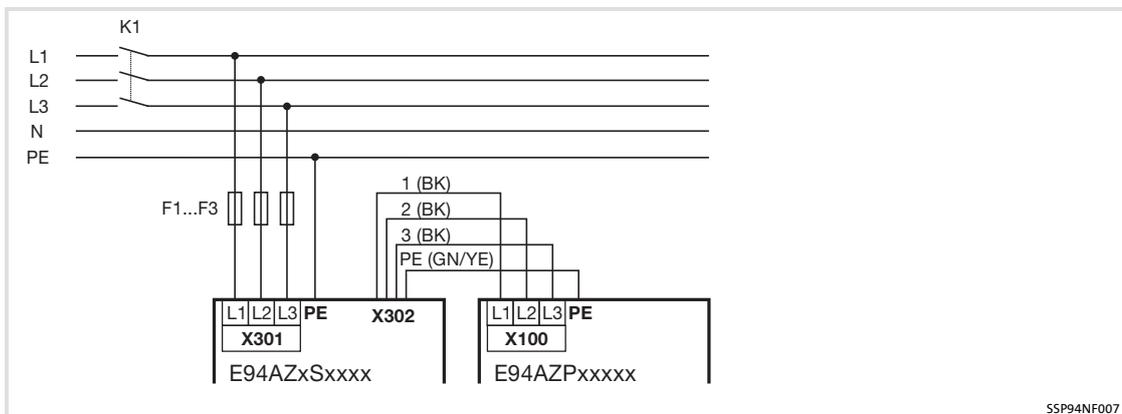
All dimensions in millimetres.

	Mass [kg]
E94AZMS0034	3.2
E94AZMS0094	5.2
E94AZMS0184	8.4
E94AZMS0314	8.8

Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

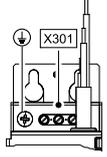
Connection plan



SSP94NF007

## Terminal data

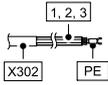
## Mains

Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
 SSP94FF008	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊖	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

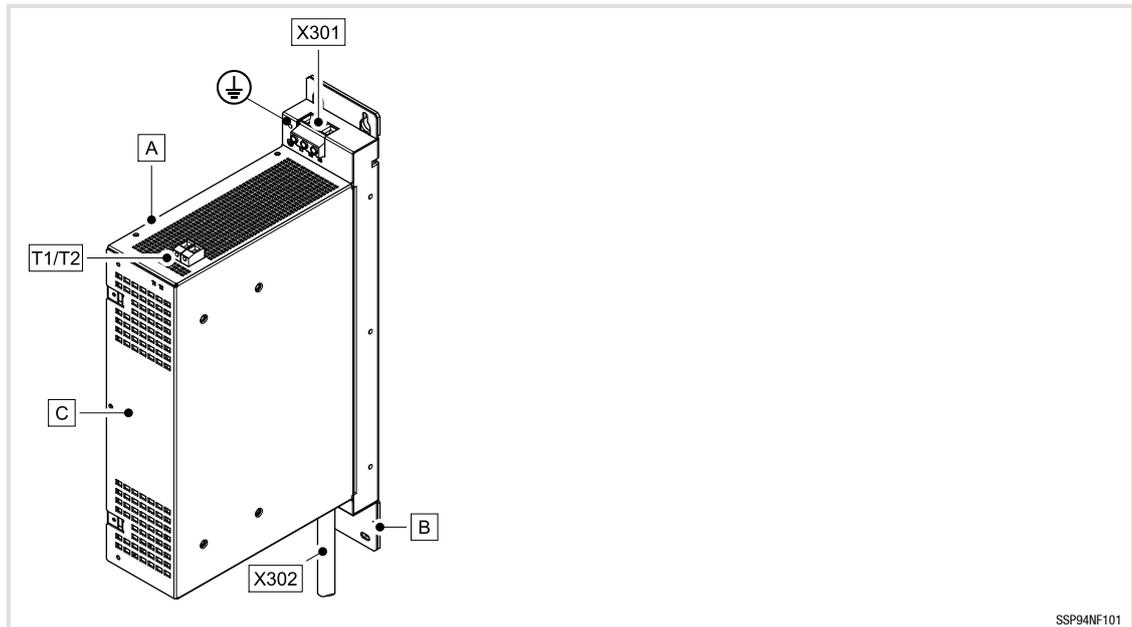
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMS0034	2.5	14	0.5 ... 0.6	4.4 ... 5.3	PH1
E94AZMS0094	4	12			
E94AZMS0184	10	8	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	
E94AZMS0314					

PE connection data				
	∅ [mm]	Starting torque		
		[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMS0034	M5	3.0	26.5	SW 8
E94AZMS0094				
E94AZMS0184				
E94AZMS0314				

## Standard device

Cable X302	Labelling	Description
 SSP94FF007	1 2 3	Filter output conductor (lead with wire end ferrule, colour BK)
	PE	Output-side PE conductor (lead with M5 fork-type cable lug, colour GN/YE)

## 8.10.2 Mains filters for power supply modules



Pos.	Description
A	Mains filter E94AZMPxxxx
	Mounting Instructions

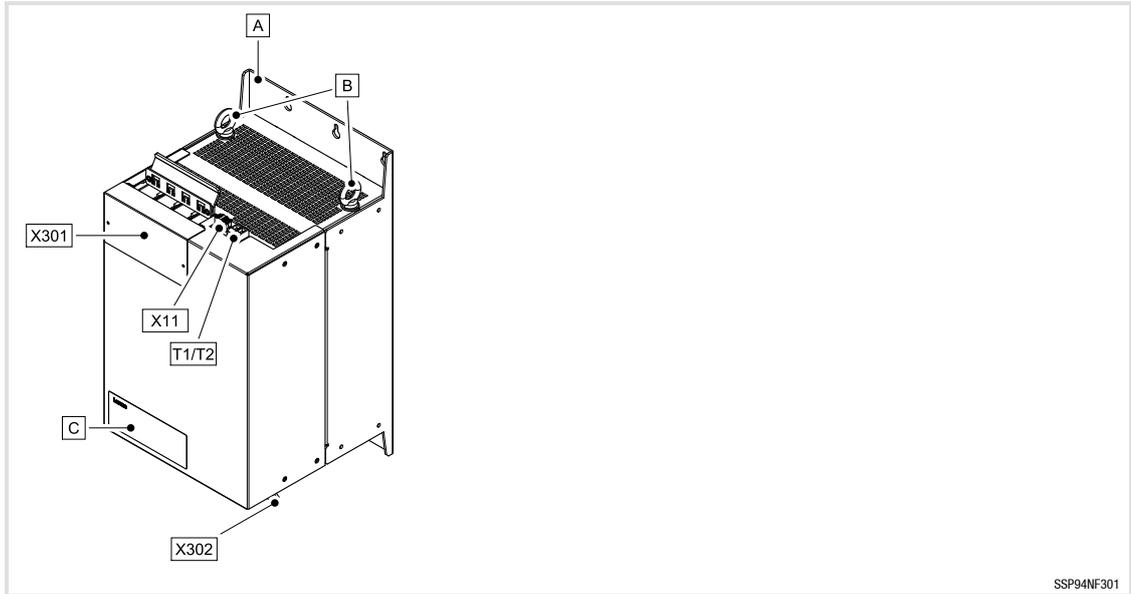
## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
⊕	Connection of PE conductor
X301	Mains terminal L1 ... L3
X302	Connection cable to DC power supply module, four-core
T1/T2	Thermal contact terminal T1, T2
B	Mounting aid for installation backplane
C	Nameplate

# Accessories (overview)

## Filters

### Mains filters for power supply modules



SSP94NF301

Pos.	Description
A	Mains filter E94AZMPxxxx
	Mounting Instructions

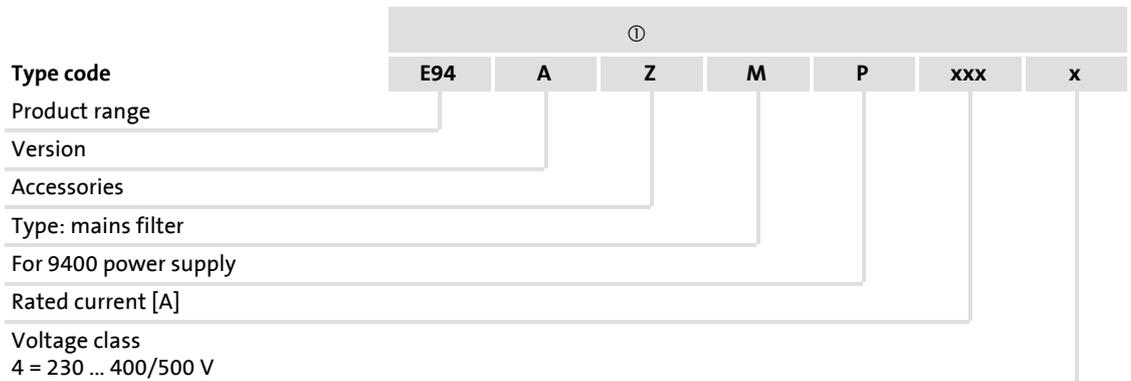
### Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
X301	Mains connection for L1 ... L3 and PE
X302	Connection cables to DC power supply module L1' ... L3' and PE
X11	Voltage supply for internal fan (24 V DC)
T1/T2	Thermal contact terminals T1, T2
B	Ring bolts
C	Nameplate

### Identification



SSP94NF002



## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
UR	UL508	Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada	
Mains data			
Mains types			
With grounded neutral (TT/TN systems)		Operation permitted without restrictions	
Other mains types		Observe instructions for special measures in the documentation for the basic device!	
Protection of persons and equipment			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP20	Not in the wire range of the terminals
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Earth leakage current	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Insulation resistance	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	< 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category III	
		> 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category II	
Environmental conditions			
Climate			
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)	
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)	
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C)	
		Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C	
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m	
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2	
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)			
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2	
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm	
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g	
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g

<b>Mounting conditions</b>		
Mounting place		In the control cabinet
Mounting position		Vertically
Free space		The required free space results from the mounting position and the specifications of the standard device.

## Rated data

Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

	Voltage [V]	Freq. [Hz]	Current [A] ① max. +45° C	Current [A] ① max. +55° C	Number of phases
E94AZMP0084	230/400/500	50/60	8/8/8	6/6/6	3
E94AZMP0294	230/400/500	50/60	29/29/29	21.8/21.8/21.8	3
E94AZMP0824	230/400/500	50/60	82/82/82	61/61/61	3
E94AZMP2004	230/400/500	50/60	200/200/200	150/150/150	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

	Power loss $P_{loss}$ [W]	Inductance $L$ [mH]	Voltage drop $\Delta U$ [V]
E94AZMP0084	50	3.9	9.8
E94AZMP0294	110	0.7	6.4
E94AZMP0824	200	0.25	6.4
E94AZMP2004	350	0.10	6.3

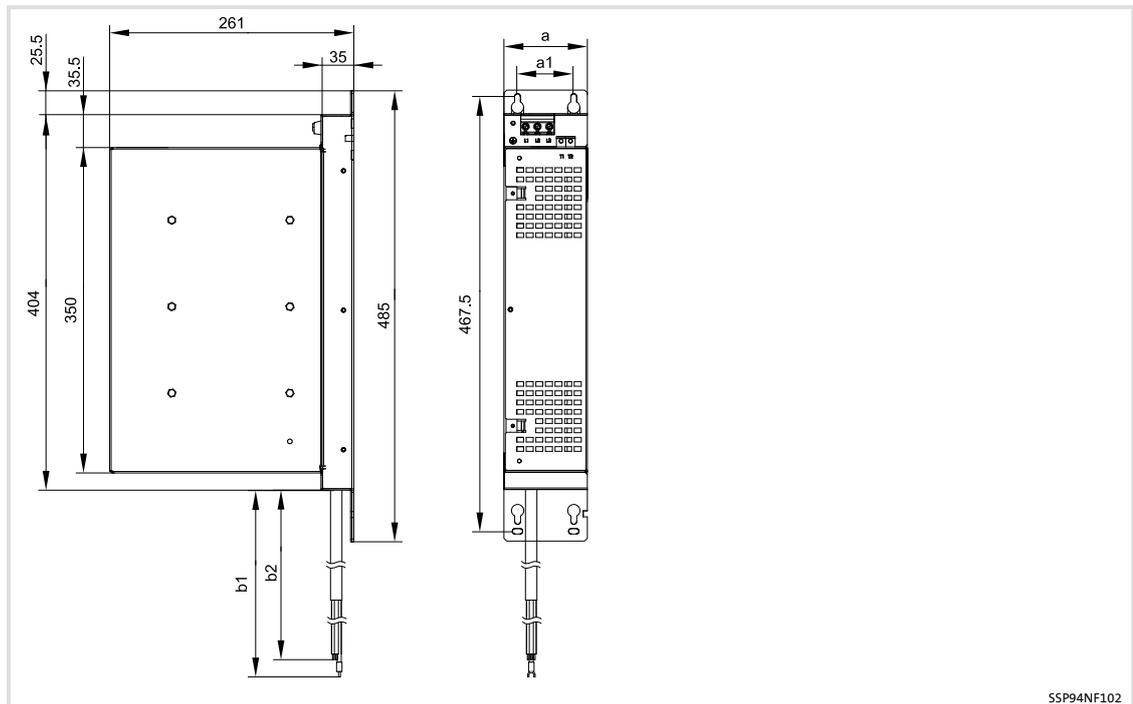
## Thermal contact

	Design	max. switching voltage $U_{Th}$ [V AC]	max. switching current $I_{Th}$ [A]
E94AZMP0084	NC contact, 150 °C	250	2.5
E94AZMP0294			
E94AZMP0824	NC contact, 150 °C	250	2.5
E94AZMP2004			

## Fan

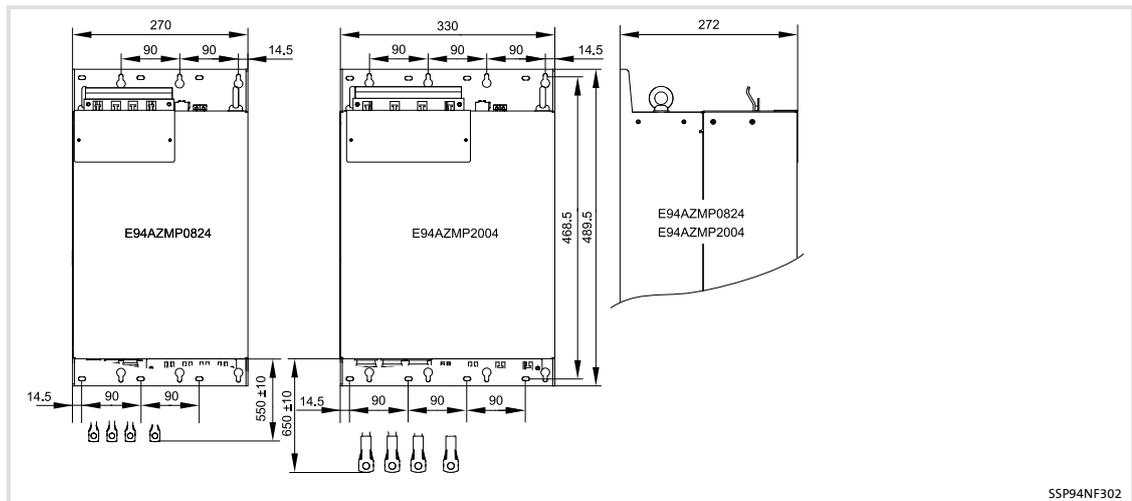
	Voltage [V DC]	Current [A]
E94AZMP0824	24	0.3
E94AZMP2004		

## Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

	a	a1	b1	b2	Mass
			[mm]		[kg]
E94AZMP0084	90	60	360 ±5	350 ±5	8.6
E94AZMP0294	120	90	430 ±5	420 ±5	16.0



SSP94NF302

All dimensions in millimetres.

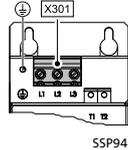
	Mass [kg]
E94AZMP0824	29.0
E94AZMP2004	51.5

### Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

## Terminal data

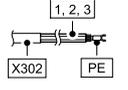
## Mains

Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
 SSP94NF106	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

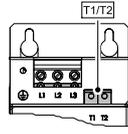
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxP0084	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1
E94AZxP0294					

PE connection data					
	∅ [mm]	Starting torque			
		[Nm]	[lb-in]		
E94AZxP0084	M5	3	26.5	SW 8	
E94AZxP0294					

## Standard device

Cable X302	Labelling	Description
 SSP94FF007	1 2 3	Filter output conductor (lead with wire end ferrule, colour BK)
	PE	Output-side PE conductor (lead with M5 fork-type cable lug, colour GN/YE)

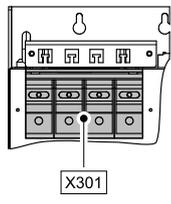
## Thermal contact

Terminal T1/T2	Labelling	Description
 SSP94NF108	T1 T2	Thermal contact connection

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMP0084	4	10	0.6 ... 0.8	5.3 ... 7.1	PZ1
E94AZMP0294					

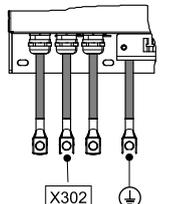
## Terminal data

### Mains

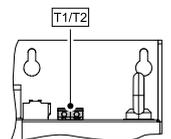
Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
	L1	Connection of mains phases L1, L2, L3 and PE conductor
	L2	
L3		
PE		

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxP0824 Connection with M8 ring cable lug	70 (2 x 70)	2/0	12	106	SW13
E94AZxP2004 Connection with M10 ring cable lug	150 (2 x 120)	250 mcm	20	177	SW15

### Power supply module

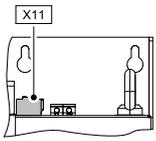
Cable X302	Labelling	Description
	L1' L2' L3'	Filter output conductor (lead with ring cable lug, colour BK)
		Output PE conductor (lead with ring cable lug, colour GN/YE)

### Thermal contact

Terminal T1/T2	Labelling	Description
	T1 T2	Connection of thermal contact

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxP0824	4.0	10	0.6 ... 0.8	5.3 ... 7.1	PZ1
E94AZxP2004					

Fan

Terminal X11	Labelling	Description
 SSP94NF309	GE	GND External supply
	24E	24 V External supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV)

Terminal data	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
E94AZMP0824	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	-	-
E94AZMP2004				

Connection plan

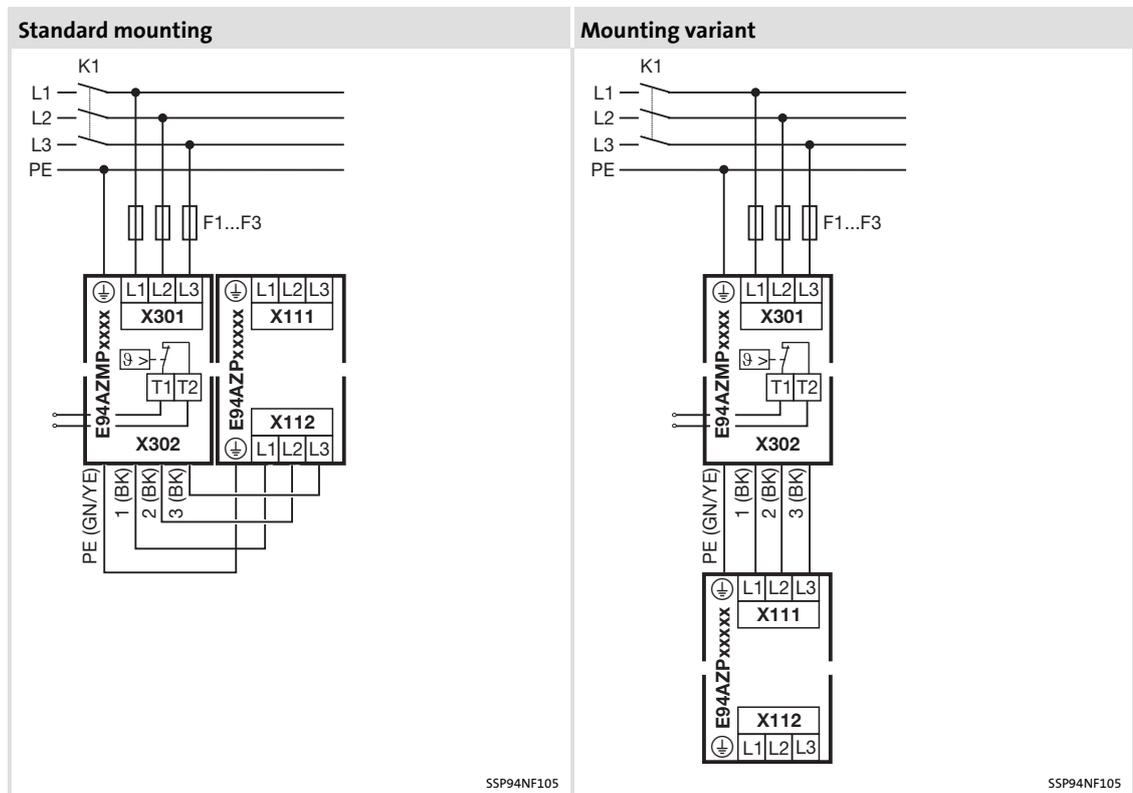


Fig. 8-4 Connection concept

- E94AZMPxxxx Mains filter
- E94AZPxxxx Installation backplane for 9400 DC power supply module
- F1 ... F3 Fuses
- K1 Mains contactor

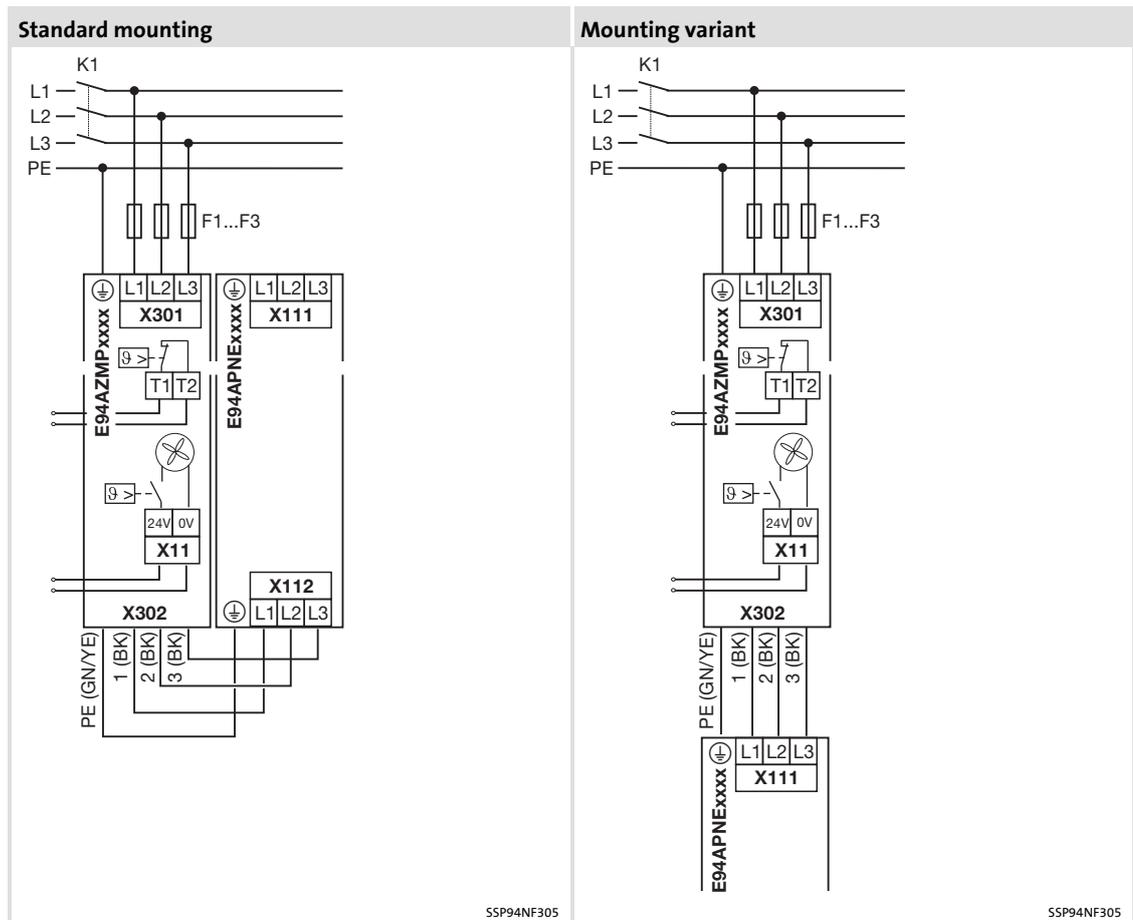
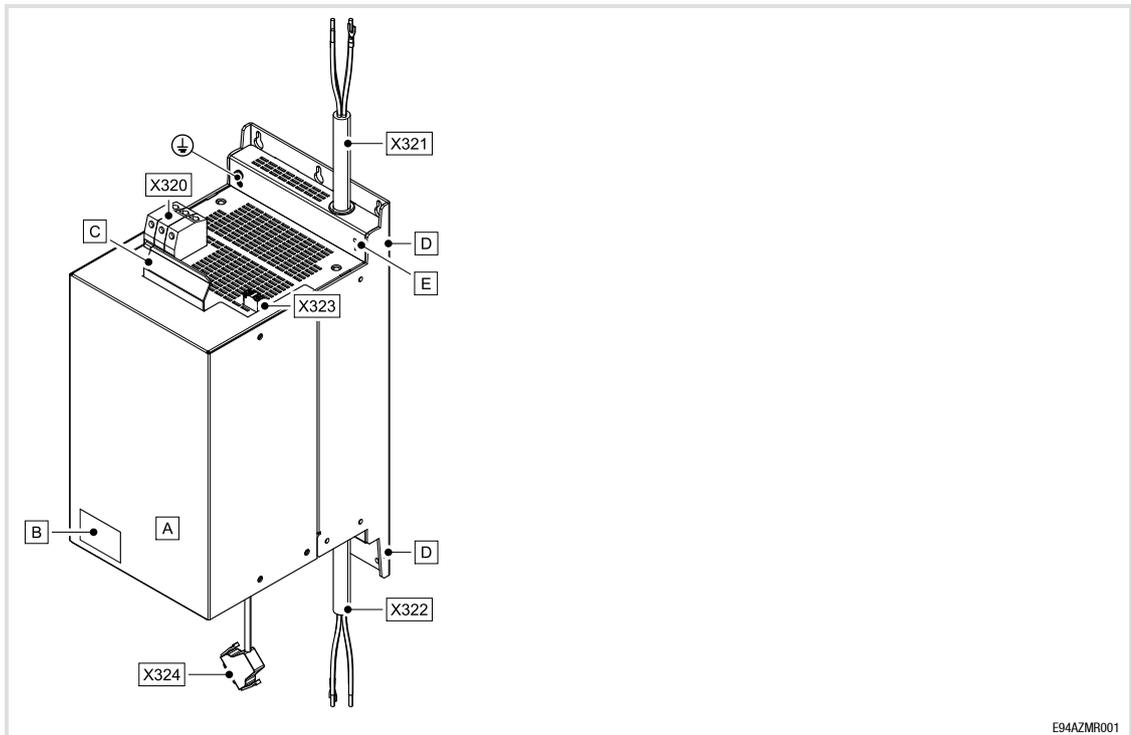


Fig. 8-5 Connection concept

- E94AZMPxxxx Mains filter
- E94APNExxxx 9400 DC power supply module
- F1 ... F3 Fuses
- K1 Mains contactor

## 8.10.3 Mains filters for regenerative power supply modules



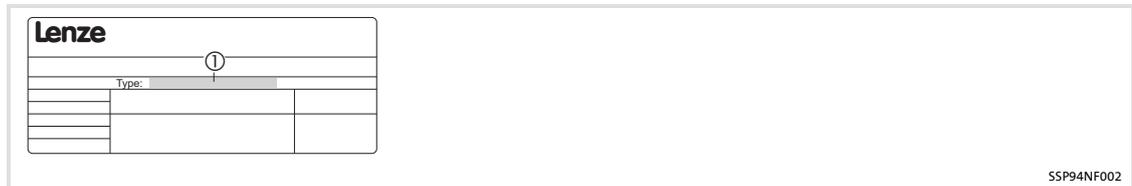
E94AZMR001

Pos.	Description
A	Mains filter
	Mounting Instructions

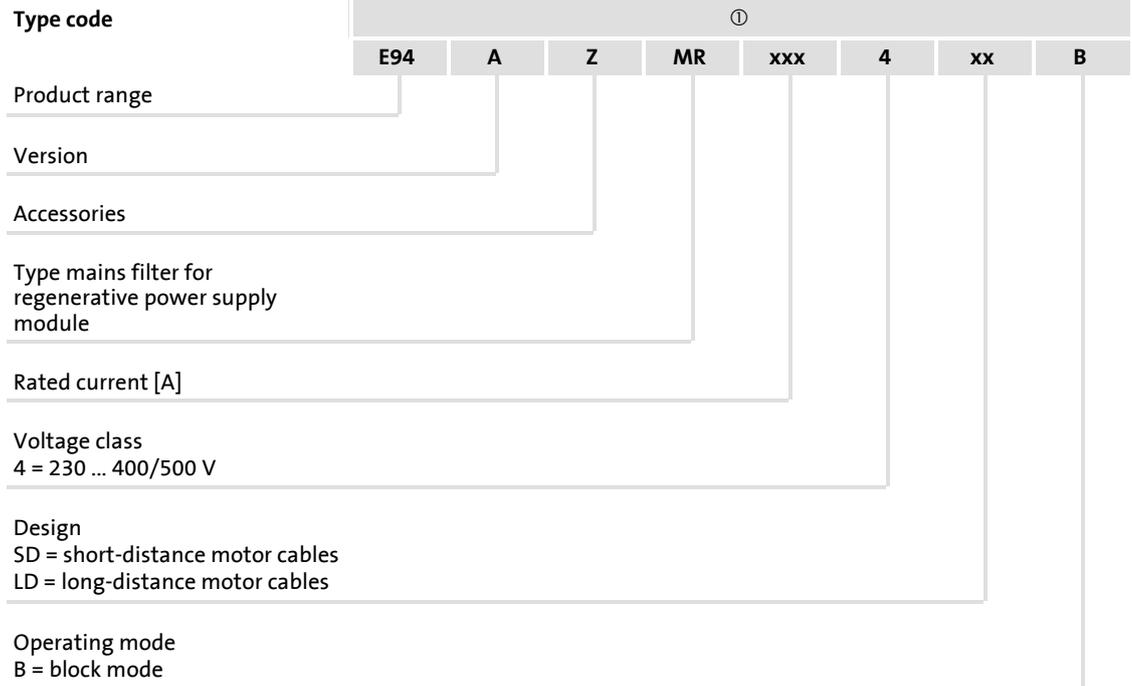
## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
B	Nameplate
C	Lifting aid
D	Mounting aid for mounting base
E	Parking position of the IT screw
⊕	PE terminal
X320	Terminal L1 ... L3
X321	Connecting cable L1.1 ... L3.1
X322	Connecting cable L1.2 ... L3.2
X323	Terminal for 24-V supply voltage (use safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV), in accordance with IEC 61131-2)
X324	Mains filter control signal

## Identification



SSP94NF002



## General data

Mains data			
Mains types			
With grounded neutral (TT/TN systems)	Operation permitted without restrictions		
IT systems	Request specific measures from Lenze		
Protection of persons and equipment			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP20	Not in the wire range of the terminals
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Earth leakage current	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Insulation resistance	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	< 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category III	
		> 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category II	
Environmental conditions			
Climate			
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)	
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)	
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C)	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
		Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C	
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m	
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2	
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)			
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2	
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm	
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g	
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g
	Mounting conditions		
Mounting place		In the control cabinet	
Mounting position		Vertically	
Free space		The required free space results from the mounting position and the specifications of the standard device.	

## Rated data

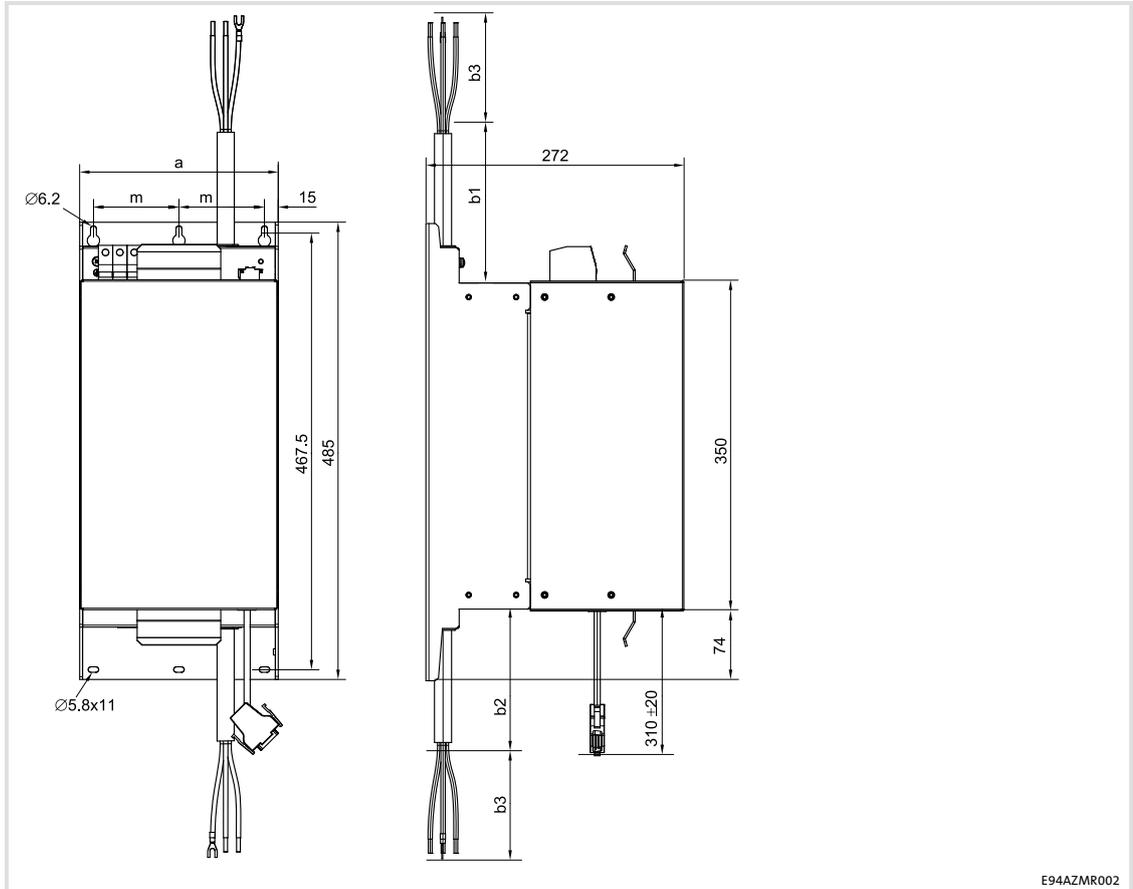
Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

	Voltage [V]	Freq. [Hz]	Current [A] ① max. +45° C	Current [A] ① max. +55° C	Number of phases
E94AZMR0264xD B	230/400/500	50/60	26/26/26	19/19/19	3
E94AZMR0474xD B	230/400/500	50/60	47/47/47	35/35/35	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

	Power loss $P_V$ [W]	Inductance $L$ [mH]	Regenerative inductance $L_{gen}$ [mH]	Voltage drop $\Delta U$ [V]
E94AZMR0264SDB	65	0.77 ±10 %	0.84 ±10 %	6.3
E94AZMR0264LDB	72			
E94AZMR0474SDB	85	0.42 ±10 %	1.54 ±10 %	6.2
E94AZMR0474LDB	101			

## Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

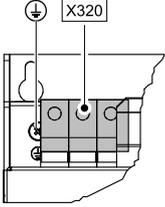
	a	m	b1	b2	b3	 [kg]
	[mm]					
E94AZRM0264SDB	149	60	240 ± 5	260 ± 5	100 ± 5	25
E94AZRM0264LDB						26
E94AZRM0474SDB	209	90	250 ± 5	270 ± 5	110 ± 5	36
E94AZRM0474LDB						37

## Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

## Terminal data

### Mains

Terminal X320	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94NF406</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the L1, L2, L3 mains phases
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMR0264xDB	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	1.0 x 4.0
E94AZMR0474xDB	25	2	2.5	22.1	1.0 x 6.5

	Ø [mm]	Starting torque		
		[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZMR0264xDB	M5	3	26.5	PH2
E94AZMR0474xDB				

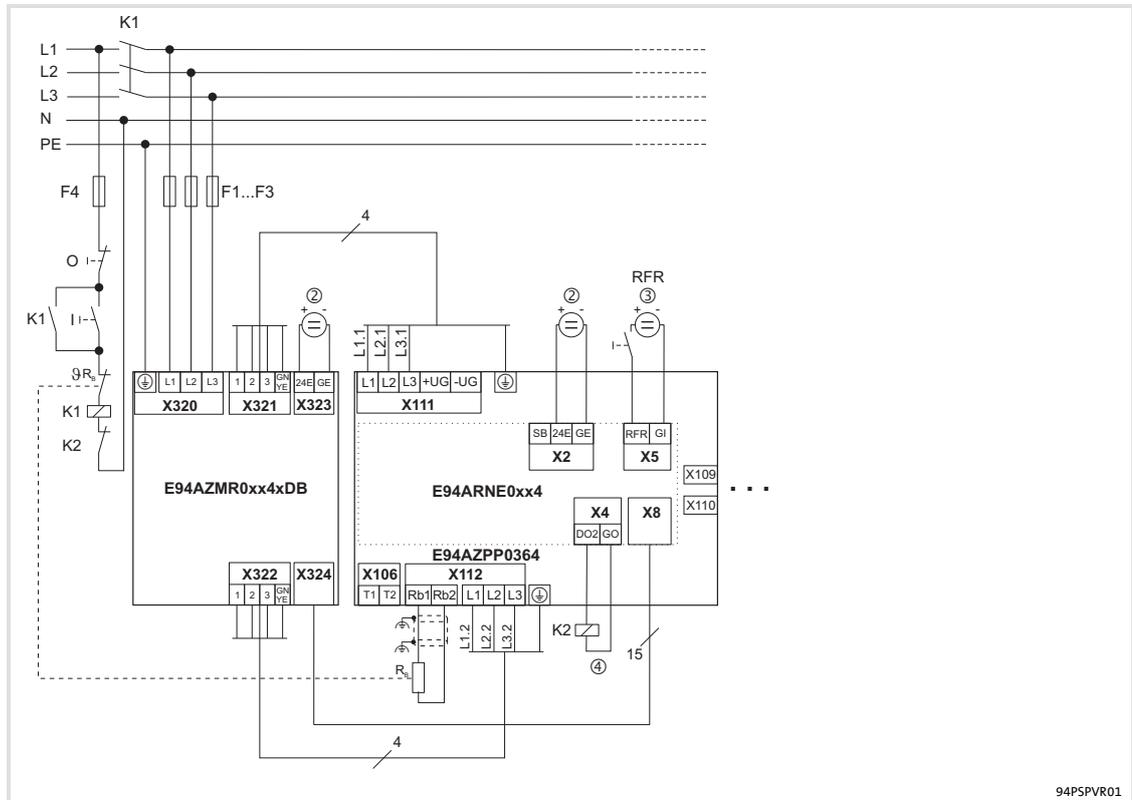
### 24 V supply

Terminal X323	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP9400X11</p>	GE	GND external supply
	24E	24 V external supply through safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) IEC 61131-2, 22.8 ... 28.8 V, residual ripple max. ±5 % Current during operation: 450 mA Starting current: max. 4 A for 100 ms

	Conductor cross-section		Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]
Flexible	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	Spring terminal	
With wire end ferrule				

Stripping length / contact length: 10 mm

## Connection plan



E94ARNE0xx4

Regenerative power supply module

E94AZPP0364

Installation backplane for the regenerative power supply module

E94AZMR0...

Mains filter

F1 ... F4

Fuses

RFR

Controller enable (only for regenerative feedback)

K1

Mains contactor

RB

Brake resistor (Ⓜ Mounting instructions brake resistor)

②

24 V voltage source for the control electronics

③

(safely separated power supply unit (SELV/PELV) according to IEC 61131-2)

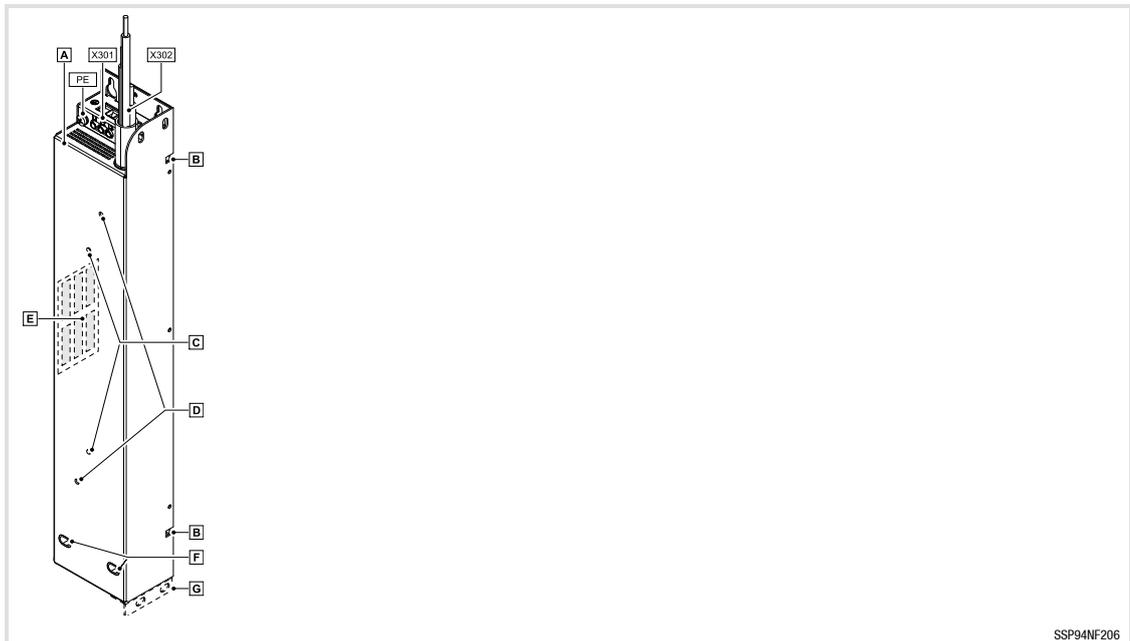
④

24 V voltage source for the digital inputs according to IEC 61131-2

From FW 02.00: Overtemperature disconnection

DO2 load: max. 50 mA

### 8.10.4 RFI filters for single-axis controllers

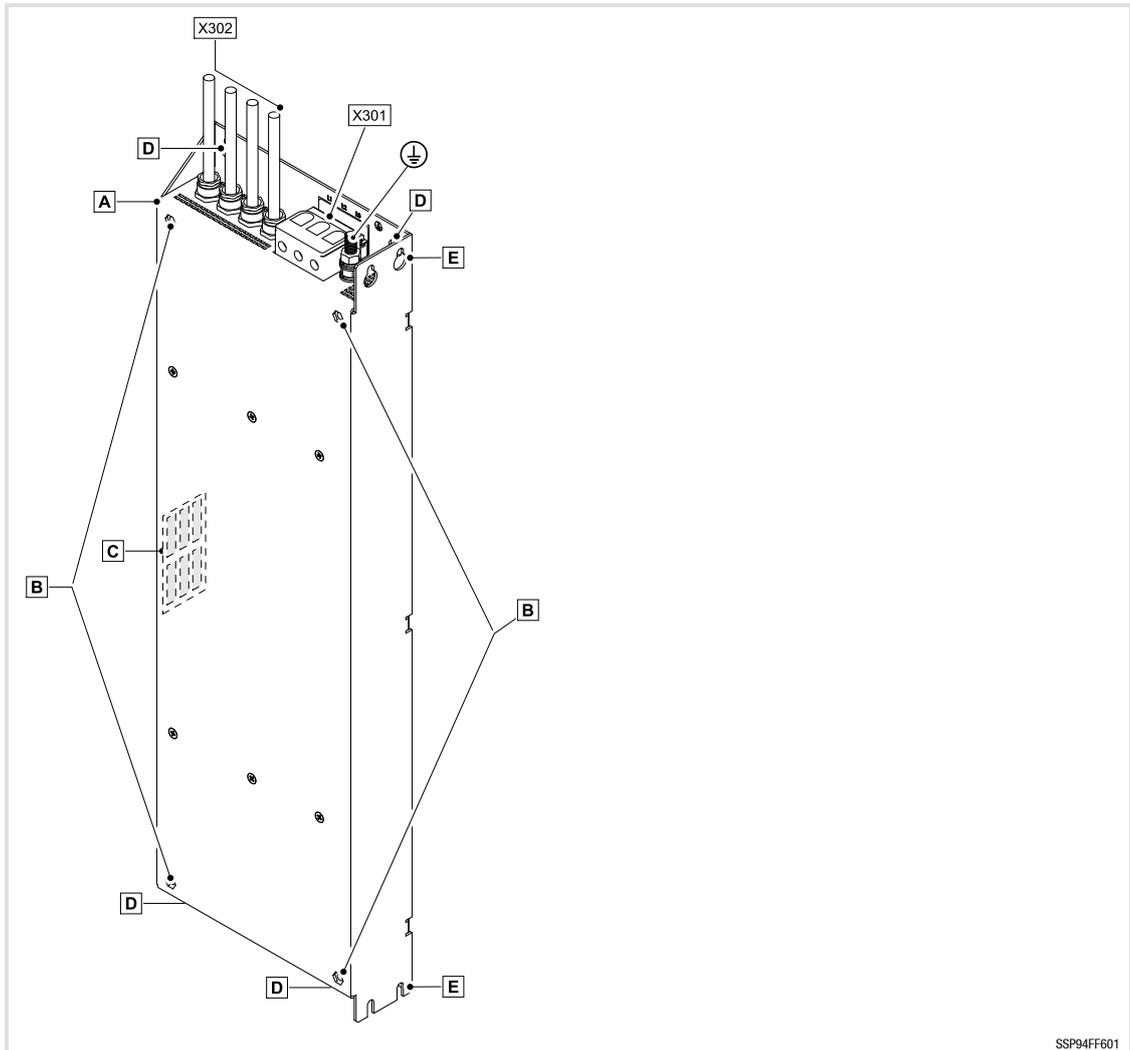


SSP94NF206

Pos.	Description
A	RFI filter E94AZRSxxxx
	Mounting Instructions

#### Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
PE	PE connection (for M5 ring or fork-type cable lug)
X301	Mains terminal L1 ... L3
X302	Connection cable to controller, 4-core
B	Mounting aid for mounting base
C	Guide pins for mounting base
D	Mounting thread for mounting base
E	Nameplate
F	Fastening at the bottom
G	Angle bracket for "side-by-side" mounting variant, device sizes 2 and 3

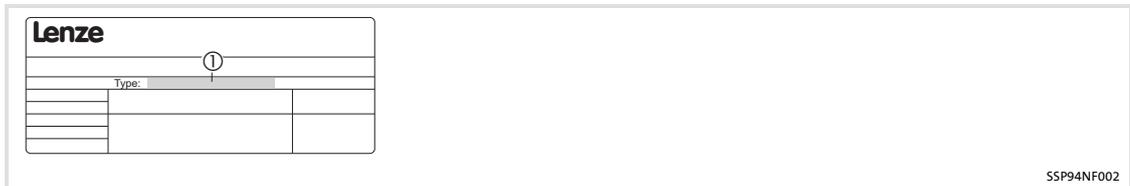


Pos.	Description
A	RFI filter E94AZRSxxxx
	Mounting Instructions

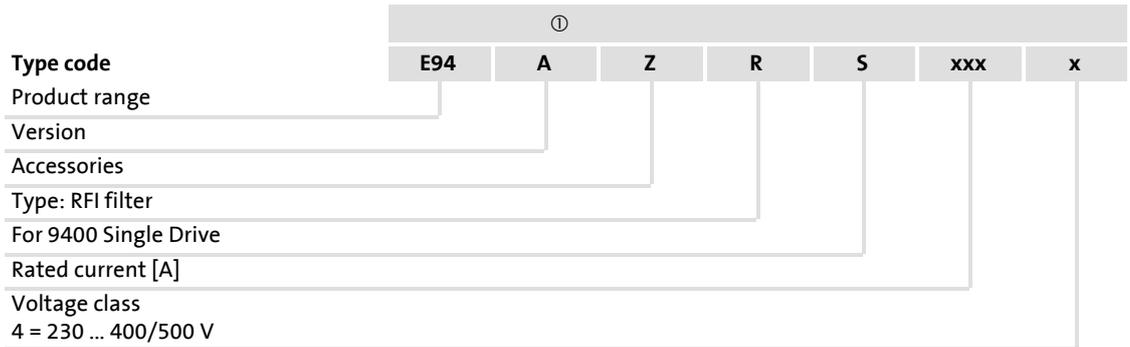
### Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
⊕	PE connection (for ring or fork-type cable lug M8)
X301	Mains terminal L1 ... L3
X302	Connection cable to controller, four-core
B	Fastening thread for standard device
C	Nameplate
D	Fixings for standard mounting (footprint mounting)
E	Fixings for mounting variant (side-by-side mounting)

### Identification



SSP94NF002



## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
UR	UL508	Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada	
Mains data			
Mains types			
With grounded neutral (TT/TN systems)		Operation permitted without restrictions	
Other mains types		Observe instructions for special measures in the documentation for the basic device!	
Protection of persons and equipment			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP20	Not in the wire range of the terminals
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Earth leakage current	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Insulation resistance	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	< 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category III	
		> 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category II	
Environmental conditions			
Climate			
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)	
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)	
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C)	
		Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C	
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m	
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2	
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)			
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2	
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm	
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g	
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g

Mounting conditions		
Mounting place		In the control cabinet
Mounting position		Vertically
Free space		The required free space results from the mounting position and the specifications of the standard device.
Mounting position		
Standard		Footprint mounting; standard device is screwed on the filter
Variant		Side-by-side mounting; filter is directly screwed to the left of the standard device (☐Mechanical installation)

## Rated data

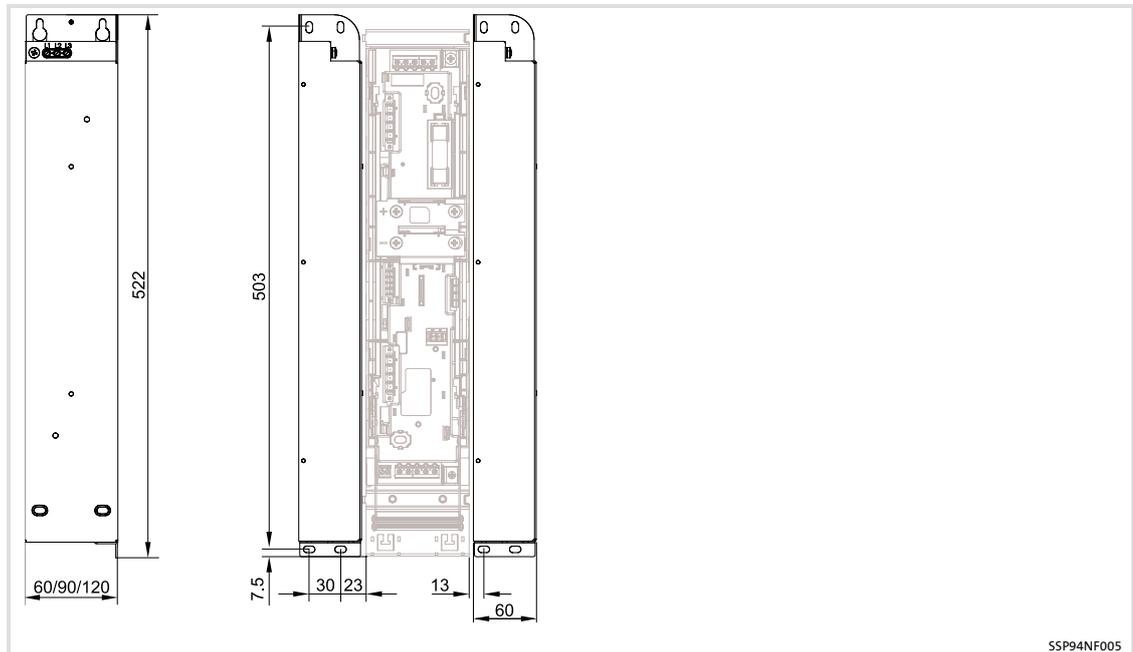
Mains	Voltage $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{Lrated}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Rated current [A]		Number of phases
			up to +45 °C ①	up to +55 °C ①	
E94AZRS0044	230/400/500	50/60	3.5/3.5/3.5	2.2/2.2/2.2	3
E94AZRS0104	230/400/500	50/60	10/10/10	6.2/6.2/6.2	3
E94AZRS0294	230/400/500	50/60	29/29/29	18/18/18	3
E94AZRS0544	230/400/500	50/60	54.0/54.0/54.0	40.5/40.5/40.5	3
E94AZRS0954	230/400/500	50/60	95.0/95.0/95.0	71.0/71.0/71.0	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

	Power loss $P_{loss}$ [W]	Inductance $L$ [mH]	Voltage drop $\Delta U$ [V]
E94AZRS0044	4	-	-
E94AZRS0104	8	-	-
E94AZRS0294	22	-	-
E94AZRS0544	50	-	-
E94AZRS0954	70	-	-

## Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

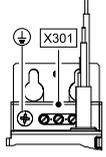
	Mass [kg]
E94AZRS0044	1.8
E94AZRS0104	2.3
E94AZRS0294	3.6

## Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

## Terminal data

## Mains

Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
 SSP94FF008	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

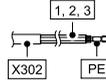
## Terminal data

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZRS0044	2.5	14	0.5 ... 0.6	4.4 ... 5.3	PH1
E94AZRS0104	4	12			
E94AZRS0294	10	8	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	

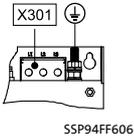
## PE connection data

	∅ [mm]	Starting torque		
		[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZRS0044	M5	3.0	26.5	SW 8
E94AZRS0104				
E94AZRS0294				

## Standard device

Cable X302	Labelling	Description
 SSP94FF007	1 2 3	Filter output conductor (lead with wire end ferrule, colour BK)
	PE	Output-side PE conductor (lead with M5 fork-type cable lug, colour GN/YE)

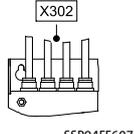
**Mains**

Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with ring cable lug M8

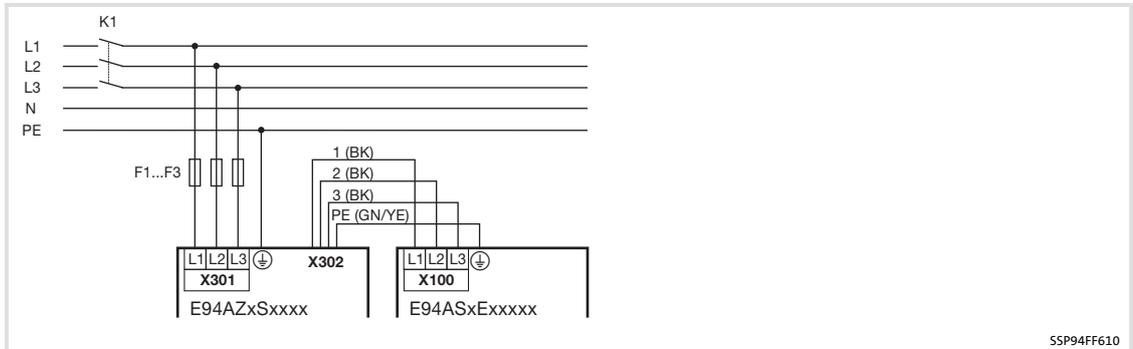
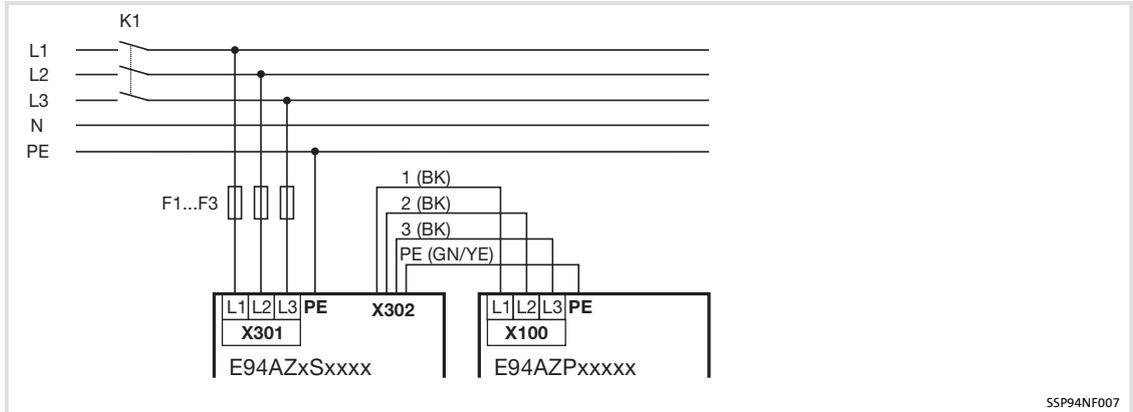
Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		 Hexagon socket 5
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxS0544	50	0	10	88.5	Hexagon socket 5
E94AZxS0954	95	000	14	124.0	

PE connection data				
	∅ [mm]	Starting torque		 SW 13
		[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxS0544	M8	12	106	SW 13
E94AZxS0954				

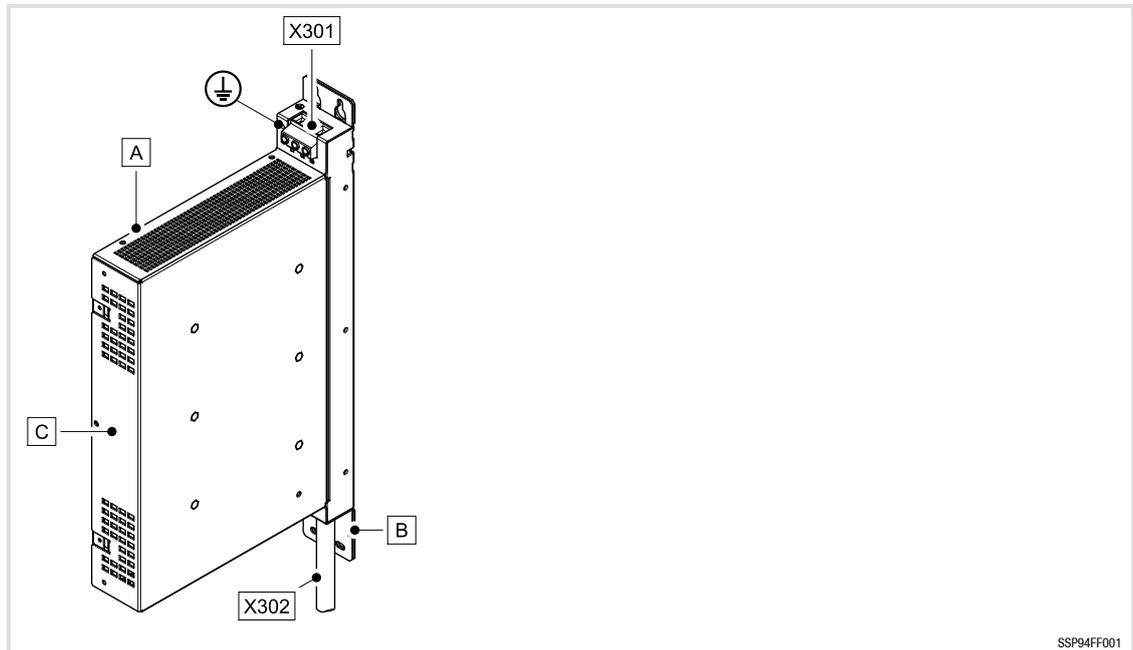
**Standard device**

Cable X302	Labelling	Description
	1 2 3	Filter output conductor (lead with wire end ferrules, colour BK)
	PE	Output-side PE conductor (lead with wire end ferrule, colour GN/YE)

Connection plan



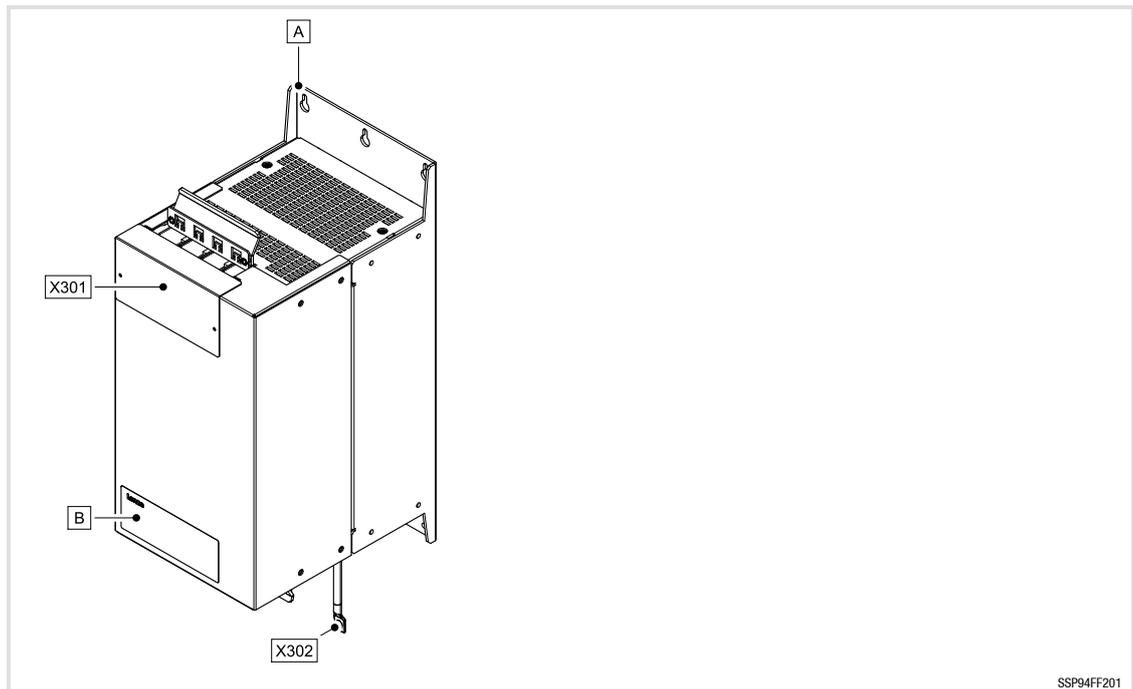
## 8.10.5 RFI filters for power supply modules



Pos.	Description
A	RFI filter E94AZRPxxxx
	Mounting Instructions

## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
⊕	Connection of PE conductor
X301	Mains terminal L1 ... L3
X302	Connection cable to DC power supply module, four-core
B	Mounting aid for installation backplane
C	Nameplate



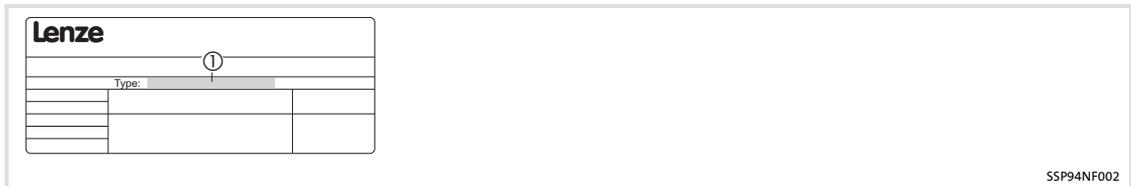
SSP94FF201

Pos.	Description
A	RFI filter E94AZRPxxxx
	Mounting Instructions

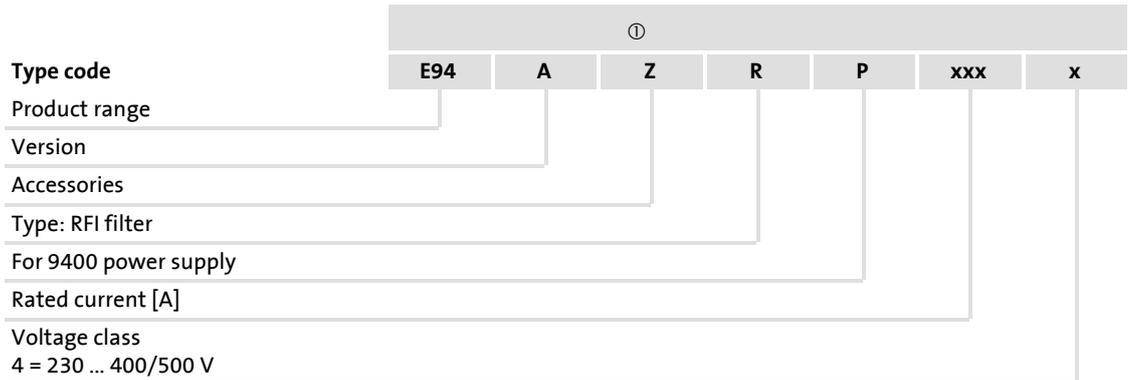
### Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
X301	Mains connection for L1 ... L3 and PE
X302	Connection cables to DC power supply module L1' ... L3' and PE
B	Nameplate

Identification



SSP94NF002



## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
UR	UL508	Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada	
Mains data			
Mains types			
With grounded neutral (TT/TN systems)		Operation permitted without restrictions	
Other mains types		Observe instructions for special measures in the documentation for the basic device!	
Protection of persons and equipment			
Enclosure	EN 60529	IP20	Not in the wire range of the terminals
	NEMA 250	Protection against contact to type 1	
Earth leakage current	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Insulation resistance	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	< 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category III	
		> 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category II	
Environmental conditions			
Climate			
Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)	
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)	
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C)	
		Current derating at +45 ... +55 °C: Device size 1 ... 7: 2.5 %/°C Device size 8S ... 10: 1 %/°C	
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: current derating of 5 %/1000 m	
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2	
Vibration resistance (9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 1 g)			
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2	
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: amplitude 3.5 mm	
		10 ... 200 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> 200 ... 500 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 15 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm 13.2 ... 100 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g	
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10 ... 57 Hz: amplitude 0.075 mm 57 ... 150 Hz: acceleration resistant up to 1 g

Mounting conditions		
Mounting place		In the control cabinet
Mounting position		Vertically
Free space		The required free space results from the mounting position and the specifications of the standard device.
Mounting position		
Standard		Footprint mounting; standard device is screwed on the filter
Variant		Side-by-side mounting; filter is directly screwed to the left of the standard device (☐Mechanical installation)

## Rated data

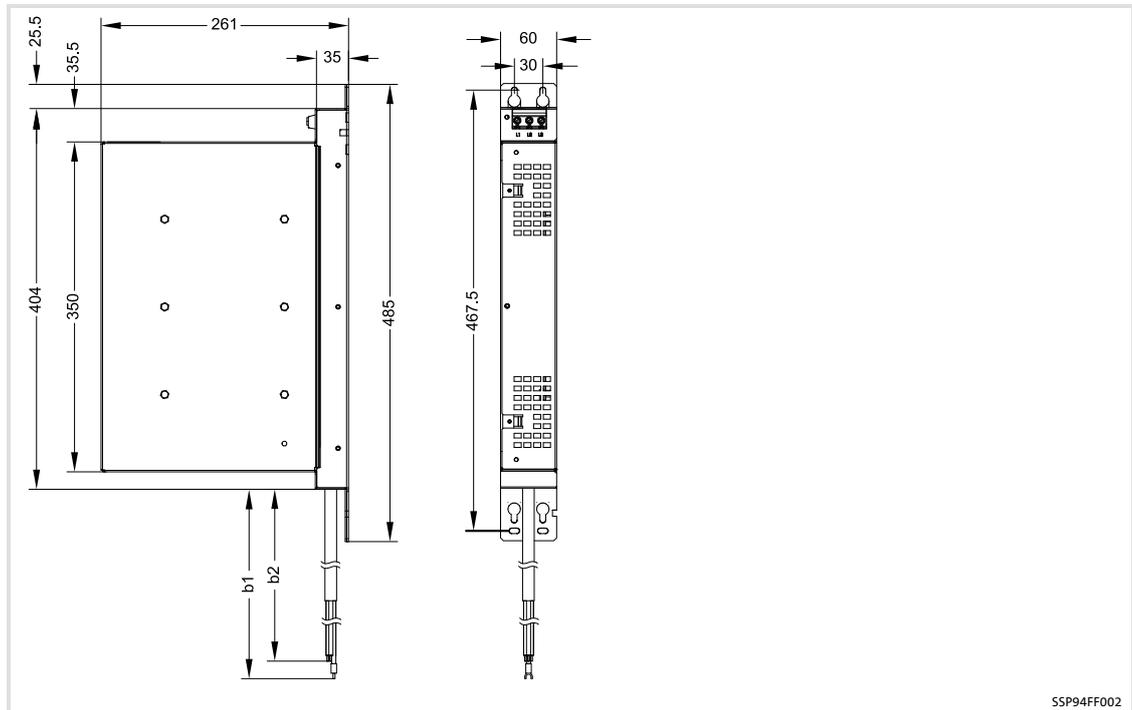
Mains	Voltage $U_{\text{Rated}}$ [V]	Voltage range $U_{\text{Rated}}$ [V]	Frequency range $f$ [Hz]
3/PE AC	230	180 - 0 % ... 264 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	400	320 - 0 % ... 440 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %
3/PE AC	500	400 - 0 % ... 550 + 0 %	45 - 0 % ... 65 + 0 %

	Voltage [V]	Freq. [Hz]	Current [A] ① max. +45° C	Current [A] ① max. +55° C	Number of phases
E94AZRP0084	230/400/500	50/60	8/8/8	6/6/6	3
E94AZRP0294	230/400/500	50/60	29/29/29	21.8/21.8/21.8	3
E94AZRP0824	230/400/500	50/60	82/82/82	61/61/61	3
E94AZRP2004	230/400/500	50/60	200/200/200	150/150/150	3

① Temperature in the control cabinet

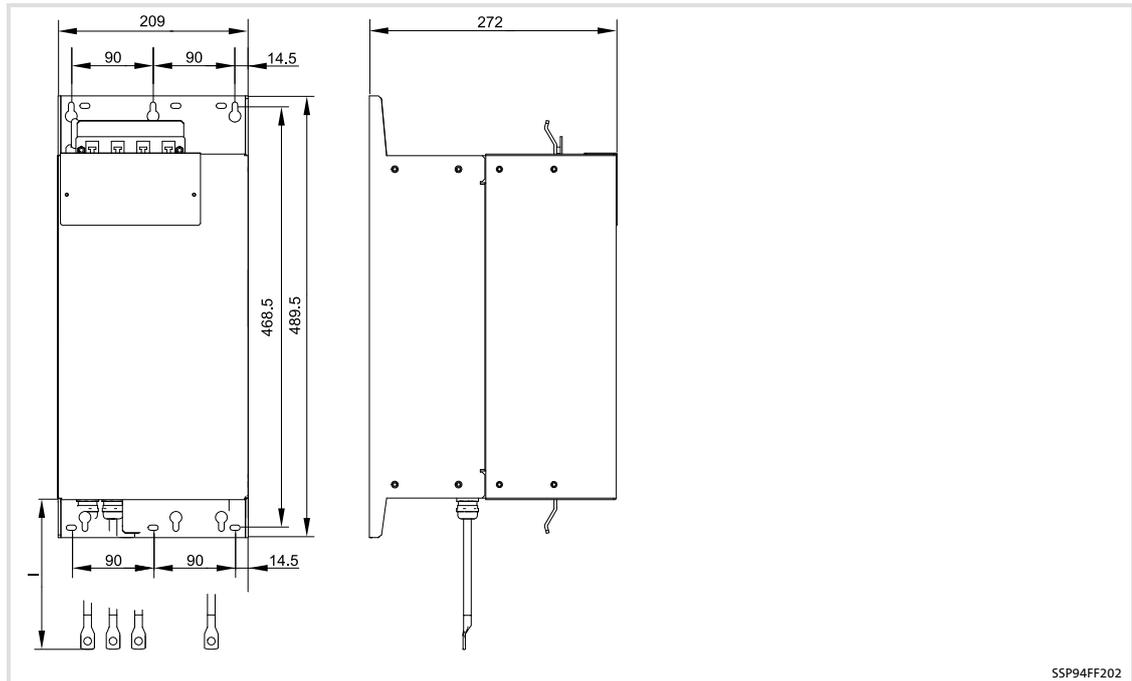
	Power loss $P_{\text{loss}}$ [W]	Inductance $L$ [mH]	Voltage drop $\Delta U$ [V]
E94AZRP0084	20	–	–
E94AZRP0294	50	–	–
E94AZRP0824	80	-	-
E94AZRP2004	150	-	-

Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

	b1	b2	Mass
	[mm]		[kg]
E94AZRP0084	360 ±5	350 ±5	4.2
E94AZRP0294	430 ±5	420 ±5	4.5



All dimensions in millimetres.

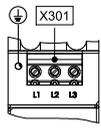
	Dimension I [mm]	Mass [kg]
E94AZRP0824	500 ±10	18.5
E94AZRP2004	600 ±10	21.0

### Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

## Terminal data

### Mains

Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94FF006</p>	L1 L2 L3	Connection of the mains phases L1, L2, L3
	⊕	Connection for the supply-side PE conductor with M5 ring cable lug

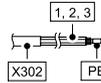
### Terminal data

	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxP0084	10	6	1.2 ... 1.5	10.6 ... 13.3	PH1
E94AZxP0294					

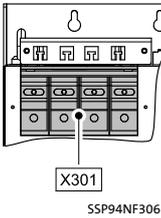
### PE connection data

	∅	Starting torque		
	[mm]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxP0084	M5	3	26.5	SW 8
E94AZxP0294				

## Standard device

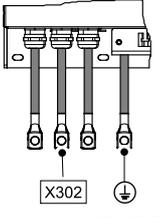
Cable X302	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94FF007</p>	1 2 3	Filter output conductor (lead with wire end ferrule, colour BK)
	PE	Output-side PE conductor (lead with M5 fork-type cable lug, colour GN/YE)

## Mains

Terminal X301	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94NF306</p>	L1 L2 L3 PE	Connection of mains phases L1, L2, L3 and PE conductor

Terminal data					
	Max. conductor cross-section		Tightening torque		
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]	
E94AZxP0824 Connection with M8 ring cable lug	70 (2 x 70)	2/0	12	106	SW13
E94AZxP2004 Connection with M10 ring cable lug	150 (2 x 120)	250 mcm	20	177	SW15

## Power supply module

Cable X302	Labelling	Description
 <p>SSP94NF307</p>	L1' L2' L3'	Filter output conductor (lead with ring cable lug, colour BK)
		Output PE conductor (lead with ring cable lug, colour GN/YE)

Connection plan

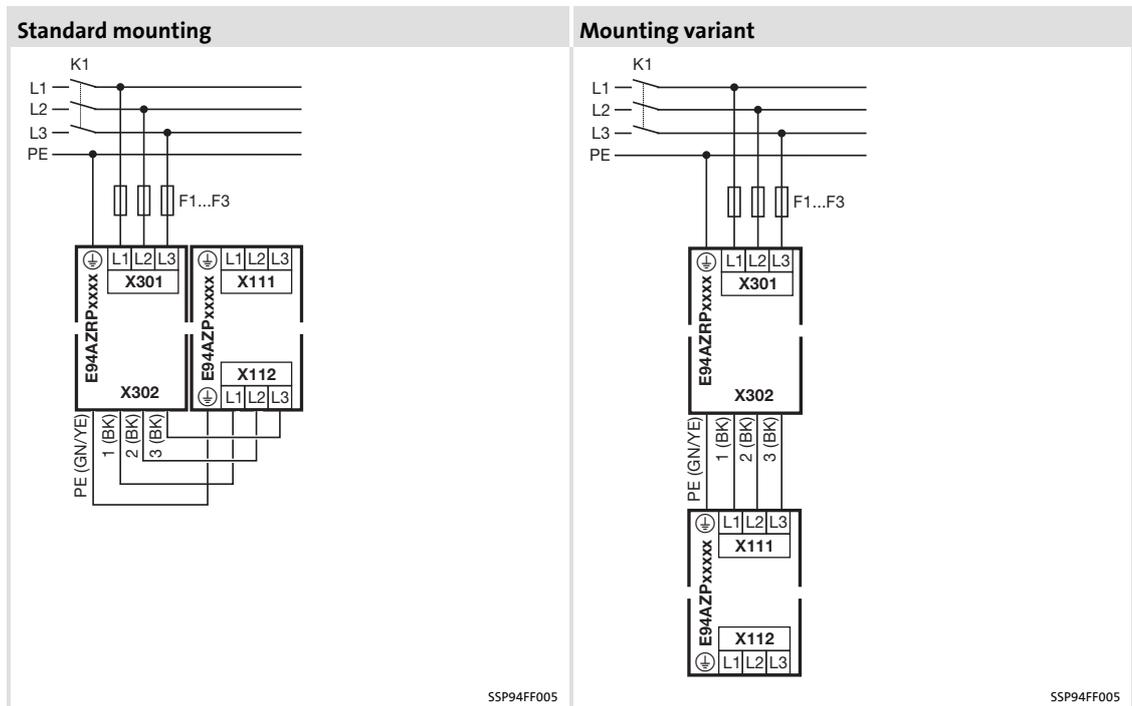


Fig. 8-6 Connection concept

- E94AZRPxxxx RFI filter
- E94AZPxxxx Installation backplane for 9400 DC power supply module
- F1 ... F3 Fuses
- K1 Mains contactor

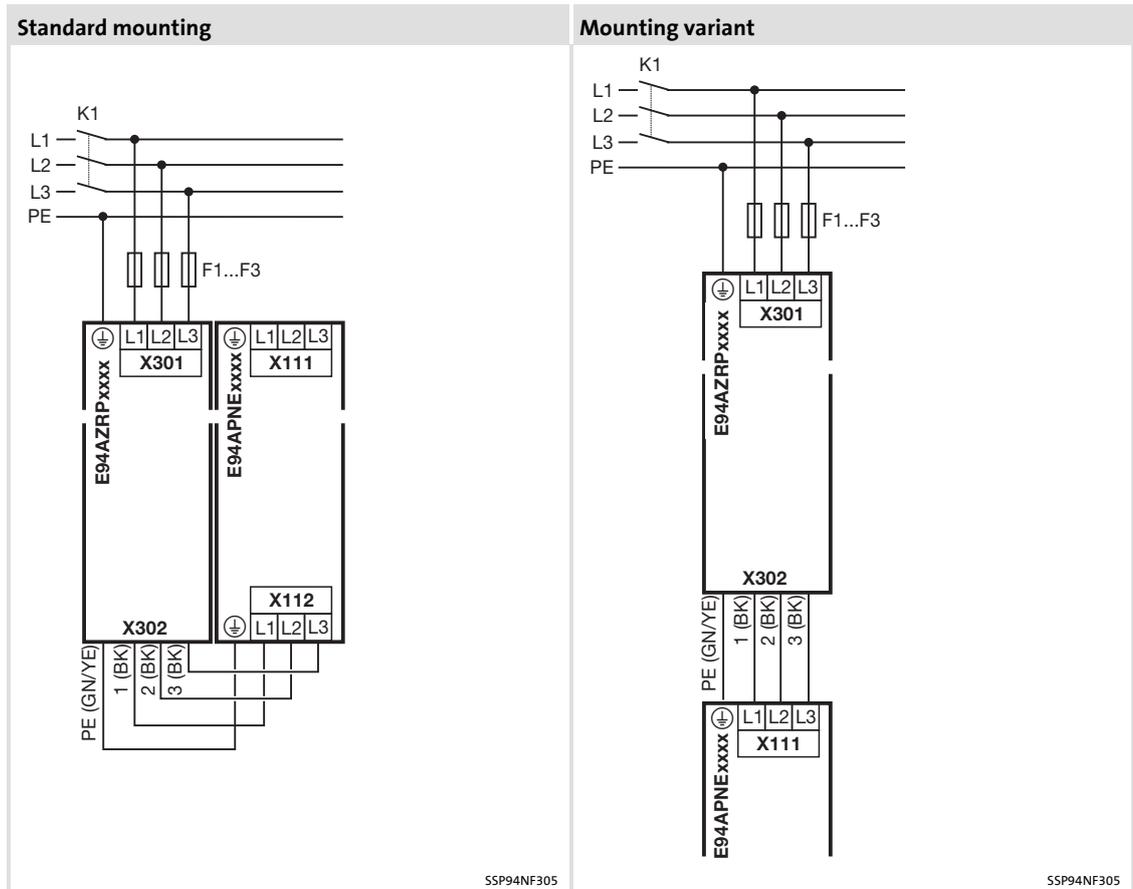
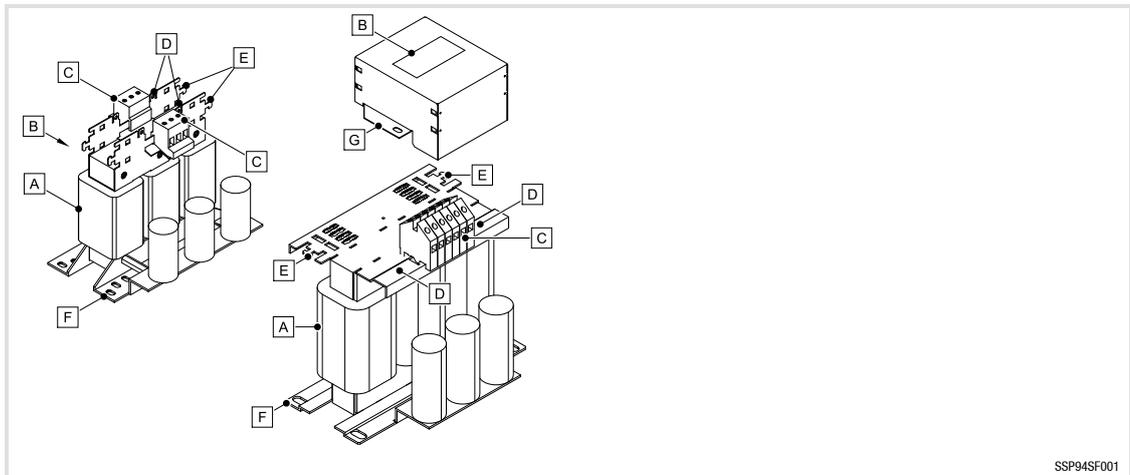


Fig. 8-7 Connection concept

- E94AZRPxxxx RFI filter
- E94APNExxxx 9400 DC power supply module
- F1 ... F3 Fuses
- K1 Mains contactor

## 8.10.6 Sinusoidal filters 4 ... 16.5 A



Pos.	Description
A	Sinusoidal filter EZS3-xxxA200
	Mounting Instructions

## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
B	Nameplate
C	Terminals (input: 1U1, 1V1, 1W1 / output: 1U2, 1V2, 1W2)
D	PE connection
E	Shield connection
F	Fixing bracket
G	Terminal cover

## Identification

 
SINUSFILTER SINE-FILTER FILTRE-SINUS
Type: <input type="text"/>
SSP945F002

	①						
Type code	e	Z	S	3	-	xxxA	xxx
Product series							
Accessories							
Filter type S = sinusoidal filter							
Phases 3 = 3 phases							
Rated current [A] (rounded)							
Variant							

## General data

Conformity	CE	Low-Voltage Directive
Approval	UR	UL508, Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada
Climatic conditions	Class 3K3 according to EN 50178	Without condensation, average relative humidity 85 %
Permissible ambient operating temperature	-10 °C ... +55 °C Above 40 °C, the rated current $I_N$ must be reduced by 2.5 %/°C	
Permissible installation height	0 ... 4000 m amsl Above 1000 m, the rated current $I_N$ must be reduced by 5 %/1000 m	
Vibration resistance	Accelerational stability up to 1 g	EN50178, IEC61800-5-1 and Germanischer Lloyd, general conditions
Degree of protection	IP20 (protection against contact to NEMA 250 type 1)	
Mounting position	Vertical with fixing bracket below Depending on the weight, wall mounting is possible	
Connecting cables		
Drive controller ↔ filter	As short as possible, shielded	
Filter ↔ motor	Max. 200 m shielded or max. 300 m unshielded	

## Rated data

Type	U [V]	f <sub>ch</sub> [kHz]	I <sub>N</sub> [A]	P <sub>V</sub> [W]	L [mH]	m [kg]
EZS3-004A200	0 ... 550 V AC	4 ... 8	4.0	50	11.0	4.0
EZS3-010A200			10.0	80	5.1	5.5
EZS3-017A200			16.5	130	3.1	8.5
EZS3-024A200			23.5	160	2.5	14.5
EZS3-032A200			32.0	180	2.0	19.0
EZS3-037A200			37.0	190	1.7	21.0
EZS3-048A200			48.0	200	1.2	25.5
EZS3-061A200			61.0	230	1.0	33.5
EZS3-072A200			72.0	260	0.95	37.0
EZS3-090A200			90.0	300	0.8	53.0

U Voltage range

f<sub>ch</sub> Switching frequency

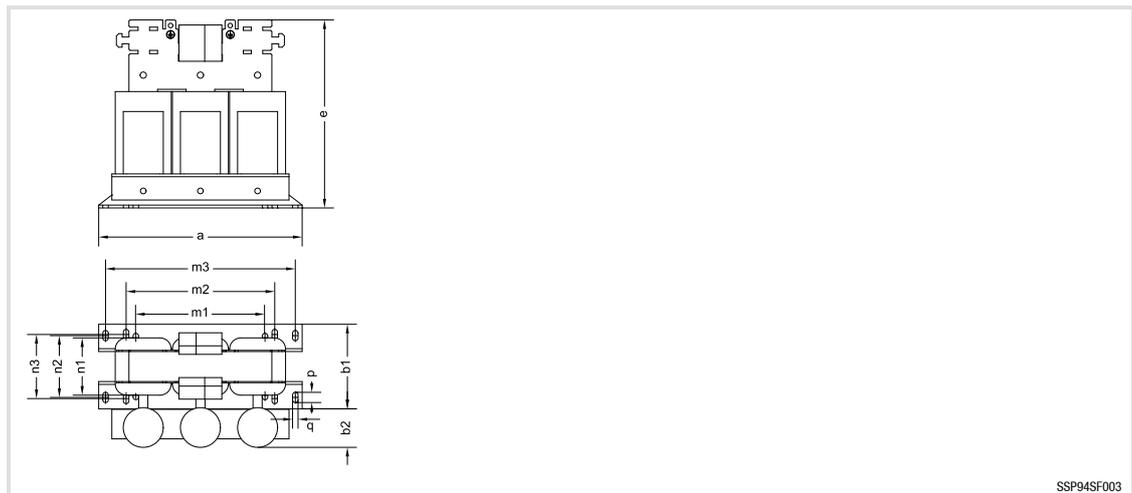
I<sub>N</sub> Rated current

P<sub>V</sub> Power loss

L Inductance

M Mass

## Dimensions



Type	a	b1	b2	e	M1	M2	M3	n1	n2	n3	p	q	
[mm]													[kg]
EZS3-004A200	178	75	36	171	113	130	166	50	55	57	9	5	4.0
EZS3-010A200	178	90	36	171	113	130	166	65	70	72	9	5	5.5
EZS3-017A200	219	111	51	198	136	170	201	67	68	81	13	7	8.5

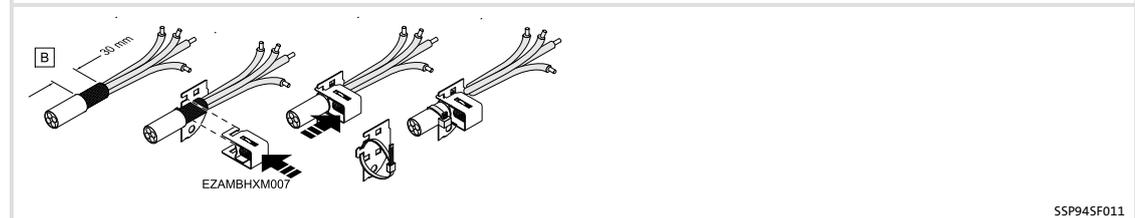
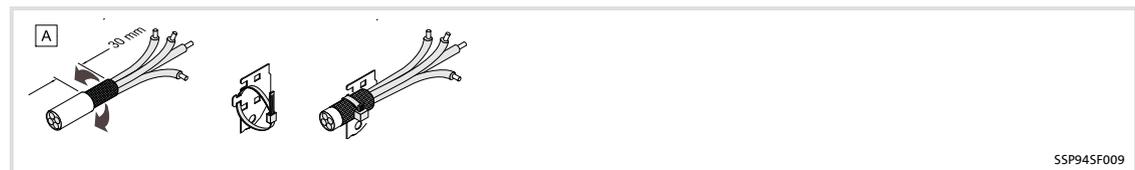
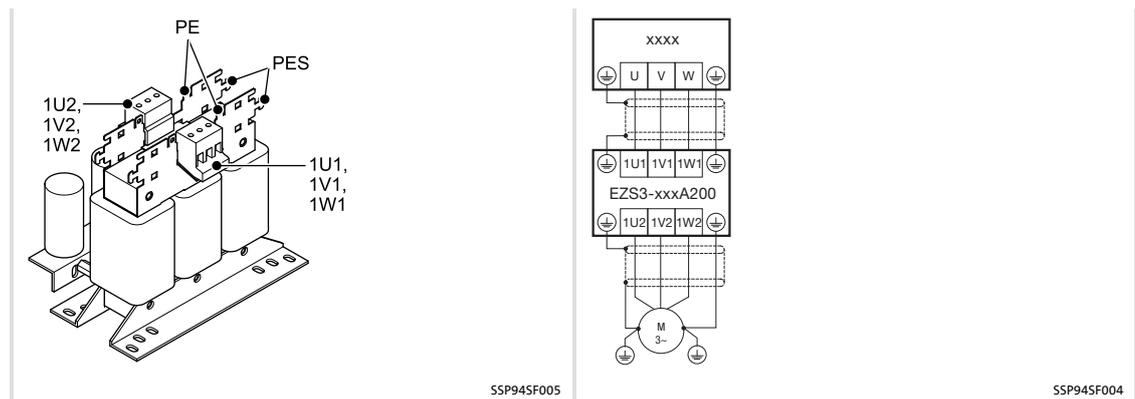
## Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

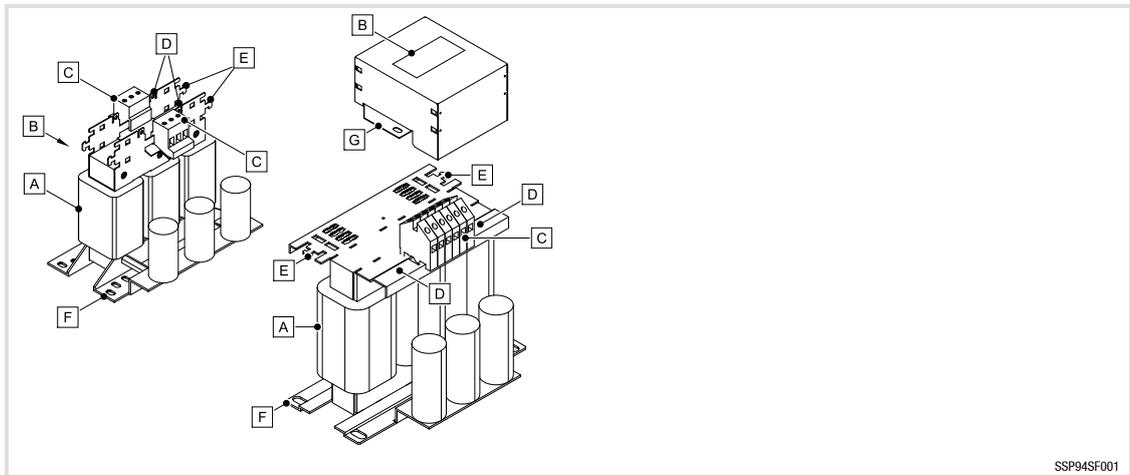
#### Terminal data

Sinusoidal filter	Terminal				Ø	PE screw	
	Connection cross-sections [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	Tightening torque [Nm] [lb-in]			Tightening torque [Nm] [lb-in]	
EZS3-004A200	0.2 ... 6	24 ... 10	0.6	5.3	M4	2	17.7
EZS3-010A200							
EZS3-017A200	0.5 ... 16	20 ... 6	1.5	13.3	M5	3	26.5
EZS3-024A200	2.5 ... 25	10 ... 6	2	17.7			
EZS3-032A200							
EZS3-037A200	2.5 ... 35	12 ... 2	3	26.5	M5	3	26.5
EZS3-048A200							
EZS3-061A200	16 ... 50	1/0 ... 6					
EZS3-072A200							
EZS3-090A200							

#### Connection plan



## 8.10.7 Sinusoidal filter 23.5 ... 90 A



SSP94SF001

Pos.	Description
A	Sinusoidal filter EZS3-xxxA200
	Mounting Instructions

## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
B	Nameplate
C	Terminals (input: 1U1, 1V1, 1W1 / output: 1U2, 1V2, 1W2)
D	PE connection
E	Shield connection
F	Fixing bracket
G	Terminal cover

## Identification

 SINUSFILTER SINE-FILTER FILTRE-SINUS	
Type: <input type="text"/>	

SSP945F002

	①						
Type code	e	Z	S	3	-	xxxA	xxx
Product series							
Accessories							
Filter type S = sinusoidal filter							
Phases 3 = 3 phases							
Rated current [A] (rounded)							
Variant							

## General data

Conformity	CE	Low-Voltage Directive
Approval	UR	UL508, Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada
Climatic conditions	Class 3K3 according to EN 50178	Without condensation, average relative humidity 85 %
Permissible ambient operating temperature	-10 °C ... +55 °C Above 40 °C, the rated current $I_N$ must be reduced by 2.5 %/°C	
Permissible installation height	0 ... 4000 m amsl Above 1000 m, the rated current $I_N$ must be reduced by 5 %/1000 m	
Vibration resistance	Accelerational stability up to 1 g	EN50178, IEC61800-5-1 and Germanischer Lloyd, general conditions
Degree of protection	IP20 (protection against contact to NEMA 250 type 1)	
Mounting position	Vertical with fixing bracket below Depending on the weight, wall mounting is possible	
Connecting cables		
Drive controller ↔ filter	As short as possible, shielded	
Filter ↔ motor	Max. 200 m shielded or max. 300 m unshielded	

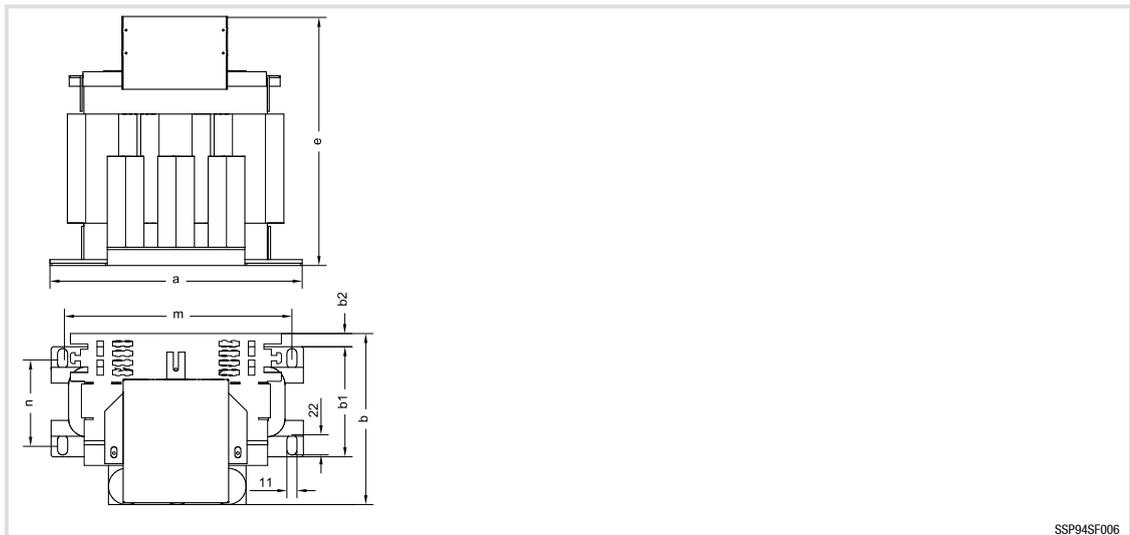
## Rated data

Type	U [V]	f <sub>ch</sub> [kHz]	I <sub>N</sub> [A]	P <sub>V</sub> [W]	L [mH]	m [kg]
EZS3-004A200	0 ... 550 V AC	4 ... 8	4.0	50	11.0	4.0
EZS3-010A200			10.0	80	5.1	5.5
EZS3-017A200			16.5	130	3.1	8.5
EZS3-024A200			23.5	160	2.5	14.5
EZS3-032A200			32.0	180	2.0	19.0
EZS3-037A200			37.0	190	1.7	21.0
EZS3-048A200			48.0	200	1.2	25.5
EZS3-061A200			61.0	230	1.0	33.5
EZS3-072A200			72.0	260	0.95	37.0
EZS3-090A200			90.0	300	0.8	53.0

U Voltage range  
 f<sub>ch</sub> Switching frequency  
 I<sub>N</sub> Rated current

P<sub>V</sub> Power loss  
 L Inductance  
 M Mass

## Dimensions



Type	a	b	b1	b2	e	m	n	 [kg]
EZS3-024A200	275	190	121	14	280	250	95	14.5
EZS3-032A200	275	200	131	14	280	250	105	19.0
EZS3-037A200	275	210	141	14	280	250	115	21.0
EZS3-048A200	275	245	151	14	290	250	125	25.5
EZS3-061A200	340	240	165	5	315	300	133	33.5
EZS3-072A200	340	265	176	5	325	300	145	37.0
EZS3-090A200	340	292	203	5	325	300	172	53.0

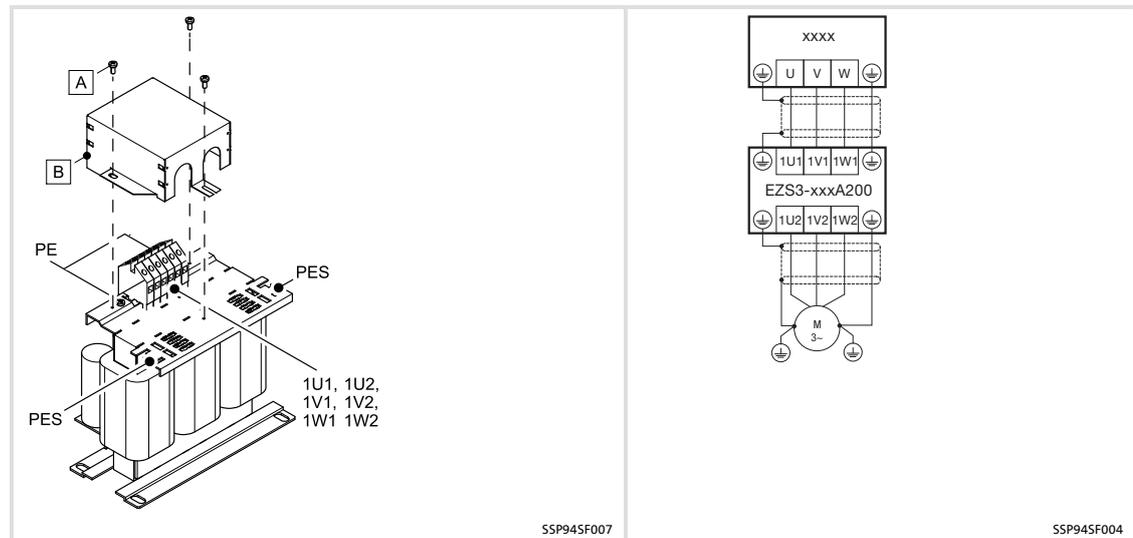
### Installation steps

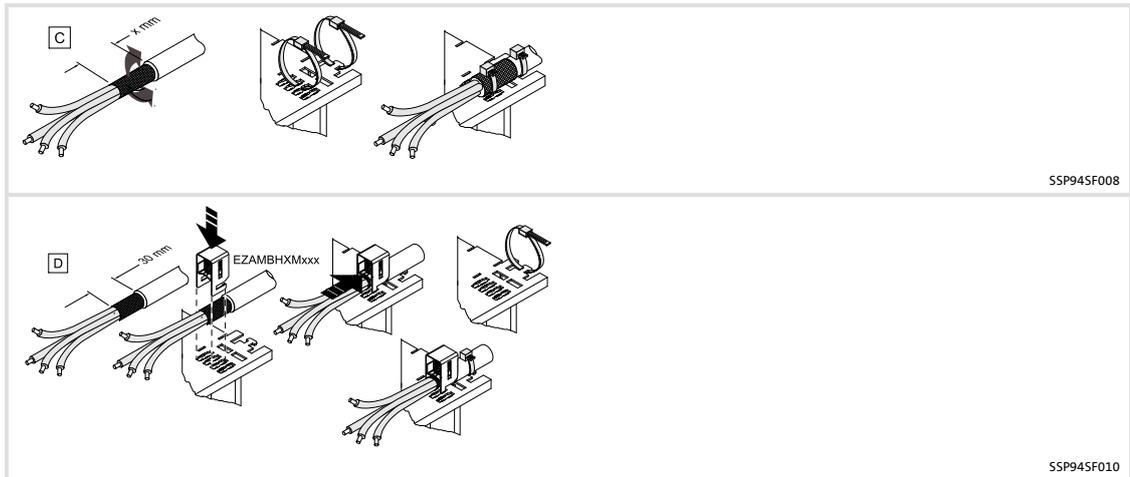
For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

### Terminal data

Sinusoidal filter	Terminal				Ø	PE screw	
	Connection cross-sections		Tightening torque			Tightening torque	
	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[Nm]	[lb-in]		[Nm]	[lb-in]
EZS3-004A200	0.2 ... 6	24 ... 10	0.6	5.3	M4	2	17.7
EZS3-010A200							
EZS3-017A200	0.5 ... 16	20 ... 6	1.5	13.3			
EZS3-024A200	2.5 ... 25	10 ... 6	2	17.7	M5	3	26.5
EZS3-032A200							
EZS3-037A200							
EZS3-048A200	2.5 ... 35	12 ... 2	3	26.5			
EZS3-061A200							
EZS3-072A200	16 ... 50	1/0 ... 6					
EZS3-090A200							

### Connection plan



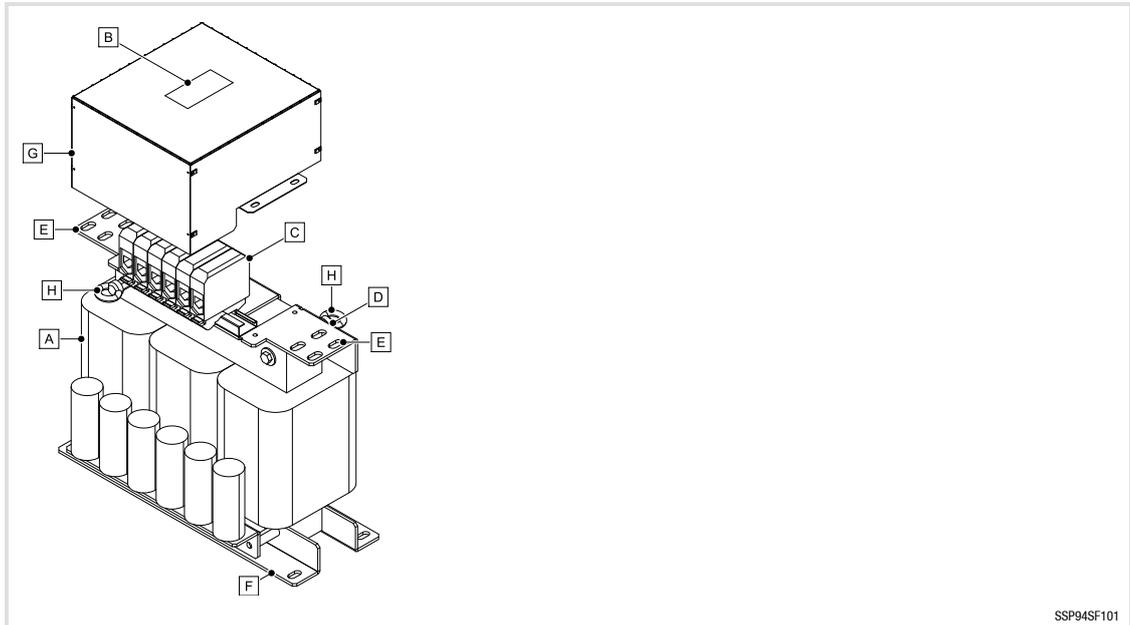


SSP94SF008

SSP94SF010

x Stripping length depends on the filter size

## 8.10.8 Sinusoidal filter 115 ... 150 A

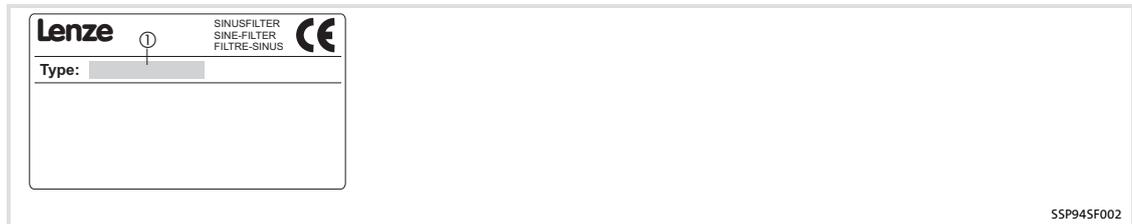


Pos.	Description
A	Sinusoidal filter EZS3-xxxA200
	Mounting Instructions

## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
B	Nameplate
C	Terminals (input: 1U1, 1V1, 1W1 / output: 1U2, 1V2, 1W2)
D	PE connection
E	Shield connection
F	Fixing bracket
G	Terminal cover
H	Ring bolts

## Identification



	①						
Type code	e	Z	S	3	-	xxxA	xxx
Product series							
Accessories							
Filter type							
S = sinusoidal filter							
Phases							
3 = 3 phases							
Rated current [A] (rounded)							
Variant							

## General data

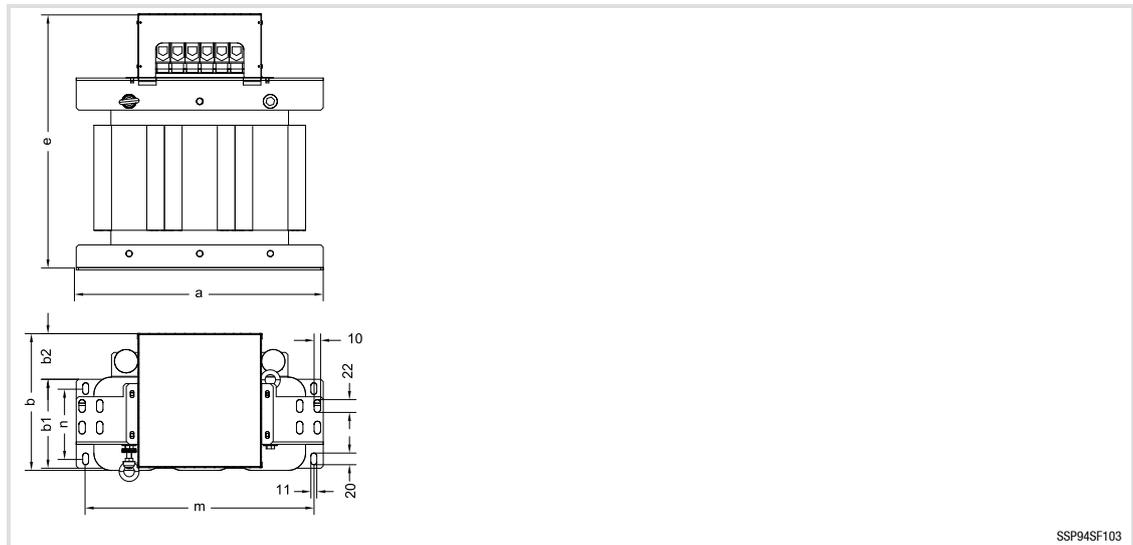
Conformity	CE	Low-Voltage Directive
Approval	UR	UL508, Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E219022) for USA and Canada

## Rated data

Type	U [V]	f <sub>ch</sub> [kHz]	I <sub>r</sub> [A]	P <sub>V</sub> [W]	L [mH]	m [kg]
EZS3-115A200	0 ... 550 V AC	2 ... 4	115	360	0.7	66
EZS3-150A200			150	400	0.5	69

U	Voltage range	P <sub>V</sub>	Power loss
f <sub>ch</sub>	Switching frequency	L	Inductance
I <sub>r</sub>	Rated current	m	Mass

## Dimensions



All dimensions in millimetres.

	a	b	b1	b2	e	m	n	
	[mm]						[mm]	[kg]
EZS3-115A2 00	420	235	153	78.5	444	388	121	66
EZS3-150A2 00	420	235	168	63.5	444	388	136	69

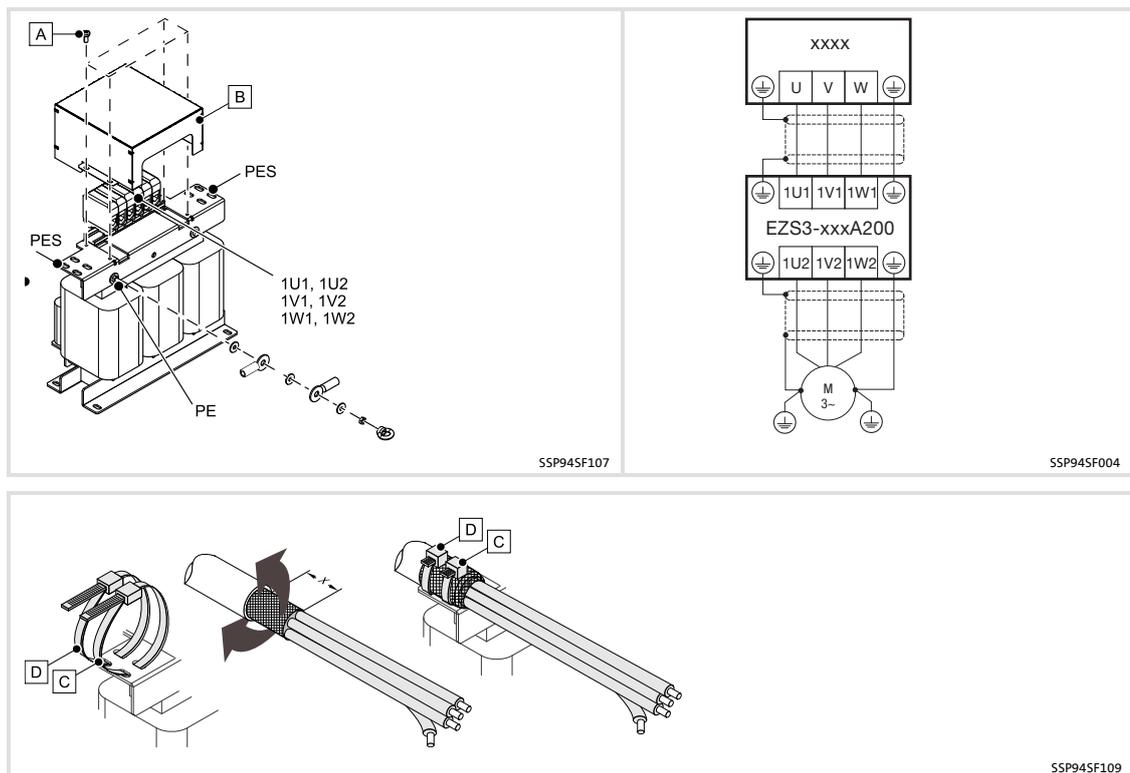
## Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

## Terminal data

Sinusoidal filter	Terminal				Ø	PE screw	
	Connection cross-sections [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	Tightening torque [Nm] [lb-in]			Tightening torque [Nm] [lb-in]	
EZS3-115A200	35 ... 95	4/0 ... 2	6	53.1	M8	18	159.3
EZS3-150A200							

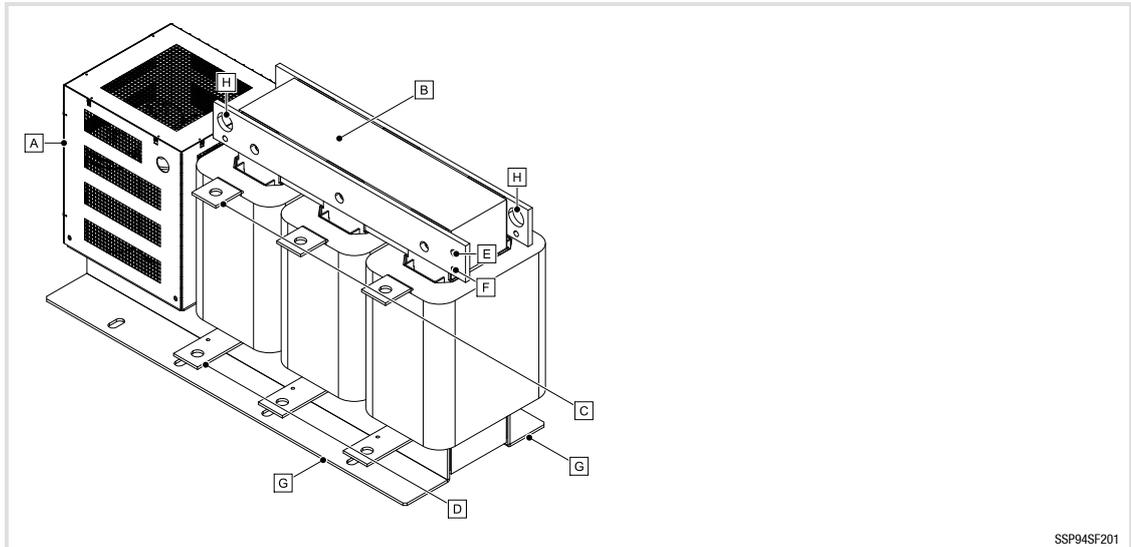
## Connection plan



x Stripping length depends on the filter size

## 8.10.9

## Sinusoidal filter 180 ... 480 A

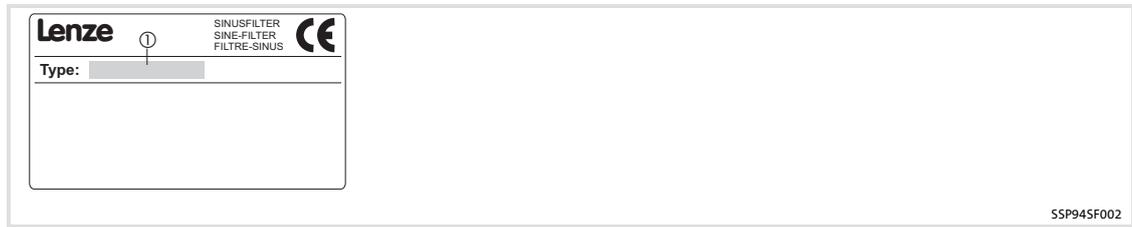


Pos.	Description
A	Sinusoidal filter EZS3-xxxA200 Mounting Instructions

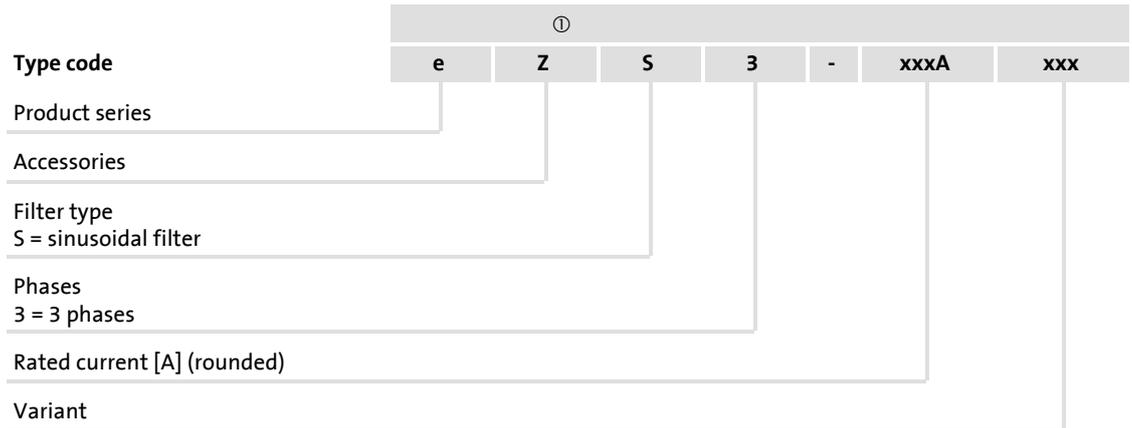
## Elements on the filter

Pos.	Description
B	Nameplate
C	Connection 1U1, 1V1, 1W1 (inputs)
D	Connection 1U2, 1V2, 1W2 (outputs)
E	PE connection
F	Shield connection
G	Fixing bracket
H	Blocking point for lifting system

Identification



SSP94SF002



## General data

Conformity

### Conformity and approval

Conformity

CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union

### Protection of persons and equipment

Degree of protection	EN 60529	IP00	
Earth leakage current	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	> 3.5 mA AC > 10 mA DC	Observe regulations and safety instructions!
Insulation resistance	IEC/EN 61800-5-1	< 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category III > 2000 m site altitude: overvoltage category II	

### Environmental conditions

Climate

Storage	IEC/EN 60721-3-1	1K3 (-25 ... +60 °C)
Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2K3 (-25 ... +70 °C)
Operation	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K3 (-10 ... +55 °C) Current derating at +40 ... +55 °C: 2.5 %/°C
Site altitude		0 ... 4000 m amsl 1000 ... 4000 m amsl: Current derating 5 %/1000 m
Pollution	EN 61800-5-1	Degree of pollution 2

Vibration resistance ( $9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 1 \text{ g}$ )

Transport	IEC/EN 60721-3-2	2M2
	EN 61800-2	2 ... 9 Hz: Amplitude 3.5 mm
		10 ... 200 Hz: Acceleration resistant up to $10 \text{ m/s}^2$ 200 ... 500 Hz: Acceleration resistant up to $15 \text{ m/s}^2$
Operation	Germanischer Lloyd	5 ... 13.2 Hz: Amplitude $\pm 1 \text{ mm}$ 13.2 ... 100 Hz: Acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g
		IEC/EN 60068-2-6

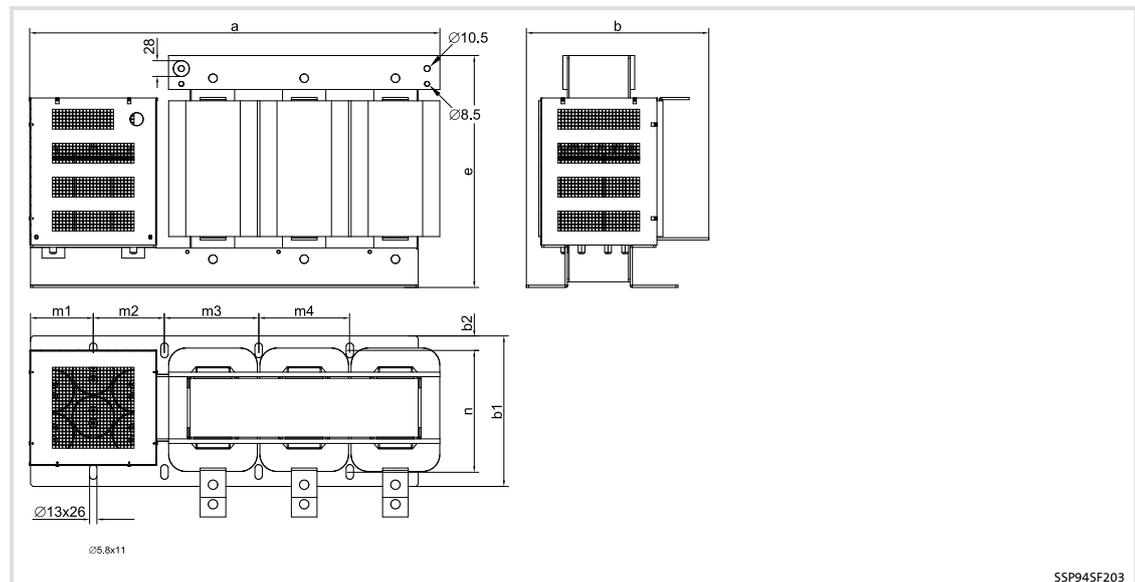
### Mounting conditions

Mounting place		In the control cabinet
Mounting position		Vertical, fixing bracket below
Free space		100 mm to the side and above

## Rated data

	Voltage	Current	Output frequency	Switching frequency	Power loss	Inductance
	U [V]	I <sub>N</sub> [A]	f [Hz]	f <sub>ch</sub> [kHz]	P <sub>V</sub> [W]	L [mH]
EZS3-180A200	0 ... 550	180	0 ... 90	2 ... 4	580	0.40
EZS3-250A200		250			810	0.35
EZS3-350A200		350			1100	0.21
EZS3-480A200		480			1550	0.14

## Dimensions



	a	b	b1	b2	e	m1	m2	m3	m4	n	⚖	
	[mm]											[kg]
EZS3-180A200	600	270	235	21	324	102.5	117.5	130	160	194.5	97	
EZS3-250A200	665	330	290	23	373		122.5	145	140	238.5	152	
EZS3-350A200	730	320	268	26	431	110	125	165	160	216.5	172	
EZS3-480A200		370	318		426					266.5	244	

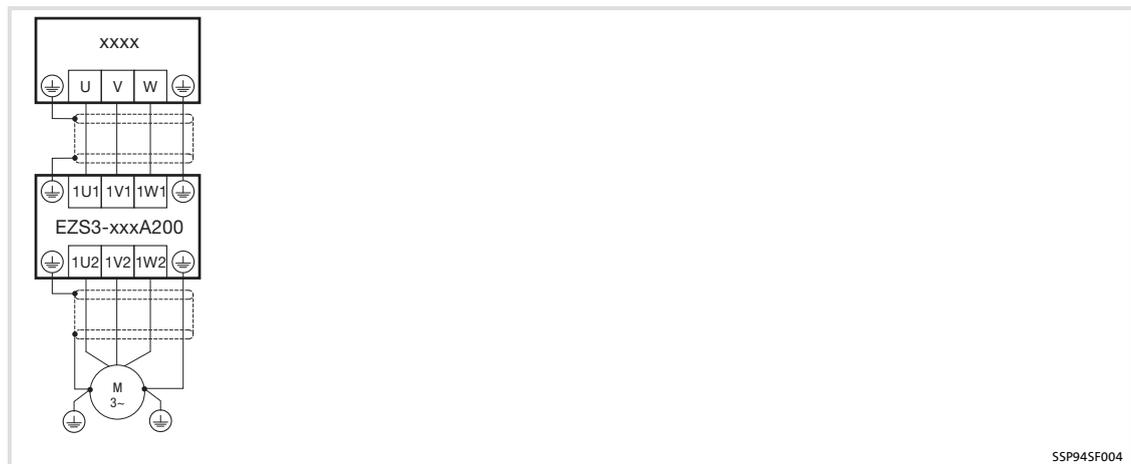
## Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

## Terminal data

	1U1, 1V1, 1W1, 1U2, 1V2, 1W2	PE	PES
	∅	∅	∅
EZS3-180A200	M10	M10	M8
EZS3-250A200	M13		
EZS3-350A200	M16		
EZS3-480A200			

## Connection plan



**8.11**      **General accessories****8.11.1**    **Introduction**

For information about further accessories, please see the "Servo Drives 9400" catalogue.

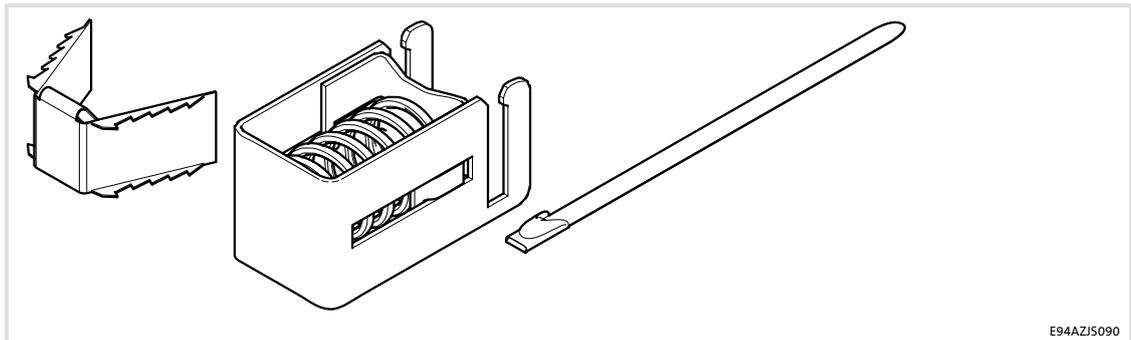
**8.11.2 Shield mounting**

Shield mounting kits facilitate the conductive connection of cable shields with a surface as large as possible. Good shield connections are an important part of wiring according to EMC guidelines. The shield connections on the devices are designed for different installations. If a recommended shield mounting cannot be implemented, e.g. because of thick cables, you can always choose an alternative. The alternative also ensures a good shield connection.

Always implement a strain relief in addition to the shield mounting, since strain relief is not possible with a shield mounting.

Possible installations of the shield connection:

- ▶ EMC clip (fixing clip)
  - preferred for control cables or thin motor cables
- ▶ EMC wire clamp
  - preferred for motor cables, device-dependent sizes
- ▶ Cable tie, metallic
  - preferred for thick motor cables or several cables



### Shield mounting and cable cross-section

Shield mountings contained in the scope of supply of the Servo Drives 9400:

Type			EMC clip (fixing clip)	EMC wire clamp
Axis module	Installation backplane		EZA... (axis module/installation backplane)	(usability depends on installation backplane)
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034	E94AZPS0034	GG1	2/3	-
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	E94AZPM0044			
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074	E94AZPS0074	GG2	2/2	1 x EZAMBHXM003
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	E94AZPM0094			
E94ASxE0134 E94ASxE0174 E94ASxE0244	E94AZPS0244	GG3	2/2	1 x EZAMBHXM004
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174 E94AMxE0244	E94AZPM0244			
E94AMxE0324	E94AZPM0324			
E94ASxE0324 E94ASxE0474 E94ASxE0594	-	GG6	3/0	1 x EZAMBHXM003 1 x EZAMBHXM004
E94ASxE0864 E94ASxE1044	-	GG7	3/0	1 x EZAMBHXM004 1 x EZAMBHXM005
E94ASxE1454	-	GG8S	2/0	-
E94ASxE1724 E94ASxE2024	-	GG8	2/0	1 x wire clamp, small 3 x wire clamps, large (type of C-rail)
E94ASxE2454 E94ASxE2924 E94ASxE3664	-	GG9	2/0	
E94ASxE4604 E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	-	GG10	2/0	

Tab. 8-3 Shield mountings contained in the scope of supply

Shield mountings available as accessories:

Type	EMC clip	EMC wire clamp				Cable tie
Accessory set	EZAMBHXM007 (fixing clip)	EZAMBHXM006 (C02)	EZAMBHXM003 (C03)	EZAMBHXM004 (C04)	EZAMBHXM005 (C05)	EZAMBKBM (metallic)
EZAMBHXM007	20	-	-	-	-	-
EZAMBHXM006	-	10	-	-	-	-
EZAMBHXM003	-	-	10	-	-	-
EZAMBHXM004	-	-	-	10	-	-
EZAMBHXM005	-	-	-	-	10	-
EZAMBKBM	-	-	-	-	-	50

Tab. 8-4 Shield mountings in the accessories - Assignment and VPE

Permissible cable cross-sections (without cable sheath) of the shield mountings:

EMC clip	EMC wire clamp				Cable tie
EZAMBHXM007 (fixing clip)	EZAMBHXM006 (C02)	EZAMBHXM003 (C03)	EZAMBHXM004 (C04)	EZAMBHXM005 (C05)	EZAMBKBM (metallic)
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
2 ... 11.6 0.079 ... 0.456	4 ... 15 0.157 ... 0.59	10 ... 20 0.394 ... 0.787	15 ... 28 0.59 ... 1.1	20 ... 37 0.79 ... 1.46	8 ... 30 0.32 ... 1.18

Tab. 8-5 Clamping range of shield mountings

Select the shield mounting according to the cable characteristics.

Lenze system cables		EMC clip	EMC wire clamp				Cable tie
A [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	d [mm]	EZAMBHXM007 (fixing clip)	EZAMBHXM006 (C02)	EZAMBHXM003 (C03)	EZAMBHXM004 (C04)	EZAMBHXM005 (C04)	EZAMBKBM (metallic)
standard, shielded							
1.0	10.3	•	•	•	-	-	•
1.5	11.6	•	•	•	-	-	•
2.5	13.2	-	•	•	-	-	•
4.0	14.5	-	•	•	•	•	•
6.0	16.5	-	-	•	•	•	•
10	19.6	-	-	•	•	•	•
suitable for trailing							
1.0	11.2	•	•	•	-	-	•
1.5	12.3	-	•	•	-	-	•
2.5	14.2	-	•	•	-	-	•
4.0	14.8	-	•	•	•	•	•
6.0	17.5	-	-	•	•	•	•
10	20.5	-	-	-	•	•	•

Tab. 8-6 Cable characteristics of Lenze system cables

- A Single-core cross-sections of a Lenze system cable (motor)  
Standard design or trailing cable
- d Cross-section of Lenze system cable/cable shield



### Tip!

If a shield mounting cannot be used because of thicker cables, in many cases, an alternative is possible.

For the EMC shield clamp, the EZAMBHXM006 EMC wire clamp or the metal EZAMBKBM cable tie, for example, can be used.

### 8.11.3 Brake resistors

#### EMC-compliant wiring

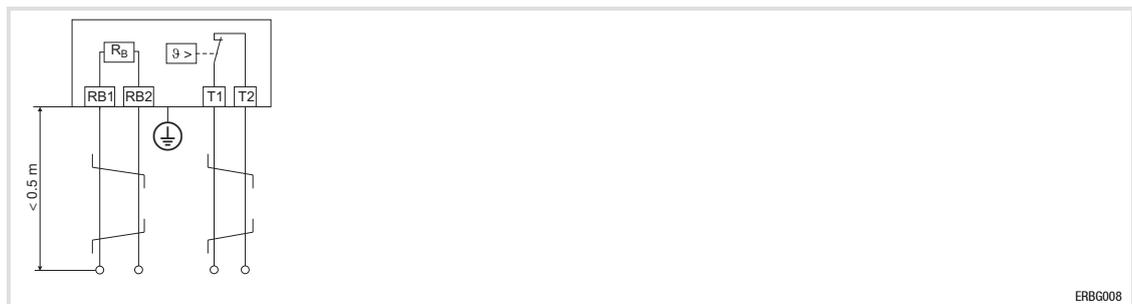
When brake resistors are being wired, the associated installation instructions are to be observed.

Generally applicable rules for wiring connecting cables:

- ▶ Keep cable length as short as possible.
- ▶ Use a twisted cable for cable lengths up to 0.5 m. A shielded cable is not necessary.
- ▶ Use a shield cable for cable lengths from 0.5 m to a maximum of 5 m.
- ▶ Always use a shielded cable for monitoring of the brake resistor by means of a thermal contact.

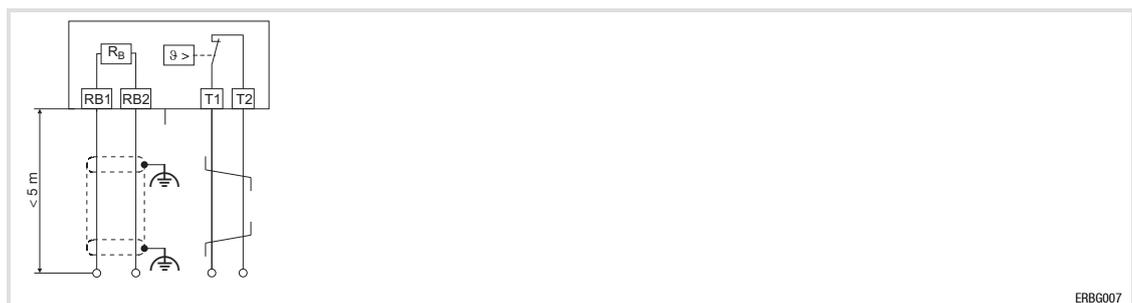
These rules should only be deviated from if such a deviation is expressly described for a brake resistor or other application.

#### Version 1 (short cables)



 Twisted cables

#### Version 2 (long cables)



 HF-shield termination by extensive PE connection  
 Twisted cables

## Assignment of external brake resistors

Rated mains voltage:  $U_{Lr} = 400/500 \text{ V}$

For  $U_{Lr} = 230 \text{ V}$  rated voltage, different assignments are applicable.

**Note!**

Max. permissible brake resistor connecting cable length for devices E94A...:  
 $\leq 5 \text{ m}$

Single Drive axis module	Brake resistor	Resistance R [ $\Omega$ ]	Continuous power P [W]	Quantity of heat $Q_B$ [kW]
E94ASxE0024 E94ASxE0034	ERBP082R200W	82	200	30
E94ASxE0044 E94ASxE0074	ERBP047R200W	47	200	30
	ERBS047R400W		400	60
	ERBS047R800W		800	120
E94ASxE0134	ERBP027R200W	27	200	30
	ERBS027R600W		600	90
	ERBS027R01K2		1200	180
E94ASxE0174	ERBP018R300W	18	300	30
	ERBS018R800W		800	120
	ERBS018R02K8		2800	180
E94ASxE0244	ERBP018R300W	18	300	30
	ERBS018R01K2		1200	180
	ERBS018R02K8		2800	420
E94ASxE0324	ERBS018R800W	18	800	120
	ERBS018R01K4		1400	210
	ERBG018R04K3		4300	645
E94ASxE0474	ERBS015R800W	15	800	1500
	ERBS015R02K4		2400	495
	ERBG015R06K2		6200	930
E94ASxE0594	ERBS015R01K2	15	1200	180
	ERBG015R03K3		3300	495
	ERBG015R10K0		10000	1500
E94ASxE0864 E94ASxE1044	ERBG075D01K9	7.5	1900	285
E94ASxE1454	ERBG005R02K6	5	2600	390
E94ASxE1724	ERBG043D03K0	4.3	3000	450
E94ASxE2024	ERBG035D03K3	3.5	3300	495
E94ASxE2454	ERBG028D04K1	2.8	4100	615
E94ASxE2924	ERBG023D05K6	2.3	5600	840
E94ASxE3664	ERBG035D03K3 <sup>2)</sup>	3.5	3300	495
E94ASxE4604	ERBG028D04K1 <sup>2)</sup>	2.8	4100	615
E94ASxE5724 E94ASxE6354 E94ASxE6954	ERBG023D05K6 <sup>2)</sup>	2.3	5600	840

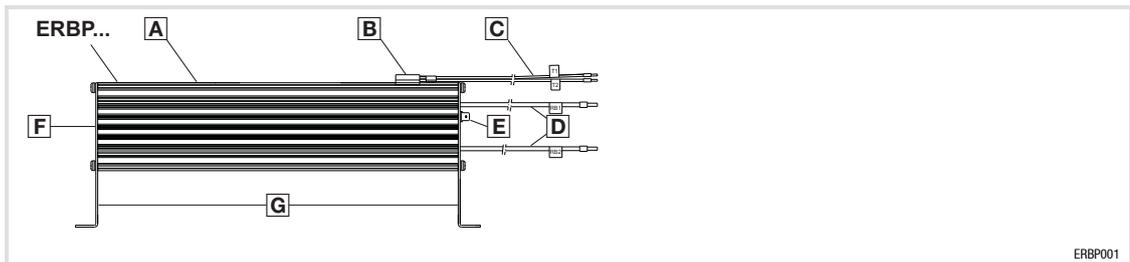
<sup>2)</sup> Zwei Widerstände parallel schalten.

Power supply module	Brake resistor	Resistance R [ $\Omega$ ]	Continuous power P [W]	Quantity of heat Q <sub>B</sub> [kWs]
E94APNE0104	ERBP027R200W	27	200	30
	ERBS027R600W		600	90
	ERBS027R01K2		1200	180
E94APNE0364	ERBG012R01K9	12	1900	285
	ERBG012R05K2		5200	780
E94APNE1004	ERBG005R02K6	5	2600	390
E94APNE2454	ERBG028D04K1	2.8	4100	615

Regenerative power supply module	Brake resistor	Resistance R [ $\Omega$ ]	Continuous power P [W]	Quantity of heat Q <sub>B</sub> [kWs]
E94ARNE0134	ERBP027R200W	27	200	30
	ERBS027R600W		600	90
	ERBS027R01K2		1200	180
E94ARNE0244	ERBP018R300W	18	300	30
	ERBS018R01K2		1200	180
	ERBS018R02K8		2800	420

## Operating conditions

Climatic conditions	Class 3K3 to EN 50178	Without condensation, average relative humidity 85 %
Ambient temperature	-10 °C ... +55 °C Above 45 °C the permanent power $P_d$ is to be reduced by 2.5 %/°C	
Installation height	0 ... 4000 m amsl Above 1000 m the permanent power $P_d$ is to be reduced by 5 %/1000 m	
Mounting location	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The mounting location must comply with the device features mentioned in the chapter "General data".</li> <li>• Flammable materials or substances must not be placed in the vicinity of the brake resistor.</li> <li>• The heat generated by the brake resistor must be dissipated freely.</li> </ul>	
Mounting position		
Standard	Vertically suspended with connecting cables at the bottom.	
Variant	Horizontally standing with fixing bracket at the bottom. The permanent power $P_d$ is to be reduced by 30 %!	
Free spaces		
Standard	at the top > 200 mm, to the sides > 25 mm, at the bottom > 100 mm	
Variant	at the top > 200 mm, to the sides > 45 mm, at the bottom > 45 mm	
Design and project planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mean value of regenerative power &lt; permanent power <math>P_d</math> of brake resistor.</li> <li>• Regenerative power during braking time &lt; heat quantity <math>Q_B</math> of brake resistor.</li> <li>• Braking time &lt; 10 % of cycle time (braking time + dead time).</li> <li>• Always connect the thermal contact and integrate it in a way into the system monitoring that the mains supply will be switched off when the basic device is overheated.</li> </ul>	



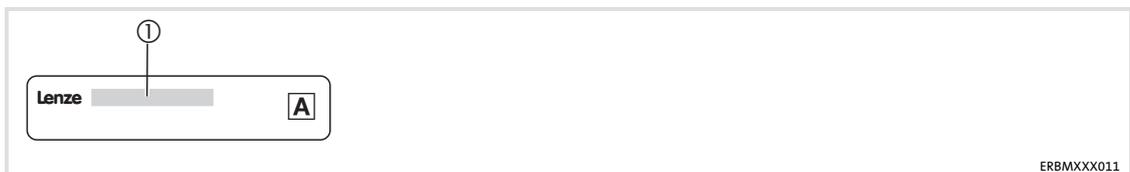
ERBP001

Pos.	Description
	Brake resistor
	Mounting Instructions

**Brake resistor elements**

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Thermal contact
C	Connecting cable thermal contact
D	Connecting cable brake resistor
E	PE connection
F	Warning note
G	Fixing bracket

**Identification**



ERBMXXX011

Type code	①		
	ERBx	xxxx	xxxx
Product series			
Resistance $R_B$ [ $\Omega$ ]			
e.g. 470R = 470 $\Omega$			
075D = 7.5 $\Omega$			
Permanent power $P_d$ [W]			
e.g. 120W =			
120 W			
01k2 = 1.2 kW			

## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
Approvals	UR	UL508, Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File No. E232497) for USA and Canada	
Degree of protection	IP21 (protection against contact to NEMA 250 type 1)		
Vibration resistance	Acceleration resistant up to EN50178, IEC61800-5-1 and Germanischer Lloyd, general conditions 1 g		
Surface temperature	In normal operation up to 300 °C In case of an error more than 300 °C		
Thermal contact			
Design	NC contact, 180 °C		
Switching capacity	250 V AC/4 A		

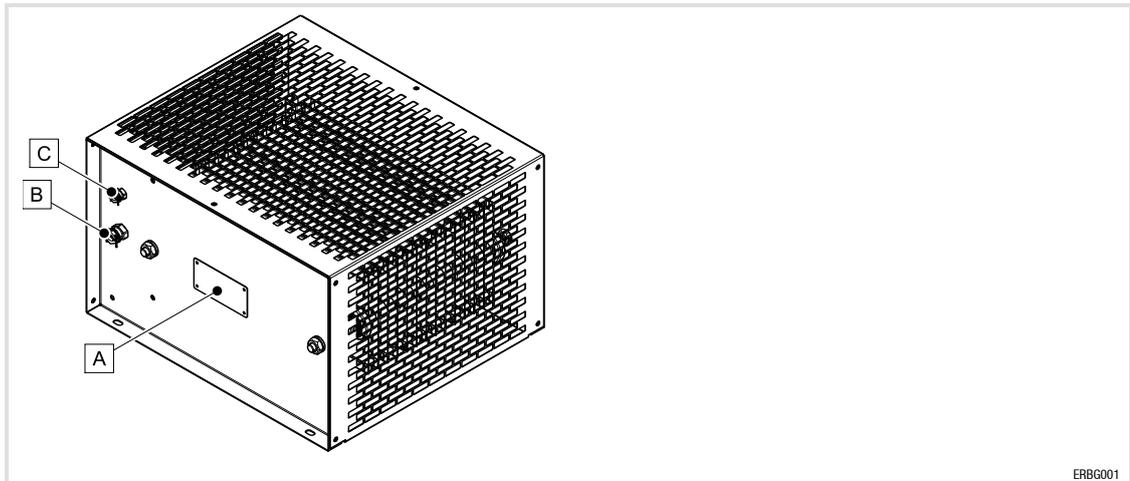
## Rated data

Electrical data				
	$R_B$	$P_d$	$Q_B$	$U_{max}$
	[ $\Omega$ ]	[W]	[kW <sub>s</sub> ]	[V <sub>DC</sub> ]
ERBP018R300 W	18	300	30	800
ERBP027R200 W	27	200	30	
ERBP033R200 W	33	200	30	
ERBP033R300 W		300	45	
ERBP047R200 W	47	200	30	
ERBP082R200 W	82	200	30	
ERBP180R200 W	180	200	30	
ERBP180R300 W		300	45	

$R_B$	Resistance
$P_d$	Permanent power
$Q_B$	Heat quantity
$U_{max}$	Max. operating voltage

## Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.



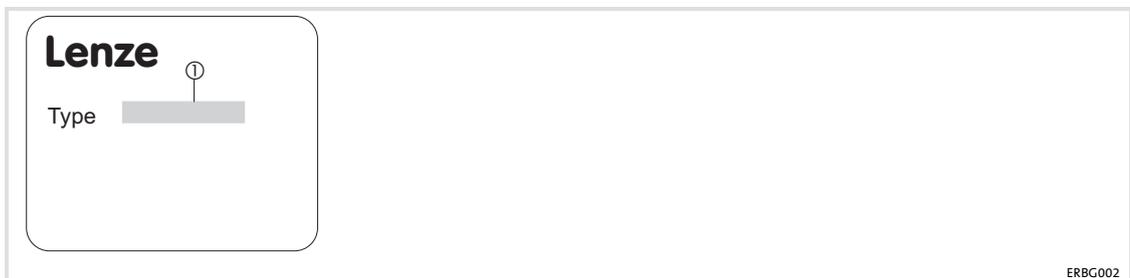
ERBG001

Pos.	Description
	Brake resistor
	Mounting Instructions

**Brake resistor elements**

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Cable gland for brake resistor cable
C	Cable gland for thermal contact cable

**Identification**



ERBG002

Type code	①		
	ERBx	xxxx	xxxx
Product series			
Resistance $R_B$ [ $\Omega$ ]			
e.g. 470R = 470 $\Omega$			
075D = 7.5 $\Omega$			
Permanent power $P_d$ [W]			
e.g. 120W =			
120 W			
01k2 = 1.2 kW			

**General data**

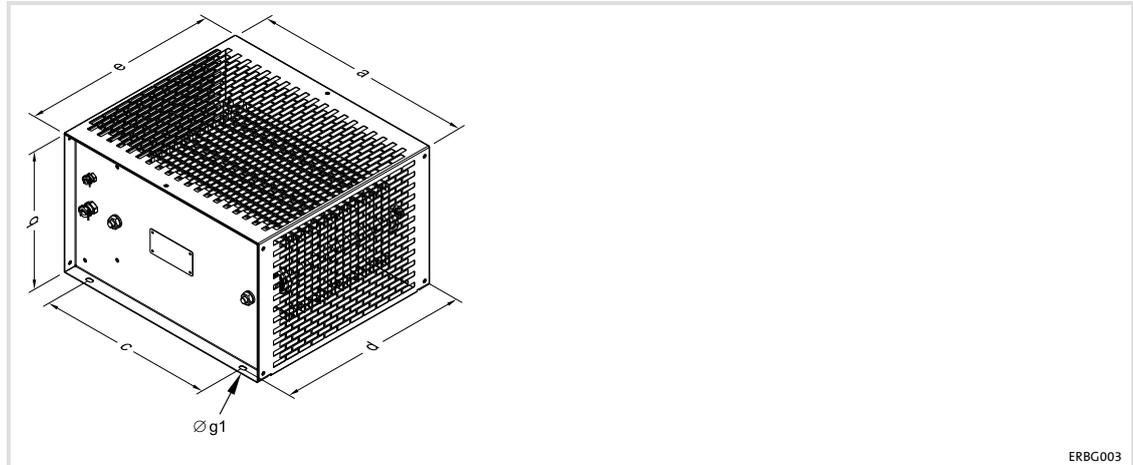
<b>Conformity and approval</b>			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approvals	UR	UL508, Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File-No. E221095) for USA and Canada	
Degree of protection	IP20 (protection against accidental contact according to NEMA 250 type 1)		
Vibration resistance	Acceleration resistant up to 0.7 g EN50178, IEC61800-5-1 and Germanischer Lloyd, general conditions		
Surface temperature			
Housing	in normal operation up to 250 °C in case of a fault more than 300 °C		
Elements	in normal operation up to 390 °C in case of a fault more than 680 °C		
Thermal contact			
Design	NC contact, 100 °C		
Switching capacity	250 V AC / 2.5A 110 V AC / 1.6 A		

## Rated data

Electrical data				
	$R_B$	$P_d$	$Q_B$	$U_{max}$
	[ $\Omega$ ]	[W]	[kW <sub>s</sub> ]	[V <sub>DC</sub> ]
ERBG023D05 K6	2.3	5600	840	1000
ERBG028D04 K1	2.8	4100	615	
ERBG035D03 K3	3.5	3300	495	
ERBG043D03 K0	4.3	3000	450	
ERBG005R02 K6	5.0	2600	390	
ERBG075D01 K9	7.5	1900	285	
ERBG012R01 K9	12.0			
ERBG012R05 K2		5200	780	
ERBG015R03 K3	15.0	3300	495	
ERBG015R06 K2		6200	930	
ERBG015R10 K0		10000	1500	
ERBG018R04 K3		18.0	4300	

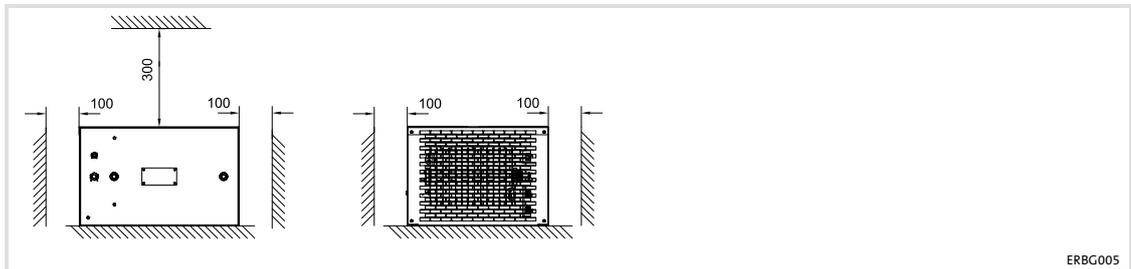
$R_B$  Resistance  
 $P_d$  Permanent power  
 $Q_B$  Heat quantity  
 $U_{max}$  Max. operating voltage

## Dimensions



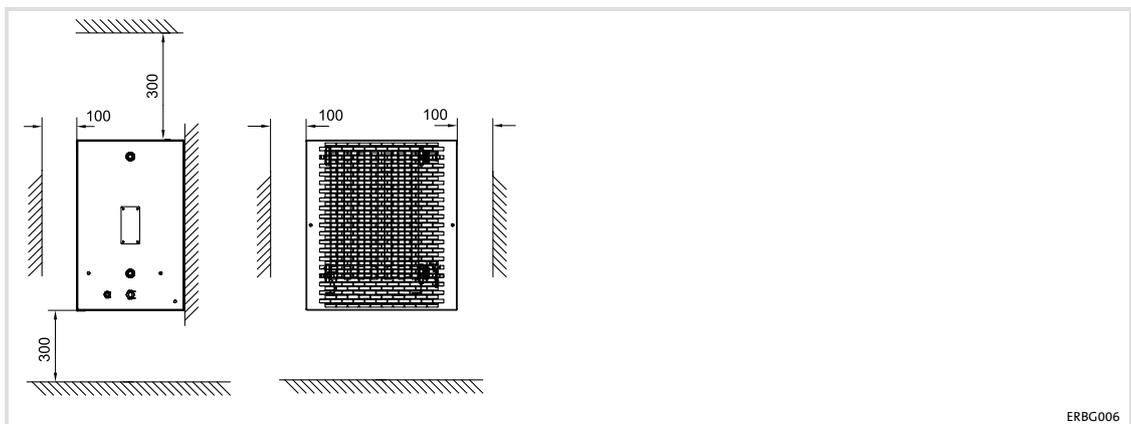
Type	a	b	e [mm]	m	n
ERBG023D05 K6	426	486	302	400	380
ERBG028D04 K1	426			400	
ERBG035D03 K3	326			300	
ERBG043D03 K0	326			300	
ERBG005R02 K6	326			300	
ERBG012R05 K2	426			400	
ERBG015R03 K3	326			300	
ERBG015R06 K2	526			500	
ERBG015R10 K0	736			710	
ERBG018R04 K3	426			400	

### Free spaces for standard mounting



All dimensions in millimetres.

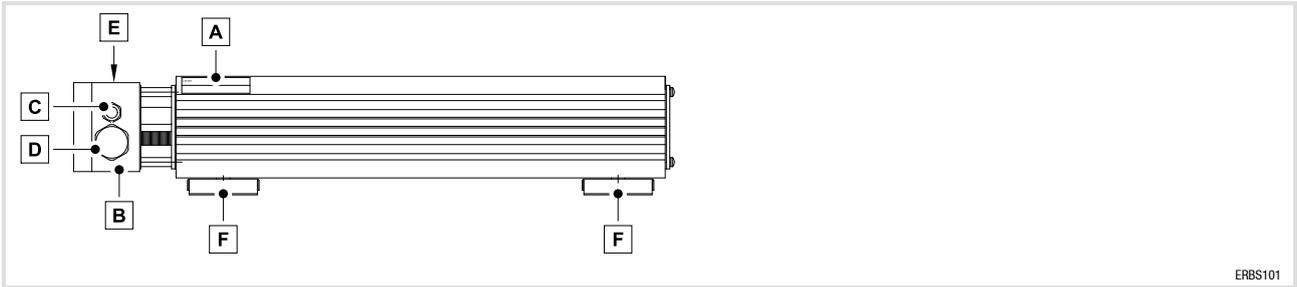
### Free spaces for mounting variant



All dimensions in millimetres.

### Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.



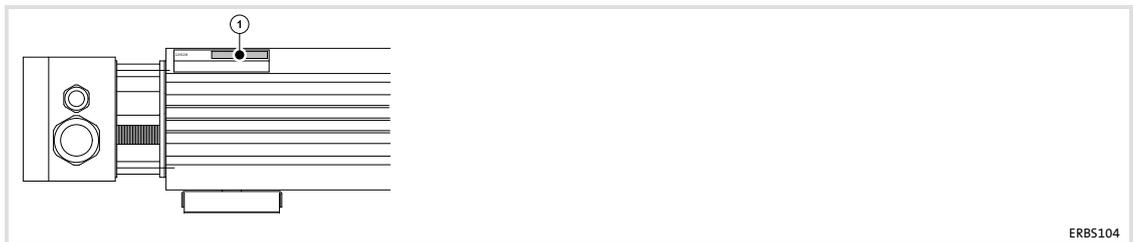
ERBS101

Pos.	Description
	Brake resistor
	Mounting Instructions

**Brake resistor elements**

Pos.	Description
A	Nameplate
B	Terminal box
C	Cable gland for thermal contact cable
D	Cable gland for brake resistor cable
E	Warning note
F	Fixing bracket

**Identification**



ERBS104

	①		
Type code	ERBx	xxxx	xxxx
Product series			
Resistance $R_B$ [ $\Omega$ ]			
e.g. 470R = 470 $\Omega$ 075D = 7.5 $\Omega$			
Permanent power $P_d$ [W]			
e.g. 120W = 120 W 01k2 = 1.2 kW			

## General data

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approvals	UR	UL508, Industrial Control Equipment, Underwriter Laboratories (File No. E232497) for USA and Canada	
Degree of protection	IP65 (NEMA 250 type 4)		
Vibration resistance	Acceleration resistant up to 1 g EN50178, IEC61800-5-1 and Germanischer Lloyd, general conditions		
Surface temperature	With normal operation up to 400 °C In case of an error more than 500 °C		
Thermal contact			
Design	NC contact, 230 °C		
Switching capacity	250 V AC / 5 A		

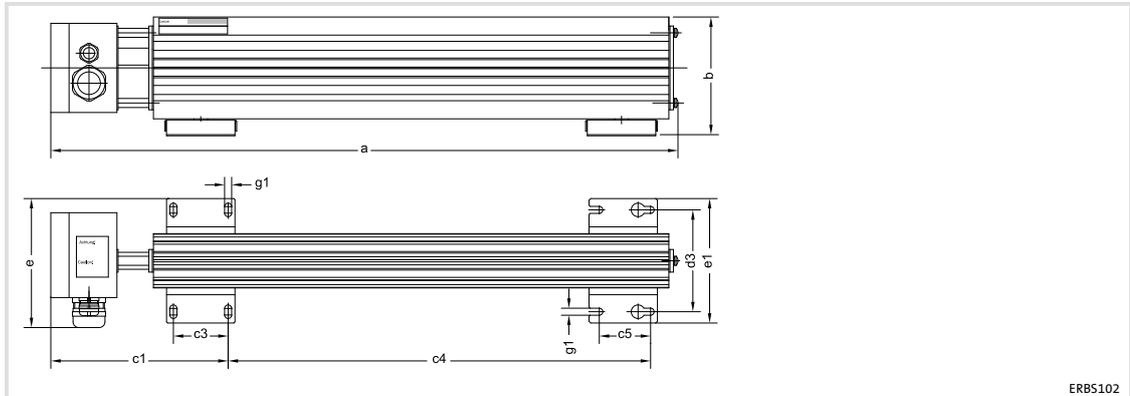
## Rated data

Electrical data					
	$R_B$	$P_d$	$Q_B$	$U_{max}$	
	[ $\Omega$ ]	[W]	[kWs]	[V <sub>DC</sub> ]	
	$R_B$	$P_d$	$C_B$	$U_{max}$	$m$
	[ $\Omega$ ]	[W]	[kWs]	[V <sub>DC</sub> ]	[kg]
ERBS015R8 00W	15	800	120	800	4.0
ERBS015R0 1K2		1200	180		5.6
ERBS015R0 2K4		2400	420		10.0
ERBS018R8 00W	18	800	120		4.0
ERBS018R0 1K2		1200	180		5.6
ERBS018R0 1K4		1400	210		6.3
ERBS018R0 1K9		1900	285		8.7
ERBS018R0 2K8		2800	420		12.0
ERBS027R6 00W	27	600	90		3.1
ERBS027R0 1K2		1200	180		5.6
ERBS027R0 1K4		1400	210	6.3	
ERBS047R4 00W	47	400	60	2.3	
ERBS047R8 00W		800	120	4.0	

$R_B$  Resistance  
 $P_d$  Permanent power  
 $Q_B$  Heat quantity  
 $U_{max}$  Max. operating voltage

## Dimensions

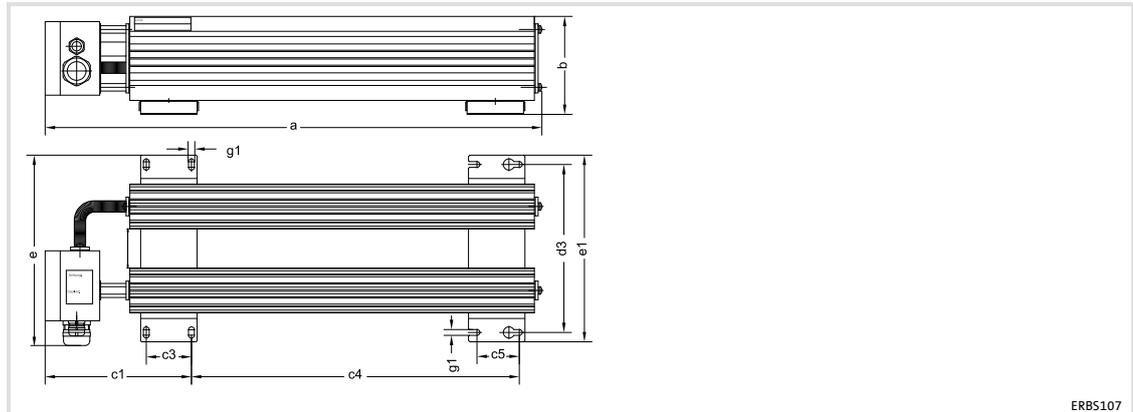
### Design 1



All dimensions in millimetres.

Type	a	a1
	[mm]	
ERBS075D0 1K4	1110	931
ERBS012R6 00W	550	371
ERBS015R8 00W	710	531
ERBS015R0 1K2	1020	841
ERBS018R8 00W	710	531
ERBS018R0 1K2	1020	841
ERBS018R0 1K4	1110	931
ERBS027R6 00W	550	371
ERBS027R0 1K2	1020	841
ERBS027R0 1K4	1110	931
ERBS047R4 00W	400	221
ERBS047R8 00W	710	531

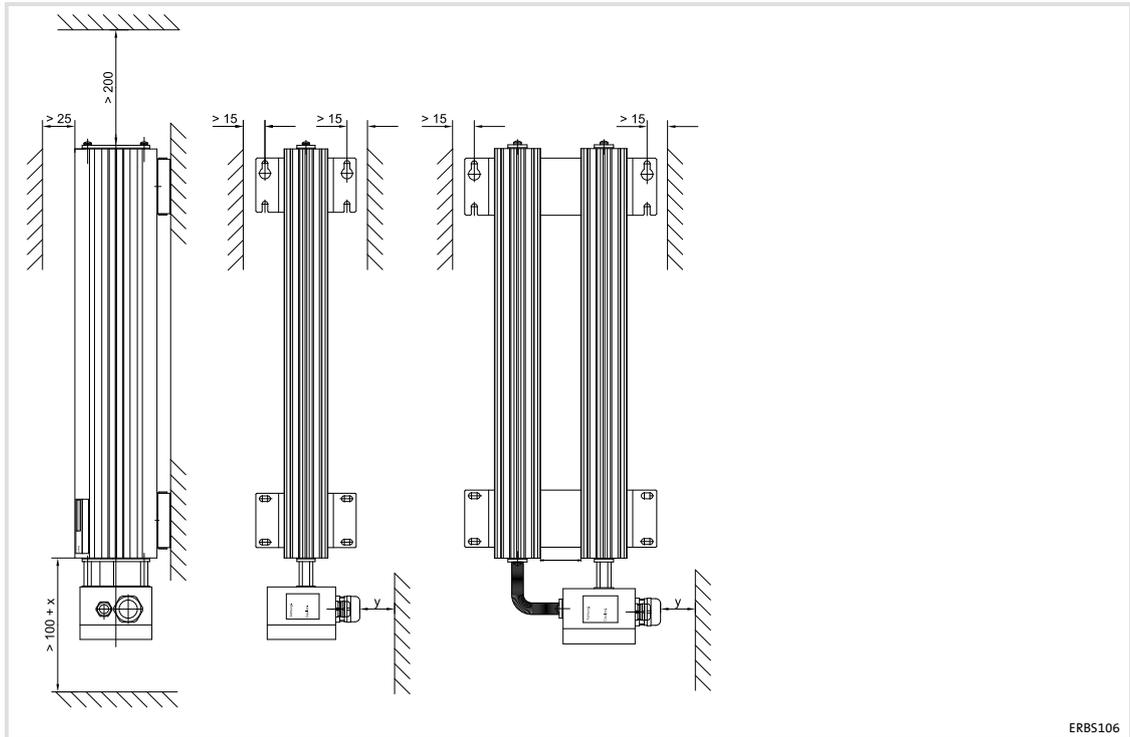
## Design 2



All dimensions in millimetres.

Type	a	a1
	[mm]	
ERBS075D0 1K9	825	646
ERBS012R0 2K0	865	686
ERBS015R0 2K4	1020	841
ERBS018R0 1K9	825	646
ERBS018R0 2K8	1110	931

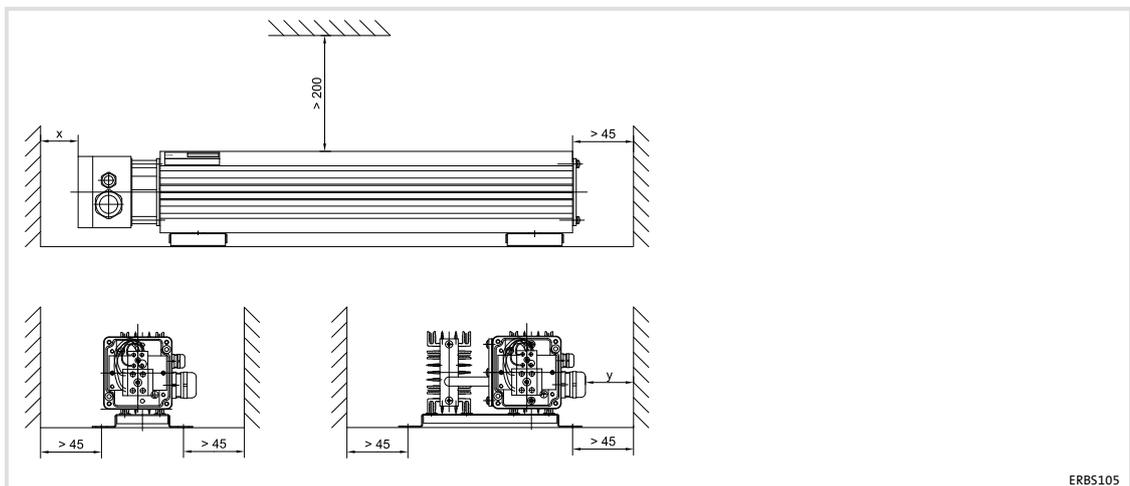
### Free spaces for standard mounting



ERBS106

- x Wiring clearance
  - y Cable bending radius
- All dimensions in millimetres

### Free spaces for mounting variant



ERBS105

- x Wiring clearance
  - y Cable bending radius
- All dimensions in millimetres

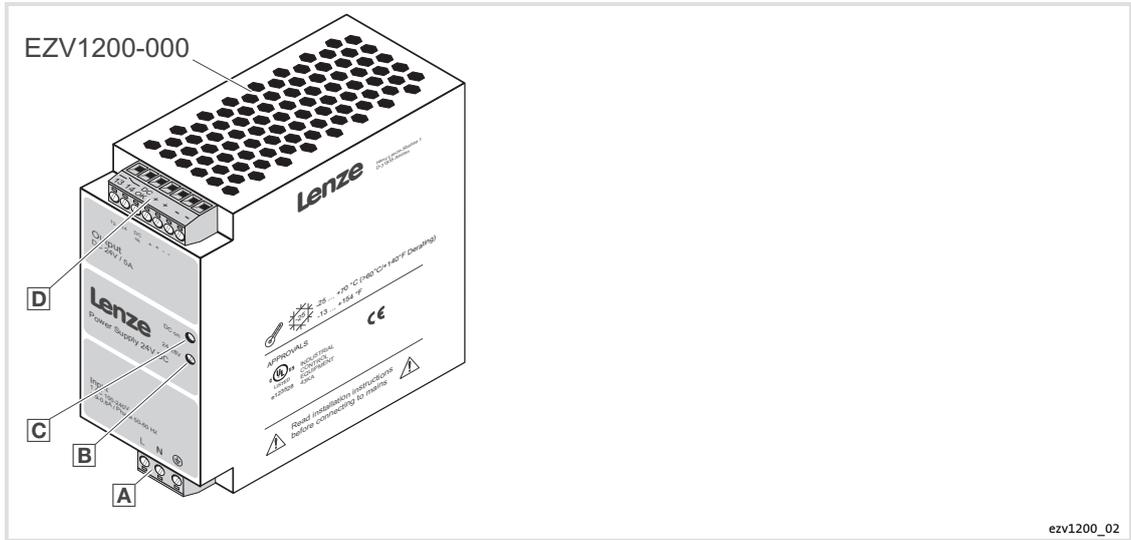
### Installation steps

For information on this topic, please see the corresponding mounting instructions.

# 8 Accessories (overview)

General accessories  
Power supply unit

## 8.11.4 Power supply unit



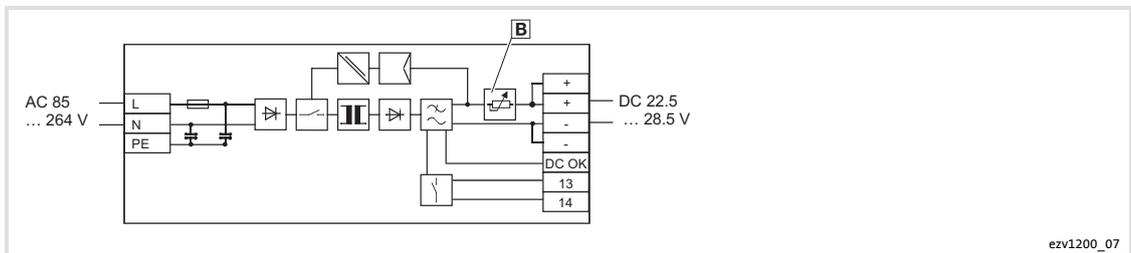
### Elements

Pos.	Description
A	Input terminals (L, N, ⊕)
B	Potentiometer for setting the output voltage (24 ... 28 V)
C	LED for function monitoring (DC on)
D	Output terminals (+, -, DC o.k., 13, 14)

### Overview

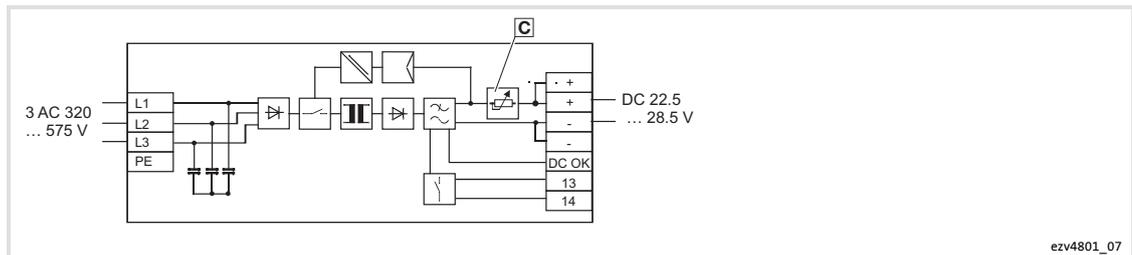
Power supply unit	Mains voltage $V_{LN}$ [V]	Output voltage $V_A$ [V]	Output current $I_A$ [A]
EZV1200-000	1/N AC 230	DC 24	5
EZV1200-001	3 AC 400		
EZV2400-000	1/N AC 230		10
EZV2400-001	3 AC 400		
EZV4800-000	1/N AC 230		20
EZV4800-001	3 AC 400		

### Connection plan



ⓑ Potentiometer

At DC OK: 24 V, max. 40 mA



ⓐ Potentiometer

At DC OK: 24 V, max. 40 mA

### Terminal data

	Input terminals	Output terminals
Rigid terminal	0.2 ... 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 24 ... 12)	0.2 ... 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 24 ... 12)
Flexible terminal with wire end ferrule with plastic collar	0.2 ... 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 24 ... 12)	0.2 ... 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 24 ... 12)
Stripping length	7 mm	7 mm
Tightening torque	0.5 ... 0.6 Nm (4.4 ... 5.3 lb-in)	0.5 ... 0.6 Nm (4.4 ... 5.3 lb-in)

**Function monitoring**

The LED, the active "DC OK" switching output and a potential-free contact provide the function monitoring.

LED	"DC OK" switching output	Potential-free contact	Output voltage	Info
AN	$V = 24 \text{ V}$	closed	$V_{\text{output}} > 0.9 U_{\text{input}}$	Device is in operation, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the output voltage <math>V_{\text{output}}</math> is higher than 90 % of the set voltage <math>V_{\text{input}}</math></li> <li>the output current is in the permissible range</li> </ul>
BLINKING	$U = 0 \text{ V}$	open	$V_{\text{output}} < 0.9 V_{\text{input}}$	Device is in operation but <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>error at the load</li> <li>current consumption is higher than <math>I_{\text{BOOST}}</math></li> <li>output is short-circuited</li> </ul>
OFF	$U = 0 \text{ V}$	open	$V_{\text{output}} = 0$	Device is out of service because <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>no mains voltage is applied</li> <li>the circuit-breaker is activated</li> <li>the device is defect</li> </ul>

**Note!**

The device is defective and needs to be replaced if the mains voltage is applied, a short circuit can be excluded and an output voltage of  $V_{\text{output}} = 0 \text{ V}$  is measured.

## Standards

Conformity and approval			
Conformity			
CE	2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
	2004/108/EG	EMC Directive	
EAC	TP TC 004/2011 (TR CU 004/2011)	On safety of low voltage equipment	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
EAC	TP TC 020/2011 (TR CU 020/2011)	Electromagnetic compatibility of technical means	Eurasian Conformity TR CU: Technical Regulation of Customs Union
Approval			
cULUS	UL 508C	Industrial Control Equipment (File No. E123528) for USA	
	CSA C22.2	Industrial Control Equipment (File No. E123528) for Canada	

General data/conditions of use		
Vibration resistance	up to 30 g	according to IEC 68-2-27
Climatic conditions	Class 3K3	according to EN 60 721
Degree of pollution	2	according to EN 50 178
Permissible temperature ranges		
Storage	-40 °C ... +85 °C	
Operation	-25 °C ... +70 °C	Over +60 °C, reduce the output current by 2.5 %/°C
Humidity	< 95 %	At +25 °C, no condensation
Installation clearance	> 50 mm	above/below

General electrical data		
Degree of protection	IP 20	
Class of protection	I	with PE connection
Leakage current to PE	< 3.5 mA	
MTBF	> 500 000 h	to IEC 1709 (SN 29 500)

## Accessories (overview)

### General accessories

#### Power supply unit

Input data	
Turn-on time	< 1 s after applying the mains voltage
Transient surge voltage protection	varistor
Output data	
Rated output voltage $U_N$	DC 24 V / $\pm 1\%$
Setting range of the output voltage	DC 22.5 ... 28.5 V
Start of unlimited capacitive loads	yes
Residual ripple / switching peaks (20 MHz)	< 100 mV <sub>SS</sub> with rated values
Can be connected in parallel	to increase redundancy and power
Resistance to return supply	DC 35 V

### Dimensioning

The control level of the Servo Drives 9400 series is supplied with 24 V DC. To meet the requirements of typical applications, the 24-V supply has been implemented in a way allowing internal or external supply. For some components, external supply is absolutely necessary.

- ▶ The additional current requirements for extensions and components added to the modular structure must be considered.
- ▶ A separate 24-V supply is implemented via the connection of the basic device to operate the control section independently of the power section.
  - Communication modules are internally supplied.
  - Separate and external supply is absolutely necessary for: safety units.
- ▶ The control section of Single Drive controllers can supply itself from the power section. In this case, there is no external current required for the components and their modules.
  - E.g. for controllers for single drives without communication or without requirements on their availability (special case)
- ▶ Multi Drive controllers and power supply modules always require an external 24-V supply.

Typical current requirement of the 24-V supply for basic devices and modules or components (*with example*):

Current requirement of 24-V supply					
Type	GG	Connection	I <sub>24V</sub> [mA]	Quantity	Total [mA]
Power supply modules					
E94APNE0104	1	X11	450	1	450
E94APNE0364	3		450		
E94APNE1004	4		1400		
E94APNE2454	5		1400		
Regenerative power supply modules					
E94ARNE0134	1	X11	620		
E94ARNE0244	3		620		
Multi Drive					
E94AMxE0024 E94AMxE0034 E94AMxE0044	1	X2	1120	5	5600
E94AMxE0074 E94AMxE0094	2	X2	1220		
E94AMxE0134 E94AMxE0174 E94AMxE0244 E94AMxE0324	3	X2	1470		
Single Drive					
E94ASxE0024 ... E94ASxE0244	1 ... 3	X2	620		
E94ASxE0324 ... E94ASxE1044	6 ... 7	X2	660		
E94ASxE1454 ... E94ASxE6954	8 ... 10	X2	620		

## Accessories (overview)

General accessories

Power supply unit

Current requirement of 24-V supply					
Type	GG	Connection	[mA]		[mA]
Connections					
Keypad EZAEBK...		X6	50	5	250
Digital outputs		X4	70	6	420
Analog outputs		X3	10		
Memory modules (MMI)					
MMxxx E94AYM...		-	20	5	100
Feedback					
Encoder		X8	110		
Resolver		X7	20	5	100
Communication (MXI1/MXI2)					
CANopen® E94AYCCA		X	30		
DeviceNet™ E94AYCDN		X225	130		
Ethernet 2 port		-	60		
EtherNet/IP™		X232	130		
POWERLINK E94AYCEP POWERLINK CN E94AYCEC		X210/X250	140		
EtherCAT®		X245	130		
PROFIBUS E94AYCPM		X200	130	5	650
PROFINET E94AYCER		X240	140		
INTERBUS		X205	180		
Safety system (MSI)					
SM0 E94AYAA		-	0	2	0
SM100 E94AYAB		X80	200	3	600
- digital output			max. 700	5 x 10 %	350
SM301 E94AYAD		X80.2	350		
- clock output			50		
- safe digital output			X80.1	500	
<i>Example values in italics</i>					
Result: current requirement of 24-V supply					
				Sum total [mA]:	8520
				Sum total [A]:	8.5

### Notes:

- ▶ The current requirement refers to the nominal voltage of 24 V. With a lower voltage, the current requirement increases linearly.
- ▶ The values are maximum values. If the real currents are known, this can be considered accordingly in the table.
- ▶ The typical current consumption is approx. 10 ... 20 % lower.
- ▶ When selecting the power supply unit, observe that there will flow a substantially higher current for a short time when switching on the power supply unit. Select power supply units that can supply this overcurrent and do not switch off.
- ▶ The indicated current is a continuous current. If consumers are connected, more current is required in the starting phase (e.g. device fans). Power supply units therefore must have dynamic reserves.

**Note!**

When several devices are switched on, a very high initial charging current is required. Power supply units without current limitation can be overloaded (fault).

Lenze power supply units are equipped with an internal starting current limitation. When several devices are switched on, no faults will occur.

**9**      **Appendix**

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**0 ... 9**

**9400**

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**application as directed, 19**

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